

THE SALT LAKE HERALD
Published Every Day in the Year
BY THE HERALD COMPANY

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT: Alton B. Parker.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT: Henry G. Davis.
FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS: Samuel Newhouse of Salt Lake City, Fred J. Kiesel of Ogden, Edward H. Snow of St. George.
FOR CONGRESS: Orlando W. Powers of Salt Lake City.
FOR STATE GOVERNOR: James H. Moyle of Salt Lake City.
FOR JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT: Charles S. Varian of Salt Lake City.
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE: Levi N. Harmon of Price.
FOR TREASURER: William B. Wilson of Ogden.
FOR AUDITOR: John W. Geiger of Park City.
FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS: Nathan T. Porter of Centerville.
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL: Grant C. Bagley of Provo.
DISTRICT JUDGES: W. C. Hall, S. W. Stewart, Joseph H. Hurd, A. J. Cherry.
District Attorney—Ray Van Cott.
City Judges—Morris Sommer, A. S. Fowler.
Justice of the Peace—Willard Hamer.
Constable—S. Allen.

DEMOCRATIC LEGISLATIVE TICKET.

Senate—James C. Leary, Bernard F. Stone, George D. Pyper.
House—John E. Clark, George H. Derr, V. W. Strangfellow, S. E. Hamer, C. H. McCoy, Culbert L. Olson, George C. Biser, Jr., Dr. C. I. Douglas, Mahonri Spencer, Tony Jackson, Moss.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

Commissioners—Long Term, W. J. Horne, Short Term, Stephen Hays, Clerk—A. J. Sears.
Attorney—H. C. Lund.
Auditor—Gould B. Blakely.
Assessor—B. B. Quinn.
Recorder—Orson P. Ruml.
Treasurer—Lawrence H. Young.
Sergeant—Alma H. Rock.
Sheriff—Arthur E. Cummings.
Superintendent of Schools—James E. Moss.

POWERS AND HOWELL.

Judge Powers' invitation to Congressmen Howell ought to bring forth a response of some kind at once, if Mr. Howell is willing to profit in silence by the circulation of such falsehoods as are being used in his behalf openly, he ought to confess it and say he doesn't care what methods are used if he can win. On the other hand, if he is the manly man a congressman ought to be, he is unwilling to allow his supposed friends to lie maliciously about his opponent, he certainly ought to speak up. The latter course would be the only honorable one, and it would win him the respect of the people of this state who have been amazed at his silence thus far.

In his open letter Judge Powers quoted some but not all of the outrageous lies that have been manufactured for campaign purposes. The Provo Enquirer, which has been particularly vicious and diligent in its publication of these falsehoods, said in an editorial of Oct. 14:

The talk that is being made in the interest of O. W. Powers is entirely different from the movement in favor of his candidacy. The Salt Lake Herald said that he was laboring far into the night, just before the Democratic state convention, to join with the new movement, and when the statement in his speech at Logan, he confessed having walked home with Mr. Leaman late that evening. Mr. Powers had about to be published in connection with the anti-church party. Mr. Powers at once requested that it be not done, and it evidently would not be good politics, he thought.

The Salt Lake Herald has never said that Judge Powers "was laboring with far into the night just before the state convention to join with the new movement." The Herald has published nothing that could be distorted into such a statement of untruth. On the contrary all that it has printed on this subject has been the plain truth from the beginning, and that was the fact that Judge Powers had no part or parcel in the formation of the new party; he was not consulted about it because his views were known "without any necessity for consultation; and he urged from the inception of the Republican factional fight that all Democrats "mind their own business" and keep strictly within party lines.

Judge Powers' record has been so straightforward, so open on this matter, that there could be no possible excuse for manufacturing untruths about it. The Provo Enquirer and its editor, John C. Graham, know that the Herald had published nothing of the matter attributed to it. The only explanation of that publication, therefore, lies in the determination of the editor to deceive his readers by any means possible, no matter what the cost to the state, no matter what the ultimate effect on the political situation here.

The Herald does not believe the people of Utah will stand for such methods. It does not believe the Mormon Democrats, to whom The Provo Enquirer is addressing its libelous and untruthful statements, will suffer themselves to be led into abandonment of their party allegiance by such means; it believes the reaction against such publications will convince even the Enquirer, and John C. Graham, its editor, that decency and honesty and truth are profitable in politics as in the other affairs of life.

Meanwhile, one is constrained to admit that Providence works in a mysterious way. In the days of Ananias and Sapphira lying resulted in death. Yet today, Bill Glanville and John C. Graham and their ilk, who have been circulating these canards, seem to be fairly good insurance risks.

SHOULD ELECT CHILD.

dent of schools. The candidates are George N. Child of Lehi and Lars Egertson of Springville. Mr. Child was nominated by a non-partisan convention. Mr. Egertson is running as a Republican, on the Republican county ticket, a nominee of the Republican county convention. The only possible conclusion is that Mr. Egertson believes the office of county school superintendent is properly a political one. It is true that the name of Mr. Child will appear on the ballot under the Democratic device. He has been endorsed by the Democrats of Utah county, but that is merely incidental. The non-partisan convention that nominated him is said to have contained a large preponderance of Republicans. Every school trustee in the county, except those in Springville, regardless of politics, is supporting Mr. Child. All the teachers are backing practically all the teachers, and backing the Lehi man. If any doubt had existed as to Mr. Child's qualifications it should be removed by these facts.

Trustees, principals and teachers would not be supporting an incompetent candidate. Another argument for Mr. Child is his non-partisanship. The fact that he is on the Democratic ticket by no means places him under obligations to the Democratic party. His first allegiance and his only allegiance will be to the schools and the school patrons of Utah county. He is a non-partisan before he is a Democrat, and so it should be in all school positions. Appearances are decidedly against Mr. Egertson in this respect. For all The Herald knows Mr. Egertson may be qualified to be county school superintendent. But an odor of politics is about and around him. He is a partisan politician. He is not running as the candidate of those who think that schools and politics should be as wisely separated as possible, but as the candidate of the Republican party.

He should be defeated. And any man should be defeated who would make of a school office a reward for political activity. Such a course, if generally engaged and persisted in, would surely wreck the public schools of this state.

FOOLISH ARGUMENTS.

A REPUBLICAN CONTEMPORARY lays down these propositions: "1. Wages are higher in this country than they ever were."
"2. The cost of the necessities and many of the luxuries of life is lower than it ever was."

Then our contemporary confesses, with charming naïveté, that "The difficulty of proving this is great, because of the large space required if all commodities shall be named." Then it proceeds to "prove" the correctness of its position by the statement that it costs very much less to ship a bushel of wheat from Chicago to New York now than it did in 1880. And it says that the cost of shipping all other articles has decreased amazingly.

It is quite apparent that the writer of the article quoted does not have to count his expenditures. If he did he would have been guilty of making such absurd statements. Any man who works for a salary or for wages can cite instances after instance of increases in the cost of necessary articles. The employees of the Pullman Palace car company can testify that they have had to decrease the amount of their wages because they are unable to find work at any price because their employers have shut down the factories and mills in which they labored. And all the time the cost of living is steadily increasing. "But," says our contemporary, "the prices of silk fabrics, of hardware and of salt have fallen in recent years." How very benighted is the workman that he is. He can now buy for his wife for \$75 a silk dress that would have cost him \$125 a few years ago. If the price of flour and of meat and of meat has gone up, he can feed the family with a few ten-penny nails. And if the baby isn't satisfied with nails it might try a little of the cheap salt.

A CUTLER CIRCULAR.

WE QUOTE from a pamphlet that has been put out by the Republican state committee in aid of Mr. Cutler's candidacy for governor:

"From being a stranger to the public service, Mr. Cutler has spent the best years of his life in it. For three consecutive terms he was clerk of the great county of Salt Lake." The circular then tells us that he has acted as vice president of the Commercial club of this city and as vice president for Utah at the Trans-Mississippi congress. "In addition to his past experience in the public places named, he is now a United States jury commissioner."

Wonderful, wonderful, wonderful. Mr. Cutler is no doubt a very estimable gentleman, but we fail utterly to see how the schedule of places named qualifies him to be governor of Utah. It looks very much as if the Republican nominee had a fool friend. But we are told, further, that "in the capacity of a director and on the executive committee of the largest sugar factories in Utah at present operating, he has bestowed benefits on all classes of people."

Society.

Mrs. Witches Jones, Mrs. J. B. Walker, her little daughter, Margaret, and Miss A. E. Walker will leave this morning for St. Louis. Later Mrs. Jones will go to the south for the winter.

Miss Elizabeth McMillan will spend Sunday next for Los Angeles to leave the remainder of the winter.

Mrs. Katherine C. Belcher and her son, Paul, are now at home at the Keith apartment house.

Mr. and Mrs. Royal W. Daynes are receiving the congratulations of their friends over the arrival of a second son, who reached their home last Sunday.

Mrs. Victor M. Jones has returned to the city after a lengthy stay in the east, and is at home with Mrs. Woodward at 35 Fifth East street.

Mrs. Wesley Paul left Sunday morning for Goldfield, where she will join Mr. Paul.

Mrs. George M. Downey will entertain tomorrow afternoon at her home.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Bell and their little daughter will leave Friday for a visit to St. Louis.

Benner X. Smith has returned from a hunting trip through Idaho.

Mr. and Mrs. Solon Spiro entertained a dozen friends at an elaborate dinner at the Commercial club last Sunday evening, the event being in honor of the fifth anniversary of their marriage.

Mrs. J. D. Thompson will entertain this afternoon at the first of a series of card parties at her apartments in the Fifth East hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Bradford are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Evans for a short time.

The reunion of the Wells family in honor of the birthday of Daniel H. Wells will take place Thursday, Oct. 27, at the home of Mrs. Edna Wells Sloan.

The Cleo fan will meet this afternoon at the home of Mrs. William Booth, 613 First street. Frank Roberts will read a paper on Gaul as a Roman Province and Mrs. Seiden I. Clawson will review "Luletia."

The first card party of the season will be given by the Council of Jewish Women at the B. B. rooms this afternoon.

Mrs. Byron Cummings will entertain the Wasatch Literary circle this afternoon at her home, 305 East Eleventh South street. Mrs. J. M. Dart will read "Character No. 11" by Mrs. Caroline A. Stanley.

The tourist section of the Ladies' Literary club will meet this morning at the club house. Mrs. B. A. McMillan will give the topic "The Peary Expedition and the Birth of New Japan."

The five minute talks will be on Lucy-asu.

Miss Cordelia G. is in the city from Idaho for a short visit with friends. She is at the home of Mrs. Harry Knowles.

Mrs. George Thompson of Ogden is a guest at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Solon Spiro, 757 First street.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Richmond have returned from Bingham, where they spent two days as the guests of Andrew Molloy of the Bingham and New Haven mine.

Mr. and Mrs. William Prackwinkle and daughter are at home at the Keith apartment house.

The meeting of the Daughters of the Concoedery, which was to have been held today, has been postponed till next Friday, when it will be held at the home of Mrs. George H. Wood, 659 East Third South street. The annual election of officers will take place and all members and all southern women are invited to be present.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay T. Harris entertained at a dinner Sunday evening at the Knottford, their guests being Miss Della Richards, and Lieutenants Allen and Parker of Fort Douglas.

Mrs. Joel L. Price goes to Logan tomorrow to present her paper on "Non-sense Verse," which has been substituted for the topic which was to have been given by Mrs. A. C. Ewing.

Mrs. Duncan MacVie will entertain at an anniversary breakfast Friday, Oct. 28.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Hirsch and Miss Hirsch of Philadelphia, who have been guests for a few weeks at the Stegel home, left yesterday for their home.

Mrs. W. H. Jones and Mrs. F. D. Bickford will go to Logan with the Salt Lake delegation.

Mrs. J. Fred Odell will entertain at an informal affair this afternoon at her home on Third street.

Mrs. R. G. Berryman and daughter, Mildred, left last night for a six weeks' visit to friends and relatives in New York, Brooklyn and Poughkeepsie.

Judge and Mrs. W. C. Hall gave a theatre party last evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph A. McBroom.

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND CHICAGO MEN ARE IDLE

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 14.—It is estimated that there are fully 100,000 men out of employment in the city of Chicago. Conservative estimates made in 1894, a year notorious for the number of men without jobs, placed the number for the summer of that year at 200,000. In a city like Chicago the number of men normally idle might be properly placed at about 20,000. It is thus to be observed that four times as many men are now without work as in the case during times of real activity in business.

Reduction All Along the Line.

This reduction is said to be a part of a general plan, not into operation at all plants of the United States Steel corporation. Expert workers in the blast furnaces have been given an additional furnace to watch, and their salaries have been cut from \$2.50 to \$2.00 a year. In a department known as the "converters" wages have been cut 25 per cent. The number of men employed at the working hours have been increased. Prior to the "readjustment" fifteen men were at work at the blast furnace. Under the "readjustment" nine men do the work.

The plant of the company gets the same amount of finished product since as before the readjustment. This is done by increasing the hours and making each man do more work. The men had expected a reduction in wages, but they had no idea that the cut would be so radical as that which has been forced upon them.

Another disquieting fact is that some of the veterans in the different departments are to be let out. Men who have been in the steel business for twenty-five years were thrown out of employment. This has all occurred in a trust which means that the Illinois Steel company has closed down its plants in South Chicago and thrown 800 men into idleness for quite awhile this summer. The men who were thrown out of work then were men who had remained loyal to the steel trust in its strike of two years ago. That seems, however, to have had no effect when the readjustment process set in.

Farming Material Trust Shuts Down
The International Harvester company has just started up its plant, after a long shut-down. When this company is in full operation it employs about 1,000 men. At present not more than 1,000 or 2,000 are on the payroll. It is very generally held that shut-down some of the plants of this company were closed down Dec. 15 to March 15, 1904.

This company is particularly noteworthy for the freedom with which it sells its goods in Europe. It is the only one of the kind that farmers of Illinois and Indiana, who are right around its very manufacturing plants.

How Rubber Trust Reduces Wages.
One of the important constituent companies of the rubber trust has a plant in this city. It is very generally held that its workmen some years ago to say certain wages. That agreement expired Sept. 1. The employers asked that it be renewed. The reply of the company was to shut down the shop. The trust is just reopening, and men are being employed upon a scale of wages utterly out of proportion to the old figures.

This same process has been put into operation by a large number of the trust's operations. The Illinois Steel company shut down its plant, and upon reopening employed men at wages reduced by from 21 to 30 per cent of the old figure. Hours have been increased in nearly all of the factories. It is a very general rule that men are doing much more work for less money than was the case one year ago.

Pullman Company as a Prosperity Index.
The Pullman Palace Car company, which generally employs about 7,500 men, gradually reduced its forces throughout the summer, and shut down entirely about the middle of September. "Lack of business" was assigned as the cause. The company pursued the policy of keeping its forces at a minimum. The result was as few men as feasible in the repairing force.

These plants have just started up again, but even now not more than 1,500 men are at work. The close of the current season is sending a large number of cars to be repaired, and it is absolutely essential that they be attended to. But it is not expected that by Christmas the company will have more than one-half of its usual force of men at work. The number of men employed in the manufacturing department is smaller than it has been in many years.

That it should be necessary for the shipping car monopoly to "pull dinner pail" and the "stand pat" gospel is a significant comment on the manner in which the traveling public is eliminating its luxuries.

Condition of Stockyards Workmen.
The stock yards here employ normally about 2,000 men. As a result of the 70-cent strike, although the strike itself has been ended for several weeks, not more than one-half of the usual force of men are at work. The small stockholders and business men are getting in the yard district report that business is in a very bad state. The workmen fought their fight and were whipped for lack of resources, but the beef trust, which was victorious and which is charging such high prices for meats which it sells, is employing a much smaller number of men than usual.

But the Cost of Living Has Not Been Reduced.
Against the facts which have just been stated as to the conditions of employment now prevailing among the larger corporations of this city is to be placed some significant facts as to the cost of living. A typical statement of this cost has been given in the Chicago Daily News of Oct. 6. This newspaper is in sympathy with the Republican party in this campaign. On the date mentioned this periodical published a story of an investigation it had made of the cost of coal in the city of Chicago. The summary of the conditions, as this Republican organ found them, was as follows:

"That hard coal has been raised 25 cents in price. This ten years ago it was \$5.25. The person who cannot afford to pay for a whole ton at one time will have to pay an average of \$3 for hard coal for fractional parts of a ton, and \$10 if bought by the basket. That the present price, having been based as the minimum for the year by the railroad companies controlling the anthracite fields of Pennsylvania, will not come down until next April."

The Daily News quoted Mr. C. A. Rickard, president of the Manufacturers' Fuel company, as stating that the price of soft coal was 25 cents higher than it was last month, and that it would doubtless go higher still as the winter months came on, and then said:

"This is in the face of the general increase in the prices charged here by the tariff-protected trusts in the year 1904. The large numbers of unemployed men gathered around the headquarters planning most bitterly against the combination they have to face of an absence of satisfactory employment, and of higher prices for the necessities of life than they have had to pay for many years previous."

These prices of coal, which so intimately affect every household, directly or indirectly, are but an index to the general increases in the prices charged here by the tariff-protected trusts in the year 1904. The large numbers of unemployed men gathered around the headquarters planning most bitterly against the combination they have to face of an absence of satisfactory employment, and of higher prices for the necessities of life than they have had to pay for many years previous.

EXCURSIONS EAST

Via Oregon Short Line.
St. Louis and return \$42.50
Chicago and return 47.50
Chicago and return via St. Louis, 47.50
St. Louis and return via Chicago, 48.75

Through Pullman sleeper via the U. P. and Wabash lines.
Tickets on sale Tuesday and Friday, Sept. 20 & 23. Agents for particulars, City ticket office 201 Main St.

ST. MARK'S RUMMAGE SALE.

Assessment of St. Marks church, Oct. 18th, opens 10 a. m.

SALT LAKE THEATRE

TONIGHT AND WEDNESDAY
WEDNESDAY MATINEE AT 2.
FREDERICK WARDE and KATHRYN KIDDER
In Wagenhals and Kemper's Stupendous
Scenic Production of
"SALAMBO"

A Spectacular Drama of Romance, Passion and Pageantry. Founded on Flaubert's Great Novel.
BY STANISLAUS STANGE.
PRICES—2c, 5c, 10c, 15c, 25c, 50c, 1.00, 1.50. Matinee, 2c to 1.00.

EMMA LUCY GATES

Friday and Saturday next, Saturday afternoon, Oct. 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 1904. Tickets 10c, 15c, 25c, 50c, 1.00, 1.50. Sale begins today.

COMING!

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EMMA LUCY GATES

Keith O'Brien Co.
The People Are With Us
Announcement
The leading popular styles are represented in our stock of gloves for ladies. The styles include the fine Glace (pronounced Glace-a) over-seam gloves at \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00; Glace Piques at \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00; Suede at \$1.50 and \$2.00.
We have just added as a feature a Washable Kid Glove at \$1.75. Aside from its merit as a washable glove it possesses a style and durability.
To wash them you simply rub a piece of pure soap on a sponge soaked in ordinary running water (not hot), and rub gently on the gloves until clean, then rinse the soap off carefully in clear water, inflate fingers and hang them to dry in a room of normal temperature, not near fire or in the sun. After the gloves are dry stretch them thoroughly. Wash each glove separately on the hand.

Our "INDESTRUCTIBLE" Shoes for Boys
Gentle in Appearance, Perfect Fitting and Unmatched for Service.
Sizes 9 1-2 to 13 at \$1.85.
Sizes 13 1-2 to 2 at \$2.35.
Sizes 2 1-2 to 5 1-2 at \$2.75.
Other Grades as Low as \$1.25.

Getting Away From the Past.
(Judge.)
"In my plans for your new home," says the architect, "I have provided for a large, ornate frieze in the hall."
"Don't want it," asserts Mr. Confeled.
"What?"
"Not a bit of it. Can't take any chances on someone being reminded that I used to drive an ice wagon."

GARDNER DAILY STORE NEWS.
"Get into warmer Underwear" Seems to be the popular sentiment just at present. Seems as tho' the whole town wants to get into the "Gardner kind." That means the best they can get for the money. It does not refer to any particular grade or make, But to all good kinds, moderately priced.

Some at \$1 per suit, others at nearly a dozen prices between that and \$10 per suit. This weather is also suggestive of Overcoats, Raincoats, Gloves and other warm wearables.

GRAND THEATRE
JONES & HAMMER, Mgrs.
PRICES Night, 25c, 50c, 1.00, 1.50, 2.00. Matinee, 2c.
Tonight and Tomorrow Night
MATINEE WEDNESDAY AT 3 P. M.
The New Scenic Comedy Drama,
On the Bridge at Midnight
The marvelous mechanical effect, a Jack-Knife Bridge, is the acme of stage craft.
NEXT ATTRACTION:
"THE SIGN OF THE FOUR"

Quickly and Quietly But Surely "We Set The Money"
L. M. LAW FLORIST
214 E. Second South St.
Headquarters for American Beauty Roses and Chrysanthemums
We always have a fresh stock to select from.
Telephone 37.

The State Fair Judges Say:
1st Prize—Gold Medal for your HIGH PATENT.
1st Prize—Gold Medal for your STRAIGHT GRADE.
1st Premium for bread baked from
HUSLER'S FLOUR
Bread baked by Mrs. J. A. Steele, 858 East 1st South.

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We are Showing a Fine Line of ARTISTIC PIANOS HIGH GRADE PIANOS MEDIUM GRADE OR POPULAR PIANOS.
We have the pianos that you want. Come in and let us explain how easy to own a good piano. Everybody in the store is at your service. Every piano for your inspection.
VANSANT & CHAMBERLAIN
51 and 53 Main

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Established 1871.
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THE INSURER.
75 East Second South street, Between

When the Wintry Winds Do Blow-O-O
Then is the time to look after your general health. You are apt to be a little indifferent, thinking you are still in the midst of summer, and it is this indifference, you know, causes a neglect of the bowels. By taking
LITTLE CASCARA TABLETS
you keep your bowels in perfect condition, and thus insure you a safeguard against winter's ill.
25c PER BOX.
A. C. Smith, The Druggist
142 Main Street.

"When You Paint Your House"
(A Booklet) Telling How FREE For the Asking. CULMERS, 20 E. 1st South.

THE KEELEY CURE
Drunkness Cured
A positive and permanent cure for drunkness and the opium diseases. There is no publicity, no sickness. Ladies treated as privately as at their own homes. The Keeley Institute, 33 W. 80, Temple, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Sixty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for sixty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. During the process of teething its value is incalculable. It relieves the child from pain, cures diarrhoea, griping in the bowels, and colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price 25 cents a bottle.

HEWLETT BROS. CO.
AWARDED 7 FIRST PRIZES AT STATE FAIR
For best and most artistic display of fair, cash prize.
For best QUALITY and display of Baking Powder, Extracts and Spices, six Gold Medals.
'Twas the THREE CROWN BRAND of course.
Sold by all down-to-date grocers.

PRESTON FLOUR
Is made by PRESTON MILLING CO., Preston, (Caché Valley), Idaho. CLEVELAND COM. CO., Distributors.

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500 LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S COATS AND JACKETS
\$5.00 EACH.
All New and Stylish

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WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS
CIGARS A SPECIALTY.
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Hotel Knutsford
G. S. HOLMES, Proprietor.
New and elegant in all its appointments; 250 rooms, single and en suite; 25 rooms with bath.