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SALT LAKE CITY

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1905

Price, Five Cents.

LAST EDITION WEATHER FOR SALT LAKE Fair.

GENERAL STRIKE TODAY AT NOON

Russian Reds Believe They Can Overthrow the Empire.

FINAL STRUGGLE AT HAND

OFFICIALS OPTIMISTIC AS TO THE RESULT.

Moscow, Dec. 20.—The strike was begun here promptly at noon today. All the main railroads, the factories and mills, and the trams on the six railroads were left standing in the stations. Shortly afterwards an incoming train on the Kursk road was fired into by armed strikers. The engineer and several passengers were wounded. The strikers generally seem provided with arms. There is great excitement in this city.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 20, 1:20 p. m.—The proclamation of a general strike for tomorrow at noon has created the most intense excitement. If it can be successfully begun and maintained the revolutionaries are confident that it will break the government back. In government circles, however, confidence is expressed that the proletarian organizations cannot effect a complete tie-up and that the strike must be of short duration. This hope seems based on the theory that the proposed programme of the reds has alienated the sympathy of a large proportion of the real workmen and also upon what they claim to be absolute knowledge of the organizations are without funds. The government calculations, however, have proved deplorably at variance with the true situation in the past and the strike leaders declare the government is again hopelessly ignorant of the true situation of the struggle confronting it. Their plans are exceedingly ambitious.

Expect Aid From Army.

From the nature of the appeals of the leaders to the troops it is evident that they expect to precipitate a crisis in the army. The central committee of the railroad men at Moscow, which determined the issue last night in favor of a strike has telegraphed over the railroad lines that the employees of twenty-two roads are ready to stop all traffic. The decision is to close every factory, warehouse and retail store, and all government works except the waterworks. The bakeries in the cities, however, will not be closed so long as they do not raise their prices. If they raise the prices of bread, the bakeries will be closed. It was proposed in Moscow to exempt the electric light plants, but this was defeated.

Will Take Time.

Although the blow is timed for tomorrow noon on account of the difficulty of communication, the strike leaders do not hope to bring the life of the empire to a standstill by a single stroke, but they will labor for a gradual extension of the strike movements. The nature of the manifesto of the workers' council of Moscow to the army is so inflammatory that even the radical papers are afraid to print it. The police are proposing to stop all papers and to print and distribute only the organ of the workers' council. The police are hunting down and arresting the strike leaders as rapidly as they can be found. Comparatively few captures have been made, but the leaders keep in hiding, avoiding their residences and meeting in secret, each time at a different locality.

Government Helpless.

The helplessness of the government in this crisis is demonstrated by the inability of Interior Minister Durnovo last night to get through instructions to arrest the members of the workers' council of Moscow. He attempted to use the railroad wires, but the operators obeyed the dictum of the council and refused to send the messages. The government is unable to forward instructions to General Linewich, commander of the Manchurian army. Five operators in succession of the railroad lines declined to send a cipher message signed by the emperor.

Strike at Moscow.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 20, 6:30 p. m.—Reports received here from Moscow today indicate that the strike was successfully inaugurated and is spreading rapidly. Even the electric light plants are closed. Governor General Toubassoff has declared the city to be in a partial state of siege, but the civil authorities the exceptional powers of the arrest act. The new move will be to declare a state of siege in which the military supercedes civil power. It is expected that tomorrow will be followed by a similar measure, but if the situation becomes worse, as anticipated, martial law will be declared. The provisional authorities have already been empowered, in anticipation of the contingency of their being cut off from the capital to act on their own responsibility, even to the extent of the proclamation of martial law.

Occupied by Troops.

The railroad stations at St. Petersburg. Continued on Page 2.

IMPORTANT TO THE MINING MEN

Bill Introduced by Senator Clark of Montana.

PROVIDES RIGHT OF WAY

FAVORABLE REPORT REASONABLY CERTAIN.

(Special to The Herald.) WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Senator Clark of Montana today introduced a bill of special importance to the mining interests of the west, in that it provides for right of way for tunnels or shafts through adjoining lands to reach veins or lodes of owners of mineral lands. The bill was referred to the committee on mines and mining, of which Senator Clark is a member, and he feels reasonably certain of having it reported favorably and passed by the senate at an early day. The bill is as follows: Section 1. That whenever in the working and development of a mine or vein of coal, copper, iron, lead, zinc, silver, tin, tungsten, or other mineral, the owner of said vein or lode, or the holder of any legal title to the same, shall have the right to follow any such vein or lode or dip thereof into or under the surface of any such adjoining claim, the owner of such claim shall have the right to make all such tunnels, drifts, upraises or other underground workings as may be necessary for the successful and economical working of such vein or lode through the sub-surface of any such adjoining claim or claims. Sec. 2. All patents hereafter issued for mineral claims shall contain proviso embodying the foregoing right.

MURDER AND SUICIDE

Cattleman Kills Former Partner at Denver and Then Ends His Own Existence.

Denver, Dec. 20.—In the lobby of the Lewiston hotel late this afternoon William Wilson, a cattleman, was shot and instantly killed by a D. Henderson, former partner. Turning the weapon upon himself Henderson then fired a bullet through his breast and expired in the arms of officers, who had seized him. Wilson and Henderson were partners in the cattle business many years ago. The partnership was dissolved and Henderson, it is stated, had ever since continued to charge Wilson with defrauding him in their deal settlement. Two years ago Henderson made an attempt upon the life of his former partner. The two men met today directly in front of the Lewiston hotel and Henderson, without a moment's warning, pulled a revolver from his pocket. Wilson ran into the lobby and was about to seek shelter behind a pillar when his pursuer fired. Two bullets pierced Wilson's body and he fell over upon the floor. At this time officers were on duty and Henderson, but before they had fairly seized him he had ended his life by his own hands.

MAKING GETAWAY RECORD.

Nevada Thief Leading the Officers a Merry Chase.

(Special to The Herald.) Caliente, Nev., Dec. 20.—The man Coyte, who was under arrest and escaped from Sheriff Baird of White Pine county, near Caliente a few days ago, is making a getaway record and is leading the officers a merry chase. When he made his start from Ryan's ranch it has been since learned that he took one of Ryan's horses and rode twenty-two miles to the Nevada-Texas line. There he dropped the horse, broke into Jack Smith's cabin, stole his rifle and then struck south across the country. There are several trails, and he has taken one of these. They are well guarded. Deputy Sheriff Moulton drove with a team as far as the Pennsylvania mine and looked for his man there, but Coyte had gone and as the deputy sheriff had no saddle animal to keep up the chase he returned to Caliente. Several other trails are being tracked and they are determined to get their man.

FIVE DOLLARS PER ACRE.

Raven Mining Company Will Have to Pay for Its Land.

(Special to The Herald.) Washington, Dec. 20.—The secretary of the interior today affirmed the decision of the commissioner of the general land office in the case of the Raven Mining company, which objected to paying for lands allotted by preferential right in the Uinta Indian reservation. The company was given the privilege of locating 100 mining claims in the Uinta reservation and the general public. It located sixty claims, and these, when inspected, were found in accordance with the statute and the company was informed that upon payment of \$5 per acre it would be given patents for lands embraced in the entries. The company refused to pay the charge, and appealed from the decision of the general land office, which resulted in the order that the charge of \$5 per acre, the usual charge for mineral lands, is proper and is in accordance with the provisions of the act providing for opening the reservation.

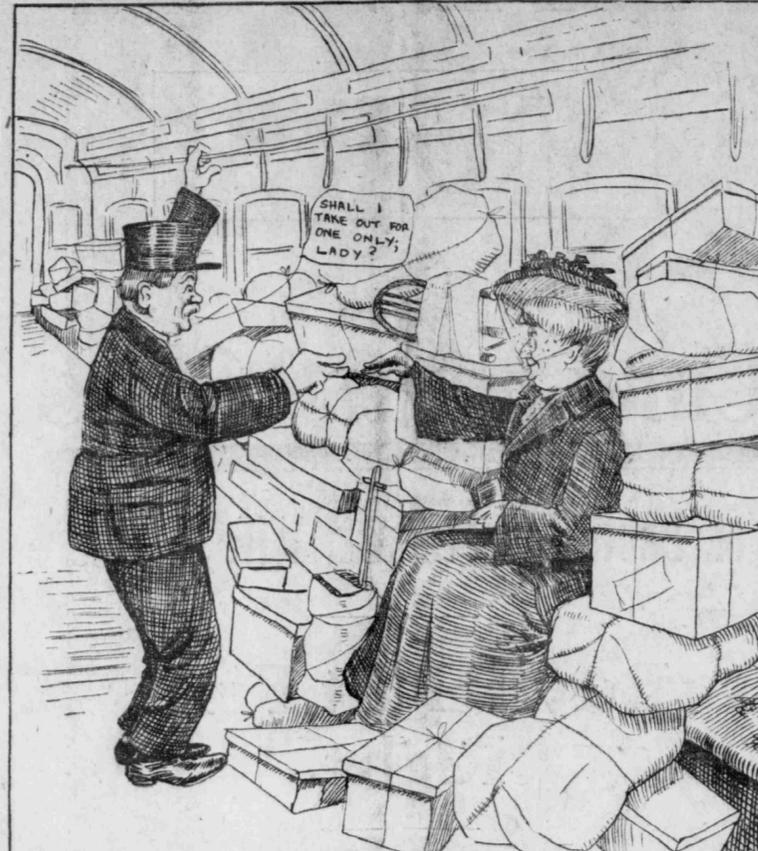
MURDERED BY BANDITS.

Details of the Killing of Americans in Mexico.

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 20.—Details of the murder near Diaz, in the state of Chihuahua, Mexico, of Robert Rutherford and M. C. Murray of Philadelphia and the kidnapping of H. L. Finlay of Los Angeles and another man whose name has not yet been reported, are slow to reach here. Private informants received this far, however, reports the four Americans returning home from Diaz to Rutherford's ranch when they were seized by bandits and commanded to give up their valuables. The men attempted to escape, but seeing that flight was useless gave up. The bandits, outnumbering them several times, closed in and mercilessly shot them down, taking their valuables and escaping. Mexican officers are on the trail, but the bandits have evidently escaped in the rough surrounding country. The bodies of Rutherford and Murray are expected to reach here tomorrow.

NOT COMING HOME.

(Special to The Herald.) Washington, Dec. 20.—Senator and Mrs. Sutherland will remain here during the holidays. They will have us home next week, Mrs. Sutherland is attending school at Irvington-on-the-Hudson, and her friend, Miss Julia Cullen of Wellesley college.



When Mother Goes Shopping.

YEAR IN PRISON AND \$500 FINE

Abe Hummel Feels the Lash of Outraged Justice.

CHARGE OF JUDGE ROGERS

NO TIME LOST IN PASSING SENTENCE.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—Abraham H. Hummel, the lawyer, today was convicted of conspiracy in connection with the Dodge-Morse divorce case. He was sentenced, within a few minutes after the jury's verdict had been pronounced, to one year's imprisonment and a fine of \$500, which is the maximum penalty for the misdemeanor of which he was adjudged guilty. A motion of his lawyers for an arrest of judgment for twenty-four hours was denied, and Hummel was taken to the Tombs prison.

SUIT OVER LARGE ESTATE

Mrs. Mary Leafgreen of San Francisco Wants Half of Property Left by Laclede J. Howard.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 20.—Mrs. Mary Leafgreen was on the witness stand again today in the probate court in her contest for one-half of the \$500,000 estate of the late Laclede J. Howard, a wealthy brick manufacturer of the city, whom she asserts she married at Decatur, Ill., in 1882. She repeats the story of her first meeting in 1859 or 1861 with the man she knew as Charley Howard, but whom she married in 1882 under the name of Henry Howard. She was questioned closely regarding the conversation when Howard proposed to her, but could not recall it. The original marriage certificate to Mary Moore and Henry Howard, brought by a deputy clerk from Macou county, Illinois, was exhibited, and Mrs. Leafgreen identified her signature on the document. She testified that when she showed to Rev. W. H. Musgrove, the minister who performed the ceremony, a photograph of Laclede J. Howard shortly after the latter's death in 1882, that Rev. Musgrove told her the face was very familiar to him, but that he could not say positively it was that of the man whom he had married her to twenty years before. She also testified the Rev. Musgrove told her at the time that he had no recollection of ever having seen her before. Rev. Musgrove will be called as a witness.

Charge of Judge Rogers.

In his charge to the jury, Justice Rogers referred to the papers in the original action brought by Mrs. Dodge for divorce from Charles F. Dodge. "The judgment roll, while not artistically made up," he said, "contains all the papers that go to make a valid decree of divorce, and the marriage was duly dissolved, and under the record Mrs. Dodge was entitled to re-marry. She did so and as the wife of Charles W. Morse lived happily with her husband until August 1903, when Captain James T. Morse of Boston, for reasons best known to himself, conceived the idea of breaking up the marriage that had taken place between his nephew and Mrs. Dodge. Captain Morse had no right to interfere, but he went about the breaking up of the marriage, and in doing so engaged Hummel and spent large sums of money five years after the divorce. The crucial point in this case is whether there was an agreement, a conspiracy by this defendant and others to falsely maintain an action of special proceedings or to prevent the due administration of law and justice.

Great Wrong Done.

"Both Mr. and Mrs. Morse have conducted themselves with the utmost propriety during the whole of this trying time. If the evidence is to be believed in this case, a great wrong was perpetrated on them."

SALE OF 40,000 SHARES OF UTAH APEX REPORTED

(Special to The Herald.) Boston, Dec. 20.—There have been sent to the treasurer's office here for transfer at least 40,000 shares of Utah Apex. They are to be turned in to share certificates, on demand of the London stock exchange. These have all been bought in New York and Boston.

PYTHIAN CELEBRATION.

Richmond, Ind., Dec. 20.—Charles E. Shively of Richmond, Supreme chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, has designated Feb. 19, 1906, as the time for the celebration of the anniversary of the founding of the order.

FOUL MURDERER IS FOUND GUILTY

Austin Francis, a Kansas City Switchman, Slayer of a 15-Year-Old Girl He Had Wronged, Will Pay the Penalty of His Crime.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 20.—Austin Francis, charged with the murder a month ago of Wilma Newton, 15 years old, his sweetheart, was this afternoon found guilty of murder in the first degree. The widow of the Newton girl was most brutal. She lived with her father and younger sisters in a one-room house in the outskirts of the city. They were miserably poor. She had been ill and Francis had promised to furnish her money with which to see a physician, but when she asserted she married a month ago at a small bridge near the girl's home. She was not heard of until the following morning, when her body was found, badly cut and bruised and weighted down by a 150-pound stone that rested on her head in the creek below the bridge. At the trial it was disclosed that Francis had given the girl carbolic acid, saying that it was the medicine she needed. He forced her to drink the stuff. When it failed to kill her at once, and she screamed, he choked her and struck her with a rock. He dragged the body to the bottom of the creek, and there, still fearing that she was alive and might cry, placed the great stone over her head. Francis, who is a switchman, 27 years old, was arrested on the day following the murder. He professed his innocence. The arrest and conviction of Francis within a month of the commission of the crime marks one of the swiftest trials in the history of criminal cases in this city.

GRAZING FEE IS LEGAL

Protest of the Colorado Delegation Did Not Have the Desired Effect.

(Special to The Herald.) Washington, Dec. 20.—President Roosevelt today advised the secretary of agriculture that he would sustain the regulation adopted by his department imposing grazing charges for pasturing livestock within forest reserves. The action was taken with especial reference to the protest made by a committee from the Cattle Growers' association which waited on the president Saturday last, accompanied by the Colorado representatives in congress. Senator Patterson of the delegation filed a brief with the president, contending that the proposed imposition of a grazing fee was illegal and not within the province of the government to enforce it without additional legislation. The president conferred with the attorney general and as a result of the conference, announced that he concurred in the latter's opinion, that the imposition of a charge for grazing within the reserves is legal and proper. It is his belief that the charge of a moderate grazing fee is just and right, and he is convinced that the agricultural department is making a special effort not only to give the range greater value to stockmen than ever before, but also to foster home building in every possible way and protect the interests of small stockmen. Taken altogether, he believes that the grazing regulations as amended are practical, wise and right.

Bill Authorizing Secretary Wilson to Carry on Experiments.

(Special to The Herald.) Washington, Dec. 20.—Representative Wendell today introduced a bill authorizing the secretary of agriculture to carry on experiments and investigations with a view of determining the best methods for the utilization of limited supplies water in irrigation in connection with dry farming and to experiment to ascertain the kind of seed, manner of cultivation and farming implements best adapted to development of dry farming and use of the limited supply of water. The object of the bill is to attract attention to dry farming and to augment that process by developing means of raising small quantities of vegetables, fruits, etc., which cannot be grown without irrigation. The bill carries \$15,000 to defray expenses for experiments.

CONSIDERABLE PRESSURE

Koreans Did Not Yield Readily to Japanese Demands.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 20.—Rev. S. H. Cartwright, an Anglican missionary from Seoul, Korea, who arrived by the steamer Kanagawa today, says the Japanese coup d'etat which resulted in the protectorate being declared over Korea involved considerable pressure being brought upon the Korean emperor and cabinet, but he and cabinet were not overawed. The emperor and ministers Han and Hui held out against the Japanese until the treaty was signed. Minister Han became mad and broke into the Korean emperor's apartment stark naked, tearing his clothes into strips, water, share certificates, on demand of the London stock exchange. These have all been bought in New York and Boston.

DRY FARMING.

The forest service today completed authorizations for grazing during the coming season in Yellowstone reservation, Wyoming. In the Shoshone division of this reserve 20,000 cattle and 40,000 sheep will be admitted. In Wind River division 30,000 cattle and 50,000 sheep, and in Teton division 20,000 cattle and 25,000 sheep. This is an increase in the number of sheep over last season of 50,000. Grazing charges will be 20 cents per head for cattle and 5 cents for sheep in the Wind River division and 25 cents for cattle and 5 cents for sheep in the Shoshone division.

R. G. W. SHOPS BURN; BIG LOSS

Flames Destroy Entire Building and Threaten Other Railroad Property.

DEFECTIVE WIRING BLAMED

FIREMEN HAVE NARROW ESCAPE IN FALLING RUINS.

THE Rio Grande Western railroad car carpenter shops at Sixth West and Third South streets were destroyed last night by fire. The loss is estimated at not less than \$25,000. The fire broke out at 10:25 o'clock and apparently originated from defective wiring. The insurance on the shops could not be ascertained. The entire building was burned to the ground. Twelve box cars on the west of the shops were destroyed, and two streams of water were kept playing on the paint shops, just a few yards to the east of the car shops, to save them. Two combination coaches and a caboose, in the shops for repair, were also destroyed. The boiler room in connection with the car shops, and about \$30,000 worth of new machinery, recently installed, were practically put out of commission. The rest of the machinery can be overhauled and used again.

Flames Burst Through Roof.

The first was first seen from the general foreman's office in the roundhouse just north of the car shops. The flames burst out through the roof in the northeast corner of the building. The electric lights flickered and flashed for a moment about five minutes before the fire was discovered. It is the theory of Fire Chief Bywater that this was caused from the burning out of the insulation on the wires and that this set fire to the building. The whistles were turned on full blast and several crews of men were set to work dragging put a line hose. The connection with the water plug was made and the water turned on, but the hose proved of poor quality and burst in a dozen places. The alarm was turned in to the fire department at 10:29 o'clock. The central station and station No. 1 responded. When the fire department arrived, the flames were well under headway. Four firemen were killed in the operation, but the firemen were unable to enter the building. The fire had to be fought from the outside. The Rio Grande Western employees laid out constantly on the paint shops to prevent them from catching fire.

Car Shops Like Oven.

The car shops were covered with corrugated iron, which became red hot and stood out in relief like a great oven. The firemen were unable to get within an advantageous distance of the building. From the tops of the shops the firemen did their most effective work. Three crews worked from this point and only one of the corrugated iron on the sides of the paint shops became hot. The heat of the flames was controlled, and the paint shops were no longer in danger. The heavy timbers in the roof supported the building out several feet. The west side fell first and set fire to the box cars.

Firemen Jump for Lives.

The firemen had to jump for their lives, and Captain Wilson was near death. The fire burned most violently at this period than before. From the machinery, boiler and sixty sets of tools belonging to employees in the shop were scattered from one end of the roof to the other. Many of the cars were taken out by an engine crew. The other cars were off the trucks or they could have been piled out also.

Damage to Shops.

The shop building, according to the statement made by William Miller, assistant superintendent of motive power, was about 300 feet in length by eight feet in width. It was valued at \$60,000. The loss of equipment, including the cars, is estimated at \$40,000. The loss of the machinery, boiler and stationary engines could not be given last night, but it is not probable that it will reach \$20,000. This estimate was made during the fire and was subsequently considerably reduced.

Gold from Russia.

Millions Being Sent to the Imperial Bank at Berlin.

Berlin, Dec. 21.—Gold has begun to arrive in large quantities at the Imperial bank of Germany from St. Petersburg. About 2,750,000 arrived yesterday, while the amount included in the last bank return is understood to be about 5,000,000. The movement is expected to continue until a total of 25,000,000 is reached. The Berlin market is indulging in much speculation concerning the missing of the shipment. The best authorities say that gold is intended to reduce the issue of Russian treasury notes held in Germany, France and Austria in May and June through the Mendelssohn bank of Berlin, as the notes mature in February and March.

INSANE WEATHER SHARP.

Baker City, Ore., Dec. 20.—H. A. McNally, local weather observer, was today adjudged insane by the county court. McNally came here about two months ago from Philadelphia to take charge of the local station. Querer reports made to District Forecaster E. A. Beals of Portland, attracted Mr. Beals to Baker City with the result that McNally was taken into custody. McNally has been in the government service for eighteen years. The high altitude of this city is believed to be the cause of McNally's trouble.

WILL SEND COMMITTEE TO NATIONAL CAPITAL

Boise, Ida., Dec. 20.—F. W. Gooding, president of the Idaho Wool Growers' association, tonight appointed Frank J. Hagenbarth of Spencer and P. G. Johnston of Blackfoot to serve with himself as a committee to go to Washington on the thirty-sixth hour. At the recent caucus held to elect a committee, the committee was authorized, with instructions that it should go to the national capital and endeavor to secure an amendment of the law which requires that sheep in transit shall not be kept in the cars more than a twenty-eight hours at a time. The association wishes to have the time between feedings extended to thirty six hours.

PROTESTS AGAINST DISTRICT ATTORNEY

(Special to The Herald.) Washington, Dec. 20.—Senator Dubois will reintroduce a bill authorizing the court of Blackfoot to serve with itself as a committee to go to Washington on the thirty-sixth hour. At the recent caucus held to elect a committee, the committee was authorized, with instructions that it should go to the national capital and endeavor to secure an amendment of the law which requires that sheep in transit shall not be kept in the cars more than a twenty-eight hours at a time. The association wishes to have the time between feedings extended to thirty six hours.

TWO LOTS TO BE SOLD FOR \$165,000

Metropolitan Hotel Goes to Los Angeles Man for \$110,000.

CAMPBELL PROPERTY SOLD

REALTY AT THIRD SOUTH AND W. TEMPLE CHANGES HANDS.

THE closing of two large realty deals, involving a total of \$165,000, the northeast and northwest corners of Third South and West Temple streets have changed hands. The Metropolitan hotel corner has been purchased by a wealthy Los Angeles investor from Judge Moses Hallett of Denver for the sum of \$110,000. The corner across the street to the west, part of the Allen G. Campbell estate, has been purchased by D. H. Peery for \$55,000. Of either deal it may be said that it is the largest since the sale of the Burlington corner at Third South and Main streets to Mrs. Mary Judge for \$175,000 in the latter part of October.

MURRAY BRAKEMAN KILLED

F. J. Smith Meets Death Under the Wheels of Freight Train—William McMillan Injured.

P. J. Smith, a brakeman on the Oregon Short Line, was killed about 6:30 o'clock last evening at Murray, in a collision in the yards. William McMillan, another brakeman, was also slightly injured. Smith's mangled remains were taken from the wreckage to H. C. Bank's undertaking establishment. McMillan escaped without serious injury. He was taken to the Murray general hospital. Smith and McMillan were riding on the front of the engine which was pushing a train of freight cars. The cars were empty and were run out a sidetrack. On the switch was another string of cars. The engine did not see them and bumped into them. The force of the impact threw Smith under the cars. McMillan was thrown clear of the wreckage. Smith has been employed as brakeman on the Oregon Short Line for some time. He has no relatives in Utah. His body will be taken in charge by the brakemen's union.

SEEKING NEW HOME.

Arrival of Fifty-Three Russian Prisoners From Japan.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 20.—A band of fifty-three released prisoners, headed by two adjutants under assumed Swedish names, arrived from Japan by the steamer Kamao. They were seeking a home in the United States. They applied for naturalization in Japan and being refused, would not proceed to Vladivostok. They were taken to Victoria and held in the Victoria barracks. They paid their fares to Victoria and have little money remaining. A Johannsen, who was in charge of the party, was engaged in distributing revolutionary literature on board the transports Voronej and Yaroslavl at Nagasaki when the mutinies of Russian soldiers took place on those vessels. He sold several hundred Japanese yen and secured a few more on board boats were sent to quell the disturbance by the Japanese. Admirals Rozhdestvensky and Wieren were on the Voronej, and the latter did much to quell the rising. Many of those on board wanted to come to the United States but were destitute and obliged to go to Vladivostok.

CONTRACTS LET ON IRRIGATION WORKS

(Special to The Herald.) Washington, Dec. 20.—The secretary of the interior today executed the following contracts in connection with the interstate canal, the North Platte project, in Nebraska and Wyoming: Burke Construction contract to serve with himself as a committee to go to Washington on the thirty-sixth hour. At the recent caucus held to elect a committee, the committee was authorized, with instructions that it should go to the national capital and endeavor to secure an amendment of the law which requires that sheep in transit shall not be kept in the cars more than a twenty-eight hours at a time. The association wishes to have the time between feedings extended to thirty six hours.

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