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AMUSEMENTS TODAY.
Salt Lake—Modjeska in "Mary Stuart."
Orpheum—Vaudeville.
Grand—Tea Nights in a Barroom.
Lyric—Watson's "Orientals."

WEATHER FOR SALT LAKE.
Rain or snow and colder.

THE METALS.
Silver, 66 1/2¢ per ounce.
Copper (casting), 17 1/2¢ per pound.
Lead, \$5.29 per 100 pounds.

WHY NOT INCLUDE CORTELYOU?

Recommendations by the trustees of the New York Life company that suit be brought to recover the \$148,702 paid to the Republican national committee, recall particularly the campaign of 1900. It will be remembered that Judge Parker, the Democratic nominee, charged the Republicans were holding up the corporations for funds with which to carry the election. President Roosevelt and Chairman Cortelyou both denied the charge with a great show of virtuous indignation, and Roosevelt scored Judge Parker in vitriolic terms for making charges he could not prove. Since the testimony of McCall and Perkins, who paid these contributions out of policy-holders' money and concealed the fact on the company's books by false entries, there has been no explanation from either Roosevelt or Cortelyou, although both owe Judge Parker apologies. Now the trustees recommend suit for recovery, but suggest that the trustees who paid the money be the defendants of the suit. Primarily, they are the responsible men, but why not include Cortelyou and the Republican national committee in the suits? It is known they got the "diverted" funds and as receivers of goods taken illegally—not to say stolen—from the policy-holders, it ought to be plain that they are really the ones who should be made to disgorge.

It is not to be expected that the trustees of the insurance company who are now in control will venture to bring in Cortelyou as a party defendant, but as a matter of simple right he is quite as culpable for taking the money as McCall and Perkins were for giving it to him, particularly as he was not man enough to confess the truth when he was accused of getting the donation.

MR. BALFOUR'S SURRENDER.

Mr. Balfour has finally succumbed to the power of Joseph Chamberlain, plus a desire to retain his leadership of the unionist party, and has subscribed to the Chamberlain programme of a protective tariff disguised as a colonial preference and revenue plan. Until the recent general elections, Mr. Balfour was not inclined to consider Chamberlain's project; but when the former colonial secretary was triumphantly returned to parliament while the premier was defeated in his own stronghold, the situation changed. With the two leaders holding divergent views, the unionists seemed hopelessly split, but Mr. Balfour could not stand the pressure brought upon him. Rather than see his own power pass to Chamberlain, he has surrendered unconditionally and to outward appearances healed the breach.

There is another wing of the unionist party, however, yet to be taken into account. The free traders, represented by the Duke of Devonshire and his allies, will not follow Chamberlain or Balfour; it cannot go over bodily to the liberals, with whose fiscal policies it is in accord, so it must act as an independent free lance wing, acting with the unionists in everything except fiscal affairs, and with the liberals on all matters affecting the tariff question.

Meanwhile, the Campbell-Bannerman ministry is in supreme control and with its labor allies can carry almost any programme to which it is committed. The one question on which the liberals might divide, is the Irish problem, and that is not likely to be put forward in the direct form of a home rule measure of any kind.

If any outsider may judge, it would appear the labor movement has been the chief gainer by the shift in parties. With fifty to sixty members in parliament at its command, it forms a powerful faction to be reckoned with in any close vote; and in any event it bears so clear a mandate from the workmen of the kingdom as to give it more weight than its representation would ordinarily command. Its advent into politics as a strong force marks a radical step in the evolution of Great Britain from a limited monarchy to the practical democracy for which the laboring classes are united.

THE SHIP SUBSIDY BILL.

As was expected, the senate passed the ship subsidy bill by a big majority composed entirely of Republicans. Among those who voted for this grab that will take something like \$40,000,000 out of the pockets of the people and give it to the rich shipbuilding corporations, were Senators Smoot and Sutherland. These gentlemen may have some difficulty in explaining to their constituents just why they voted for this looting of the national treasury.

They will probably say that the measure was a party one and that, as good Republicans, they were bound to support it. We have never heard anybody question the Republicanism of Burkett of Nebraska, Dolliver of Iowa, Spooner and LaFollette of Wisconsin or Warner of Missouri. These senators joined with the Democrats in voting against the bill. They look upon it as a swindle and a steal; they believe it is a plan to further enrich a few people at the expense of the many; they can see no good in it.

The subsidy bill will prove the undoing of more than one senator, and it and other things may bring about the downfall of Utah's present representatives in the upper house. There is no excuse for putting the subsidy act on the national statutes. It would be viewed with suspicion if for no other reason than that its principal advocates have deliberately attempted to deceive the people regarding the necessity for it, they have not hesitated to resort to any claptrap to win favor.

Witness Gallinger's statement that western senators should vote for the subsidy grab because eastern senators were willing that the money received from the sale of public lands in the west should be loaned to the west for irrigation works. Gallinger even tried to make it appear that the irrigation money was an outright donation.

NEW-OLD ASTRONOMY.

If the Zetetics are right then the astronomers are all wrong and a comprehensive revision of the text-books will be necessary at once. The Zetetics, so-called from "zeteo," to search out, are members of a new British cult. They have some revolutionary ideas on the subject of astronomy. For instance, they are satisfied the world is flat, not round.

The fact that the hull of a vessel is first to disappear from the view of the watcher is not, in their opinion, any proof. They do not, however, explain how it is possible, if the earth is flat, to start east or west from Salt Lake and, traveling continuously in the same direction, ultimately arrive at the place of beginning. Periodical eclipses of the moon are not, say the Zetetics, proof that the world is round, the curved shadow of the earth on the moon being merely a sort of optical illusion.

Another curious belief is that the sun moves around the earth, instead of the earth around the sun. In this they agree with the old colored preacher, John Jasper, who said "The sun do move." One of the Zetetic text-books declares that the sun travels some 25,000 miles at the equator above the perfectly flat and absolutely stationary earth. According to this theory the sun merely goes forward and backward in a straight line. Instead of setting, it merely disappears from our sight when night comes on.

The Zetetics insist that it is ridiculous to say the sun is 93,000,000 miles from the earth. It is, as a matter of fact, if their theory is correct, only a few hundred miles away. And instead of being extremely hot, so hot that all the coal in the world would only maintain it at its commonly estimated heat for the fraction of a second, it is comparatively cool.

The sun is so small, the Zetetics think, as to be hardly worth considering. It is only thirty miles in diameter, or a little more than ninety miles in circumference. All this is very interesting, providing you care for that sort of foolishness. For ourselves, we prefer to continue believing the earth is round, that the sun does not move and the world not stationary. People must be hard pressed for something with which to occupy their minds when they organize societies as that of the Zetetics.

Admiral Rojestvensky has found still another excuse. He intimates now that the construction of his battleships was faulty and that his ammunition was bad. Rojestvensky will undoubtedly go to his grave explaining why Togo trounced him so roundly in that memorable naval engagement.



The event of today both socially and in clubdom will be the best of the Ladies' Literary club to be given at the Mantou. This will be the third anniversary breakfast, the custom having been inaugurated two years ago when Mrs. club was twenty-eight years old. This year it has been found necessary to limit the covers for the event to the actual club members and the few general guests to be included by the entire board. Some few out of town guests will also be present.

Miss Ethel Paul, one of the younger members of the club, will be the toast mistress and the first toast will be responded to by Mrs. J. C. Boyle, the club mother, who was elected president of the club thirty years ago. The affair is in charge of Mrs. E. D. Miller as chairman of the entertainment committee and a corps of assistants.

A quiet home wedding of last evening was that of Mrs. Esther Eldredge Coffin, daughter of Mrs. C. A. Eldredge, and Theodore L. Genter. The ceremony was read by Rev. Elmer I. Goshen at 8:30 o'clock at the home of the bride's mother, and the only persons present were the immediate family. A wedding supper was served later, and Mr. and Mrs. Genter went directly to their home at 217 Second East street.

Mrs. E. A. Wall entertained a party of friends at the matinee at the Orpheum yesterday, followed by a supper at Franklin's. The affair was in honor of Mrs. McCornick and Miss Byrd McClain of Los Angeles. The other guests were Mrs. W. P. O'Meara, Miss Frances O'Meara, Mrs. M. H. Kervin, Mrs. J. H. Pinkerton, Mrs. Kissick, and Mrs. M. B. Whitney.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Foster and Mr. and Mrs. William H. Murray of Omaha will arrive in the city today to spend the next two days with the Buckingham family. Mr. and Mrs. Buckingham will take the entire party to Southern California tomorrow evening for a fortnight's jaunt through that country. The plans include a trip to Catalina.

Mrs. W. F. James entertained a dozen of her friends yesterday at a luncheon in compliment to Mrs. Edward Chapman of Evanston, who is at the Knutsford for a short time. The decorations were all bright yellow daffodils and the same color was carried out in every detail. Following the luncheon a few games of bridge were played.

Mrs. Creary and Miss Katherine Creary, mother and sister of Captain W. F. Creary of the paymaster's department, sailed from San Francisco yesterday on the Sherman to join Captain Creary in Italy.

Mrs. Margaret Kirkpatrick announces the engagement of her daughter, Ruth, to Walter Stone of San Francisco. The wedding will take place on Feb. 23, at Mrs. Kirkpatrick's apartments in New York City.

Frank Bird is here from Park City for a few days with Major and Mrs. W. H. Bird.

Mrs. Edward McGurran is now in San Francisco visiting her brother, Colonel Isaac Trumbo.

Mrs. Benjamin C. Lockwood has issued invitations for a bridge tea to be given next Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Solomon Siegel left yesterday for a stay of a few weeks in Baltimore.

Mrs. A. G. Horn and Mrs. H. M. Rowe, of Ogden, spent yesterday in the city.

Mrs. Reed Smoot of Provo is spending a few days in the city with her mother.

Mrs. S. A. Ellis and her daughter, Ardiella Cannon, accompanied by Mrs. S. J. Chamberlain and daughter, leave tonight for Los Angeles, for the benefit of Miss Cannon's health.

Keith-O'Brien Co. THE STORE THAT FORCED PRICES DOWN.
Shirts 35c
Special sale of hose, all colors... 2 pairs for 25c
For today only, our regular 50c neckwear for... 35c
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BURSON FASHIONED HOSE
The Only Hose that is Knit to Fit Without a Seam
Free Stockings for All Dolls --- Next Saturday!

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Good Company
Good Meals
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Through Standard Sleeper daily Salt Lake and Ogden to Chicago without change. Arrives in Chicago in the morning. We also run through tourist cars to Chicago and St. Louis and Chicago.
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Let us know where you want to go—we will do the rest.
"Nothing finer than the Rock Island Diner."
Both phones—245.
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G. A. BIBLE, T. P. A.
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N. L. DREW, G. A., P. D.,
Denver, Colo.

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Husler's Flour
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Columbian Optical Co
FIRST
Have your eyesight sharpened. You can then see America and Europe.
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MR. AND MRS. ALFRED KELCY.
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A TRIP TO THE MOON ON A STOVE PIPE.
By the Kinodrome.
Every evening (except Sunday), 25c, 50c, 75c. Matinee Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, 10c, 25c, 50c.
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JOHN M. CHAMBERLAIN, Proprietor.
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Successors to Vansant & Chamberlain.
Reliable pianos and organs at low prices. Every customer is a friend made by square dealing.
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TONIGHT AND Saturday matinee,
Saturday Night—MACBETH.
Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.50.
Tour direction of Jules Murray.
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THE MOST IMPOSING SPECTACLE EVER SENT ON TOUR.
Evening performances at 7:45 sharp. Carriages at 11.
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MATINEE TOMORROW 2:30 P. M.
The great moral play
Ten Nights in a Barroom
A PLAY THAT WILL LIVE FOREVER.
Sunday, "SOLDIER OF THE EMPIRE."
Prices—Night, 25c, 50c, 75c; matinee, 25c.
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TONIGHT AND ALL WEEK.
Matinee Monday, Wednesday, Saturday. LAST TIME OF
W. B. WATSON'S
ORIENTALS
Commencing Saturday Matinee, "Miner's Americans."
Special Washington Birthday Matinee, Thursday, Feb. 22.
Night prices, 25c, 50c, 75c. Matinee, 25c.

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There is the place for an
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The Standard External Remedy

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From \$10.00 Up.
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