

Every day is pay day with the man who advertises right.

# THE SALT LAKE HERALD

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, THURSDAY, MARCH 1, 1906. 10 PAGES. Price Five Cents.

Maud! Maud! Maud!!! It seems as though she never reached the limit. Another kick next Sunday.

## MAN'S WHEELBARROW BOBB WAS MADE

WEIRD STORY THAT UTAH MAN MAY NOT ASK ANOTHER TERM IN THE HOUSE.

## HE HOPES TO BE SENATOR

WOULD SNATCH TOGA FROM SMOOT, WHO CREATED HIM.

A wild, weird and romantic tale that Congressman Joseph Howell will not be a candidate for re-election is floating around in circles political. Usually the man who hears it indulges in an incredulous laugh, but a few friends of Utah's lone representative say it is a solemn fact, and declare that Zion is about to be treated to the unusual spectacle of a Republican relinquishing an office voluntarily and without being bribed loose.

The story goes that Mr. Howell is consumed by a vaulting ambition to be United States senator; that he will shy his castor into the senatorial ring in the event Senator Reed Smoot is cast into outer darkness by the present senate, and that, in any event, he will be a candidate when Senator Smoot's term expires by limitation in 1909.

Should he be forced to await until 1909 to gratify his senatorial ambition, it is said, Congressman Howell will retire from public life at the end of his present term, confident that the people of Utah will not forget that during the two years' interim, and that he will be stronger than ever when he bobs up as a senatorial aspirant.

Say He Promised to Quit.

At the last state convention, it is asserted, Mr. Howell declared that he would never—no, never—be a candidate for the lower house again. This declaration has been taken as a view by some politicians, exasperated over his delivery of Cache county to Governor Cutler, talked of springing a candidate against him then and there.

County Attorney Parley P. Christensen is practically certain to be a candidate for Mr. Howell's place, and James T. Hammond is likely to be sprung by the followers of ex-Governor Heber M. Wells. There is some talk, however, that Governor Wells may seek the nomination himself.

## WANTS SLICE FOR UTAH

Senator Smoot Offers Amendment to New Mexico-Arizona Bill.

Washington, Feb. 28.—Senator Sutherland today called on the secretary of the interior and suggested that his department take control of telegraph and telephone lines between Pecos and Duchesne in Utah for the use of the Indian reservation. Secretary Hitchcock will give suggestion consideration.

Senator Smoot today offered an amendment to the stateshood bill, extending from the proposed new state all of that portion of Arizona lying north and west of the Colorado river which is being annexed to and form part of Utah, that state consenting thereto. He also introduced a bill to reimburse George W. Young, postmaster at Washport, for \$200 worth of postage stamps stolen from his safe.

The nomination as postmaster at Salt Lake of A. L. Thomas, was confirmed by the senate today without a dissenting vote.

## TIMBER AND STONE ACT IS TABLED

Washington, Feb. 28.—The house committee on public lands by a vote of 7 to 4 today tabled the interior department bill introduced by Chairman Lacey to repeal the timber and stone act. Chairman Lacey knowing that his committee would not report his bill favorably, sought an adverse report upon it for the purpose of getting the bill on the house calendar where it could be called up and acted upon notwithstanding the report against it.

The western members of the committee thought the most effective method of defeating the bill would be to table it in committee, and upon motion of Mondell of Wyoming this was done.

Martin of South Dakota, Dixon of Montana, French of Idaho and Gronna of North Dakota, joined in the action against the bill.

Chairman Lacey expresses much indignation over the action of his committee in consideration of the bill. The western members of the committee say they do not fear the house action on the bill, but do not propose having it on the calendar so that it would have to be watched at all times during the session to prevent its passage by snap action.

The senate committee on public lands will devote its next meetings to consideration of the Hansbrough timber and stone repeal bill. A substitute bill has been prepared by a sub-committee and it is believed that this will be reported to the senate.

## REFUSE CARNEGIE OFFER.

London, Feb. 27.—The citizens of Bath today decided by a vote of two to one against the acceptance of Andrew Carnegie's offer of \$55,000 for a public library.

## BOBB WAS MADE

NEW AND SENSATIONAL DETAILS IN REGARD TO THE ALLEGED CONFESSION OF ORCHARD.

Denver, Feb. 28.—According to Harry Orchard's alleged confession, it was learned here today that the bomb with which ex-governor Steunenberg was killed at Caldwell, Idaho, Dec. 30 last, was manufactured in Denver.

## MAN MAKES ADMISSION

SHOP WHERE THE DEADLY TUBE WAS MADE.

Denver, Feb. 28.—Harry Orchard, the alleged assassin of ex-governor Steunenberg of Idaho, it is said, confessed to having secured the lead receptacle in which the explosives were placed from Charles T. Roach, a plumber, at 1651 Court place, in this city. The shop is diagonally across the street from the furniture store of George A. Pettibone, one of the suspects now under arrest in Idaho. Mr. Roach said today that he recollected having made a lead receptacle and gave a description of the man who ordered it, which tallies with that of Orchard.

## Tried to Shoot Governor.

Boise, Ida., Feb. 28.—It has been definitely decided that the investigation of the case against Moyer and his associates for the murder of former Governor Frank Steunenberg shall begin before the grand jury at Caldwell tomorrow. It is not known whether Harry Orchard, who is said to have confessed to his part in the crime, will be taken before the jury.

In the statement made by Governor Gooding respecting the confession made by Orchard, it was stated that the prisoner had told of his unsuccessful attempts to slay the former governor. One of these was an effort to shoot him at his home a week or so before the assassination. Orchard said that a bomb was attached to the wire of the telephone in the pathway taken by the governor. It was arranged with a wire stretched across the path. The intended victim, however, unconsciously stepped over the wire and never knew how close he had been to death. That was the same bomb afterward used for killing him.

The bomb was like the one laid for Judge Goddard in Denver, having a bottle of sulphuric acid, and so arranged that the cork would be drawn by a pull on the wire. When the successful attempt was made a long fuse line was attached to the wire, the bomb being tied to the inside of the gatepost. A pull on the line fired the infernal machine.

## Orchard Quits Miller.

Boise, Ida., Feb. 28.—Today Harry Orchard, at the state penitentiary, consented to see and talk with Fred Miller, his former attorney. The interview was very brief. Mr. Miller told his former client that an injustice had been done him in the circulation of the report that he (Miller) had deserted Orchard, and that he had no thought of abandoning his client, and was willing to continue if Orchard was willing.

Orchard stated that inasmuch as Miller had been retained to help defend him, and he had come to the conclusion that Miller had deserted or was about to desert him. He stated that he was satisfied with matters as they now stood and declined to further retain Miller as his legal adviser. While at the prison Miller took occasion to have a short interview with Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone, asking if they were in need of or wanted anything he could get for them.

## No Requisition Yet.

Denver, Feb. 28.—Governor McDonald today denied that he had issued a requisition for Vincent St. John, one of the officers of the Western Federation of Miners now in prison at Boise. "I have not been asked to issue a requisition for St. John," said the governor.

St. John was president of the Miners' union at Telluride when the assassination of Arthur Collins and J. W. Barney occurred.

## EQUITABLE'S FIGURE TALE

Trustees of Company Name New Member and Hear Statement Read.

New York, Feb. 28.—The trustees of the Equitable Life Assurance society today elected John M. Beach of the City-Walter Dry Goods corporation a member of the board. There were no other changes, all the officers and standing committees holding over pending the receipt of the report of the committee on company affairs.

The annual statement of the society presented to the trustees shows that \$3,652,467 was charged off during the year for losses. The expenses incurred in connection with the several examinations of the society in 1905, including reserve of \$25,000 amounted to \$502,152. The total receipts for the year, including \$435,938 for adjustment of book values on stocks and bonds, amounted to \$89,105,319, and the total disbursements and losses to \$84,767,752, an excess of receipts over profits over disbursements and loss of \$2,337,567.

The statement of assets and liabilities as of date Dec. 31, 1905, shows total assets of \$420,973,756. The total liabilities were \$352,516,566, leaving a surplus of \$68,457,190.

New business in 1905 was about 280,000 less than in 1904. The outstanding total insurance on Dec. 31, 1905, was \$30,419,155 less than it was on Dec. 31, 1904. During the year 1905 the Equitable disbursed \$10,682,975 to policyholders who surrendered their policies. This is \$7,731,670 more than was expended upon the same account in 1904.



The Czar—"Take my advice and don't fight, gentlemen. I've got inside information."

## CHINA TO PAY BLOOD MONEY

Government Volunteers to Make Reparation for Assassination of Foreigners.

London, March 1.—The Daily Mail's correspondent at Shanghai reports that an American gunboat (the Quoro probably) had arrived at Nanchang.

On the same authority it is stated that Rev. H. C. Kingham's eldest daughter has died from the effects of the injuries inflicted upon her by the Chinese mob that killed her parents.

The Morning Post's Shanghai correspondent says that a dispute about land was the origin of the trouble at Nanchang, and adds: "It is felt here that the official rank of Catholic missionaries is a source of difficulty and ought to be withdrawn."

## To Punish Assassins.

Pekin, Feb. 28.—The government has instructed the governor of Nanchang, province of Kiangsi, on Feb. 25, six French Jesuit missionaries and four British subjects were killed, to punish severely all participants in the massacre and declare his willingness to make without question any reasonable reparation demanded. Many foreigners at Peking know the governor of Nanchang, and consider him efficient and friendly. They believe his version of the troubles and credit his statement that he was unable to prevent the disturbance. American, British and German gunboats are proceeding to the nearest possible point to Nanchang. River navigation is seldom safe beyond Poyang lake. British and German gunboats have been stationed at the lake for two years despite frequent Chinese protests that it was an infringement of China's river regulations.

## Funston's View.

San Francisco, Feb. 28.—"Things are beginning to look serious in the east," said General Funston in an interview, "and the action of the war department in reinforcing the troops already in the Philippines will, in my opinion, be justified before the end of the present uprisings. It seems probable," he continued, "that most of the forces for a Chinese expedition must come from the United States, for there are not many more men in the Philippines at present than are necessary for the preservation of law and order among the islands."

## DOUBLE TRAGEDY IN PRESENCE OF DEAD

New York, Feb. 28.—Thomas Dettman today shot and killed his brother-in-law, Thomas Pennen, during a quarrel over the death of Pennen's young wife, Dettman's sister, whose body at the time of the shooting lay awaiting burial in the adjoining room in the same house. Dettman then put a bullet into his own head, dying instantly.

The tragedy occurred in Pennen's house in the Flatbush section of Brooklyn. Dettman had come to attend the funeral and quarreled with his brother-in-law over a surgical operation which had resulted in Mrs. Pennen's death.

## ADMIRALS LEAVE BRIDGE.

Washington, Feb. 28.—Rear Admiral Colby M. Chester was placed upon the retired list today. He was retained upon temporary active duty in the bureau of navigation. Admiral Chester will be succeeded in charge of the naval observatory by Rear Admiral Asa Walker. The retirement of Admiral French E. Chadwick also occurred today.

## OGDEN YOUTH SLAYS FATHER TO SAVE MOTHER'S LIFE

Debauch of Ogden Man Culminates in His Meeting With Violent Death at the Hands of His 18-Year-Old Son.

Ogden, Feb. 28.—In saving his mother from a murderous attack by his drunk-crazed father, Frank, 18, killed Joseph Checketts at the family residence, 151 Thirtieth street, shortly after 3 o'clock this morning.

Ogden, Feb. 28.—The killing of Joseph Checketts by his son this morning created considerable excitement. The boy's claims, and his statement is substantiated by members of the family, that he killed his parent accidentally and while in defense of his mother. The tragedy was the culmination of a debauch of several days' duration by the victim. It is related that during that period the entire family lived in a state of terror. Since the holidays the dead man had done little work and spent much of his time in saloons. Monday night there was a surprise party at the Checketts' home at which the father indulged freely in drink. The night, according to the members of the family, none of them dared to sleep because of his drunken ravings and until the time of his death he kept the family in mortal fear.

Tuesday afternoon he returned to his home intoxicated and first threatened to take the life of one of his daughters, aged 20 years, but was persuaded to lie down. During the night he awakened from his drunken stupor, drove the children to bed and then told his wife that if she would go into his room with him that he would behave.

The son Frank did not think all was right and upon going to the bedroom door says he saw his father grab his mother by the hair with one hand and with the other was holding aloft a butcher knife, blood was flowing from the woman's head. Rushing into the room the boy pointed a revolver at his father and ordered him to let go of the woman, saying he would kill him. The father released his wife and started for Frank, when the revolver cracked and the drunken man fell to the floor dead.

Sergeant Robert Chambers, Officer E. Morrissey and Patrol Driver Thompson responded to the call made by members of the family. Upon their arrival the business and Patrol Driver Thompson detainer Richey notified to take charge of the remains.

## UNCLE SAM'S STRONG BOX

Gold Galore Is Left After Payment of Several Large Liabilities.

Washington, Feb. 28.—For the first time since May 1, 1904, when the government made its payment of \$50,000,000 for the Panama canal property and \$4,600,000 was loaned to the Louisiana Purchase Exposition company, the daily statement issued today shows for the fiscal year a surplus of receipts over expenditures. The surplus today amounts to \$1,102,003. This is regarded by the treasury officials as a remarkably fine showing, especially in view of the fact that the expenditures since July 1 last, on account of public works, exceeds those for the corresponding period last year by nearly \$2,000,000. A very large part of this sum was paid out for Panama canal construction.

## PACKERS ASKING IMMUNITY

Special Government Agent Flatly Contradicts Witness for the Combine.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—E. D. Durand, special agent for the government, was on the stand all day in the hearing of the packers' plea for indemnity and will continue his evidence tomorrow.

He contradicted the evidence given by witnesses for the packers in several instances, the most notable being where he flatly denied the statement made by Arthur Meeker, general superintendent of Armour & Co. Mr. Meeker declared while a witness that he had answered all questions put to him by Durand and Durand today denied this.

Durand also said that he asked A. H. Veeder, general counsel for Swift & Co., and one of the men under indictment in the present case, to give evidence during the investigation by Commissioner Garfield under oath, and that Mr. Veeder replied that he would do nothing of the kind for the reason that it might destroy the chance of immunity for the packers.

He stated in the day Judge Humphrey, who had declared soon after court opened that he could not admit as evidence letters that passed between Mr. Durand and Commissioner Garfield during the investigation, altered his decision and admitted the letters.

There will be no more competition in fire insurance rates in this city, and at least 20 per cent of the householders and business men who have been carrying policies will have to pay a higher rate when their present agreements with the companies expire.

The board of fire underwriters of the Pacific coast yesterday all the fire insurance agents of this city into a local association and hereafter prices will be maintained.

For a number of years several local fire insurance agents fought against entering the Pacific board. Yesterday, however, they were compelled to give up the battle, and now that they are all together the regular tariff will be enforced. The new organization was formed at the office of the board of Pacific Fire Underwriters in the Commercial building. Every fire insurance agent in the city was present and represented. The officers elected were: President, James Rogers; vice president, H. B. Windsor; treasurer, C. E. Raybould; secretary, E. H. Cartright and L. McDonald, with all the other officers except the treasurer, to compose the executive committee.

A majority of the members of the new organization have maintained the Pacific board's rates, so those who obtained their insurance through them, will not have to pay a higher rate when their policies run out. Nearly all policies for fire are issued for three years. The independent agents who gave rates below the rates those authorized by the board, it is believed, collected about 20 per cent of the premiums paid on policies now held by agents of Salt Lake. Now all their clients will have to pay the regular rates, which are much higher.

Deny It Is a Trust.

The officers of the new organization deny that it is a trust and declare that in increasing the rates to those who have been benefitting by the cut prices, they are simply getting what is due them and the companies and besides are stamping out a policy of low rates.

Present Insurance Status.

While every denial is made that there is any trust in the organization, it is nevertheless true that the agents in this jurisdiction of the Pacific board were compelled to do so or lose their companies.

The situation now is that about 20 per cent of the citizens of Salt Lake who have taken out fire insurance policies, issued by companies represented by agents who were independent until yesterday, will have to pay an increased rate the instant their present policies expire. The rate will be increased from about 20 per cent of the independent agents' rates to the rate of 70 cents per \$100. This, however, has been lower than the regular rate because the Pacific board had to meet the rates of the independent agents' non-board agents. Now it is said that this will be increased to something over \$1 per \$100 for policies running three years.

According to the agreement made by all the members of the new association yesterday there is to be no cutting of rates in this city, as this does not protect them from slashing prices outside Salt Lake in the state. It is not believed, however, that any of the members will attempt to do anything that would injure the will of the organization down upon them, as the companies are reported to be hostile to further cutting.

The board of fire underwriters of the Pacific has control of nearly all the fire insurance business of the western states as far east as Utah. It is said to be reaching eastward and may soon control other commonwealths.

On behalf of the new organization it is claimed to do anything that would injure the city and its people. There will be no discrimination, it is said, and rates will be equitable.

## PLUCY ENGINEER SAVES MANY LIVES

Butte, Mont., Feb. 28.—A light engine crushed into a passenger train on the heavy grade west of this city today and that a large number of lives was not lost is due to the heroism of Engineer Barker of the light engine, who, when he realized he was rapidly running down the passenger, stuck to his lever. Barker remained with his engine until he saw a collision was inevitable when he and his fireman leaped for their lives, escaping with nothing more serious than a bruise. The engine was practically demolished and the coach wrecked. Thomas Conroy, a trainman, becoming confused in the snowstorm was run down and killed.

## BLANKETED WITH SNOW.

Butte, Mont., Feb. 28.—Butte and the state generally was visited last night and today by one of the fiercest snow storms of the season, the fall ranging from twelve to twenty inches in depth. Eastern Montana points report a heavy fall, but if the weather does not get extremely cold no losses of stock are expected. The temperature is falling tonight as the result of the wind.

## FAVOR DOMINICAN TREATY.

Washington, Feb. 28.—The senate committee on foreign relations today, by a party vote, agreed to favorably report the San Domingo treaty. A number of amendments were made to the treaty before it was reported.

## FIRE RATES ARE TO INCREASE

All Salt Lake Insurance Agents Now in Combination to Maintain Prices.

## BOARD STANDARD TO RULE

ONE-FIFTH OF POLICYHOLDERS MUST STAND RAISE.

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## WILL CONFER ON NEW BOND ISSUE

Directors of Utah Light & Railway Company and Bondholders to Meet.

## GATHERING IN SALT LAKE

EFFORTS NOW TO GET \$1,000,000 FOR IMPROVEMENTS.

A blanket bond issue for \$7,350,000 is now proposed as a solution of the financial problem of the Utah Light & Railway company. If negotiations now under way for the sale of these bonds are not successful, the entire question will be taken up at a meeting in about two weeks in Salt Lake City of directors of the company and representatives of the present bondholders.

The plan is to issue bonds in the sum of \$8,350,000 to take up the old bonds of the various companies represented in the organization, and issue also \$1,000,000 in bonds to pay for improvements, principally on the street car lines.

W. J. Curtis, a New York attorney who was to come to this city as a representative of the bondholders to investigate the matter of reorganization, has wired to Judge Le Grand Young, counsel for the company, that he cannot come at present.

At present negotiations are on for the sale of the \$1,000,000 for improvements out of the new blanket bond issue. After this is disposed of, the plan is that the bonds held by the old creditors will be exchanged for the new securities. An offer to give a certain amount of stock with the new bonds was withdrawn last week and the bonds will be sold without a bonus, Judge Young said.

At the forthcoming meeting of the directors of the company, if the bonds have been disposed of, new plans will be discussed. Attorney Curtis of New York and a number of the New York holders of stock and bonds are expected to be present. Mr. Young said he felt that there would be no difficulty in disposing of the bond issue.

## BOTH SIDES DEFER TO THE PRESIDENT

Pittsburg, Feb. 28.—The conference, between the coal miners and operators, adjourned about 1 o'clock and the announcement was made that it had been decided to issue a call for a general conference to be held in Indianapolis on Monday March 19.

A statement issued by the joint committee in explanation of the action taken says: "In issuing a request for a conference of the coal operators of the first states of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Western Pennsylvania at Indianapolis on March 19 it is positively stated by all the operators joining in this call that said meeting had been called entirely in deference to the wishes of the President of the United States and that no action has been taken or agreement of any kind has been made by any operator up to this date regarding any possible settlement of existing difficulties. No settlement is possible on any terms until after such meeting has been held and the views of all the operators of the four states have been obtained."

## PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT FIXES TARIFF RATE

Washington, Feb. 28.—President Roosevelt today issued a proclamation imposing the rates of duties provided by section 3 of the Dingley act upon imports from Germany in return of Germany's concession of minimum tariff rates on United States products.

The articles and rate of duty named in the president's proclamation are the same as those now in force, which would have been terminated today but for the recent action of the German government in giving this country the benefit of its minimum tariff.

## ROCKEFELLER WOULD BUILD HOSPITAL

New York, Feb. 28.—An offer of \$125,000 from John D. Rockefeller for a hospital for children suffering from tuberculosis was announced yesterday by R. Fulton Cutting, president of the New York Association for Improving the condition of the poor. This offer is made on the condition that the association raise a like amount from other donors by June 30, 1906 and that the permanent maintenance of the hospital is assured.

## NOTABLE DEAD.

New York, Feb. 28.—Charles E. Leyland, the last of seven brothers all of whom were well known in the hotel business throughout the country died yesterday in Broadbain, N. Y. He was 63 years old.

Sacramento, Cal., Feb. 28.—Rev. W. H. Toy, rector of St. John's Episcopal church, Marysville, died here today. Rev. Toy was well known on the Pacific coast, having had charges in Portland, Ore., Washington, Wyoming, Idaho, Utah and Nevada.

## TO RE-ENTER MAIL SERVICE.

(Special to The Herald.) Cheyenne, Wyo., Feb. 28.—E. O. Glenn, formerly mail clerk between this place and Ogden and Pocatello, and for several years postoffice inspector at St. Louis, who was removed from the service because of alleged irregularities in his expense account, left today for Kansas City, where he claims he will re-enter the service in ten days.

## ENDS TROUBLES WITH PISTOL.

Los Angeles, Feb. 28.—Charles Ward, a young attorney who came here from Boston six weeks ago, shot himself in his room at a hotel today, and was taken to the hospital in a dying condition. Domestic trouble is given as the cause.

Third Trip For the Dollar Man! His visit has been a happy one for two score of homes. He'll call on twenty more next Monday. . . . . Save Next Sunday's Paper!