

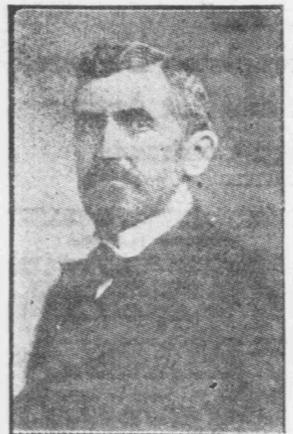
OHIO GOVERNOR CALLED BEYOND

Death of John M. Pattison Comes as a Shock to the Country.

REPORTS WERE FAVORABLE

PUBLIC UNPREPARED FOR THE OUTCOME.

Cincinnati, June 18.—John M. Pattison, governor of Ohio, died of Bright's disease at 4:20 this afternoon at his home in Milford, fifteen miles east of this city.



John M. Pattison.

For services in the Methodist church. One week ago the governor was carried into his home, from which he had some five months ago to his inauguration as chief executive of the state, the intervening time having been spent on a bed of pain.

His death came suddenly, and was unexpected even by his physicians and family. Early last evening the governor suffered considerable acute pain, but later he sank into a quiet sleep. At 10 o'clock Dr. Belt made his usual morning visit and found his patient in a comatose state. The governor never rallied after death came peacefully at 4:20 this afternoon and December in the hope of regaining health.

Death Not Expected.

That the death of the governor was entirely unexpected was evident when it is remembered that in a contest over the re-election of Ellsworth in the courts in this city today both of the governor's physicians appeared to testify that his condition was such that he was able to transact official business. His private secretary, L. B. Houck, also testified to his good condition, explaining that he recently good over much business with him.

News Had Been Cheerful.

Although there has been for months an expressed fear that Governor Pattison would not be able to return to his office at Columbus, the cheerful statements from his sickroom tended to create a belief that any fatal outcome of his protracted sickness would be long deferred. Not at any time a man of powerful physique Governor Pattison entered upon the responsibilities of his office in a somewhat weakened condition, the strain of the political campaign having so worn on him that a trip to the south was taken in November and December in the hope of regaining health.

Sick When Inaugurated.

However, when he returned he was still weak, and under the advice of his physician his part of the inauguration ceremonies was gone through with the utmost care. A glass covering was provided for the reviewing stand, that he might be protected from the stormy January winds, and through that he reviewed one of the most elaborate parades that has ever graced the inauguration of any Ohio governor. He then went to his home, from which he only emerged for a few short walks until brought to this city on a special train during the night of April 5. He continued to oversee the work of his office, and through his private secretary, Louis B. Houck, who had been his running mate on the Democratic ticket, transacted considerable public business, even when unable to arise from

his bed. As soon as his weakened condition permitted, he was brought to Cincinnati, spending several weeks in Christ hospital and a week ago he was brought to his country home at Milford. He had been reported as steadily gaining since then, although recovery was current last week that he had suffered a relapse.

Biographical Sketch.

John Pattison, boy soldier, lawyer, state legislator, member of congress and governor of Ohio, was born in Clermont county, O., June 13, 1817. He enlisted as a volunteer in the United States army when but 16 years of age in 1834, and entered college immediately after being mustered out, graduating at the Ohio Wesleyan university, Delaware, O., with the class of 1839, having been a college mate of United States Senator James E. Polaker. He was admitted to the bar in 1843 and elected to the lower house of the Ohio legislature in 1847. From 1854 to 1857 he was the attorney for the committee on safety at Cincinnati. He became a member of the Ohio senate in 1859 and was elected to the Fifty-second congress.

For the past fifteen years he had been president of the Union Central Life Insurance company. He was a Democrat and one of the leaders in the state senate in support of legislation for a more stringent observance of Sunday. His position on this point was well known when he was given the Democratic nomination for governor one year ago, and it was because of this that the anti-saloon league gave him its support.

Republican Slips In.

Andrew Lintner Harris, lieutenant governor, who under the constitution becomes governor during the absence of the incumbent, was elected, as a Republican. He was born in Butler county, Ohio, with the class of 1859 and graduated at the Ohio Wesleyan university, being mustered out as a brigadier-general by brevet. He was admitted to the bar in 1865. He was elected lieutenant governor in 1890, and William McKinley was chosen governor.

Gloom at Columbus.

Columbus, O., June 18.—The news of Governor Pattison's death cast a gloom over the state capital. The flag on the capitol was ordered at half-mast and arrangements were made for a formal meeting of state officials tomorrow to take appropriate action and arrange to attend the funeral.

Governor Pattison had not completed the reorganization of the various state departments and institutions at the time of his death, and inasmuch as acting Governor Harris is a Republican, it is regarded as improbable that any of the remaining Republican appointees will be disturbed.

ECHO OF BUTTE COPPER WAR

Heinz in for Payment of \$25,000 to Widow of One of the Victims.

Butte, Mont., June 18.—Mrs. Alice Olsen was awarded \$25,000 damages today in Judge George M. Borquin's court for the death of her husband, Samuel Olsen, in January, 1904, in the Michael Davitt mine. Olsen met his death from a blast fired, it is alleged, by employes of the Heinz interests operating the Harus mine, adjoining the Davitt. The judgment is directed against the Johnstown company, one of the former Heinz companies, and Thomas Knight, a foreman of the Johnstown company.

ALLEGED ANARCHIST PLOT.

Roosevelt Said to Be Marked for the Slaughter.

Portland, Ore., June 18.—The statements of Walter Sealaskiw, formerly president of the Polish National society, today seem to confirm a recent item stating that this city harbors an anarchist society which contemplates the assassination of President Roosevelt and which lauds the act of Caelogoz. Sealaskiw's statements were made to the police today while he was securing warrants for several members of his society, whom he alleges attacked and beat him last night for objecting to an alleged misuse of the society's funds. Sealaskiw states that there are about eighty members of anarchists in the city, and that they hold regular meetings at places in Northeast Portland.

INVESTIGATION OF THE CHICAGO STOCK YARDS

Chicago, June 18.—Investigation of conditions at the stock yards was begun today under the direction of a joint committee of the Chicago Commercial association, the Illinois Manufacturers' association and the Chicago Medical association. The experts who will make the investigation for the joint committee are as follows: Dr. W. A. Evans, professor of pathology of the University of Illinois; Dr. Herzog, chief of the bureau of science of the Philippines; Dr. Peters, professor of veterinary medicine of the University of Nebraska; Dr. Pownell, pathologist of the Pennsylvania state board of livestock commissioners, and Dr. Hekteen. Nothing will be more public until the committee completes its report.

NEWS FOUGHT AS BEST THE COULD

Victims of Bialystok Horror Did Not Tame Submit to Slaughter.

STORIES STAGGER BELIEF

SOLDIERS AIDED IN FEARFUL MASSACRE.

St. Petersburg, June 18.—The embargo on news from Bialystok was lifted today and the Associated Press staff correspondent was for the first time allowed to telegraph directly from the sacked city a picture of the scene of ruin and desolation left in the wake of the mob. According to frequent bulletins order was restored and maintained throughout the day in spite of incentive to disorder at funerals which were in progress almost the whole day; but the atmosphere is supercharged and a slight event may suffice to precipitate a renewal of street fighting. The authorities apparently realize this, and hope to avert such a catastrophe by a show of force. On one occasion the whole garrison was called out on some alarm and the streets were literally packed with horse, foot and artillery until the danger was passed.

Story a Dreadful One.

The story told by the Associated Press correspondent is a dreadful one, but there are indications that he has been prevented by the censorship from relating further details about the condition of corpses, the utter bestiality of the mob and the inability of the troops to cope with the excesses during the first days of the rioting. It is evident from the dispatches that the excess assumed the character of a three-cornered fight between the military, the mob and armed members of the Jewish band, who instead of submitting passively to a slaughter as their unarmed co-religionists have done heretofore, carried the war into the enemy's camp and fought bravely, though without inflicting appreciable loss on the troops, among whom no serious casualties have been reported.

Unnerved by the Sight.

Horrible details have been sent out by the correspondent of the Bourse Gazette who managed to send his story by a messenger Sunday afternoon. The correspondent writes "fails to describe the awful scenes. The faces of the dead have lost all human resemblance, and the corpses simply are crushed masses of flesh and bone soaking in blood. It is impossible to conceive of such bestiality."

Murder of Teacher Apstein.

"The corpse of Teacher Apstein lay in the grass with the hands tied. In the face and eyes had been hammered three-inch nails. Rioters entered his home and after fearful outrages killed him thus and then murdered the rest of his family of seven. When the corpse arrived at the hospital it was also marked with bayonet thrusts. "Beside the body of Apstein lay the corpse of a child of five years whose head had been chopped off with an ax. Here also were the dead from the Schlachter home, where, according to witnesses, soldiers came and plundered the house and killed the wife, son and a neighbor's daughter and seriously wounded Schlachter and his two daughters."

Butchered by Soldiers.

"I am told that soldiers entered the apartments of the Lapidus brothers, which were crowded with people who had fled from the streets for safety, and ordered the Christians to separate themselves from the Jews. A Christian student named Dikar protested and was killed on the spot. Then all of the Jews were shot. "Some of the corpses were marked with fire. These had been brought from a burned tannery and showed bullet and bayonet marks. "In one corner of the yard was a demented Jewess trying to cover the body of her husband, but her efforts were in vain, as the blood simply oozed from beneath the inadequate covering."

Story of a Victim.

"From the wounded in the hospital the correspondent heard many pitiable stories, all of the same general tenor. Here is the account of a badly wounded merchant named Nevazhkiy: "I live in the suburbs. Learning of the Pogrom, I tried to reach the town through the fields, but was intercepted by roughs. My brother was killed, my arm and leg were broken, my skull was fractured and I was stabbed twice in the side. I fainted from loss of blood and revived to find a soldier standing over me, who asked: 'What? Are you still alive? Shall I bayonet you?' I begged him to spare my life. The roughs again came, but spared me, saying: 'He will die; let him suffer longer.'"

Government Responsible.

The correspondents who adopt the bitterest tone towards the government holds the Pogrom undoubtedly was provoked and attributes the responsibility to Police Lieutenant Schermetieff, and says the distinctive characteristic of the outbreak, in which it differs from the excesses at Odessa, Kishinev, Gomeland Kiev, aside from bestiality, is the comparatively small amount of actual robberies committed. The participants seemingly were not inspired by motives of loot, but of murder and destruction pure and simple. He also holds that the participation of the troops has been completely proven, and quotes Deputy Shepkin as saying that this is clearly shown by the demoralization of the soldiery consequent on the removal of all restraints. The correspondent declares that not only the soldiers, but their officers also, participated, and that he himself was a witness as late as Saturday to the shooting down of a Jewish girl from the window of a hotel by Lieutenant Miller of the Vladimir regiment. The governor of the province of Grodno, who happened to be passing at the moment, ordered an investigation.

NINTH TRIENNIAL SESSION

Grand Council of Royal and Select Masters Meet in Boston.

EXPECT BATTLE

LABORING MEN HAVE THEIR EYES OPENED IN AN ADDRESS BY GOMPERS.

Boston, June 18.—Nearly every affiliated grand council in the country was represented at the ninth triennial session of the grand council of Royal and Select Masters of the United States, which convened in this city today. General Grand Master Andrew M. Swanson of St. Paul presided at the opening of the general grand council and delivered his triennial address.

Rev. W. Perry Bush of Chelsea was appointed general grand chaplain and John T. Kimball of Boston was appointed general grand secretary. There are now twenty-seven constituent grand councils, of which twenty-six were represented. The most important business transacted was the adoption of an amendment to the constitution relative to the finances of the general grand council. Heretofore the general grand council has been financed by the contribution of dues based upon the grand council representing each state, in proportion to the number of subordinate councils. Under the amended law, the assessment of dues upon each grand council is based upon a per capita tax of 2 cents on a total membership of the subordinate councils in each grand council.

Officers were elected as follows: General Grand Master—Henry C. Larrabee, Baltimore; general grand master, Graff M. Acklin, Toledo, O.; general grand principal conductor, J. W. B. Blake, Boston; grand treasurer, Charles P. Keaton, Montpelier, Vt.; general grand recorder, Henry W. Mordhurst, Fort Wayne, Ind.; general grand captain of the guard, E. Wellington, Ellsworth, Kan.; general grand conduplicator, J. H. B. Smith, New York; general grand marshal, William F. Cleveland, Harlan, Ia.; general grand steward, Fay Hempstead, Little Rock, Ark. The grand council adjourned after voting that the next triennial council will be held at the place determined upon by the Royal Arch Masons for their next triennial convention. The thirty-third triennial convention of the general grand royal arch chapter of the United States will open tomorrow.

NOBILITY WILL NOT YIELD

Prepared to Fight the Revolutionaries in Russia to the Bitter End.

St. Petersburg, June 18.—The intransigent position of the Russian nobility is made manifest in the address to the throne adopted by the nobles' congress recently held at the next triennial council for the first time. While it contains honeyed words of solicitude for the peasants and the maintenance of the status quo on the question of the expropriation of land, it characterizes the present as the most critical moment in Russia in a thousand years of her history, not on account of her foreign foes, but owing to her internal enemies, "who are seeking to seize the supreme power by blinding the people with false promises and deluging the peasants with dreams of free lands. "The nobility," the address says, "will henceforth be engaged in the enlightenment of our brothers in the village and pledge ourselves to support the emperor in fighting the revolution to the bitter end."

GREAT STEAM SHOVEL DOES WORK OF GRADERS

(Special to The Herald.) Bingham, June 18.—With a gigantic steam shovel plowing its way into the bowels of the mountain side; unloading tons and tons of earth and doing the work of over sixty men, the contractor of the Rio Grande grade are not now worrying over the labor troubles which hindered them for a few days. As it is now the contractors are generously supplied with new hands to take the places of the striking Greeks and Italians who have long since hiked and are doing their best to get home. The steam shovel was put into active service early this morning and all day long the townspeople were eagerly watching the huge machine tearing through the mountain and accomplishing great results. The work is being pushed ahead with all possible haste and despite the labor troubles will be finished according to the contract.

INCREASES OF PENSION.

Congressman Joseph Howell has been notified by the United States commissioner of pensions that the following citizens of Utah have recently been given increases in pension over what they were formerly receiving: Hilton Springstead, Bountiful. John Rice, 72 West First South street, Salt Lake. Amanda M. Payne, 28 North Third West, Salt Lake. Alexander Powers, Moab. Mrs. Hannah McCarty, 126 Twenty-sixth street, Ogden.

Eat your dinner at the Mack Smith lunch room, 1130 to 250, 27 1/2 W. First South. Dr. Broadbent's Dental office 500 Scott Bldg. 165 Main. WILL SHOW VIEWS. Charles Johnson has returned from a trip to San Francisco with a very fine collection of photos of the stricken city, and will give a lantern slide exhibition of them in the near future in the theatre.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot be carried into the portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result; and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists; or direct from the Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

EXPECT BATTLE

LABORING MEN HAVE THEIR EYES OPENED IN AN ADDRESS BY GOMPERS.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—The executive council of the American Federation of Labor convened here today for a several days' session. The meetings are executive.

It was reported to the council that unions coming under the jurisdiction of the American Federation of Labor had made liberal contributions to the San Francisco sufferers. A report submitted by President Samuel Gompers on pending legislation in congress stated that the eight-hour bill was ordered to be reported by the committee on labor of the house "by a temporary majority of the minority members of the committee" and that the bill had not yet been reported. It called attention "to the subterfuge" conducted by the judiciary committee of the house regarding the bill to define and limit the issuance of injunctions, and to the effort of Mr. Littlefield of Maine "to abolish the pilotage system."

How Congress Works.

Mr. Gompers reported regarding the "bill of grievances" to President Roosevelt, President Pro Tem. Frye and Speaker Cannon that "a number of congressmen had declared their willingness to aid labor in the enactment of the existing legislation demands, but were hampered and hindered by the existing conditions, especially by the domination of the house of representatives through the speaker and the make-up of the committees, as well as the permanent rules and those that are brought in to accomplish temporary purposes."

He called attention to the course pursued by the governors of Idaho and Colorado and to what he termed "the unwarrantable and brutal manner of kidnapping Meyer, Haywood and Pettibone of the Western Federation of Miners."

Porto Rican Strike.

Regarding the strike of the agricultural workers in Porto Rico, Mr. Gompers commended their conduct. He declared that the chief of police there had issued orders by which meetings had been dispersed, innocent persons unmercifully attacked and arrested on groundless charges and the workmen clubbed and forced to work, with the only alternative of police brutality and imprisonment. The case has already been taken up with the president of the United States, who, Mr. Gompers said, promised to make an investigation, and the case will be taken up again with him in the near future, when further complaints and affidavits will be submitted charging continuance of grievances.

FUNERAL OF JOSEPH SMITH

Centerville Citizen Dies at Portland and Body Is Brought Home for Interment.

Centerville, June 17.—The people of Centerville turned out en masse today and attended the funeral services over the remains of the late Joseph Smith, one of the town's leading citizens, who died last Tuesday at Crystal Springs hospital, near Kelso, W. Va. The body was brought here and was beautifully decorated with flowers and vines, and many floral offerings were sent by friends, completely covering the white casket. Addresses were delivered by John W. Woolley, David O. Willey, John Y. Smith, John Leaman, B. H. Roberts, President Melvin H. Branaman, Bishop Randall, each of whom paid high tribute to the integrity, honesty and zeal of the deceased.

Mr. Smith had been ill for a year or more, and some weeks ago was taken to Portland. His wife and brother went to attend to him as soon as it was learned he was worse, but he died before they reached him. The remains were brought home yesterday.

PRO-O NEWS NOTES.

Dr. and Mrs. F. M. Taylor returned yesterday from a trip east, visiting New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago and other large cities. Their daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Alex Hedquist. Ray Partridge lost a horse and buggy in the river yesterday while out hunting for a lost cow. Mr. Partridge, with his wife and child, drove down the Fort field in the animal and set upon the above the railroad bridge Mr. Partridge decided to cross the river to the north side. Fortunately he left Mrs. Partridge and the child in the buggy and went on the venture alone. After he had reached shallow water on the north side, the horse balked and Mr. Partridge tried to lead the animal out of the river. The horse would not be led, but backed into deep water with the result that the buggy was tipped over, and the horse dragged down the stream by the force of the current. Portions of the buggy were recovered.

Marriages have been issued to the following couples: Egent L. Roberts and Sytha Brown, both of Provo; Carroll Erby and Mary Jane Terry, both of Provo; Benj. Raymond Peay and Regina Cahoon, both of Benjamin. George K. Malup and Miss Manceerah Malup, natives of Damascus, will give a lecture on the "Holy Land" Thursday evening in the tabernacle. Stereoscopic views and Asiatic costumes will be used to illustrate the lecture.

Mr. and Mrs. John Grier have returned from Mantle, where they went to attend the funeral of H. Hatley. Councilman Bott has returned from a trip to southern Utah looking into some mining propositions in the neighborhood of Covado. Mr. Bott had a hot, dusty ride after leaving the railroad, and will make the next trip in the winter. The Scandinavians of Utah county will have an excursion to Lagoon and Salt Lake on June 23, over the Salt Lake Route.

The case of Spanish Fork Co-op vs. Llewellyn Jones, a suit to collect \$3,478.25 alleged to be due on an account, which has been in court for more than a year, was settled today by stipulation. Defendant turned over his half interest in 329 shares of the capital stock of the corporation to the plaintiff, and the plaintiff depends on the stock in settlement of the account. Plaintiff is to pay costs of court and each party is to pay his own expenses. Where has been brought by Caroline H. Adams of American Fork against Joseph Adams on the ground of intemperance and failure to provide. The couple were divorced in 1890, and were remarried in 1892.

A MINORITY SHAREHOLDER.

(Translated for Tales from Familie Journal.) Tom—How did Dick happen to marry the only one that was left of eight sisters? Harry—Simple enough. He gets only one-eighth of a mother-in-law that way.

Hamilton's Smart Shop.

THIS WEEK'S SPECIALS

White Suits! White Dresses! White Gowns! White Coats!

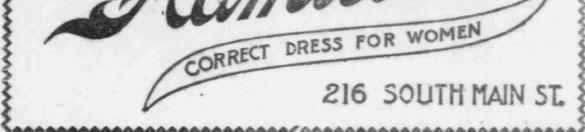
All new mid-summer models. No old early spring goods placed in our stock. All these fresh, dainty gowns and suits of the smartest ideas will be sold from—

\$10.00 to \$30.00

See Our Skirts for Ladies.

The new traveling and morning Skirt is the correct idea for mid-summer wear, as well as the dainty lingerie mull, batistes and nets, will be placed on tables at low values. All handsome cloth tailor-made suits LESS THAN REGULAR COST.

Smart Street Hats—One-Half Off.



216 SOUTH MAIN ST.

Asbestos Sad Irons,

The housewife's friend. No home should be without a set of Asbestos Sad Irons. Three in a box. The asbestos hood remains cool, at the same time shutting up all the heat in the iron. An iron will do twice as much work as the old style. This will save your fuel bill. Made in all styles and sizes.

King Hardware & Stove Co.

Fone 748. 168 Main Street.

Anderson Insurance Agency

HUGH ANDERSON, Pres. Established 1871. FRANK K. POZ, Secy. 165 South Main St., Salt Lake City. P. O. Box 977. Telephone 195. FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE

Actna of Hartford \$14,949,579 Fireman's Fund of California 5,202,587 Alliance of England 62,686,131 Franklin Fire of Philadelphia 8,098,373 Citizens of Missouri (Policies guaranteed by Hartford) 726,018

BITTER CONTEST IN IOWA

Neck and Neck Race Between Cummins and Principal Rival. Des Moines, Ia., June 18.—The managers of Governor Cummins' campaign claim to date 738 instructed and uncontested delegates, including Scott and Delaware counties, where contesting delegates were selected, but will not come to the state convention. In addition they claim Wappello, Jasper and Jefferson, a total of sixty delegates, which are contested by Perkins and have lodged a contest against the twenty-three delegates for Perkins from Des Moines county, and a protest against the Perkins delegates from Chickasaw of eleven delegates, giving Cummins a total, including contested delegates, of 832 delegates. Governor Cummins' managers give Perkins 531 delegates of which ninety-two are uninstructed and they give Rathbun ninety delegates, instructed. The Sioux City Journal, Mr. Perkins' paper, claims for Mr. Perkins 724 delegates and gives to Mr. Rathbun ninety, claiming that the total of these, or 813, are anti-Cummins delegates. It gives Governor Cummins 711 delegates. The figures for Mr. Perkins include all the contested counties, and in addition the total delegation from Dubuque county, where one-half have signed an agreement to vote for Governor Cummins.

BALLOON LANDS ALL RIGHT. Binghamton, N. Y., June 18.—The balloon containing Julian P. Thomas and Charles Levee, which left New York yesterday evening, landed near South New Berlin this morning at 8:30 o'clock. Dr. Thomas said that the trip was a success in every way and that it would have been possible for them to have gone much further.

Success In Advertising is due to the kind of COPY and not the amount of space you use. C. R. BRAZIER ADVERTISING AGENCY 230 Commercial Club Bldg.

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Grape-Nuts Brains A FOOD FOR A Charming Breakfast Dish. Find and read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Union Dental Co. 318 South Main. HONEST WORK HONEST PRICES. Painless Extraction of Teeth or No Pain. All Work Positively Guaranteed. Phones: Bell, 1126-X; Ind., 1124.

Here's a New Thing in NECKTIES. The Keiser Tub crocheted cravat. Washable, neat, stylish. 50 cents. Richardson Adams 172 SOUTH MAIN STREET