WAR RUMORS DO NOT ALARM HIM

Slayden of Texas Ridicules the Idea of Conflict With Japan.

POKES FUN AT CALIFORNIA

JAP LEGS TOO SHORT TO WADE THE PACIFIC.

Washington, Feb. 12.—Representative Slayden of Texas during the consideration of the naval appropriation bill in the house today addressed that body on the subject of the recent war talk between the United States and Japan, and laughed the rumor of war out of the chamber.

Representative Slayden in part said: Although we are at peace "with all the world and the rest of mankind," as the president of the United States is reported to have said, the air is thick with rumors of war. Senators of the United States saw storm clouds in the east and peripatetic preachers of unlimited naval construction are declaring in public addresses that a conflict with Japan is inevitable. Our friends who represent the Pacific coast on the floor of the house are frightened almost into a state of collapse over the visions of little brown men marching under the banner of the "Rising Sun." The fact that 6,000 miles of salt water lie between them and the islands of Japan does not appear to allay their fears.

His Mission to Allay Fear.

Mr. Slayden said the Pacific coast members are not reassured by the recollection of the fact that President Roosevelt has recently been honored with the Nobel prize as the world's chief champion of peace. He referred to the financial condition of Japan and declared that "as one who cannot appreciate the imminence of this danger," it was his duty to contribute his mite toward restoring their mind.

Mr. Slayden then reviewed the war between Russia and Japan, which he said was one of the most remarkable in the history of the world, but he declared that he would call upon his "nervous fellow citizens" of the Pacific coast to remember that although the Japanese could march across Manchuria, their legs are entirely too short to wade the Pacific. "On this side of the Pacific the Japanese have no coaling stations," he said, "and ships of war which cross the ocean under their own steam would be comparatively helpless before they could reach the coast of California."

Japan Is "Broke."

Mr. Slayden called attention to the treaty of peace which brought the Russo-Japanese war to an end and declared it also should be remembered that after winning brilliant victories in the greatest battles of all history, the Japanese made a treaty of peace at Portsmouth, which, if not humiliating, was at least a confession of weakness. It is certain, he said, that the empire has neither paid its debts nor filled its war chests since the summer of 1905. Mr. Slayden referred to the suggestion that in a crisis Great Britain would join Japan to wreak vengeance on the United States for an enmity which no man can fathom. He characterized this suggestion as ridiculous. "Arbitration," he declared, "is an honorable, and inexpensive way of maintaining peace. It is more consistent with modern civilization than the 'big stick' or the big navy plan which proposes to keep the peace by developing a power so great that it may crush the life out of opposition. Although it seems to be a long time coming, I still indulge the hope that the Christian and peace-loving people of this country will compel their own government to write treaties of arbitration with all the governments of the world that are willing to enter into them."

Colonial Blunder.

Mr. Slayden took the position that but for the duty of protecting the Philippine islands the government's naval expenses could be cut in two and the military budget greatly reduced. The annexation of these islands he termed a "monumental blunder in our history," and declared that the United States has repudiated cherished principles by compelling the Filipinos to accept a government which they did not want.

In opposing the proposed fortifications for the Philippines, Mr. Slayden declared that he believes when the American voter once has his conscience and judgment aroused he will command the abandonment of this "strange and un-American policy of meddling with the affairs of Asia."

Consistently Adhering To

Legitimate banking, confining its loans to real estate mortgages and approved collateral security, the Utah Savings & Trust company, located in the heart of the business district, at No. 160 Main street, continues to offer to the public the advantage of its ever-increasing facilities and experience, developed and perfected by years of successful service to its customers. Banking and trust business of every nature. Abstracts, accurate and backed by abundant assets, furnished promptly. Surety bonds written without delay.

Four per cent on savings.

The popularity of MOUNT'S Pickles knows no seasons—all year 'round favorites.

SENATE GIVEN THE "RUSH ACT"

Rayner Opposes Plan of Allowing Government to Appeal in Criminal Cases.

BILL SUPPORTED BY KNOX

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY HEYBURN.

Washington, Feb. 12.—The senate today considered the bill allowing the government the right to appeal to the supreme court of the United States on points of law in criminal cases.

Mr. Rayner took the floor in opposition to the measure. He said it would change the whole system of criminal procedure. Mr. Rayner's principal objection to the bill was that because there were many differences between the states and federal authorities as to what constitutes "jeopardy." He submitted an amendment which provided that when a defendant had been once acquitted he should not be tried again, but even then, he would not vote for the bill.

Advising that the senate "go slow" in enactment of such a law, Mr. Rayner remarked:

Senate Being "Rushed."

"Of course, we can be rushed here because some packer out in Chicago was acquitted, and that is all this bill means."

He also remarked that much action was being brought forward in the interest of centralization of power, and that this bill extended the jurisdiction of the supreme court.

Senator Knox supported the bill, contending that under its terms no appeal would result in placing a defendant twice in jeopardy.

In defending the bill, Senator Patterson said the senate judiciary committee eliminated from the house bill each point which had been the basis of complaint by Mr. Rayner.

Heyburn's Amendment.

Senator Heyburn offered amendments to prevent a defendant being placed more than once in jeopardy by making it necessary for the government to take its appeal on questions of law before the trial should begin.

In advocating the bill, Senator Nelson said:

"There is a double veto on our legislation. First, the president can veto a bill. We can get over that by passing it over his veto. Then the courts can veto it, and we have no way of getting over that.

"This question simply is whether we will allow our efforts to curb trusts to be handicapped by a judge of an inferior court."

Senator Spooner said he could discover no constitutional question in the bill.

FELL FROM FIRE ESCAPE

Factory Employe Instantly Killed While Trying to Make Exit From Burning Building.

Philadelphia, Feb. 12.—A fire in which one man lost his life and several others had narrow escapes from death today damaged the five-story building at 105-107 South Third street, in the heart of the financial district. The building was occupied by the Phoenix Pants, Shirt & Overall company, and Dumee Sons & Co., cotton brokers.

The flames started in the upper portion of the building occupied by the Phoenix company and cut off escape by means of the stairway of the employes working on the top floor, forcing them to use the fire escapes, which were covered with ice and snow. With one exception, all of the two score of employes, among whom were a dozen girls, safely reached an adjoining building. The one who failed was Louis Deskeveskey, aged 26, who jumped or fell from the escape and was instantly killed. Several of the employes were injured, but not seriously. The damage is estimated at $75,000.

RARE PAINTINGS LOST.

Burning of Wanamaker's Country Home a Serious Disaster.

Philadelphia, Feb. 12.—Four rare paintings are now abandoned as lost in the first by those who are re-sorting the art collection which was kept in "Lindenhurst," the country home of John Wanamaker, which was destroyed by fire last Friday night. The paintings are "Our Lady of Madrid" and a "Nymph," by Murillo; "Two Angels Holding a Garland of Fruit," by Rubens, and "The Savior," by Benjamin West.

Many of Mr. Wanamaker's paintings are interwoven with the traditions of the Old World, which make them doubly valuable.

EARTHQUAKE IN SPAIN.

Madrid, Feb. 12.—A severe earthquake shock, lasting several seconds, was felt at Alhama, province of Murcia, today.

Willie wailed and Winnie wheezed, while Wintry winds whined weirdly. Willie wriggled while Winnie wheezed wretchedly. Wisdom whispers, winter winds work wheezes. Wherefore we write, "Use Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup." Nothing else so good. Sold by Charles Van Dyke, 280 Main street.

Ara

We don't know

Just how long this spring weather is going to last, but we do know that you ought to be looking around for your spring clothes.

¶ Hart Schaffner & Marx styles are now being shown.

¶ May we show you?

Richards-Fox-Adams Co.

172 MAIN STREET

SINGLE HEARING WAS SUFFICIENT

Senate Committee Didn't Want to Listen to the Bickerings of the Stockmen.

FOLLOWED THE PRESIDENT

EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO LEASE GRAZING LANDS.

Washington, Feb. 12.—Without continuing its hearing upon the Burkett amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill providing for the leasing of the public lands for grazing, the senate committee today agreed to adopt the amendment. Several amendments to the Burkett proposition were adopted, however, designed to protect the interests of the homesteaders. The policy outlined, which is favored by the president, was agreed upon by a bare majority of the committee. It is not unlikely a point of order may be made against it in the senate, as it is conceded to be general legislation. One amendment provides that the secretary of agriculture shall organize grazing districts. The department of agriculture is to exercise control of and fix the fees to be charged for grazing.

Following is the text of the grazing amendment agreed upon by the committee:

Text of Grazing Amendment.

"Hereafter, for the purpose of restoring, protecting and increasing the grazing value of the public domain and promoting the agricultural use thereof, the secretary of agriculture may organize grazing districts and regulate and control grazing upon the unappropriated unreserved lands of the United States, under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, and charge and collect reasonable fees for grazing thereof, the receipts to be deposited in the treasury of the United States to the credit of the special fund obtained from charges for timber, grazing and other resources of the national forests and provided for by section 5 of the act of Feb. 1, 1905, which is hereby appropriated and made available in addition to its present uses and under the restrictions provided by law, for the regulation, restoration, protection and increase of grazing upon the public lands, and for the employment of necessary assistants for such purposes in the city of Washington and elsewhere, and it shall be unlawful after Jan. 1, 1908, to graze any livestock upon any organized grazing district otherwise than as the said rules and regulations shall prescribe.

Subject of Homestead Right.

"Provided, that all leases or permits to graze issued under this provision shall be subject to the right of homestead or other settlement, location, entry, patent, or any other disposal of public lands under the public lands law, and any appropriation so made shall operate as a cancellation of said lease or permit as to the land so appropriated: provided, further, that bona fide homestead settlers or residents shall be permitted to graze free of charge their stock used for necessary domestic purposes, on the public lands affected hereby.

"Provided, that preference shall be given to bona fide homesteaders and settlers in the allotment of an equitable proportion of ranges adjacent to their homes not later than the beginning of the next annual grazing period, and, provided further, that all of the receipts from the grazing fees herein authorized in excess of the cost of administration, protection and improvement of the public range, and necessary working capital for the ensuing fiscal year shall be paid to the states and territories in which said fees originate at the close of each fiscal year, to be used for schools, roads, irrigation or other public purposes as the respective legislatures may prescribe, the distribution of such residue to be proportional to the receipts from said grazing fees from the respective states and territories during the preceding fiscal year, but nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the payment of 10 per cent of receipts from national forests to the states and territories as now provided by law."

SHADOW OVER WITTE.

Former Russian Premier Marked for Death by Assassination.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 12.—Count Witte today confirmed the report that an infernal machine containing nitro-glycerine was found in an unlighted stove of his home last night. A servant noticed a string dangling from the door of the stove, investigated and discovered the box.

A second infernal machine, timed to explode at 8 o'clock this evening, was found in the Witte residence during the day. Both were of poor construction.

The attempt upon the life of Count Witte is attributed to the reactionary league for vengeance.

WRECK IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Easton, Pa., Feb. 12.—Two cars of the Black Diamond Express on the Lehigh Valley railroad were derailed upon the bridge crossing the Delaware river here this morning. Both cars, a day coach and a sleeper, were damaged and the latter slipped to the top of the stone pier and came close to going into the river. Several persons were injured.

Neighbors Got Fooled.

"I was literally coughing myself to death, and had become too weak to leave my bed; and neighbors predicted that I would never leave it alive; but they got fooled, for thanks be to God, I was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery. It took just four one dollar bottles to completely cure the cough and restore me to good sound health," writes Mrs. Eva Uncapher of Grovertown, Stark Co., Ind. This King of cough and cold cures, and healer of throat and lungs, is guaranteed by Z. C. M. I. drug department. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

Yesterday's Record at the Local Office of the Weather Bureau.

Maximum temperature, 55 degrees; minimum temperature, 33 degrees; mean temperature, 44 degrees, which is 12 degrees above normal; accumulated excess of temperature since 1st of month, 149 degrees; accumulated excess of temperature since Jan. 1, 245 degrees. Relative humidity at 6 p. m., 54. Total precipitation from 6 p. m. to 6 p. m., none; accumulated excess of precipitation since 1st of month, 1.38 inches; accumulated excess of precipitation since Jan. 1, 1.69 inches.

Piles of people have Piles. Why suffer from piles when you can use DeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve and get relief. Nothing else so good. Beware of imitations. See that the name is stamped on each box. Sold by Charles Van Dyke, 280 Main street.

BEGINNING OF LONG STRUGGLE

Opening of the British Parliament and Speech From the Throne Read.

GREAT CROWD ASSEMBLED

ANCIENT CUSTOMS AGAIN CARRIED OUT.

London, Feb. 12.—The second session of the second parliament of the present reign, which promises to be full of interest and importance as a consequence of the projected liberal attack upon the house of lords and the introduction of an installment of home rule for Ireland, was opened by King Edward this afternoon with all the imposing ceremonies which have attended these functions since his accession.

The speech from the throne foreshadowed a full and busy session devoted to Ireland, army reform and temperance, apart from the overshadowing question of the house of lords.

Reference to Kingston.

After the usual reference to the good relationship prevailing between Great Britain and the other powers, the speech deplored the loss of life and destruction of property resulting from the earthquake at Kingston.

"I have seen with satisfaction," said the king, "that the emergency has been met by the governor and his officers with courage and devotion and by the people with self-control. The occasion has called forth many proofs of practical good will from all parts of my country, and I recognize with sincere gratitude the sympathy shown by the people of the United States and the assistance promptly offered by their authorities."

A congratulatory reference to the visit to India of the ameer of Afghanistan was followed by the intimation that "while guarding the unity of the executive power unimpaired some changes in the governmental methods of India were under consideration, bringing them more in accord with the wishes of the natives."

Bare Statement Made.

Then came a guarded reference to the question uppermost in the minds of his majesty's hearers. It was addressed both to "my lords" and "the gentlemen of the house of commons."

"Serious questions," said the king, "affecting the working of our parliamentary system have arisen from the unfortunate differences between the houses. My ministers have this important subject under consideration, with the view of a solution of the difficulty."

The rest of the speech was devoted to the proposed licensing bill, the object of which is to diminish the drink evil; proposals for the improvement of the army organization and Irish local government and education questions, and a number of minor questions, including the establishment of a court of criminal appeal.

The Irish Question.

Upon the Irish question the king said: "Your attention will be called to measures for further associating the people of Ireland with the management of their domestic affairs and otherwise improving their system of government in its administrative and financial aspect. Proposals will also be submitted to you for effecting a reform of university education in Ireland."

Among the domestic legislation foreshadowed was "a bill enabling women to serve on local bodies," evidently intended as a sop to the woman suffragists.

The house of commons assembled briefly and then adjourned until 4 p. m., when the debate on the address in reply to the speech commenced.

Great Crowd Present.

That the members of the house of commons regard the political situation as being especially interesting was evidenced by the keenness shown to secure good seats for the opening of parliament today. On the stroke of midnight the competition began and thereafter a steady stream of members visited the house and placed their cards in the places they had selected. Later in the morning the customary search of the vaults of the houses of parliament was carried out by the yeomen of the guard from the tower of London without the discovery of anything pointing to a repetition of the "gunpowder plot." Large crowds gathered within the precincts of parliament to witness the arrival of the distinguished personages.

The points in the king's speech which attracted the most attention were the references to the Kingston disaster and to the house of lords. When his majesty spoke gratefully of the assistance rendered by the American navy to the earthquake sufferers, he turned in the direction of the diplomatic body and bowed to Ambassador Reid, who was distinguished among his uniformed colleagues by his evening dress.

Caused a Commotion.

When the differences between the lords and the commons were mentioned there was a perceptible commotion among the audience, which was the more noticeable because it is unusual for any phrase in a speech from the throne to cause anything in the way of a sensation among those who hear it read. The house of commons was crowded in all parts when the members assembled for business at 4 o'clock this afternoon and great animation was noticeable. The entry of the premier, Sir Henry Campbell Bannerman, was greeted with cheers from the ministerialists.

The speaker, James Lowther, read the speech from the throne. The reference to the aid rendered by the American navy at Kingston was greeted with a loud outburst of applause.

The mention of the difference between the house of commons and the house of lards also was cheered.

Debate Will Last Several Days.

Debate upon the address in reply to the speech from the throne will last for several days, after which the premier is expected to unfold his plans for dealing with the house of lords.

On the resumption of the sitting of the house of lords, Lord Castletown, Liberal, moved the address in reply to the speech, and in so doing praised the assistance rendered by the American navy to the sufferers from the earthquake at Kingston. He also declared that it was necessary to change the machinery of the house of lords which at present gave the house a preponderance of Tories.

Regarding Ireland, Lord Castletown declared that what was proposed was evolution rather than devolution. After a hundred years of union it was proposed to adopt administrative reforms, long overdue, and rescue the Irish system from chaos. Ireland's appeal for financial justice had failed, but "was unthinkable and impossible."

Lord Lansdowne, Liberal Unionist, said the opposition was left entirely ignorant as to the direction in which a solution for the present relations between the house of lords and the house of commons was to be sought. Did the government want to make the upper house stronger and more efficient, or to degrade it to a mere debating society? It was deeply rooted in the public mind that whatever dangers might be apprehended from an unreformed house of lords they were nothing to be compared with those of an unrestrained house of commons.

Lord Ripon, Liberal, lord privy seal, after expressing sympathy with the sufferers from the earthquake at Kingston, said they had heard with the keenest satisfaction of the manner in which the navy of the United States went to the assistance of the sufferers. That action, he added, had done much to bind still more closely the ties which connected them with their kin across the Atlantic. The British were deeply grateful to the American sailors and their officers.

During the debate in the house on the speech from the throne, former Premier Balfour, the opposition leader, referring to the Irish question, said Mr. Bryce (lately chief secretary for Ireland) had held a pistol at the heads of everyone concerned in the matter. Mr. Balfour commented with surprise on the absence from the king's speech of any reference to the colonial conference, saying that the matter would be raised in the debate on the address.

Turning to the relations between the two houses, Mr. Balfour said that what he called "filling up the cup" against the house of lords would, he felt assured, fill to overflowing the cup of unpopularity of the government and lead the country to desire a change, not in the house of lords, but in the house of commons. He agreed that in the long run the people should decide what should be the laws under which they were to live.

Reply of the Premier.

Premier Campbell-Bannerman, in reply, said the government had only followed the precedent set by Mr. Balfour in not mentioning the colonial conference in the king's speech. The question of the differences between the two houses of parliament was the chief matter. Two important measures demanded by the country and passed after infinite patience by the house of commons had been destroyed by the house of lords. The readjustment of the constitutional machinery would be of real service to the country.

Continuing amid loud cheers, the premier declared that the question of the house of lords must be settled. The present situation was discreditable, dangerous and demoralizing. There must be a readjustment of the relations between the two houses so as to enable them to carry out in reasonable harmony the wishes of the people, and to this the attention of the house of commons would be directed in due time.

Turning to Ireland, the premier pointed out that they could not immediately enter on a larger policy, but they must first remove the most objectionable features in such a way as to be consistent with the adoption of that policy.

KANSAS PRIMARY LAW.

Topeka, Kas., Feb. 12.—The Stubbs bill, providing for the nomination of candidates of all parties, including United States senator, at primary elections held throughout the state on the same day, passed the house of representatives this afternoon by a vote of 101 to 10.

"Dinner's Coming I Smell It"

Does Your Stomach Feel Happy When Meal-Time Comes?

When you sniffle in the air the appetizing aroma of something cooking, do you feel that you could sit down, open your mouth, pin back your ears and eat with a delicious gusto, everything set before you, and not feel any bad effects from it?

In other words, can your poor stomach take care of everything and anything you put into it? There are thousands and thousands of people who do not know what it is to have a good, strong, healthy stomach, nor do they realize what it is to have a good appetite.

You can have an all-powerful stomach and a fetching appetite for every meal, and every day, if you give your stomach a rest, and let something else take hold of your food for you and digest it as it comes into the stomach, something that is harmless but that really does the work of digesting quickly and thoroughly.

This "something" is Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, the most effective little tablets in the world for curing anything that may be wrong with your stomach. One ingredient of these precious little workers digests 3,000 grains of the coarsest or richest food put into the stomach. Think of it, 3,000 grains. They are really an artificial stomach, because they act just like the stomach, they digest your food, just as though you didn't have a stomach at all. It supplies the stomach with the digestive juices which have become weak and scanty.

Then your indigestion, dyspepsia, sour risings, brash, belchings, acidity, fermentation, loss of appetite, aversion to food, bloaty feeling, heartburn and nausea, will be no more. You can then eat anything you want, all you want, whenever you want, and your stomach will feel fine before and after your meals. Your appetite will be a thing of pleasure to have, your meals will be a pleasure to eat and relish, and your digestion will be thorough and soothing to the whole body.

You can't do your work well, or be cheerful, or have energy or vim or ambition, when your stomach is bad. Make yourself feel good after a hearty meal, feel good all over, clear your mind and make you enjoy life, by taking Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Give your stomach a rest, so it can right itself, then you need fear nothing. Send us your name and address today and get a free sample package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets by return mail. After you have tried the sample, you will be so thoroughly convinced of what they can do for you that you will go to your nearest druggist and get a 50 cent box of them.

Send us your name and address today and we will at once send you by mail a sample package free. Address F. A. Stuart Co., 53 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

AN IMPORTANT CASE

Patient Cured of Ataxia Gives the Entire Credit to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Mrs. S. C. Wellock, of 114 Cleveland Avenue, Everett, Mass., the wife of an employe in the government works at Chelsea, says:

"I had been troubled with nervousness for ten years and the disease kept growing on me. Then I learned that I was suffering from locomotor ataxia. I had terrible tremblings in my right leg which would get rigid and when this happened in the street I had to stand still until it passed away to keep from falling. My right arm felt as if a thousand needles were pricking it. The sheet touching my knee in bed would nearly cause me to scream out with pain and both knees were so weak I could hardly stand.

"I had to use a cane and be helped about by my son. Then the pain began to settle in the calves of my legs and the muscles became numb and quivered constantly. The cords under my knees seemed to be drawn up tight and the terrible shooting pains in my legs would nearly drive me insane. My toes became numb and at times would prickle as if needles were being thrust into them. My eyes became dull and black spots floated before them. My heart was very weak.

"My attention was called to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I bought several boxes right away and soon felt relief. I was so pleased that I kept on taking them until they cured me entirely, and I have had no symptoms of the trouble for over a year."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

A booklet, entitled "Nervous Disorders," sent free on request.

BURBANK GETS OUT OF PRISON

Ex-Officer "Will a Tale Unfold" When He Becomes Used to Free Air.

DUSKY WOMAN IN THE CASE

OTHERS SAID TO HAVE LIKEWISE SINNED.

Leavenworth, Kan., Feb. 12.—Ex-Lieutenant Sidney S. Burbank was released from the federal penitentiary here this morning after serving nearly fifteen months, and started for Indianapolis, where he will visit a brother for a few days.

Burbank talked with an Associated Press representative after he left the prison and took occasion to criticise the officers responsible for his conviction. Some time later he would, he declared, make a statement regarding his case that would create a sensation in army circles.

Comes From Good Family.

Burbank while in the penitentiary proved a model prisoner. He comes of a military family, his father and grandfather both having served in the United States infantry. His engagement in 1903 to a prominent young society woman of Leavenworth precipitated a suit by his Filipino wife, Mrs. Concepcion Vasquez, of Valladolid, Occidental Negros, who formally filed her claims with the war department to prevent the coming marriage of Lieutenant Burbank. Two years ago Burbank returned to the Philippines with his regiment. Shortly after his arrival the Filipino woman filed an action against him in the civil courts for abandonment and non-support. She finally was granted a separation but not a divorce, and Burbank was ordered to pay her $50 a month alimony for the support of their child. Later Burbank was tried by court martial and convicted of embezzling company funds and of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman.

Others Also Sinned.

Burbank today asserted that he had been the victim of a conspiracy and was convicted because he lacked influence.

"There are dozens of army officers who are living with these Filipino women," declared he, "but they are fortunate enough to escape the clutches of the blackmailers. I fell into their grasp."

Burbank declared that in a short time he would tell everything he knows about the case, and that when he does it will cause one of the greatest sensations in army affairs in recent years.

"I am through with the 'Yankee Doodle army,'" he said, "and would not wear the uniform of an officer again if I could."

Burbank denied the truth of a rumor that he is to marry a Leavenworth woman.

"I do not want her name dragged into my case again," he said.

All headaches go
When you grow wiser
And learn to use
An "Early Riser."

DeWitt's Little Early Risers, safe, sure pills. Sold by Charles Van Dyke, 280 Main street.

When in doubt as to what to serve for lunch, order MOUNT'S Pork and Beans.

The House That Specializes Leads

McDonald's change makes this difference: In place of supplying the trade with Molasses Nuggets and other kinds in their raw state, they are now coated with high-grade chocolate, which adds much to the quality of the goods, as pure chocolate is recognized as one of the most wholesome foods in the world.

In connection with the departure to that of an exclusive chocolate house, it must be borne in mind that McDonald is making the finest choclate in the world.

Bitter-Sweet Bonbons lead all fine chocolates. It is the best made, the highest priced chocolate sold.

CURE YOUR COLD

Go to your Druggist and get a box of BROMO-LAX. Take the tablets according to directions. Remember that BROMO-LAX comes in a little ORANGE COLORED BOX. The printing is always in Red Ink and the words BROMO-LAX Contains No Quinine plainly printed thereon.

All Druggists 25c or by mail.

BROMO CHEMICAL CO., CHICAGO

Sale Shaving Outfits

Razors, best imported makes, $1.00 to $6.50 each; Strops, 25c up; Brushes, Hones and Mugs, a great assortment; Soaps, Powders and Creams that make your skin clean, snow white and soft as velvet. Come in and get a bargain.

Both 'phones 457. Remember the number.

44 MAIN STREET

Anstee-Brice Drug Co.

Union Dental Co.

218 South Main.

HONEST WORK.
HONEST PRICES.

Painless Extraction of Teeth or No Pay. All Work Positively Guaranteed. 'Phones: Bell, 1126-X; Ind., 1126.

To Any Guild, Church, Pastor, Priest, Bishop, Charitable or Labor Organization in Salt Lake City:

By sending us the names of or by making personal application, you can have FREE OF COST a sufficient number of nice, clean, new hats for the women and girls under your immediate charge, requiring aid.

Prior to opening a new season's business the accumulations of the preceding season hats are burdensome, requiring storeroom more valuable to us than the goods.

Those you are interested in will be well repaid for your trouble. This offer will be closed Saturday next at noon.

Banks' MILLINERY
116 Main St.