

We are told that a man is made of dust, but dust settles, which is more than can be said of some men.—Newspaperdom.

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Most men, proud of their superior brain power, in the office of the advertiser. Of course this isn't true. Men are on the lookout for bargains in clothes almost as much as women, and those who are vain of their appearance want to know the latest fad togethery just about as much as the women do about their garments and lingerie.—Boone Democrat.

## NATIONAL SOCIETY OF END CAME UNEXPECTEDLY AFTER AN ILLNESS WHICH HAD CAUSED MUCH SUFFERING FOR TWO YEARS.

### Funeral Will Take Place Friday and Will Be Attended by the Present Chief Executive of the United States.

Princeton, N. J., June 24.—Grover Cleveland, twice president of the United States, died at 8:30 o'clock this morning at his home, Westland, in this quiet college town, where he had lived since his retirement as the nation's chief executive, almost twelve years ago. When death came, which was sudden, there were in the death chamber, on the second floor of the Cleveland residence, Mrs. Cleveland, Dr. Joseph D. Bryant of New York, Mr. Cleveland's family physician and personal friend, Dr. George R. Lockwood, also of New York, and Dr. John M. Carnochan of Princeton.

The house, a comfortable looking two and a half story structure of colonial architecture, is well back from the two thoroughfares. It is painted white, and is almost hidden by stately pine trees. Here it was Mr. Cleveland's wont to roam and enjoy the life of retirement.

#### Messages of Condolence.

It was not until late in the day that messages of condolence began to come in from all parts of the world to Mrs. Cleveland. One of the first was from President Roosevelt, who will attend the funeral, which will be held on Friday afternoon, and which, in deference to Mrs. Cleveland's wishes, will be as private as possible.

Mr. Cleveland's body will be buried in Princeton cemetery in the afternoon, where lie the remains of Ruth, the eldest of the Cleveland children, whose death was a blow to her father.

Mrs. Cleveland denied herself to all but a few callers. Professor Andrew F. West, Professor John Hibben of Princeton university, and Bayard Stockton, a Princeton lawyer and a member of the famous Stockton family, were at the house all day and were in charge of all arrangements.

#### Offers of Assistance.

Among those who came here today to extend personally their sympathy was Cleveland P. Bacon of New York, a nephew of Mr. Cleveland. Mr. Bacon is the son of Mr. Cleveland's sister, Mrs. M. B. Bacon, of Toledo, O. He came here in response to a telegram and is assisting Mrs. Cleveland in the funeral arrangements.

Others who came to Princeton were Paul Morton, president of the Equitable Life Assurance society, of which Mr. Cleveland was a trustee, and Richard Watson Gilman of New York. Mr. Morton returned to New York in less than half an hour after his arrival here. He came to Princeton for the sole purpose of extending his sympathy to Mrs. Cleveland and to tender her services. Another caller was Colonel Frederick Gilkison, assistant adjutant general in the United States army, New Jersey, who came as the personal representative of Governor Fort. Colonel Gilkison did not see Mrs. Cleveland, but through Professor Hibben extended Governor Fort's condolences and also tendered on behalf of the governor the services of all or any part of the National Guard of the state for an escort for the funeral. The tender was declined because of Mrs. Cleveland's preference for a quiet funeral.

#### Children Were Absent.

So unexpectedly did Mr. Cleveland's death come that not one of his four children was at home. The children are at the Cleveland summer home at Tamworth, N. H. under the care of Mrs. Perrine, Mrs. Cleveland's sister, who is attending to them for their father's death and they will start for Princeton at once. The children are Esther, aged 17, and Francis Grover, aged 5.

Ever since Mr. Cleveland's arrival in Princeton eleven years ago, he has been a conspicuous figure in local life. Although his only official connection with Princeton was his membership in the board of trustees, he was regarded as the "patron" of the university. A number of the board of trustees are his counsel and astuteness were invaluable. The last time he was in Princeton was Oct. 17. He walked from a carriage to the trustees' room leaning on a heavy cane and spoke for about two hours on the board, and Mr. Cleveland is said to have taken an important part in the discussion concerning certain proposed changes in the university social system.

#### Popular in Princeton.

Mr. Cleveland was heartily interested in the life of the university. His story is told that he practically induced Andrew Carnegie to present Carnegie lake to Princeton.

Grover Cleveland was well liked among students and faculty. His last public appearance in the university was while delivering a public lecture about two years ago. On the last Friday of the college year it has been the custom of the freshmen class on becoming sophomores to serenade him at his home. On June 5 of this year "the freshmen parade" was held, but owing to the former president's illness the "parade" did not materialize.

Princeton university is closed now. Except for a half-dozen students who are doing special work, there are none but the professors here who are connected with the university.

Messages of condolence came in by hundreds from all parts of the United States and other countries during the day, and they continued to pour into the telephone.

#### Sorrow in Princeton.

The news of Mr. Cleveland's death came as a sudden shock to the people of Princeton, as it did to the people of the rest of the world. Everybody in Princeton knew that he was sick and was interested in him, but none seemed to think the end was so near. As the news spread about the university, flags were placed at half-staff and everybody was disposed to stop and talk and express regrets and extol Mr. Cleveland's virtues.

Many intimate friends of the family and many others who called at the Cleveland home. Few were able to see Mrs. Cleveland and all of them left cards.

The visitors, newspapermen, photographers and others, became so numerous that the police authorities placed a policeman on guard at the Cleveland home, and no one but intimate friends and those in charge of the funeral arrangements were permitted to approach the house. The Cleveland residence stands in a beautiful spot at Bayard lane and Hodges avenue, on the northwestern outskirts of Princeton.

While Mr. Cleveland had been in poor health for the last two years, and had lost a hundred pounds in weight, his death came unexpectedly. Some three weeks ago he was brought home from Lakewood, where his condition for a time was such that the hotel, which he was staying was kept open after his regular season, because he was too ill to be moved. But when Mr. Cleveland showed signs of recovery, he showed signs of improvement and actually gained five pounds in weight.

#### Death Not Expected.

Dr. Bryant Summured.

Although confined to his room continuously after his return to Princeton, it was not until yesterday that Mr. Cleveland's condition aroused uneasiness on the part of Mrs. Cleveland. Undoubtedly affected by the heat, Mr. Cleveland showed signs of failure and Mr. Cleveland telephoned to Dr. Bryant, who came over from New York on the train, arriving here at 12 p. m. Dr. Lockwood followed Dr. Bryant from New York, and when they reached here, Dr. Carnochan, who had been Mr. Cleveland's local physician since his retirement, also came to Princeton, and also called in. During the evening Mr. Cleveland seemed to rally and Mrs. Cleveland, who always had been optimistic about her husband's health, felt assured that it was merely another of the many attacks Mr. Cleveland had suffered, and she, who had inquired that Mr. Cleveland's condition was not serious.

#### End Came Peacefully.

Mr. Cleveland became worse during the night, and Mrs. Cleveland was called to the bedside of her husband. The distinguished patient sank into unconsciousness, from which he recovered at times only to suffer a relapse. This continued throughout the night and early morning. The last time he became unconscious was about two hours before he died. Death was peaceful and he died Mr. Cleveland sought to say something, but his words were inaudible.

The text of the official statement given out a short time after Mr. Cleveland's death was as follows:

"Mr. Cleveland for many years had suffered from repeated attacks of gastric trouble of intestinal origin. So he had a long-standing organic disease of the heart and kidneys. Heart failure, complicated with pulmonary thrombosis and edema, was the immediate cause of his death."

Some two or three hours later Dr. Bryant, in answer to a question, said that "the heart failure which occasioned death was induced within twenty-four hours of the end and death was finally due to that."

This corroborating the official information that Mr. Cleveland began to grow worse yesterday afternoon.

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## CLEVELAND COULD NOT BE SWERVED FROM WRITING HIS TARIFF MESSAGE

Milwaukee, Wis., June 24.—The Milwaukee Journal today prints a story purporting to be the authentic history in connection with President Cleveland's stand on the tariff, replying to charges, alleged to have recently been made by Henry Watterson, that Grover Cleveland was not only at heart the foe of tariff reduction, but that he did everything in his power to prevent his party from taking advanced ground.

Secretary Whitney, the Journal says, was the stumbling block in the way of a tariff reform plank that rang true.

"In the fall of 1887," the Journal says, "President Cleveland, during his tour of the west, spent two days at Madison, Wis., a guest of Colonel William F. Vilas, a member of his cabinet, and broached his plan of devoting his annual message entirely to exposition of the evils of high tariff."

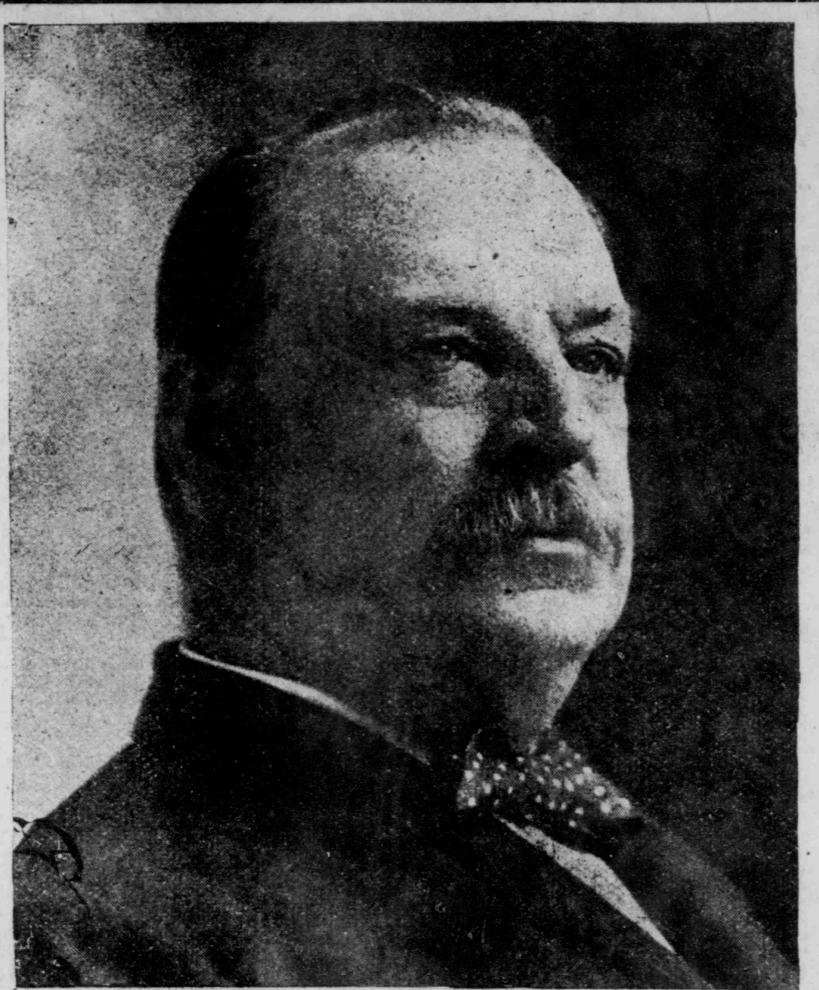
"Colonel Vilas assured the president that the members of his cabinet would abide by his decision."

"Continuing, the Journal says: 'Some time later, after the president's return to Washington, he announced to his cabinet his intention to carry out this plan.'

"Secretary of the Navy Whitney advised against it. It would hurt the party in the next election, he declared, and he advised temporizing. Mr. Vilas, replying to Mr. Whitney, strongly sided with the president, and declared that the right thing to do was the expedient thing to do."

"When the cabinet adjourned there was no doubt that President Cleveland would take the goat by the horns. He did so, and his tariff message of 1887 stands today as the most famous of American public documents dealing with the tariff."

## FLOODS CALLED BY DEATH



Grover Cleveland, Late President of the United States.

## Proclamation by President Roosevelt.

Oyster Bay, June 24.—President Roosevelt has issued a proclamation directing that the flags over the White House and the departmental buildings be placed at half-mast in honor of the memory of Mr. Cleveland. He also ordered that suitable naval and military honors be rendered on the day of the funeral.

The President's proclamation follows: "By the President of the United States: A Proclamation."

"To the People of the United States: 'Grover Cleveland, president of the United States from 1885 to 1889 and again from 1893 to 1897, died at 8:40 o'clock this morning at his home in Princeton, N. J. In his death the nation has been deprived of one of its greatest citizens. By profession a lawyer, his chief services to his country were rendered during a long, varied and honorable career in public life. As mayor of his city, as governor of his state and twice as president, he showed signal power as an administrator, coupled with entire devotion to the country's good and a courage that quailed before no hostility when only he was convinced where his duty lay. Since his retirement from the presidency he has continued well and faithfully to serve his countrymen by the simplicity, dignity and uprightness of his private life.

"In testimony of the respect in which his memory is held by the government and the people of the United States, I do hereby direct that the flags on the White House and the several departmental buildings be displayed at half staff for a period of thirty days; and that suitable military and naval honors, under the orders of the secretaries of war and navy, be rendered on the day of the funeral.

"Done this 24th day of June, in the year of Our Lord, One Thousand, Nine Hundred and Eight, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the One Hundred and Thirty-second.

(Signed.) "THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

"By the President, ALVA A. ADEE, Acting Secretary of State."

## CUMMINS STILL A POWER IN IOWA

Progressives Controlled Republican Convention, but Harmony Prevalled.

Waterloo, Ia., June 24.—White the "progressives" were in control of today's Republican state convention, they did not bear down with any undue rigor on the "stand-patters." They adopted a state platform giving enthusiastic endorsement to Governor Cummins and the progressive legislation upon railroad and corporation questions, but they also gave warm endorsement to the services of the Iowa delegation in congress, and especially to Senator William B. Allison, and a pledge for his re-election by the next legislature. The "progressives" secured control of the new state campaign committee, controlling it by a majority of one.

The convention nominated Judges Scott J. Ladd and Elias M. Weaver to succeed themselves on the supreme bench, and also went through the formality of approving the nomination for state offices made in recent primaries.

The convention applauded the mention of the name of Senator Allison and Senator Dolliver, and it gave a demonstration of several minutes when Governor Cummins responded to call for a short speech. Governor Cummins spoke in good spirit and pledged

## WATER TENDERS TO BE COURT-MARTIALED

Washington, June 24.—As a result of the bursting of a boiler on the cruiser Tennessee at Santa Barbara, Cal., several government water tenders, and A. C. Fritz, chief water tender, and A. T. Loundes, water tender, will be tried by general court-martial. The board of inquiry found them responsible. The board gives no theories as to the cause of the accident. Although the two men will be court-martialed in connection with the accident, yet the board in its report, according to the statement given out at the navy department "finds that the accident was in no way due to the fault or neglect on the part of any of the men."

## RECEIVERS APPOINTED.

Chicago, June 24.—David R. Forgan and John M. Roach were appointed receivers for the Chicago Consolidated Traction company by Judge Grosscup today. Their bonds were fixed at \$25,000 each.

## OFF ON VACATION.

Washington, June 24.—French Ambassador Jusserand and Mme. Jusserand left Washington today for New York, whence they sail for Europe. The ambassador and his wife will be absent for several months.

## FOUL MURDER BY HILL TRIBESMEN

Forester, School Teacher and Four Filipinos Killed in Island of Negros.

Manila, June 24.—A telegram received here today from the Island of Negros, tells of the murder of H. D. Everett, a government forester, T. R. Wakely, a school teacher, and four Filipinos by hill tribesmen. The party had started across the Island of Negros, which is one of the extreme southern group of islands, and had been missing for six weeks. No details of the murder have been received here.

Washington, June 24.—D. Everett, a native of New York, whose murder on the Island of Negros by hill tribesmen is reported from Manila, was transferred to the Philippine forestry bureau here in August, 1905. T. R. Wakely, a graduate of the University of Chicago, also killed, was 27 years old and went from Chicago to teach school in the Philippines a year ago. The Negroes had given the authorities the least trouble of any people in the archipelago.

## LOSS OVER \$2,000,000.

Three Rivers, Quebec, June 24.—Insurance adjusters spent yesterday figuring up the loss on Monday's fire. It was announced that the total liabilities of the insurance companies amount to \$1,966,720. It is estimated that the actual loss will figure up to over \$2,000,000.

## W. A. CLARK ON INSPECTION TOUR

Leaves for East This Morning After Visiting Some of His Western Properties.

## COMMENTS ON THE FLOODS

MILES OF MILWAUKEE GRADE WASHED OUT IN MONTANA.

Senator W. A. Clark spent the day in the city yesterday en route to New York after a tour of inspection of his western properties. He was accompanied by Mrs. Clark and Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Anderson. Immediately on his arrival the senator took a special train for Stockton and went through the Opair Hill mine. Returning at 8 o'clock, he met a number of great Lakers who had business engagements with him. He leaves for the east this morning over the Union Pacific.

The senator said the recent floods in Montana were the worst ever known there and had done damage to the extent of millions of dollars. The railroad was the chief sufferer and communication was only just beginning to be restored. The Milwaukee road, which is constructing its line to the coast, had miles of its grade washed away entirely and would have to relocate a good deal of its line because of the floods, which had not only washed away the grading, but the country along the line, so that reconstruction on the same survey is almost impossible. Fortunately for him, the senator said, his big power dam at Missoula was saved, although at one time the water was six feet above the dam. It was regarded as certain that it would go out, if it had the light and power supply of Missoula would have been cut off and the heavy investment in the enterprise practically wiped out.

After a trip to New York, Senator Clark plans to go to Denver for the convention, then take his usual summer trip abroad for recreation.

## SUICIDE AT RENO.

Young Wife Driven to Desperation by Unknown Woman.

Reno, Nev., June 24.—Mrs. Bert Dunham, 25 years old and pretty, left the following note on the dresser of her room: "Dear Bert—I am not guilty. God knows it. Good-by, Elma." And then taking carbolic acid died in horrible agony.

Bert Dunham, her husband, is at a loss to understand the note and the reason for his wife's rash act. They went shopping early today and she was in the best of spirits.

Mrs. Dunham's father, John Estes, conducts the Selma hotel in Oklahoma City.

## CLUB WOMEN MEET.

Ninth Biennial Convention of the General Federation.

Boston, June 24.—Representative club women of the nation as delegates to the ninth biennial convention of the general federation of women's clubs today held the opening meeting of the convention which began in earnest the work of its deliberations. A light rain was falling at the time and the dampness even invaded the Symphony hall.

The meeting was opened with Mrs. Sarah M. Phelps presiding. There were 500 delegates and fifty-six officers aboard. These took to the boats, but up to the filing of the dispatch only forty-seven had arrived. Details of the disaster are lacking. The Larche was owned by the Compania Trans-Atlantica de Barona.

Paris, June 24.—A special dispatch received here from Coruna, Spain, says that the Spanish steamer La Rache went ashore in a fog near Muros, where the cruiser Cardinal Cisneros was wrecked in 1865. La Rache sank rapidly and was followed by another steamer with passengers and fifty-six officers aboard. These took to the boats, but up to the filing of the dispatch only forty-seven had arrived. Details of the disaster are lacking. The Larche was owned by the Compania Trans-Atlantica de Barona.

## STEAMER WRECKED.

Coruna, Spain, June 24.—The Spanish steamer Larche from Buenos Ayres has been wrecked on the coast in the vicinity of Muros. Forty of her passengers have arrived at that port. Details of the disaster are lacking. The Larche was owned by the Compania Trans-Atlantica de Barona.

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## HASS HELD IN BAIL.

New York, June 24.—Moses Haas and Fred E. Peckham, indicted in Washington in connection with the government cotton report leak case, Buenos Ayres, arrived here today and were arraigned before Commissioner Shields on a charge of bribery and conspiracy to defraud the government. Haas was held in \$300 bail and Peckham was paroled in the custody of his counsel, Theodore H. Price, the briber who is accused of the same offense, is expected to surrender himself later.

## CONGRESSMAN SHERMAN IMPROVING AND DANGER FOR THE PRESENT OVER

Cleveland, O., June 24.—Congressman James S. Sherman, of Utica, republican vice presidential candidate, who was taken ill here last Sunday with a passage of gallstones while on his way home from the Chicago convention, rested most comfortably today. Attending physicians are of the opinion that the necessity for an immediate operation has been passed.

It is not expected Mr. Sherman will be able to leave the hospital before next Sunday.

Cleveland, O., June 24.—Congressman James S. Sherman's condition, resulting from the passage of gall stones, rapidly neared normal today. Mrs. Sherman who arose from a sick bed at her home yesterday, to come here, was

## FEDERAL GANG BUSTS

C. E. Loose or William Spry to Have Support of Machine in Gubernatorial Race.

## PLANS DISCUSSED AT INNER CIRCLE CAUCUS

LOOSE IS UNANIMOUS, BUT HAS MANY CLAIMS ON THE ORGANIZATION.

At what was said to be an informal gathering of office-holders and political hold yesterday in the office of Willard Hanson, county attorney, the doom of Governor Cutler was pronounced, as far as the federal machine could pronounce it. Among those who participated in the Cutler obsequies were George Sutherland, United States senator; C. E. Loose, national committee man; William Spry, United States internal revenue collector; J. T. Eldredge, Jr., county clerk and candidate for the Republican nomination for state treasurer; H. Joseph, speaker of the last house and still full of hopes; Major H. P. Myton, candidate for the nomination for secretary of state; J. H. Anderson, all around office-holder and present candidate for the principal place in the assay office soon to be established here.

The meeting resolved without a dissenting voice that Governor Cutler's candidacy for re-nomination was ridiculous, for the reason that his administration had shown no political wisdom. Instead of taking orders from the machine, he has preferred, it was charged, the advice of his friends in the Deseret National bank. There was some discussion of the difficulty of the situation inasmuch as Mr. Cutler has announced himself a candidate for re-nomination, but it was decided that this could be overcome or dodged. All, however, recognized the necessity of endorsing the administration in the highest terms, but this will be easy, as the "ditching" in the convention will come after the platform.

## Indications Favor Loose.

Two men were tentatively discussed for the nomination—C. E. Loose, speaker of the last house, and William Spry, county clerk. The choice of the machine lies between the two and no choice has been yet made, though the indications are said to favor Loose. Loose has many claims on the organization. It was pointed out that he has been one of the best state auditors in the history of the state. He has also been prompt in the payment of assessments for the maintenance of the party organization. His offerings he has made are believed by his friends to be sufficient reason to justify his nomination by the party.

A serious objection to Loose has been advanced and it influenced some of the men in the caucus and in the machine. It is that Loose is not a member of the Mormon church, while Spry, his opponent for the nomination, is a member of that church. An interesting phase of the contest is this: Four years ago, when Spry was very ill, he was a candidate for the nomination. Things went swimmingly for him until a short time before the convention, when he was forced to retire from the contest. His friends said then, as they say now, that the workers in the party wanted Cutler because of the objections of some high churchmen to the nomination. Cutler believed that he had the benefit of Cutler, and he has never forgiven the men really responsible for it. His friends believe that Spry's nomination now would serve as a sort of vindication of Cutler's candidacy in 1904, and this is one of the reasons why Spry is strong.

## Another Caucus Saturday.

The decision will be finally reached next Saturday. Whether another caucus is to be held in this city. This meeting, it is intended, will be better attended. Senator Simons will be present, as will be Congressman Howell and other representatives of the machine from different parts of the state. It will decide on a candidate and when the decision is reached the name will be opposed to Governor Cutler with all the vigor possible.

Mr. Loose declined to discuss the gubernatorial nomination. He declared he hadn't made up his mind yet whether or not he would be a candidate.

Willard Done, private secretary to Governor Cutler, professed the densest ignorance as to the purpose of the caucus. "I heard a meeting was to be held," he said, "but I don't know anything about it."