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SUFFRAGISTS MAKE TROUBLE FOR GREAT BRITAIN LIBERALS

RAIL MANAGERS SEE END OF FIGHT

PLAN TO MERGE UTAH ORE SAMPLING WORKS IS MADE

DETERMINED TO BE HEARD

Members of Militant Sisterhood Climb to Roof of Building and Shout Through Sky-light at Winston Churchill.

THROW BRICKS WHEN CHARGED BY POLICE

Political Campaign Is in Full Swing in Great Britain—Chamberlain III and His Seat Will Not Be Contested.

MONSTER DEMONSTRATION

London, Dec. 4.—Great Britain is immersed in the political campaign which has been inaugurated by the refusal of the house of lords to consent to the budget.

The country is divided into two great camps, composed of those who support the action of the lords and those who contend that the house of commons must have absolute control of the finances of the nation.

While the various local organizations are busy selecting candidates and preparing for the contests in their respective districts, leaders of the great parties are carrying on a more notable campaign.

In London this afternoon one of their organizations, the National Democratic League, had a demonstration as a protest against the action of the lords, which was one of the most notable that has ever been held in the metropolis.

The only divergent note here, as elsewhere, came from the suffragists, who after a term of comparative quiet, again started to indulge in attempts to break up the radical party.

Without consulting with Secretary of War Dickinson, it is said, orders went forth a few days ago to quartermaster officials to prepare transports at San Francisco for immediate use.

As soon as the secretary of war heard of what was going on, stillness settled over the ship yards where the transports were laid up.

Congress to Be Informed. There seems to be but little doubt that the president will lay before congress at an early date the facts in the Nicaraguan situation, with a view to receiving authority for any further steps he may see fit to take in the interest of Americans resident in that country.

Churchill's Second Speech. Mr. Churchill was able to conclude his speech and undisturbed by the women who held a meeting at Liverpool this evening in continuation of his Lancashire campaign.

Mr. Churchill's speech was a very odd in view of the fact that the unionists, when in power, although asked to do something in this direction, took no action.

The National Council of Free Churches has issued a manifesto calling attention to the action of the house of lords, which Continued on page five.



JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN, Whose seat in parliament will not be contested because of his illness.



WINSTON S. CHURCHILL, Whose meeting was interrupted by suffragists in attempt to end it.

ZELAYA MAKES BIG BLUFF AND ASKS FOR COMMISSION

Says Disinterested Investigation by the United States would Show Matters in Better Light

Managua, December 4.—President Zelaya has asked the United States to send a commission to Nicaragua to investigate conditions existing here and says that if its findings show that his administration is detrimental to Central America, he will resign.

President Zelaya believes the information sent to the United States regarding cruelties practiced by his government is prejudicial and that a disinterested investigation would show matters in a better light.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Disappointment prevails in certain quarters in the army over the selection of marines, instead of troops, to be sent to Nicaragua.

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Switchmen, However, Fail to Observe That Present Conditions Are Anything Like Normal.

St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 4.—A continued issuance of diametrically opposed statements from railroad and strike headquarters marked the progress of the switchmen's strike tonight.

To the statement of General Manager Gruber of the Great Northern, that all the available strikebreakers are not needed on account of so many old switchmen returning to work, President Hawley of the Switchmen's union replied that only two men have returned to work in the Twin Cities, one of them a switch tender and the other a yardmaster.

To the railroads' statement that conditions at all points are normal or rapidly becoming so, President Hawley said not a switch engine has moved at the Minnesota transfer, the pivotal point.

To the railroads' assertion that there is now a free movement of freight, President Hawley stated that today the official notice of Minnesota railroad shippers so that they would not be held responsible. As an additional evidence that the embargo has not been broken, said Mr. Hawley, Minneapolis business men late this afternoon made another appeal to the railroad to try to alleviate present conditions.

Both sides said that there is no immediate prospect of a conference to effect a settlement.

On the authority of President Hawley it was announced today that if the railroad managers insisted on imposing non-union men, there would be a possibility of a general strike.

The old switchmen returned to work today at most yards from Seattle east. Conditions are practically normal.

Union men have canceled their strike and are now actually accepting and moving without interruption traffic, including livestock and perishable freight.

Statement of Managers. Chicago, Dec. 4.—Late tonight the general managers' committee of the railroad industry issued the following statement through O. L. Dickson of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad.

"The general managers' committee has just received telegraphic notice from the road entering St. Paul to discontinue the employment of the old switchmen. The telegram was received from J. M. Gruber, general manager of the Great Northern.

"With 800 national switchmen now here in Chicago tonight, this will give us more men than all roads put together can possibly use on account of so many of the old switchmen returning to work today at most yards from Seattle east. Conditions are practically normal.

Freight Moving. Seattle, Wash., Dec. 4.—The Northern Pacific and Great Northern railroads are hauling two trains of freight each day between Seattle and the east and local consignments are also cared for, although not all the yard engines are making openings.

Trainmen Accept Places. Duluth, Dec. 4.—An order issued today by A. P. Whitney, president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, permits members of the brotherhood to go to work, taking the places of striking switchmen who are members of the Switchmen's union.

Situation Clearing. Butte, Mont., Dec. 4.—Both the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern moved the embargo on freight today and will accept shipments hereafter. Five or six trains were sent out this morning.

Wheat Stocks Low. Minneapolis, Dec. 4.—Not a carload of wheat was received in the Minneapolis terminals today. Wheat stocks in Minneapolis today total 317,000 bushels against 17,000,000 this time last year.

St. Paul, Dec. 4.—Frank T. Hawley, president of the Switchmen's Union of North America, tonight authorized the statement that a conference would be held on Monday or Tuesday of next week in Chicago between the board of managers of the railroads and a committee of the Switchmen's union, representing those employed on all lines west of Buffalo, N. Y., but not including the northwest.

At that time the same concessions asked for by the switchmen of the northwest now on strike.

Another Mine Closed. Butte, Mont., Dec. 4.—The tramway mine of the Butte Coalition Copper company, employing 4000 men, closed tonight on account of the switchmen's strike. Strike-breakers are expected to arrive at Livingston Monday and will be distributed along the Montana division of the Northern Pacific.

Death of Emily Jane Loyson, Who Became Prominent on Account of Marriage With Priest. Paris, Dec. 4.—Emily Jane Loyson, wife of the ex-priest, Charles Loyson, died today. She was born in New York in 1833, the daughter of Amory Butterfield. Her first husband was Captain Edwin R. Merman, an American. On September 30, 1872, she was married in London to the then Father Loyson.

Charles Loyson, known as Pere Hyacinthe, had been long known as a French pulpit orator when his marriage brought him into international notoriety. He was chosen curate of the Congregation of Liberal Catholics at Geneva in 1873, and founded a "Gallician" congregation at Paris in 1879. At the time of his marriage he was informed that he would have to sink to the position of a layman. He protested, however, and continued his "Gallician" services as an Anglican church.

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PLAN TO MERGE UTAH ORE SAMPLING WORKS IS MADE

Ernest R. Woolley Is Engineering the Deal, Which Will Be Closed Within a Few Days.

That within the next few days all of the ore sampling works of Utah will pass to the ownership of one company—the Utah Ore Sampling company—is virtually assured. The principal terms of the deal by which the consolidation is to be effected have been agreed upon, and it is understood that substantial payments have been made. Some minor details remain to be worked out before official announcement of the change of ownership will be made.

The merger involves a combined investment of about \$200,000. It is one of the largest deals of the year in Utah mining circles. Associated with Mr. Woolley in the enterprise are some of the largest mining interests of the state, with strong eastern connections.

Miner operators, independent capitalists, and perhaps some men with smelter affiliations are interested in the new company—a combination which is regarded as particularly appropriate for control of the industry which stands as a sort of mediator between the ore producer and the smelter, or ore buyer.

Different Interests Represented. The idea has been to effect an amalgamation of interests which, while doing away with competition in that particular line and effecting the economy of operating a number of plants under one management, will assure equitable representation of all interests served.

The plants to be taken over by the new concern are those of the Taylor & Brunton Ore Sampling company—one at Murray and one at Silver City, in Platte district—and that of the Pioneer Ore Sampling company.

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BRIDGEPORT, OHIO, PLACED IN CHARGE OF THE MILITIA

Two Thousand Strikers Grow Riotous and Five Men Have Been Shot.

Bridgeport, O., Dec. 4.—Martial law tonight holds sway here, where 2,000 striking employes of the Aetna Standard plant of the Sheet and Tin Plate company, a subsidiary of the United States Steel corporation, have been rioting since midnight Friday.

A regiment of infantry, one squadron of cavalry and over 120 deputy sheriffs and police from the city guarded the mills. Five men have been shot and more or less seriously wounded within 24 hours. A federal court injunction has been asked to restrain strikers from injuring the plant.

The lawlessness bringing on the present situation comes of a trivial incident. Early today a mill guard stopped outside the mill enclosure to escort another guard to a cell. A fusillade of shots greeted the two men. Two bullets struck one of the men, but the wounds were not serious.

A third guard, pushing from the enclosure, dragged the two men to safety. Sheriff Armine wired Governor Harmon for troops, saying, "We fear another Homestead strike and much bloodshed."

The strike at the Aetna Standard plant had its inception five months ago, when the American Sheet & Tin Plate company issued an order that all its plants would be operated on the "open shop" policy.

Before the present trouble ends, it is feared plants in Wheeling, Martin's Ferry and Pittsburg will be affected.

Chief of Police Rose, of the American Sheet & Tin Plate police force, shot through nose and lips. Condition serious.

William Elroy, guard, shot in mouth and nose. Condition serious.

Evan Frankins, shot in leg. Probable amputation.

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MRS. DORA E. DOXEY IN JAIL AND ON VERGE OF COLLAPSE

Accused of Killing W. J. Erder Whom She Married Under Assumed Name

St. Louis, Dec. 4.—With Mrs. E. Doxey in the St. Louis city jail under the care of the jail physician, announcement was made by the coroner late today that the inquest into the death of Wm. J. Erder will begin Monday. The woman is accused of having killed Erder by administering arsenic in his food.

Miss Kate Erder, sister of the dead man, who collected the evidence that moved the authorities to action, will be called to testify.

Mrs. Doxey held practically incommunicado. The police declare that her supposed physical collapse is a sham and in this they are supported by the jail physician.

Dr. Loren B. Doxey, husband of the prisoner, was not to be found tonight. He came to St. Louis with her this morning, but after he had been denied the privilege of remaining with her, Mrs. Doxey collected the insurance money and went to Columbus, where she joined Dr. Doxey; that a chemical analysis of Erder's corpse revealed the presence of large quantities of arsenic.

ONLY TWO PARTIES. Des Moines, Ia., Dec. 4.—The secretary of state announced today that the Republican and Democratic parties in Iowa would have the right to hold a primary election in June, 1910. The law requires that each party must cast 2 per cent of the vote at the last election for governor before it is permitted to take part in the primary. "The Prohibitionists and Socialists fell below this mark."

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PURPOSE OF J. P. MORGAN IN SECURING EQUITABLE LIFE

Expects to Place Control of Stock Outside Future Financial Situation.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 4.—J. Pierpont Morgan's purpose in purchasing a majority control of stock of the Equitable Life Assurance society, as stated by himself and his partner, George W. Perkins, was made public tonight in a statement issued by State Superintendent of Insurance Hotchkiss.

Mr. Morgan's idea is to make it impossible that this great interest should be used to the detriment of policyholders and also to place the control of the Equitable stock outside the present ordinary future financial situation in New York or in the court so as to end for all time the dangers which lurk in an individual holding.

Mr. Morgan also is quoted as saying that he desires the co-operation of the insurance department in working out a plan whereby the stock, which means the control of the company, would be safeguarded in the interest of the policyholders.

Superintendent Hotchkiss' statement follows: "Immediately on learning that Mr. Morgan had acquired this stock, I called upon him personally and requested a statement as to his intentions concerning the same. He replied that in acquiring the stock he had but a single purpose—namely, to prevent its being sold to different individuals, and thus make it impossible that at the expiration of the present voting trusteeship, this great interest could be used to the detriment of policyholders. He stated

further that he desired the co-operation of the insurance department in working out a plan whereby the stock, which means the control of the company, would be safeguarded in the interest of the policyholders, and that I could assure Governor Hughes that no steps to that end would be taken by him save with the concurrence of the insurance department.

"Later in the day I had a talk with George W. Perkins of J. P. Morgan & Co., who reiterated what Mr. Morgan had said, and stated that that gentleman desired shortly to take up with the insurance department the matter of placing the control of the Equitable stock outside the ordinary future financial situation in New York or in the country, which would end for all time dangers which lurk in an individual holding, such as that laid by Mr. Hyde prior to the insurance investigation, or a trustee holding, such as that which has recently been in effect.

"In any such plan which I may approve of, the policyholders of the Equitable may rest assured that their interests will be the sole consideration and will be fully protected."

PLODDING PLUCKILY ON THROUGH BLIZZARD

Wyoming Woman Walking From Shoshone to Denver on a Wager.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Dec. 4.—Footers and frosts, but game to the core, Mrs. Arizona Owens, who is walking from Shoshone, Wyo., to Denver on a wager, left here this morning for Denver. She staggered into Cheyenne shortly before midnight last night after a thirty-five hours' battle with the severest storm of the year, during which she walked 120 miles without sleep.

Mrs. Owens left Shoshone twelve days ago, determined to walk the 435 miles to Denver in seventeen days. Small, almost frail, garbed like a gypsy, she plodded pluckily through snow against her shoe tops during much of her journey of the last few days.

During the long journey she lost count of the days, and when she arrived at Hartsville Junction, 120 miles north of Cheyenne, she believed she was a day behind her schedule. To make up this supposed lost time, she decided to walk to Cheyenne without rest. A storm was raging Thursday morning when she left the junction, but she was not daunted, and she plodded along all day Thursday and Thursday night, even though the storm increased, and by the time she arrived here her drawn features gave her an appearance which was pathetic, despite the massive shouter strapped at her waist.

This morning the temperature had fallen to that of a blizzard when Mrs. Owens set out for Denver, which place she expects to reach in three days.

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BATTLE WITH THE MOROS

Six Members of Constabulary, Four Porters and One Policeman Killed—Fanatics Lost Twenty Men.

Manila, Dec. 4.—Fanatical Moros and Sananos forced a fight on a detachment of constabulary under Lieutenant Elarnt near Mount Malindang, Mindanao island, last Sunday. Six members of the constabulary, four porters and one policeman were killed, and one of the constabulary was wounded. The aggressors left twenty of their number dead when they finally scattered.

Some four thousand fanatics gathered in the vicinity of the mountain two weeks ago and Governor Peshing anticipated disorder. Constabulary reinforcements have been sent to the scene of the fight, but no further trouble is expected, as the tribesmen are reported to be returning to their homes.

APPEAL FROM THIS SIDE.

Washington, Dec. 4.—In an effort to get Great Britain to rescind its order forbidding the entry of mail bearing Red Cross stamps, the state department has called to Ambassador Reid at London, asking him to use his offices in the matter. The message stated that as many packages and letters bearing the stamps already have been sent, it would cause considerable inconvenience if they were not delivered.

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