32 PAGES

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THE SALT LAKE HERALD-REPUBLICAN

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Monday and Tuesday Fair

Inter-Mountain Republican. Vol. 70, No. 6.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, MONDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1910.

Price, 5 Cents.

The Salt Lake Herald. Vol. 153, No. 6.

MRS. MARY BAKER GLOVER EDDY 'PASSES FROM SIGHT' AT HOME

CHURCH HEAD IS NO MORE

Founder and Leader of the Christian Science Church Expires, but the Announcement of Demise Is Delayed.

PNEUMONIA IS GIVEN AS 'NATURAL CAUSE'

Simple Statement of News of Death Comes at Service Held at Mother Church and No Demonstration Occurs.

NO PHYSICIAN ATTENDS

BOSTON, Dec. 4.—Mrs. Mary Baker Glover Eddy, discoverer and founder of the Christian Science, is dead. Announcement of the passing of the venerable leader, which occurred late last night at her home at Chestnut Hill, was made at the morning service of the Mother church in this city today.

"Natural causes," explained the death, according to Dr. George L. West, a district medical examiner, who was summoned a few hours after Mrs. Eddy passed away. Later Dr. West added that the more immediate cause probably was pneumonia.

The news of Mrs. Eddy's death was made known simultaneously by Judge Clifford P. Smith, first reader of the Mother church, at the close of the morning service, and by Alfred Farlow of the Christian Science publication committee, in a statement to the press.

According to Mr. Farlow, Mrs. Eddy passed away at a quarter before 11 o'clock last night.

"She had been indisposed for about nine days," said Mr. Farlow's statement, "but had been up and dressed, and as late as Thursday transacted some business with one of the officials of the church. She took her daily afternoon drive until two days before death. Saturday night she fell quietly asleep and those around her should at first hardly realize that she had gone. Her thought was clear until the last, and she left no final messages.

No Physician at End.

"No physician was in attendance, but she had the assistance of students who comprised her household. With her at the time of her departure were Calvin A. Frye, Mrs. Laura E. Sargent, Mrs. Ella S. Rathvon, Rev. Irving C. Tomlinson, her corresponding secretary, William R. Rathvon and her secretary, Adam H. Dickey.

"No arrangements regarding time or place of burial have been decided. It is well known to her household that she believed in simplicity on such occasions and, in compliance with this knowledge, it is expected the service will be private and of a simple nature, probably consisting of prayer and reading from the Bible, with some brief selections from the Christian Science textbook. Only her relatives, her household and officials of the church are expected to be present.

"There having been no physician in attendance, Dr. George L. West of Newton Centre, medical examiner for the district, was called early Sunday morning. Dr. West, after investigation, pronounced death due to natural causes, and issued the customary certificate.

"A telegram was sent to her son, George W. Glover of Lead, S. D., ap-

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MRS. MARY BAKER G. EDDY
Head of Christian Science Church, Who Dies at Home Aged Nearly 90 Years.

DISBELIEF IN DEATH IS HIT; BLOW TO CHRISTIAN SCIENCE, NO SUCCESSOR IS EXPECTED

Waterbury, Vt., Dec. 4.—Dr. E. J. Foster Eddy, adopted son of Mrs. Eddy, received the first word of her death from the Associated Press tonight. He said:

"I do not wish to criticise, but it seems to me that there was a lack of mental or spiritual support, which those without the knowledge of Christian Science cannot understand.

"The death of the leader may be a stumbling block to some members of the church, but the ranks are so strongly fortified that the work will be carried on without disintegration. This is the severest blow that Christian Science has received."

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—No mention of Mrs. Eddy's death was made here this morning at any of the Christian Science churches because no word of it had been received.

Mrs. Augusta Stetson, former first reader, recently excommunicated by First church here, after her teacher's license had been withdrawn by the Mother church, when informed of Mrs. Eddy's death, begged to be excused from granting any interview "at this momentous hour."

Eugene R. Cox, chairman of the publication committee of the church for the state of New York, gave out the following statement for all Christian Science churches in the state:

"Mrs. Eddy's whole teaching has been that of individual responsibility; the responsibility of deeds more than words; the responsibility of right thinking, which means righteousness; the responsibility of doing right; and the fact that to do this we must have that mind in us which was also in Jesus Christ.'

"In proportion as Christian Scientists assume these responsibilities now, they honor Mrs. Eddy. All her writings have directed us to follow principle, not personality, and as this is done, the cause so wonderfully established by her will continue to grow until it draws all manner of men unto it."

Effect Upon Church.

More informally, but with permission to publish, Mr. Cox discussed the effect that Mrs. Eddy's death will have on the

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LIFE STORY OF MRS. EDDY

Remarkable Career of Founder of Christian Science Church, Who Amasses Fortune and Aids in Many Public Works.

WAS ALMOST NINETY YEARS OLD AT DEATH

Suit Testing Sanity and Attacking Existence Becomes Famous—Estranged With Relatives Who Bring Suit.

CREATES TWO TRUSTS

CONCORD, N. H., Dec. 4.—The farm upon which Mrs. Eddy was born July 16, 1821, in the neighboring town of Bow, is a short distance from the Concord line, so that many of her childhood days were spent in this city, and she occasionally attended the Old North Congregational church. The house in which she was born was burned in April, 1910.

Mrs. Eddy first took up her residence in this city in 1889, living on North State street until 1892, when she purchased the estate subsequently known as Pleasant View, which is on an eminence between the city proper and St. Paul's school. She made many changes and improvements on her property, and lived there until her departure to live in the beautiful residence prepared for her at Chestnut Hill, a Boston suburb.

In the first years of her residence in Concord, Mrs. Eddy received a few students in Christian Science, most of whom afterward became leaders in the church. She purchased the property at North State and School streets, near the state house, in 1897, and remodeled the house there for what she called a "Christian Science kindergarten for teaching the new tongue of the gospel."

Church Is Established.

A few years later, the development of this property upon ambitious lines began and on July 17, 1904, one of the finest church edifices in the state was dedicated under the title, "The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Concord, N. H." The structure is said to have cost upward of $200,000. Of this, Mrs. Eddy gave one-half, and the remainder was contributed by her followers.

While she lived at Pleasant View, it was Mrs. Eddy's custom to take a daily drive, accompanied by Calvin A. Frye, her secretary, along certain favorite streets in the city and suburbs. Thus she became much interested in good roads, and cooperated with the city in building several miles of concrete and macadam streets until practically her entire daily drive was over such roads.

Mrs. Eddy was the first to respond to Red Cross and other appeals for aid, and made frequent gifts to state charities and educational interests and for public purposes.

Toward the last part of her residence at Pleasant View, Mrs. Eddy entirely withdrew from public appearances save her daily drives. This gave rise to many rumors as to her condition and surroundings and several times reports of her death gained circulation.

Suit Is Brought.

Partly as a result of an investigation to disprove the rumors, suit was brought on March 1, 1907, in the name of Mrs. Eddy, by "her next friends," her son, George W. Glover, of Lead, S. D., whom she had not seen for a

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WAR ON TRUST TO CONTINUE UNTIL COAL DROPS

Amassing of Evidence Against the Combine Goes Merrily On, With Definite Results Rapidly Getting Nearer.

ULTIMATUM TO COAL BARONS BEING PREPARED

Entire State Aroused Over the High Price of Fuel and Long Suffering Public Is Ready to Demand Concessions.

AFTER MEN HIGHER UP

WITH the amassing of evidence against the illegal coal combine going steadily forward throughout the state, the people's fight for cheaper fuel is rapidly nearing a point of definite results. Should the trust refuse to heed the warning of the secretary of state to dissolve the combine under penalty of having their charters revoked, sufficient evidence has already been gathered to secure convictions in the court, where the fight will be taken if necessary.

This ultimatum to disband or prepare to show cause why their charters should not be revoked will be issued in the form of notices to the various factors of the combine by Secretary of State C. S. Tingey either today or tomorrow.

Upon the evidence submitted Secretary Tingey has discovered sufficient testimony to warrant decisive action by the state officials and unless the ultimatum is observed within 30 days the attorney general will be the next person to take a hand. Should this be necessary, there will be brought into the courts an overwhelming weight of evidence from every section of the state where the heavy hand of the combine has been felt.

Ogden through its Weber club is ready to act. A special committee appointed by President A. R. Heywood of that organization, completed its report last week by which the retailers of the Junction city were cleared of complicity in the coal deal. The men higher up, the operators, were the guilty ones, said that committee.

Encouraged by the strong initiative of the Salt Lake organizations and the consequent action of state officials, the Weber club is ready now to join in the fight and bring the issue to a crisis.

Logan Is Aroused.

Logan is aroused officially and commercially. The city council will hold a special session Wednesday night to consider what plan of action will best carry out the intentions of that town. It is likely that official resolutions instructing the city attorney to confer with the secretary of state and the attorney general, will be passed.

The Commercial Boosters' club, which represents the commercial interest of all Cache county, has a committee now at work. Herschel Bullen, chairman of that committee, has been delegated to meet with the state officials and urge immediate action.

Throughout the state similar procedure expressing the determination of a long-suffering people, is in progress. The power of the people, at large, headed by state, city and county officials and backed by strong commercial organizations, is preparing to assert itself.

There can be no alternative for the coal barons. Cheaper fuel must come. Realizing that the continued progress of Utah depends to a great extent on coal facilities there will be no lessening of the forces now at work until that prime necessity of all industries is reduced to normal cost.

One of the latest reinforcements to the people's cause comes in the shape of a resolution passed by the city council at Murray. Not only do the people of Murray want the coal combine dissolved and the price reduced, but they have instructed their city attorney to confer with Attorney General A. R. Barnes to the end that the members of the combine be punished by the law.

NAVAL STATION CUT URGED BY MEYER

GEORGE VON L. MEYER.
Secretary of Navy, Who Recommends Abandonment of Naval Stations.

ABOLITION OF EIGHT

Secretary of Navy Recommends Abandonment Where Cost Has Not Been Justified by the Results Attained.

DISMANTLING PLANTS IS PROGRESSIVE IDEA

Stations at New Orleans, Pensacola, San Juan, Port Royal, New London and Elsewhere Are Slated to Go.

MARE ISLAND CRITICISED

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The results of a careful personal investigation by Secretary George Von L. Meyer of many of the navy yards and naval stations are apparent in certain sweeping recommendations for the abolition of some of these and the development of others, as set out in the secretary's annual report, just made public.

Secretary Meyer recommends giving up and disposing of the naval stations at New Orleans, Pensacola, San Juan, Port Royal, New London, Sackett's Harbor, Culebra and Cavite. He finds that the average yearly cost of maintaining these stations for the past five years has been $1,612,675, while very little useful work has been performed therein.

In making these recommendations, the secretary says he is following directly along the progressive plans that have been adopted in our great commercial and manufacturing consolidations in this country; that is, of dismantling unnecessary and antiquated plants and discontinuing their existence where it has been demonstrated that it is unprofitable to continue them at a cost not commensurate with their product.

The secretary discusses the strong points and shortcomings of the various yards at length and incidentally he points out that the United States has twice as many navy yards as Great Britain with a navy at least double the size of ours. Touching the New Orleans yard, it is said that its position 100 miles up the Mississippi river is such that in time of war no large vessels should be sent there on account of the danger of the passes being blocked. The Pensacola navy yard is condemned as impossible of fortification and as strategically unnecessary. The secretary thinks that the Gulf and south Atlantic coast can best be defended by an effective station at Guantanamo, Cuba, where the emergency docking and repair facilities should be provided at an expense of about $300,000 or $400,000. This would involve the transfer to Guantanamo of the New Orleans floating dock and machine tools from the Algiers yard and from Pensacola.

Key West alone of the gulf naval stations should be maintained, not as a first class station, but for the supply and quick repair of small gunboats and torpedo craft operating in the Caribean sea. The secretary predicts that in time of war the cities of the gulf coast will be, from their natural security, the chief sources of supplies and material, and the probable points from which our troops will embark either for the Isthmus of Panama for further transit, or for service in the Carribean, as may be required.

Because the Portsmouth, Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk yards have accessible dry docks, of which we have too few, it is found impossible to give up any of them. Port Royal has a drydock unapproachable for battleships or even cruisers, and the Charleston dock is useless for battleships or cruisers as the channel fills in opposite the docks at the rate of from three to four feet a year.

On the Pacific coast Secretary Meyer

(Continued on Page Two.)

PEACE DOVE IS STALKED

Mexico Commission Returns With Unused Olive Branch, Saying Work Is Retarded by Soldiers Who Follow Them.

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, Dec. 4.—The peace commission returned to this city today and reported that their work was greatly embarrassed by the fact that soldiers followed at their heels. At Guerrero, just as they were beginning to talk with the insurrectos, a peon arrived with word that the soldiers were on the way, whereupon the meeting promptly came to an end.

At Guerrero and also at San Antonio the commissioners were told that the main grievance is against the state government rather than against Diaz. Today telegrams were exchanged with the capital with reference to the proposal that the government forces be halted pending another conference.

Seemingly authentic reports tonight state that Guerrero has been taken by the revolutionists with some loss of life. Details are lacking. It is reported that General Plata, commanding this military zone, is to be succeeded by General Fernandez.

Not Under Diaz.

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 4.—It was learned here today that the peace commission which left Chihuahua Friday to treat with the insurrectos was acting under the authority of Governor Sanchez and not President Diaz. The plan originated with Jose M. Gandera, a prominent citizen of Chihuahua, who urged its adoption by the chief executive in the interest of peace and to prevent bloodshed. The following men compose the commission:

Jose M. Gandera, Amador Gonzales, Dr. Luis de La Garza, of Chihuahua, and Eduardo and Fernando Gonzales, of Guerrero. It is stated that the authority of the commission is limited to impressing the futility of an uprising upon the insurrectos.

ROOSEVELT WILL EXPLAIN REVERSES IN ELECTION

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 4.—In a letter to Col. Isaac M. Ullman, president of the New Haven Chamber of Commerce, where former President Roosevelt will speak on the night of December 13, Colonel Roosevelt says at the dinner he will make his first public statement as to the causes that lead up to the recent political upheaval.

Among the other speakers at the dinner will be Governor-elect Simeon E. Baldwin and President Arthur T. Hadley of Yale.

GOOD ROADS BUILDERS TO HOLD A GREAT CONVENTION

National Gathering of Highway Experts to Be Held This Week at Indianapolis

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 4.—Everything indicates that, as regards both attendance and results, the seventh annual convention of the American Road Builders' association, which will open at the German House December 6-9, will surpass any of the previous conventions.

No effort has been spared either by the officers of the association or the local committees to make the gathering a success from every point of view. The convention city has been chosen with due regard to accessibility and to the other requisites of a meeting place for workers from widely separated communities; the convention building has been so selected as to offer every convenience for the holding of the sessions and the exhibition of materials and equipment; and in the preparation of the program, the showing of exhibits, and the providing of entertainment for delegates and guests, full advantage has been taken of the opportunity to make the convention the principal event of the year in road building circles.

The city of Indianapolis is well paved and during convention week delegates will have every opportunity to gain valuable information. The committee in charge of local arrangements is composed of men close to the business interests of the city, and its personnel and the efforts its members are making to provide entertainment for guests insure a pleasant as well as profitable visit.

The American Road Builders' association is composed of men identified with and interested in the subject of highway improvement and includes in its membership most of the leading authorities on road building, street paving and kindred subjects. As the speakers at its conventions are selected from its leading members and from prominent men who are interested in the subject of roads and streets and eminently fitted to discuss the subject, the practical value of the sessions is assured.

The program will include the following:

"State Highway Legislation," by Logan Waller Page, director United States office on public roads.

"Relation of the City to Its Adjacent Country Highways," by A. B. Fea, director of public service, Cleveland, Ohio.

"Present Highway Laws of Ohio and the Proposed New Law," by James C. Wonders, state highway commissioner of Ohio.

"The National Grange and Good Roads," by N. J. Bachelder, master of the National Grange.

Address, by S. Percy Hooker, chairman New York state highway commission.

"Application of the Highway Law of Pennsylvania," by Joseph W. Hunter, state highway commissioner of Pennsylvania.

Address, by George W. Cooley, state engineer of Minnesota.

"The Best Method of Supervision and Control of Road Construction in a State," by Joseph Hyde Pratt, state geologist of North Carolina.

"Road Building in South Dakota," by Samuel H. Lea, state engineer of South Dakota.

Address, by Colonel Frederick Gilkyson, commissioner of public roads of New Jersey.

Address, by P. St. J. Wilson, state highway commissioner of Virginia.

"Bridge and Culvert Construction," by W. S. Gearhart, state highway engineer of Kansas.

Address, by James H. MacDonald, state highway commissioner of Connecticut.

NO TARIFF ACTION AT THIS SESSION

Senator Smoot, Who Consults President, Says Meeting Will Be Too Short.

(Special to The Herald-Republican.)

Washington, D. C., Dec. 4.—Senator Reed Smoot was one of the Republican leaders called into consultation by President Taft at the White House yesterday.

He talked with the President about the work of the approaching session and discussed the conservation bills which the senator has pending in the Senate.

The President is anxious that these bills should be passed this winter and an effort will be made to put them through.

"I think we will have little time at this session to do anything beyond passing appropriation bills," said Senator Smoot. "The President will make certain recommendations in his message which will represent the things he would like to see enacted into law, but I am sure he will not be disappointed if they are not accomplished at this session for he realizes as well as do the members of Congress that it is practically impossible to do anything at a short session except pass the appropriation bills. I am sure that no tariff legislation will be attempted this winter."

ARGUE FOR ADMISSION.

Boundbrook, N. J., Dec. 4.—At the headquarters of the "Pillar of Fire," near here, it was announced that representatives of the sect would be in New York tomorrow to argue before the immigration officials for the admission of Miss Lily Maud Allen, a young English convert, who arrived last night and was sent to Ellis Island.

The Pillar of Fire has a colony on a farm two miles from here. The leaders arrived from Denver some years ago.

FOR UNITY OF CHURCH

Cardinal Gibbons Praises the Action of Episcopal Convention—One Faith Was Intended by the Savior.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 4.—In his sermon at the cathedral this morning, Cardinal Gibbons praised the sentiment favorable to church unity expressed by the recent triennial convention of the Protestant Episcopal church held in Cincinnati.

The cardinal said in part:

"At that convention the members adopted resolutions making for the unity and redemption of all Christendom. My brethren, we praise the members of that church for their action, because they reflect honor on their heads and hearts, and I join with them in praying that the day may be hastened when Christ's words that there shall be one fold and one shepherd will be fulfilled.

"Unity of faith is a most splendid evidence of the mission of our Divine Savior, and we should have unity of faith so that all may be bound together by the one tie of faith and be subservient to one shepherd—God.

"There cannot be unity of faith, however, if there is to be more than one church or if there is to be more than one head.

"Our Lord and Savior, Jesus Christ, never intended that there should be many churches because in holy writ he always said in speaking of the church 'one shepherd and one God.' To have perfect church unity and harmony, we should be bound by the same tie of faith, should listen to the voice of one shepherd, should fly from any false prophets as the sheep fly from the wolf.

"My dear brethren, common sense alone, without divine revelation, ought to impress upon us the absolute necessity of unity of faith. This unity can be found, my brethren, only in the Holy Roman and Catholic Apostolic churches of which the pope of Rome, the representative of Christ, is the head."

SKELETONS SPOT ROUTE OF DESERT

Grim Signposts May Be Replaced Through the Aid of Congress.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 4.—Because more than a score of skeletons, scattered along his line of travel, served as a grim signpost of danger and warning of the fate that might overtake him during a tour of the desert regions of California and Nevada, George W. Parsons of this city for eight years has been agitating the need of public protection for the daring prospectors and travelers who venture in these waste places.

This work has now taken concrete form in an effort on the part of the Los Angeles chamber of commerce to secure the aid of Congress, in the sum of $10,000, to be expended under the direction of the secretary of the interior, for the purpose of locating and developing springs and water holes and for the erection of durable monuments near accustomed lines of travel.

It is intended to cover the general area of the desert and arid lands of the United States, informing travelers as to the location and character of these sources of water supply. The state of California already has appropriated $5,000 for this work and more than 300 iron guide posts, with directing arms, have been erected within its borders. The proposed national legislation has been embodied in a bill which California congressmen will be asked to introduce.

ASPARAGUS' THIRD VICTIM.

North Yakima, Wash., Dec. 4.—Lorenzo D. S. Patton, aged fifty-two years, one of the five persons poisoned by eating home-preserved asparagus tips at a family Thanksgiving dinner, died last night. Mr. Patton's mother, Mrs. Carrie R. Fulkerson, and his daughter, Mrs. Frank T. Kuhen, died last Tuesday.

ACCUSED OFFICIALS ARRIVE FOR COMING INVESTIGATION

Men Charged With Friar Land Frauds to Answer Accusation of Congressman Martin

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 4.—Six officials of the Philippine Islands, who are on their way to Washington to testify before the congressional investigating committee concerning charges made by Representative John A. Martin of Colorado in connection with the administration of friar lands in the islands, arrived here today on the liner Manchuria.

Dean C. Worcester, secretary of the interior, is at the head of the party. The other members are Frank W. Carpenter, executive secretary; Charles H. Sleeper, director of lands; Ignacio Villamor, attorney general; Rafel Delpan, member of the code commission, and Carl W. Iheberg, director of friar lands. Benito Lagardo and Manuel Quezon, resident commissioners of the Philippine islands in Washington and four clerks in the land office accompany the officials.

The charges made by Congressman Martin were placed before the House on June 13 of this year. Specific allegations were made covering a long list of supposed irregularities in the handling of the friar lands. Secretary Worcester makes a general and specific denial of the accusations.

Supplementing an exhaustive statement of the cases of the accused officials, in which reports of those connected with the matter are set forth, Secretary Worcester makes the following statement:

"Mr. Martin, by the misinterpretation of passages in official reports, which suited his purposes and by the suppression of passages which, if quoted, would have made his contentions ridiculous, has succeeded in presenting an utterly misleading picture. His charge that any relative of mine has bought or leased any friar lands is false.

"With the exception of short periods spent in the United States on leave, I have been in the government service in the Philippines continuously since March 6, 1899. The chief resulting asset which I possess in such reputation as my official acts have earned for me. It is axiomatic that the harm accomplished by such an attack as that made by Representative Martin can never wholly be undone. His speech was delivered upon the floor of the House of Representatives of the United States, a forum which is not open to me. Five weeks elapsed before I saw a copy of this. Circumstances conspired to delay my reply, which, under any circumstances, will attract less public notice than did the original charges. It is unfortunately true that the public is often more interested in the charges than in their refutation. Then, the privileged character of Representative Martin's remarks prevented my seeking in the courts compensation for the injury done my reputation by his false and libelous charge.

"This opportunity to face an investigating committee is welcomed by every Philippine official concerned."