# COALVILLE TIMES

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY, BY THE

*TIMES PUBLISHING COMPANY.*

F. M. PEEBLES - EDITOR AND MANAGER

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

| | |
|---|---|
| One Year | $1.00 |
| Six Months | 1.00 |
| Three Months | .50 |

Entered at the Postoffice in Coalville, Utah, May 7, 1894, as Second Class Matter.

COALVILLE, FRIDAY, AUG. 31, 1894.


The average western quibbling has no use for silver, but it would not be safe to trust one of them to sit up with a corpse with no coin pieces on the eyes.

The tone of the Eastern press and the financial reports indicate that there is a perceptible improvement in business. The reason, is, in our opinion, that silver has advanced and all business of the country has responded in the same proportion. And as it will continue. The price of silver will regulate the price of all commodities and products of the country, and in proportion as the prosperity of silver will the nation prosper. But on Eastern bull-headed gold-bug would not admit it, nor the Eastern subsidized press acknowledge it, though they know it to be true. But at any rate, it is good to note that times are brightening, and the adjournment of Congress will help things along.

THE CROW reaches us that negotiations are making for putting in a telephone service between Coalville and Park City. It is earnestly hoped that the rumor may prove well founded and that operations will begin at once. The TIMES some time ago advocated this measure, and pointed out the benefits to be derived from such an enterprise, and cannot but feel gratified if its efforts in this direction has brought at least a hope of good results. We understand the circuit will embrace Oakley, Kamas, Peoa, Rockport, Wanship and Hoytsville. Later, through our Peoa correspondent, we get additional evidence that the rumor is well founded. This little spurt of enterprise may have the effect of awakening our citizens to the importance of other things. For instance, water works, a wool-scouring plant, a laundry, etc., and these improvements will lead to various home manufactories and other industries. By all means, let our citizens take advantage of every opportunity in the line of progress.

Prof. John T. Caine delivered a most interesting and able lecture in the Brick schoolhouse last Friday evening. His subject was "Industrial Education," and he handled it in a manner that convinced his audience that he was acquainted with its every branch. The audience was attentive but in point of numbers was not what the speaker and subject deserved. If any lecture or subject should draw a crowded house, surely that of education is the one. Every parent, every child and every citizen should have an interest in education and its advancement. It is probable, therefore, that Mr. Caine was somewhat disappointed in his visit here, which may tend to give him an erroneous impression of this community. While the writer believes the people of Coalville and Summit county do in reality take as much interest in education, and appreciate its benefits and advantages as much as any other community, it must be admitted that the attendance on this last occasion would not bear out this belief. In other words, they have a very poor way of showing it.

A SMART young man who was raised on a farm says he would much rather live in the country than in the city if he could find as large a proportion of desirable companions in the country as in the city. He is a lover of books and of people who have some higher interests than neighborhood gossip and the accumulation of acres to the neglect of mental and spiritual growth. He recognizes the fact that very few thrifty farmers fail to live comfortably and lay by something every year while the average city man does well to meet expenses, but for all that he contends that the farming communities where there is any love of books or scientific investigation or any kind of mental activity are as scarce that no one without money can hope to find such a location. On the other hand the dwellers in cities are brought more into contact with live questions of all kinds, and while they are poorer than farmers in dollars they are richer as a rule in the treasures that do not have to be left behind at the grave. The estimate is doubtless severe on individuals in nearly every farming community, and while it is a fact that there are too many farmers with plenty of means for culture and refinement who have no sympathy whatever with such things, we think on the whole that the young man is a little off in his estimate.

## WASHINGTON LETTER

(FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26, 1894.

Congress has been only playing at being in session this week, while everybody is impatiently waiting for President Cleveland to write the tariff uncertainty. It was hoped that Mr. Cleveland would act as soon as he returned to Washington, but the indications now are that no action will be taken by him before Monday, if then. If the bill isn't signed before or on Monday it will become a law at midnight on that day. Great pressure is being brought upon the president to sign the bill at once, but pressure doesn't count for much in influencing Mr. Cleveland. While a majority of the people still believe that the bill will become a law, there has been a noticeable increase in the number who expect it to be vetoed, since the president's return to the White House.

The advance guard of the Knights of Pythias contingent, to be held next week, are here, and they are all loaded in their complaints against the railroads for not making lower rates for those who wished to attend the encampment. It is intimated that the circulars will be only then half of what it would have been with a fair charge for transportation.

The most straight silver-monometallic bill for the free coinage of silver ever presented in congress is elsewhere in this offered by Representative Hartman of Montana. Among the official endorsements are those of Grand Master Sovereign and Secretary Hayes of the Knights of Labor; Marion Butler, president of Union of Farmer's Alliance; Samuel Gompers, president of American Federation of Labor; P. M. Arthur, chief of Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; John McBride, president of United Mine Workers; President-Treasurer and Secretary [illegible] of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners; Grand Master Sargent and Secretary Arnold of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and C. A. Robinson, president of the Farmer's Mutual Benefit Association. In addition to demanding a return to the free coinage of silver at a 16 to 1 ratio, the resolution condemns increasing the bonded indebtedness of the country in time of peace, and the use of interest-bearing bonds at any time. In an address to the people attached to the resolution, an unique method of showing the depreciation in the price of agricultural products since silver was demonetized is adopted. For instance, the address says: "Before the demonetization of silver 3,500 bushels of wheat or 50,000 pounds of cotton equaled the salary of a congressman, and 53,000 bushels of wheat or 350,000 pounds of cotton equaled the salary of the president, while to-day 10,000 bushels of wheat or 100,000 pounds of cotton only equal a congressman's salary, and 100,000 bushels of wheat or 1,000,000 pounds of cotton that of the president."

In view of the stand which have been cast upon the legal ability of Senator Hill, the following opinion of Representative Daniels, a Republican, who was for more than twenty-eight years a judge of the New York Supreme Court, before his election to congress, is suggestive and timely: "In all the cases that Mr. Hill tried before me his papers were the evidence of close study and careful preparation. He never stated a point that was intended to be proved and it was always put in the most effective way. I found that where he made a point he knew his ground and could logically defend it. When he set out to prove anything it usually proved to be so. His papers were as neat and as accurate as any I ever saw and there was never the slightest trace of carelessness or slip-shod work." There are several men in the senate who believe him also to be a politician of the first rank.

No better example of the difficulty of predicting in advance what will be the action of either branch of congress upon any given measure can be cited than the anti-anarchist bill, now hung up in the house by the absence of a quorum, and the opposition of two or three men. The bill was proposed by the superintendent of immigration. He claims upon information that a large number of dangerous anarchists, who will be compelled by new laws in Russia, France and Italy, are now preparing to come to this country. It passed the senate without opposition and was favorably reported upon by the house judiciary committee. It outvotes the superintendent of immigration to prevent the landing of alien anarchists and to deport those now in the United States. It is worthy of note that two out of the three members of the house—Warner of New York City and Goldzier of Chicago—who have expressed opposition to the bill represent constituencies which would naturally be supposed to have the greatest dread of an increase in the number of anarchists, having had a taste of what anarchy means. The opposition of the third—Bland of Missouri—is even more difficult to understand, as he represents an agricultural constituency. They all claim that their opposition is because the bill is not properly drawn and that it gives the superintendent of immigration more authority than can safely be put into the hands of any one man. Pressure is being brought to bear on absent members of the house to get enough of them to return to make a quorum.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.
A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Legal blanks for sale at Times office.

## PERSONAL

J. E. Brimley and wife of Echo were in Coalville yesterday.

Mrs. A. Stonecraft made a short visit to friends in Park City yesterday.

J. T. Hedges has been on a business visit to Salt Lake the past week.

J. L. Mitchell of the Cash Bargain store will return from his week's visit to Ogden to-day.

Mrs. Samuel Fletcher of Rock Springs, Wyo., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Johnson, in Coalville.

O. R. Geiler of Salt Lake is visiting relatives, Mr. and Mrs. John Beeches and family, for a few days.

A. Black and partner, two young men traveling for a Chicago tailoring house, were trying to do business in Coalville this week.

Mr. Geo. Anderson, representing Hewlett Bros. Soda Water company, was doing business in Coalville Saturday last.

Dr. E. M. Fletcher of Ogden dropped off at Coalville to do a little business in his line on his return from Park City to-day. He returns to-morrow.

Mr. Thomas Sears of Cheyenne was a Coalville visitor this week. Rumor says one of our young ladies is secretary for Mr. Sears's great afternoon in Coalville's scenery.

The many friends of Miss Pearl will be pleased to learn that she has returned to Coalville and will teach the New West school the coming term. She arrived yesterday.

W. F. Smith, Ernest Foster and J. A. Blood returned from their trip to the Uinta reservation last night. We are promised a description of their trip for our next issue.

Homer Thomas and wife returned from their visit to Spanish Fork last evening. They came back with a good supply of luscious fruit, and presented Tim Trues with a generous variety.

Mr. Boyd Chandler has been transferred from Coalville to the main line. He will hereafter fill the position of conductor between Evanston and Green River. Henry Blair, an old conductor, assumes the former duties of Mr. Chandler at Coalville.

Mr. T. A. Hedenskit, general airbrake inspector for the entire Union Pacific system, who for the past week or more has been making his headquarters at Salt Lake, came out to Coalville Wednesday to inspect G. W. Edgington's patent airbrake appliance.

## AS TO REGISTRATION.

### Important Data—Officers and Voters Should Take Notice.

The following instructions are being sent out in circular form by the Utah Commission, under date of August 25, 1894.

SIR:—In order to reach all the electors of the territory, we enclose you copies of instructions, forms of oaths, and other data pertaining to the registration for 1894. Please see that they receive as wide a circulation as possible. Note the following:

A DOUBLE REGISTRATION.

A double registration is required—one a revision of the list for 1893, based on the usual regulations, for all electors who may vote for the county and territorial officers; a new registration of all qualified electors who vote for delegates to constitutional convention.

TWO SETS OF BOOKS.

There will be two sets of registration books, one in buff color for the old or revised list, and the other in blue for the new list.

Electors desiring and qualified to vote for both set of officers, should see that their names are on both lists.

All qualified electors must take the new oath before they can be registered. Simply being on the old list is not sufficient to warrant the registrar in entering names on the new list.

BALLOTS, BALLOT BOXES, STAMPS OR PENCILS, ETC.

County courts must furnish two ballot boxes for each polling place (one for county and territorial tickets, and the other for convention delegate tickets).

There will be two kinds of ballots used, and two kinds of envelopes, one in buff for the county and territorial tickets and the other in blue for the convention tickets.

There will be three judges for each poll (except in larger cities where the polls may be increased to additional judges appointed).

REGISTRATION DAYS, TWO OATHS, TRANSFERS, NOTICES, ETC.

Registrars should complete the house to house canvass by September 3rd.

Revision week extends from September 24th to October 1st. Copies in both lists must be made out and filed with county clerk by October 8th.

Transfers of unusual registered voters (from one precinct to another) must be made on or before October 8th.

Copies of both lists must be hung up, at or near the place of election, in each precinct fifteen days before election; on the back of these must be a notice of the hearing of objections by the registrar of each precinct (which must close at sunset on the 5th day preceding election).

Notices of election must be posted in three public places in each precinct, best calculated to give notice to all voters. Registrars must forward lists of disqualified electors to the judges three (3) days prior to election.

REGISTRARS MUST FURNISH NAMES FOR JUDGES OF ELECTION.

Each registrar is directed to furnish to the commission not less than four names of persons qualified for judges, two from the majority and two from the minority party.

These names should be furnished immediately and should be such of the best qualified and in every way most competent citizens who can act in such capacity.

WOMEN MAY ACT AS VOTERS.

All electors not properly on the old or new lists have their assessment therefrom (instructions II).

All qualified females, residents in territory and precinct, and who have taken (or will take) the usual oath (Edmunds-Tucker) should be enrolled on the revised list (in the big registry books).

All qualified electors (whether on the old list or not) male citizens of the United States, over 21 years of age, and who have resided in the territory since the 4th of November, 1893, must be registered in the new lists (in the blue books) provided they first take the new oath required; they must be registered in order to vote for delegates to the constitutional convention.

SPECIAL DUTIES TO BE DONE BY COUNTY REGISTRARS.

County registrars must have a general supervision and keep a close watch upon all details of the registration.

Deputy registrars must follow the law and instructions, and use every means to make a full, fair and honest registration.

They must—First, furnish names of judges, with means of prompt notification and proper addresses.

Second, they must see to the delivery of the poll books to the county clerks, to the judges at elections, and to the posting in their respective precincts.

Third, they must notify county clerks where to send ballot boxes, two for each poll.

Fourth, they should carefully judge the list of names of all persons stricken from the registry list three days before election, and to general do everything necessary and proper to facilitate the work of the registration and election.

The commission being especially desirous of securing a full, fair and honest registration of all qualified electors, ask the aid of each and every official connected with the work, as about the great as well as the several political organizations, and the people of the entire territory.

### Feeding Wheat.

Feed as you will, the feeding of wheat as a substitute for corn may prove an important factor of prices in this country, and if sufficiently resorted to will affect prices around the world. The quantity used for feeding stock will depend, of course, on the aggregate corn production. The corn crop of 1893 aggregated 1,600,000,000 bushels, out of which we exported 61,420,000 bushels. The crop of 1892 was 1,650,000,000 bushels, and we exported 44,650,000. The remainder of both crops was consumed at home. It is undoubtedly true that the crop of 1891, as 2,000,000,000 bushels, furnished a reserve which has since been consumed. A shortened production this year as compared with the last, might very easily require as much wheat, as a substitute, would equal our exportation, and with a result on price that we have referred to in the commencement of this article. Of course, the possibility is wholly speculative, and merely suggested by the persistent statement of a coming short crop of corn.

### Horses and Horses.

It is reported that C. S. Hamlin has offered $42,000 for Rubenstein but his owners demand $50,000.

The California trotting horse, Antrim, who appeared at the Overland meeting in June, has been taken to Australia by Mr. Leper and the horse will be sold in that country.

Dissolve the hard men who does not or cannot manage the horses without blows. It is good business policy to discharge him if to makes harsh commands or swears at them. Kind and quiet drivers are always to be preferred—treating horses receives them visitors; do not permit it.

Breeders of cheap horses have competitors by the million, yet they go on raising slow trotters, little and light draft horses and drivers without action or style. The man who breeds what he like the fast work, more to himself—has the profit and the pleasure of which the others know little.

If the horse could talk he would ask for a drink the last thing in the morning. At noon—during the night and at breakfast he usually fills up on dry feed, and when led to the trough fills his stomach so full that undigested food is forced out of it. Health and humanity demand that you water the horse before he eats in the morning.

The torture of dyspepsia and sick headache, the agonizing sickness and pains of all chronic, are removed by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Warranty deeds, short form, and a line of justice blanks for sale at THE TIMES office.

### Many Men of Many Minds,

But they all agree that the solid vestibuled trains of the Chicago, Union Pacific & Northwestern Line distance all competitors with ease.

No change or delay at the Missouri River.

For full information call or address

A. A. PRIOR, Agent U. P. System.

### NOTICE TO LOCATORS.

Do you intend to locate any coal, mineral or rock quarry claims, or make any desert land, timber culture or timber culture entries? If so consult W. F. Smith, County Clerk, Coalville, before doing so and he will tell you how to save from $10 to $50 on every proof made.


WANTED SALESMEN IN EVERY COUNTY

To introduce our celebrated Custom Made Pants. Pay $4 a day and expenses. Permanent position. Big pay. Big commission. We pay all expenses and give one suit free. Address, Fashion Custom Pants Co. 230 Market St., Chicago.

## HEART DISEASE!

**Fluttering, No Appetite, Could Not Sleep, Wind on Stomach.**

"For a long time I had a terrible pain at my heart, which fluttered almost incessantly. I had no appetite and could not sleep. I would be compelled to sit up in bed and belch gas from my stomach until I thought that every minute would be my last. There was a feeling of oppression about my heart, and I was afraid to draw a full breath. I could not sweep a room without resting. My husband induced me to try

**Dr. Miles' Heart Cure**

and am happy to say it has cured me. I now have a splendid appetite and sleep well. Its effect was truly marvelous."

MRS. HARRY E. STARR, Pottsville, Pa.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on a guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

## Robert Rippon,

CARPENTER AND WAGON-MAKER

All Kinds of Vehicles Repaired.

Tire-Setting a Specialty.

Carpenter Work of All Kinds Promptly Done.

Shop on First East, between First & Second North, Coalville.

## OSCAR F. LYONS,

**Notary Public and Conveyancer.**

Collections Promptly made on Commission.

Office in the

POSTOFFICE BUILDING,

Peoa, Summit County, Utah.

## W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE

IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELED CALF.
$4 & $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
$3.50 POLICE, 2 SOLES.
$2.50 & $2. WORKINGMENS EXTRA FINE.
$2, $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES
$3, $2.50 & $2 BEST DONGOLA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes.

REASON, we are the largest manufacturers of advertised shoes in the World, and guarantee the value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can. Sold by

WILLIAM GRAVES,

Notary Public, Roosefer.

Collections Made. Prompt Remittances.


### LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE PROBATE COURT IN AND FOR THE County of Summit, Territory of Utah. In the matter of the estate of Robert Nelson, deceased. Upon reading and filing the petition of William Nelson, for administration of the estate of Robert Nelson, deceased, showing that he, the said petitioner, desires to administer the estate of said deceased, and that the said Robert Nelson, deceased, is authorized, empowered and directed to nominate the said petitioner to be the said executor, which is described in the petition on file, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said petitioner is in all respects competent to act as such executor, and that no objection to the appointment of said petitioner has been made by any person interested in said estate, and that the said petitioner is a resident of the said County of Summit, and is a person of good moral character, and is in no way disqualified from holding said office, and that the said petitioner has duly filed his bond in the sum of [illegible] dollars, with [illegible] as sureties, conditioned according to law, and the said petitioner having duly qualified and taken the oath of office, and letters of administration being duly issued to him, it is ordered that all persons having claims against the said deceased, do present the same to the said executor, at the court house of said county in the City of Coalville, county of Summit and Territory of Utah, duly authenticated, for allowance, within ten months from the date of this order, or the same will be barred by the statute of limitations. Dated this 7th day of September, 1894. HENRY DUNCAN, Probate Judge. By order of the court this 7th day of September, 1894. HENRY DUNCAN, Probate Judge.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY of Summit, Territory of Utah. In the matter of the estate of Richard Thomas, deceased. Order to show cause why letters of administration should not be issued. On reading and filing the petition of Richard Thomas, praying for the administration of the estate of said Thomas, deceased, showing that the said petitioner is a creditor of said estate and praying another to be appointed administrator of said estate, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said petitioner is a creditor of said estate and praying another to be appointed administrator of said estate, and it appearing