

FOOD SUPPLY FOR QUAKE SUFFERERS

**SURVIVORS IN STRICKEN ZONE
LEND AID IN EFFORT TO
AMELIORATE CONDITION.**

Work in the Ruins Being Carried Forward, Many Persons Being Rescued Alive After Being Buried Underneath Walls.

Rome.—The uninjured in the earthquake zone gradually are regaining their composure and lending their aid to the volunteer workers in an endeavor to ameliorate the terrible conditions in the ruined towns.

Food supplies and clothing have been distributed nearly everywhere and huts are being constructed for the temporary housing of the homeless.

Work in the ruins is being carried forward as speedily as possible. On Monday many persons were rescued alive in numerous towns from beneath the debris of fallen buildings, where they had lain without food or water for six days. Hope is expressed that many others who are held prisoners may be reached in time to save them. Nineteen were taken alive from the ruins at Avezzano Monday, six of them unhurt.

Subscriptions for the relief of sufferers are being raised throughout Italy and the people are responding generously. King Victor Emmanuel again has gone into the stricken region to render what service he can to the distressed people. Queen Helena on Monday sent a trainload of foodstuffs, clothing and medical supplies to the people in the ruined towns. Members of the royal family, high officials and leading legislators are busily engaged in relief work.

GREAT CROWDS AT ROUND-UP.

**Men and Women From Many States
Assemble at Logan.**

Logan, Utah.—A record-breaking first days' registration characterized the opening of the farmers' roundup and housekeepers' conference at the Utah Agricultural college here Monday afternoon. The total enrollment was 205, a 30 per cent increase over the opening day last year. It is estimated that the attendance for the two weeks will reach 2,000. Last year it was 1,200. A noticeable feature is the increase in the percentage of women attending the institute each year. Last year the housekeepers' conference numbered a fourth of the entire enrollment. This year it will reach one-third.

Representatives from Canada, California, Iowa, Montana, Idaho and Colorado are included in the personnel of the institute. In addition to the Utahans, not only farmers, but lawyers, doctors and business men are here with their wives and daughters.

BEGIN SEARCH FOR POOLS.

**Investigation of Rise in Wheat and
Flour Ordered by President.**

Washington.—President Wilson, it has become known, has included pooling agreements in the possible causes for the recent rise in the price of wheat and flour which he has directed Attorney General Gregory to investigate.

The president sent Mr. Gregory a letter on Monday formally asking him to investigate with a view to prosecution, if evidence was discovered of illegal combinations.

TRIP MAY BE ABANDONED.

**Plans for President's Visit to Canal
and Exposition Are Tentative.**

Washington.—While plans for the president's trip to Panama canal and the Pacific coast are proceeding the president made it clear to callers Monday that conditions at home or abroad might prevent his departure.

Invitations to speak on the way back from San Francisco are answered with the statement that it may be impossible for him to leave Washington at all.

Frank Case Docketed.

Washington.—The habeas corpus appeal of Leo M. Frank, convicted for the murder of Mary Phagan, the Atlanta (Ga.) factory girl, was docketed Monday in the supreme court. The State of Georgia may now at any time move to have it advanced for early hearing. Without such action it will not be reached in the regular course of business for nearly eight months.

Billy Sunday Visits President.

Washington.—"Billy Sunday," the revivalist, accompanied by members of his family and religious workers from Philadelphia, who came here Monday to assist Sunday at a revival meeting, was received by President Wilson.

Bigamist Confesses Guilt.

Sheridan, Wyo.—Edwin V. Copp, brought here from Portland, Ore., for trial, pleaded guilty Monday to a charge of bigamy. He was alleged to have married women in Chicago, Denver and Portland.

Pennsylvania Bank Closes.

Untiontown, Pa.—The First National bank of Untiontown was closed Monday by order of the board of directors. The bank has deposits of approximately \$2,600,000, and was on a dividend basis of 22 per cent annually.

NEW MAN TAKES REINS IN MEXICO

**GUTIERREZ IS DEPOSED AND
GENERAL GARZA CHOSEN
IN HIS PLACE.**

**Man Chosen by Convention to Rule
Over War Stricken Republic Was
a Member of Madero's Staff
During Madero Revolt.**

Mexico City.—General Roque Gonzales Garza has been named provisional president of Mexico by the convention in session here on Sunday, over which he has presided.

The former provisional president, General Gutierrez, together with Generals Blanco, Robles and Jose Vasconcelos, left Mexico City Sunday morning at 4 o'clock for Pachuco.

Martial law has been declared by General Garza and the city is being patrolled by mounted police.

In electing Garza the convention declared itself to be supreme, and until a new president is elected has assumed all the legislative, executive and judicial powers.

Roque Gonzales Garza was a member of Francisco Madero's staff during the Madero revolution. His brother Federico Gonzales Garza was a Madero cabinet member. Both have been connected with the Villa revolt against Carranza.

The new provisional president was prominent in the sessions of the convention at Aguas Calientes and Mexico City. He acted as president of the permanent committee of twenty-one members of the convention after the flight of Martin Espinoza, the committee head, and nine other members of the committee.

General Zapata, it is learned, has entrenched himself in his old stronghold at Cuernavaca.

General Eulalio Gutierrez, deposed as provisional president of Mexico, fled from the capital with several members of his cabinet to escape assassination at the hands of Zapatistas, according to reports.

GENERAL STOESEL DEAD.

**Famous Russian Commander Who
Surrendered Porth Arthur to Japs.**

London.—The death of Lieutenant General Anatole Mikhailovitch Stoessel, the defender of Port Arthur, is announced in a Petrograd dispatch. General Stoessel had suffered from paralysis for several months.

General Stoessel was famous as the commander of the Russian troops at Port Arthur during the Russo-Japanese war. After he had held out there for months against the furious onslaughts of the Japanese his ammunition supply exhausted and his men virtually without food, Stoessel surrendered the fortress to General Nogai.

For this action he was condemned to death February 20, 1908, by a court-martial. This sentence, however, was commuted by Emperor Nicholas to ten years' imprisonment. He was released from confinement from the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul the following year by order of Emperor Nicholas.

Tried to Burn Hotel.

San Francisco.—A gasoline explosion, caused by an attempt to set fire to an Eddy street hotel, partially wrecked two floors of the building. Twenty-five guests fled into the street in their night clothes.

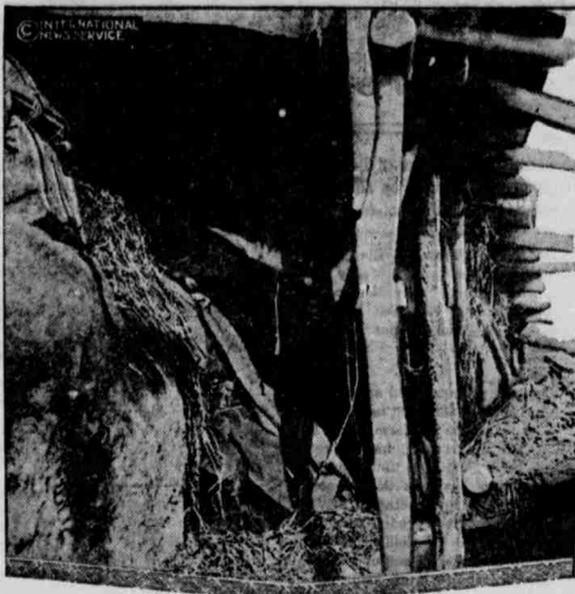


ADMIRAL MILNE
New photograph of Admiral Sir Archibald Berkeley Milne of Inveresk, who is in command of the British naval forces in the Mediterranean.

Aviators Bombard Ostend.
London.—Nine British, French and Belgian aviators dropped bombs on the railroad station and barracks at Ostend, causing considerable damage, according to a dispatch to Lloyds News.

Germans Quit Coast Towns.
Amsterdam.—The correspondent at Ostend of the Tijd says that Germans have evacuated all the coast towns and villages as far north as Mariakerke, which is north of Nieupoort, Westende and Middelkerke.

HOW THE FRENCH TRENCHES LOOK



HUNDREDS IN ITALY KILLED BY QUAKE

**FEARFUL LOSS OF LIFE IN TOWNS
AND VILLAGES DESTROYED
BY EARTHQUAKE.**

**Twenty Thousand People Dead and
Thirty Thousand Injured, While
Many Are Made Homeless and
Are in Dire Straits.**

Rome.—All Italy is in mourning, many families have been wiped out, hundreds of homes have been leveled, as a result of the terrible earthquake of January 13.

The loss of life has been placed at 20,000, while at least 30,000 people were injured. It is almost certain that the list will not be decreased, and it is generally believed that even more than this number have met their death.

The property loss will reach up into the millions. It is the most terrible disaster since that of Messina, where over 70,000 were killed. The shock was the strongest Rome has felt in over a hundred years, but in the capital only one life was lost.

The greatest loss of life was at Avezzano, where 19,400 lives were lost; at Maglianomasai, 4,000 are dead; at San Benedetto, 400; Sora, 500; Capelle, 100; Isolatri, 60; Capistrano, 50; Solmona, 50; Torre Cajetani, 50; Togliacozzo, 40; Cesce, 30; Arpino, 30; Villalago, 20; Coccolio, 2; Antrosano, 7; Bussi, 5; Peacezza, 5; Sassa, 5; Monterotondo, 3; Topoli, 2.

Thousands of homes were wrecked and the people will be forced to live out in the open until relief measures can be taken. Many of the walls of homes left standing may topple at any moment and are unsafe for occupancy.

A new peril now confronts the population of the stricken valley below Avezzano. Debris from the earthquake has dammed Lake Fucino and, unless the engineers now grappling with the Herculean task are able to provide an outflow for the fast-rising waters, it is feared a break will come and the valley will be deluged. Pneumonia has struck down hundreds of refugees forced to camp in the snow in the open places without proper shelter.

UNEQUAL TO MESSINA DISASTER.

**Were 76,483 Killed and 95,470 Injured
by Former Quake.**

Rome.—Though it seems established the present earthquake will not rival that of Messina in the number of dead, the percentage of casualties in proportion to the population affected appears to be much higher, due, it seems to the dry construction of buildings that was almost universal throughout the stricken district. Messina had 76,483 dead and 95,470 injured; present reports indicate 20,000 dead and twice as many injured in this catastrophe. The only buildings not leveled by this earthquake were the few made with reinforced concrete.

The absence of foreigners in the district now devastated is another point of difference between this quake and the last. Not only were the American consul and his wife killed at Messina, but a long list of tourists from the United States were reported missing, in addition to travelers from other countries. No one, not Italian, has as yet been reported as injured or missing in the present disaster.

Jitneys Refused License.

Denver.—An application to the city for a license to operate 5-cents auto busses here, made by Benjamin Davis and Duke Burnett, representing the Street Auto Service corporation of Salt Lake has been held up.

Meeting Held at Capital.

Boise, Idaho.—The State Horticultural association closed its annual convention here Thursday, together with the Idaho Horticultural Society. Officers of the association were elected.

MANY STILL ALIVE IN PILES OF RUINS

**THE WORK OF RESCUE GOES
BRAVELY ON IN EARTHQUAKE
STRICKEN ITALY.**

**Hundreds Given Up for Dead or
Believed Rescued Alive, While It is
Believed Hundreds Fled in
Panic Following Shock.**

Rome.—Official and semi-official reports to Premier Salandra from twenty-four towns and villages in the 300-mile belt stricken by the earthquake of January 13 and the subsequent tremors, which have wrought no little additional havoc, report approximately 27,800 dead.

Premier Salandra counsels conservatism, declaring this number likely will be reduced considerably, as hundreds of those buried alive and given up for dead are being rescued and the semi-official estimates are based on deductions computed from the number found alive among the total population. These figures, he explains, are subject to revision downward because hundreds of the survivors fled from the devastated zone in the first panic following the initial shock.

Making all due allowances and taking the reliable figures at hand as a basis, it is officially estimated that the dead will not number more than 20,000. Premier Salandra states that this figure even may exaggerate the total loss of life, while King Victor Emmanuel, who has just returned from a visit to Avezzano and Sora, expressed the belief that the casualties would be much less than the reports to Premier Salandra indicated.

Thirty thousand soldiers mobilized against the chance of Italy entering the international conflict are now engaged as rescuers and in relief work, and the thousands of tons of equipment and commissary stores assembled for use in that contingency have been applied to the relief of the sufferers.



DJEMAL PASHA
Djemal Pasha is minister of marine for Turkey and, in conjunction with Enver Pasha, controls affairs at the Porte.

Whole Family Lynched.
Atlanta, Ga.—Dan Barber, his son, Jesse, and Barber's two married daughters, Eula and Ella Charles, negroes, were taken from the Jasper county jail at Monticello by a mob and lynched.

Fatal Train Wreck.

Des Moines, Iowa.—D. J. Robbe of St. Louis, Mo., was killed and thirteen other passengers injured in a wreck on the Wabash railway near Russell, Mo., early Friday.

WILL INVESTIGATE 'CHARITY TRUST'

**FEDERAL INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS
COMMISSION READY
TO EXAMINE WITNESSES**

**Noted Men Have Been Summoned,
the Purpose Being to Find Out
How the Public is Affected
By Philanthropy.**

New York.—Whether resources of approximately a quarter of a billion dollars controlled by four great philanthropic institutions should be employed without government regulation in the promotion of enterprises affecting public welfare, especially that of wage earners, is one of the questions which the federal industrial relations commission will bring to the front here during its forthcoming hearings. Investigations have for the last two weeks been preparing data upon which to base the examination of witnesses.

The four institutions are the Rockefeller, Sage, Cleveland (Ohio) and Baron de Hirsch foundations, the latter represented in this country by Jacob H. Schiff. Their chief officers have been summoned to testify and will be asked, it was said Sunday at the commission headquarters, to tell what policies govern the distribution of their charities, their attitude toward labor problems, the nature of their schemes for social betterment; in sum, to disclose in detail the character of all their activities.

Nearly fifty witnesses have been summoned, most of these persons of national prominence.

In view of the fact that the immense resources of these institutions were chiefly derived from the profits of industrial enterprises and that they were now employing them in many ways affecting the conditions of wage earners, it was the desire of the commission, it was explained, to determine whether their policies were in every respect consistent with the public welfare. It was pointed out that the institutions were under no legal obligation to make their operations public and that it was a pertinent question to determine whether such immense resources were potentially dangerous, when not subject to governmental supervision.

In raising this question no implication was intended, it was explained. It was simply the purpose of the commission to call attention, without prejudice, to the power which these institutions were in a position to exercise, rightfully or wrongfully, especially in shaping public opinion.

VALUE OF FARM ANIMALS.

Statistics by Department of Agriculture Show Steady Growth.

Washington.—Farm animals in the United States on January 1 were valued at \$5,969,253,000. Department of agricultural figures announced Monday show this total, an increase of \$78,024,000, or 1.3 per cent over their value January 1, 1914.

Horses numbered 21,959,000, an increase of 1.1 per cent over last year; were valued at \$102.33 per head and their aggregate value was \$2,190,102,000.

Mules numbered 4,479,000, an increase of 0.7 per cent of last year; were valued at \$112.36 per head and aggregated \$503,271,000 in value.

Milk cows numbered 21,262,000, an increase of 2.5 per cent; were valued at \$55.33 per head, with an aggregate value of \$1,176,838,000.

Other cattle numbered 37,067,000, an increase of 3.4 per cent; were valued at \$32.38 per head with an aggregate value of \$1,237,376,000.

Sheep numbered 49,956,000, an increase of 0.5 per cent; were valued at \$4.50 per head, with an aggregate value of \$224,687,000.

Swine numbered 64,618,000, an increase of 9.6 per cent; were valued at \$9.87 per head, with an aggregate value of \$637,479,000.

Plan to Aid Unemployed.

New York.—A fund of at least \$250,000 to establish emergency workshops for unemployed men and women, and to be used also for loans to worthy persons in need of immediate monetary assistance, was decided upon Monday by the executive committee of the mayor's committee on unemployment.

Prohibition Rider Defeated.

Washington.—The senate on Monday defeated, 40 to 38, the motion to suspend its rules for consideration of a prohibition rider to the District of Columbia appropriation bill.

Ship Purchase Bill Taken Up.

Washington.—Administration leaders of the senate succeeded on Monday in again launching the government ship purchase bill on the legislative ways after ten days of delay.

Carranza's Men Leave Sonora.

Naco, Ariz.—Naco, Sonora, the scene of an intermittent siege for three months by Governor Maytorena's Villalita forces, was evacuated early Sunday by the Carranza troops under General P. Elias Calles.

Four Burned in Fire.

Sapulpa, Okla.—Four persons are expected to die from injuries received Sunday in the destruction of the National hotel by fire, following a gas explosion. Two other persons were injured during rescue work.

GERMAN ADVANCE CHECKED BY ALLIES

**RUSSIANS IN POLAND AND ALLIES
IN BELGIUM AND FRANCE
REPORT PROGRESS.**

**Turks in the Caucasus Have Met
With Another Disaster, the Rus-
sians Capturing Many Pris-
oners and Vast Stores.**

The allies in Belgium and France and the Russians in Poland are both making progress against the opposing forces, according to latest official statements issued from Paris and Petrograd.

The Germans, who are endeavoring to advance on Warsaw, seemingly have been held in check, while the Russian advance columns have stormed and captured the important pass of Kirlibaba, leading from Bukovina into Hungary.

The Turks in the Caucasus have met with another disaster in the neighborhood of Kara-Urgan, advices from Tiflis assert, the Eleventh Turkish corps being routed and all its artillery captured.

Regarding the operations in the Caucasus an official communication issued at Petrograd said that the Fifty-second Turkish regiment had been overwhelmed by a bayonet attack and that in the retreat of the Turkish troops, the Russians took more than 5,000 prisoners and vast stores.

Much of the fighting in Belgium has been done along the region of Nieupoort and Lombaertzyde, where the French claim to have forced the Germans to evacuate their trenches in the great dunes. There have been engagements also at various points along the great line extending to the German frontier, and in the Argonne the Germans claim to have secured the advantage, although the operations have been hampered by heavy storms. A German official estimate places the losses to the allies during the past four weeks in the west at about 150,000 men and at the same time fixes the German losses at less than one quarter of that number.

INVESTIGATE FOOD PRICES.

**Will Find Out if Illegal Combinations
Are Behind Rise in Prices.**

Washington.—With the department of justice, under instructions from President Wilson, seeking to determine whether any illegal combinations are back of the recent sudden rise in foodstuff prices, and the departments of agriculture and commerce compiling figures showing the amounts of food supplies in the United States and the recent increases in exports, the government began vigorous efforts on Saturday to cope with the food price situation.

In addition, legislation giving the president power to stop the exportation of foodstuffs when necessary, and other bills designed to lower prices were discussed informally at the capital, but there were no indications that anything along this line will be done during the present session of congress.

Two Battleship Bill Reported.

Washington.—In formally reporting the \$148,000,000 naval bill to the house Saturday, the naval committee said that while in the European war "the submarine has been effective in harbor and coast defense, it has not been able to control the sea as the superior battleship fleet has done, causing an enemy with an inferior battleship fleet to suffer great loss of merchant ships, blockading its ports and driving its commerce off the seas." The committee reported that therefore the two-battleship program had not been changed.

Jackies to Make Trip.

Washington.—All honorably discharged sailors who made the historic trip around Cape Horn with Captain Clark on the Oregon in the early days of the Spanish war will have an opportunity to pass through the Panama canal on the famous old battleship at the formal opening of the great waterway next March.

Socialists in Conference.

Copenhagen.—The conference of Socialists of neutral countries which opened here Sunday was very slimly attended. Denmark, Norway, Sweden and Holland were represented by four delegates each and Italy by one. Neither the United States nor Switzerland sent delegates.

Federal Judge Called.

Des Moines, Iowa.—Smith McPherson, fifteen years judge of the federal court in the southern Iowa district, died at his home at Red Oak, Sunday. He had been ill for six months, following heat exposure, inducing severe indigestion, in Kansas City last July.

Sued Under Antitrust Law.

Jefferson City, Mo.—A suit charging the American Bakery company of St. Louis with being a trust in restraint of trade was filed in the state supreme court on Monday by Attorney General Baker.

Killed by Night Riders.

Paducah, Ky.—Night riders Tuesday night decoyed Pedro Mohundro, a farmer, from his home near Lovelaceville and shot him to death, according to information which reached the authorities here Wednesday.