

## LUND TO CEDAR ROAD IS ASSURED

Development of State's Rich Deposits Iron to Begin Within Forty Days Now.

### SALE OF MILLION AND HALF BONDS ARRANGED

Information Given Out that Henry Ford is Investing in Iron County and Will Establish Large Factory and Assembling Plants in West.

The shriek of the steam shovel whistle, the advance of a vast army of laborers; the appearance of new towns overnight; the construction of miles of railroads the opening of vast coal and iron deposits—all these are promised within the next thirty or forty days for the Southern Utah iron region.

The Old Capital Fuel and Iron Co. is to commence the construction of a railroad from Lund on the Salt Lake Route to Cedar City, a distance of 31.9 miles, and the opening of their coal and iron deposits within thirty days.

Bonds valued at \$1,500,000 have been sold to Philadelphia capitalists, according to A. Meeking, Jr., president of the company. The Hanover Construction company has the contract for the construction of the road. The estimated cost of the road and sidetracks from Lund to Cedar City is \$800,000.

#### Henry Ford Invests.

It was learned that Henry Ford has invested \$150,000 in iron land. A representative of the Ford interests spent months in this region and quietly made his investment without making the identity of the interests he represented known. It is understood that Ford has planned the manufacture of iron on Utah lake and the erection of a huge automobile plant in southern California.

The combination of rich iron deposits lying adjacent to coal deposits makes the manufacture of iron an easy matter. Lack of transportation has prevented the development of this region for years and the construction of the railroad will mean that Utah business men and capitalists who hold iron claims and coal land will become wealthy.

#### List of Officers.

A. F. Meeking is president of the company, J. J. McClellan is secretary and treasurer, E. D. Dustin, Dr. C. F. Wilcox, Dr. E. D. Woodruff and George W. Morgan are among the directors of the company. J. U. Eldredge, Jr. is general manager. Thos. Glaze, a capitalist of San Francisco, Cal., is also an executive in the company.

Among the local firms which hold big interests in the Cedar City coal and iron region are the Milner Bros. corporation and Walker Brothers. It is understood that many of the big holders of valuable deposits in this part of the country recently got together and planned to work in close touch in the future development of the region.

#### Completing Arrangements.

"Our attorney is now in the East completing arrangements," said Mr. Meeking. "We expect to have all legal matters arranged within the next thirty days when actual construction work will commence. Utah capitalists could not see the possibilities of this marvelous region as clearly as Philadelphia capitalists and it was necessary to go East for funds, but Utah will benefit immeasurably as a result."

"We have just received an offer from the Hennessey Judge Coal company of Los Angeles to take from 1000 to 3000 tons of our coal per day. The company offers to negotiate toward the erection of docks to ship our coal to foreign ports. They have forwarded a contract for us to sign, but I have hesitated clinching the matter until I could name a definite date upon which we could commence to fulfill our part of the contract."

#### Rich Iron Deposits.

Metalurgists and mining experts have pronounced the iron deposits of this region to be purer than those found anywhere in the United States in such quantities. The iron lies lit-

## NEW EDUCATIONAL LAWS THAT PASSED

Provisions of Bills Passed by Recent Session of the State Legislature Which Affects Schools.

Utah has been placed in an enviable position in vocational education by the recent legislature. In addition to accepting the terms and benefits of the Federal act promoting vocational education known as the Smith-Hughes Act, the state appropriates for the benefit of the school districts \$112,500 which added to \$40,000 available from the Federal Government makes \$76,250 per annum. The law enacted by the legislature provides that this money shall be spent "for the promotion, aid and maintenance of vocational education in agricultural subjects, trade and industrial subjects, and the education health and in civic and patriotic service continuing over the entire year in the school districts of the state of Utah." The distinct contribution which Utah makes of education is the recognition that education should be a continuous process throughout the year and that vocational education, health education and civic and patriotic service education are all as equally vital in the training of the child as education in the common branches of learning.

Another important step forward in education was taken in the enactment of a law to provide for part-time schools and classes which in addition to our present compulsory attendance law. This law requires that "every minor between 16 and 18 years of age, or any minor under 16 years of age who has completed the 8th grade shall be required to attend a regular public or private school at least 30 weeks each year, unless such minor is legally excused to enter employment, and if so excused he must attend school at least 144 hours each year." This law will add to the enrollment of the schools 10,000 children between the ages of 14 and 18 years who do not attend school. The importance and far reaching effects of this law can hardly be anticipated at this time.

In another law, education in health was specifically provided not only for children enrolled in school but for children of the pre-school age, and permits boards of education to provide education in health for parents and guardians. Health education like vocational education shall continue over twelve months.

In the final hours of the session the House adopted Senate Joint Resolution amending the constitution, introduced by Senator U. T. Jones of Iron County, which if ratified by the people of the state in two years from now will provide for each school child between the ages of 6 and 18 \$25.00 from state funds for educational purposes in the district schools. To this extent, Utah becomes one district for the education of its children. Utah was one of the first to adopt the district school law which equalizes educational opportunities for the children of each school district, and now takes the proud place in educational advancement and makes the state a district to the extent of paying the salaries of the teachers to educate all the children in the state.

These added responsibilities so liberally and graciously placed upon the educators of the state at their request will require intelligent, efficient work on the part of the school men and women. WE MUST MAKE GOOD!

Fire was discovered in the corral of Mr. Arch Swapp two or three miles north of town yesterday afternoon, and word was brought to town by a man on horseback. The information was quickly circulated and two or three car-loads of men and boys from the business district quickly responded with buckets and tubs. There was water at hand and the flames were extinguished before the large barn and its contents were reached, so that the damage was but small. The fire is believed to have started from a spark issuing from the stovepipe of a sheep wagon which had been used in the yard.

erally on top of the ground and steam shovels can be used on circular tracks to remove the ore. The coal is equally available and the two deposits are close together. —Salt Lake Telegram.

## B. A. C. FIVE AT STATE TOURNEY

Defeat Weber High First Night With Good Margin; Expect State Championship

### WON SOUTHERN DIVISION FROM HINCKLEY MONDAY

Team Captures Both Games Without Presence of Coach, Who Was in Quarantine at Home for Flu—Six Teams in Tourney, 3 Games Daily.

A telegram received this morning by Principal Homer from the B. A. C. basket ball team who are participating in the state tournament at Salt Lake City, conveys the information that they met and defeated the Weber Stake Academy team last night by a score of 50 to 40. The telegram also states that the Weber boys are looked upon at the tournament as one of the best, if not the very best, team that they will have to meet.

After scoring another close victory over the Hinckley high school team for the championship of the southern division of the state at Beaver last Monday night, the B. A. C. basket ball team proceeded on to Salt Lake City to engage for the fifth consecutive season in the tournament for state championship, which they have won twice already.

#### Game With Hinckley Close.

The game at Beaver was a closely contested affair, the final score being only 33 to 32. It was realized that the Hinckley team would put up a hard scrap, for the game with that team was won last year by a margin of only two points, and they had all or practically all their old players back this year. The victory for the B. A. C. is made all the more brilliant by reason of the fact that their coach, the redoubtable Jack Christensen, who is an inspiration always for his men, was sick with the "flu" and unable to accompany his team, and the fact that Beaver had quarantined against this place for influenza prevented the usual delegation of rooters from attending. This left the boys practically without support, and with an audience whose sympathies are usually with the other team. Therefore it was up to the boys to make their fight alone, which they did with credit, and are again the representatives of the southern division in the state tourney.

#### Six Teams in Tournament.

There are six divisions in the state tournament this year, each represented by one team. Each team will play one game each of the three nights that the tournament lasts. On the second night the two teams winning with the widest margin over their competitors will be matched against each other, the remaining winner team playing the nearest competitor, and the two "scrub" teams being matched. The two teams making the best showing on the first two nights will play for the championship on the third night.

Coach Christensen and the entire school supporting have strong hopes of capturing the championship again this year, as they did last year and in 1916.

If the sporting editors of the Salt Lake papers are to be depended upon, the final battle is likely to be between the Bingham team and the B. A. C. In this case it will be a battle of brother against brother, and Christensen's team is coached by Jack Christensen's brother.

The outcome of the tournament will be awaited here with a great deal of anxiety, and if the B. A. C. wins the boys will be given a great ovation on their return.

#### The B. A. C. Team.

The following comprise the B. A. C. team: Carl Wood, captain and forward; Wood Urie, forward; Lester Blackburn, forward; Kumen Gardner, center; Preston Wood, guard; Golden Haight, guard; Dan Webster, center and guard; Corydon Walker, forward.

Join the Red Cross Clothes Line—have the wash clean and dry ready for the Red Cross collectors Thursday.

## FAMILIAR FIGURES PASS BEYOND VEIL

John Parry and William Walker Answer Reaper's Summons—Were Both Old Residents.

### JOHN PARRY

Hon. John Parry, whose obsequies were held at the family residence last Wednesday afternoon, was born in New Market, Flenstshire, North Wales, November 13, 1841, making him 77 years old on his last birthday. When about seven years of age he was miraculously healed by prayer. This was a factor in his parents investigating and joining the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

Fifteen years later the family came to Utah, crossing the plains with handcart, and locating in Cedar City in 1856.

In 1863 he recrossed the plains, going to Missouri by ox team for immigrants and in 1866 he responded to a call to go to Long Valley with other young men to guard the settlements from the attacks of Indians. In 1869 he married Mary Ann Haight, and they are the parents of ten children, nine of whom are living. In 1875 he was called on a mission, being sent first to Pennsylvania and later to England.

Through his pioneering experience he developed a capacity and willingness for discharging a large amount of service in the interest of the public. He was three times elected mayor of Cedar City and three times a member of the state legislature.

Among his tastes and ambitions was a profound interest in education. He truly appreciated the value and joy of learning, and was for a long time a member of the Board of Education of the Parowan Stake Academy. Later he was instrumental in securing the location of the Branch Normal School at this place, and in his capacity of county representative in the legislature, aided that institution in various ways.

Deceased was a most public spirited citizen, often neglecting his own affairs to render various services to the community at large.

He died quite suddenly March 17th, from the results of a stroke, being ill only a few days and suffering practically no pain.

The speakers at the funeral were: Supt. L. John Nuttall, Elders David Bulloch and Alex G. Matheson. All bore testimony to the good character and useful life work of the deceased.

The singing was by the choir, under the direction of Mr. Frisby.

A public funeral was prevented by reason of the order of the Board of health, but there was a large number of relatives and immediate friends in attendance and a profusion of pretty flowers, the long procession that followed the remains to their last resting place in the local cemetery bearing witness to the respect in which the community held the deceased.

One by one the older settlers are leaving us, and of assuredly we must look on the other side of the vale now for the big majority.

### WILLIAM WALKER

Yesterday afternoon at 4 p. m. at his home in this city, death relieved William Walker, a pioneer and respected citizen of this place from a long and trying bed of suffering from cancer, which attacked him some three years ago.

William Walker was a conspicuous figure in this locality for many years during the early settlement and development of this part of Utah.

Born in Sheffield, England, on Feb. 22, 1836, he emigrated to America in his early teens, crossing the ocean in the ship Setland, and landing in St. Louis. With his parents he made his way to the Salt Lake Valley, and was a member of the first pioneer company to this county, settling first at Parowan and then accompanying the first company of pioneers to this valley, where he has since resided.

As a young man he was noted for his athletic attainments, being a foot racer, jumper and broncho rider.

He made a number of trips into Southern California over the old Mormon Trail to San Diego, while Los Angeles was still little more than a village, for supplies, and was one of the first residents of this place to

(Continued on fourth page.)

## INFORMATION AND EDUCATION SERVICE

Governors and Mayors at Washington Conference Get Behind Campaign.

### CONSTRUCTION WORK TO STIMULATE BUSINESS

Yale Professor Claims United States Has Reached a New Price Level, and Doubts if We Will Ever Return to the Pre-War Level Again.

The governors and mayors in attendance on the recent Washington conference appear to have been convinced generally of two things: There is to be no immediate or marked reduction in the price of building materials and labor wages, and an immediate resumption of building and construction activities throughout the country, more than any one thing, is essential if business is to get back to the "as usual" basis of peace, or the "better than usual" possibilities of the present and future.

Some went to the conference believing materially lower prices might be had if the Federal Government would "just do something." Others were convinced that the situation would take care of itself if the Government would do nothing but keep its hands off business and let the law of supply and demand run its course. These latter were disposed to believe prices in the building and construction industries were too high.

For this reason a statement by Prof. Irving Fisher of Yale University, an acknowledged authority on price and market conditions, in which he says the United States has reached a new price level and it is doubtful if prices ever again will go back to the pre-war level, was read with interest. Prof. Fisher says that one certain way to bring about business stagnation is for everybody to wait for business to get better. Prof. Fisher states it this way:

"The fundamental practical question confronting business men is whether the general level of prices is going to fall. In my opinion, it is not going to fall much, if at all. We are on a permanently higher price level and the sooner the business men of the country take this view and adjust themselves to it, the sooner will they save themselves and the nation from the misfortune which will come if we persist in our present false hope."

This international authority on prices shows there have been times in history when new price levels were established. He says:

"The general level of prices depends upon the volume and rapidity of turn-over of the circulating medium in relation to the business to be transacted thereby. If the number of dollars circulated by cash and by check doubles, while the number of goods and services exchanged thereby remain constant, prices will double.

"The great price changes in history have come about in just this manner. The Price Revolution of the sixteenth century came upon Europe as a result of the great influx of gold and silver from the mines of the New World. Europe was flooded with new money. More counters were used than before in effecting exchanges, and prices became 'high.' People talked then of temporary inflation just as they talk of it now. But it was not temporary; it was a new price level. A similar increase in prices all over the world occurred between 1896 and 1914 following the discovery of the rich gold fields of South Africa, Cripple Creek and Alaska, the invention of the cyanide process in mining and the vast extension of the use of bank credit."

After analyzing our gold supply and credits and pointing out that prices in Europe are higher than in America, Prof. Fisher arrives at this conclusion:

"Business men should face the fact. To talk reverently of 1913-14 prices is to speak a dead language today. The buyers of the country since the armistice, have made an unexampled attack on prices through their waiting attitude, and yet price recessions

## AUTO ROLLS OVER WITH JOY RIDERS

Five Young People Have Narrow Escape From Death or Severe Injury—Car Damaged.

Last Wednesday afternoon an auto load of young people met with an accident which, had it not been for extremely good fortune, might have killed some of them. David Hunter got his sister Kate and three of his boy friends, Wilford Bergstrom, Albert Max and Jodie Hunter, in his new Maxwell car and started out for a little joy ride. The good roads in the direction of Lund beckoned them in that direction. Dave was learning his sister to handle the car. She was occupying the driver's position and had just given up the wheel. At this disadvantage, Mr. Hunter allowed the car to run down onto the side of the grade, and in righting it the strain was thrown onto the side of the car. A defective wheel gave way, and the car rolled completely over the occupants. The young lady was rendered unconscious for a few minutes and Dave received a nasty gash in his head which required surgical attention. The other occupants of the car escaped uninjured.

Mr. Hunter states that the top being up, and the car going over so quickly the weight was principally borne by the top and windshield, this accounting for the fact that no one was more seriously injured.

The car was quite badly demolished the top, one wheel and the windshield being wrecked.

Dave is thanking his lucky stars that no one was killed and does not seem to be worrying over the damage to his car, which he has had only about two months.

have been insignificant. The reason is that we are on a new high price level, which will be found a stubborn reality. Business men are going to find out that the clever man is not the man who waits, but the one who finds out the new price facts, and acts accordingly."

At the same time Prof. Fisher's conclusions were made known there came from the Division of Public Works and Construction Development of the U. S. Department of Labor a resume of the work of ten or twelve experts on price and market conditions. Here again it was made plain there is no evidence justifying the expectation of a general, material reduction in the price level. This report makes these statements:

"The fact is that cost of construction is not high today. It is low compared with food, clothing and commodities in general. Although some readjustments in the wages of individual trades and in the prices of individual classes of building materials may take place, the cost of construction will not come down to such an extent as to endanger a judicious investment made today in the erection of a new building."

The Washington conference was called to discuss ways and means of stimulating business and providing buffer employment for labor during the period necessary for industrial readjustment. It was submitted that building and construction work served these two purposes more completely and directly than any other industry. It was brought out that the country is short between 500,000 and a million homes. Therefore, while public officials are going in for public improvements, many communities are organizing "Own Your Home" campaigns. These serve several important and desirable ends. Home owning means home building, home building means labor and stimulated business in every locality where a dwelling is built, the home owner is a better citizen because his very ownership makes him responsible and immediately interested in the social and political welfare of his community. Further, the home owner does not take up quickly with radical movements such as are now threatening the security of governments in Europe.

The Department of Labor, through the Division of Public Works and Construction Development, is cooperating with many communities in the "Own Your Home" movement.

Elias Leigh and George Hunter are the latest arrivals from the service from this place.