

WEATHER FORECAST
Unsettled tonight and tomorrow;
possibly light rain in west por-
tion; warmer in south tonight.

The Ogden Standard-Examiner

Quite often the most interesting
news of the day is to be found in
the wantad section.

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STRIKE OF SWITCHMEN SPREADS TO WEST

GAS SHELL IS WEAPON USED ON RED CITY

Socialists Embarrassed by Demand for Labor for Recall of Soldiers

LAST IMPORTANT RED CENTER IS CAPTURED

Notorious Murderer of Hostages Killed in Fighting at Essen, Report Says

PARIS, April 8.—(Havas)—German regular troops have bombarded Düsseldorf with gas shells, according to a Mayence dispatch to the Matin.

BERLIN, April 7.—(By Associated Press)—The German cabinet have been placed in an embarrassing position by demands of labor leaders for withdrawal of regular troops from the Ruhr valley and for action in other matters involved in the situation which has resulted in a French advance east of the Rhine.

It is freely admitted in this action came as a surprise to the coalition government. It had been acting in the belief it had the support of all parties.

In official quarters regret is expressed that the labor demands amount to moral support of Premier Millerand of France and it is declared they are not feasible as the government is putting forth its utmost efforts to restore quiet in the Ruhr region. Liberal newspapers outspokenly condemn the maneuver, for which they hold Herr Legien responsible.

Make Last Stand
ESSEN, April 7.—(By Associated Press)—The last important red center fell into the hands of the government troops yesterday afternoon after severe fighting in the suburbs. The reds made their last stand off the canal, but when the reichswehr charged on both flanks the reds broke and fled. Some of them surrendered their arms at the city hall during the retreat while others threw them away.

Marcus, the notorious murderer of Munich hostages, was killed. The reds have started breaking up into small marauding parties.

Desultory fighting is still in progress in the rural communities in the neighborhood of Essen, where the material damage is said to be considerable.

During the last few days the red rule in Essen degenerated into indiscriminate looting.

Cold Blooded Murder
More details are now available of the earlier atrocities, notably the cold blooded murder of a lieutenant and 23 men who hoisted a white flag after tenaciously defending the pumping station.

According to the Lokal Anzeiger the Russian bolsheviks Ladek and Leyvne attended the red central council at Dortmund Monday and exhorted the reds to fight to the bitter end, the result being wholesale looting of villages, where the working men fiercely turned upon the reds. Many persons on both sides were killed or wounded.

The losses of the reichswehr up to Sunday are given as 170 killed, 348 wounded and 123 missing.

According to Die Freiheit, the working men at Eberfeld have organized armed guards against the marauding red bands. Hundreds of the disinclined red army, fearing the "white terror" look refuge in the British occupied zone where they were disarmed.

Die Freiheit also complains that several executions by the reichswehr still continue, notwithstanding the agreement to the contrary.

TURKS BURN AMERICAN ORPHANAGE Germans Killed In Clash With French

2000 ORPHANS SAVED DESPITE RAIDERS' FIRE

American Citizen Takes Lead in Taking Armenian Children to Safety

NATIONALISTS TAKE CONTROL OF VILLAGE

New Grand Vizier Inducted Into Office at Constantinople; Orders Read

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 7.—(By the Associated Press)—Turks have destroyed the village of Harounli, northeast of Adana, and burned the American orphanage there. Two thousand Armenian orphans were removed under fire and taken to Adana in safety by William Gilbert, Jr., of Yonkers, N. Y. They will probably be sent to Cyprus, as the Adana district is much disturbed.

Railway communication has been restored between Adana and Aleppo. Turkish nationalists have taken over control of the village of Barizaj, on the southern side of the Gulf of Issmid, about fifty miles from Constantinople, but there are few indications of troubles in Anatolia.

Hadjin, north of Adana, is still cut off from the outside world and other Armenian villages are being besieged by the Turks, according to advices received here. Hundreds of refugees are arriving in Adana daily. The railway between Adana and Konia, to the northwest, has been cut.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 6.—(By the Associated Press)—The grand vizier Ferid Pasha was formally inducted into office as grand vizier today and announced he would, in addition, hold the portfolio of minister of foreign affairs.

The new shah-ul-Islam, or the sultan's representative, in direct charge of religious affairs, is Durzade Abdullah Effendi.

Instructions read to the new grand vizier when installed in office depicted troubles produced by Turkish nationalists and said prolongation of a state of rebellion might lead to a grave situation.

SOLDIER GIVES JOB TO COLONEL'S WIDOW

DANVILLE, Ill., April 7.—Guy Kitchen, member of Battery A, 149th Field artillery, commanded by the late Colonel Curtis G. Redden, who was elected town clerk of Danville at yesterday's election, resigned today in favor of the colonel's widow, who was left with three small children to support.

Kitchen, who fought in eleven battles in the world war, was nominated by a number of his comrades on the Republican ticket for the purpose of winning the election and turning over the job to the widow of his chief. Colonel Redden died in France of pneumonia after serving throughout the war.

JOHNSON ATTACKS NEW YORK'S PRIMARY

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., April 7.—Senator Hiram W. Johnson, candidate for the Republican nomination, in an address here tonight attacked New York's primary system as "merely a left handed way by which the bosses get at the situation."

"It is designed," he said, "to prevent rather than permit expression of the voters' choice for president. The law was engineered by the machine organization which hoped by passing a law of that sort to prevent the adoption of a real primary system."

WILSON NAMES MRS. DANIELS A DELEGATE

NEW YORK, April 7.—Mrs. Joseph Daniels, wife of the secretary of the navy, has been appointed by President Wilson as the official delegate to represent American women at the eighth congress of the International Woman Suffrage alliance in Geneva, Switzerland, in June. It was announced here today. Thirty-one nations will be represented.

WAITER'S RISE TO RICHES FATAL TO MARRIAGE BLISS

CHICAGO, April 8.—Mrs. Bessie Webb Weegman was victor today in divorce proceedings brought against Charles Weegman, part owner and president of the Chicago National league baseball team.

Superior Judge Charles A. McDonald indicated that he would grant Mrs. Weegman a decree, \$400 a month alimony and custody of Dorothy Jane, 8-year-old daughter. An additional settlement was said to have been made out of court.

Mrs. Weegman said Weegman's rise from \$10 a week waiter to restaurant and movie theater owner had "caused his matrimonial failure."

AMERICAN NAVY DEFENDED BY U. S. ADMIRAL

Active List Never Better Prepared for War Than When U. S. Joined Allies

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The vessels on the active list of the navy were never better prepared for war than when the United States joined the allies and the navy department had "full and complete" plans to combat a German offensive against the coasts of the United States, Admiral H. B. Wilson today told the senate investigating committee of the navy department's conduct of the world war.

Admiral Wilson, now commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet, commanded the patrol force that first protected waters adjacent to the United States and later, based on Brest, France, cooperated in protecting allied convoys in the war zone and hunting U-boats.

Quick Action Taken
Within four days after the country entered the war representatives of the allied admiralties were in conference with Secretary Daniels and naval officials in Washington outlining the means by which the most effective assistance could be rendered by this country, the witness declared.

Referring to Admiral Sims' charge that an insufficient number of small vessels was sent abroad during the first few months of American participation in the war, Admiral Wilson declared that at a conference between Secretary Daniels and allied admiralty representatives about April 10, 1917, the foreign officials did not express any direct need for such vessels.

SHOUP REPLACED BY SPROULE ON S. P. BOARD

ANCHORAGE, Ky., April 8.—Stockholders of the Southern Pacific Railway company, in annual meeting here today, elected William Sproule of San Francisco to the board of directors in place of Paul Shoup, and re-elected other members of the board. No financial statement was issued. The directors will meet in New York City tomorrow for organization.

STRONG SHOW OF ARMS ENDS TEUTON RIOT

French Troops Taunted By German Crowds; Machine Gun Is Used

FIRING ATTRACTS CROWD TO SQUARE

Newspapers Not Permitted to Appear Under Orders of Military Rulers

FRANKFORT, April 8.—(By the Associated Press)—This afternoon's clash in that Schillerplatz between French troops and the population, resulting in the killing of six Germans and the wounding of some two score others, was followed by a strong display of French military force, which brought the restoration of order by the time darkness had set in.

It was a rumor that the French had been forced by the pressure of the allies and the United States to withdraw from the city. The crowd jeered and taunted the troops, yelling "You've got to get out!"

A French officer ordered the crowd to disperse, and when the order was ignored a machine gun was brought into play.

The firing attracted a great crowd to the square, encircling the troops. The French officer, being up reinforcements, four tanks between solid columns of soldiers rolling in ready for action.

The German police aided in the action taken to restore order, quickly stationing groups at strategic points to control the crowds.

The allies and the navy department happened in conversation with the correspondent tonight.

French Regret
"The French authorities extremely regret this occurrence," he said.

The earlier part of the day was passed by the French in completing their occupancy of Frankfort. It is understood that an entire division is employed in Frankfort and its vicinity, but plans were to reduce this force later to the size of a regiment.

The city appeared to be continuing its normal life, although the newspapers were not permitted to appear. Editors of the daily journals decided that the newspaper would not be published even if permission were granted, as long as the French maintained their censorship.

White and Black
"The invaders were white yesterday; they are black today," was the cynical comment of some of the bystanders. The early behavior of the French troops was conservative, however, and no criticisms were heard.

In mid-afternoon some of the French detachments marched out to take up positions in the suburbs, and the report immediately gained currency that Great Britain and America and Italy as well had disapproved the occupation, and that the French had been forced to clear out. The rumor spread like prairie fire and gained instant credence.

Excited pedestrians ran to the street corners to join the crowds watching the soldiers pass. It is understood that a movement was started to call a strike of short duration as a protest against the occupation, but the correspondent was informed shortly after noon that the leaders of the Social Democrats were counseling against a strike, fearing that the presence of idle workmen in the streets might lead to disorders.

Freight Movement Curtailed As More Switchmen Leave Yards

QUARTET OF BANK ROBBERS FLEE AS BIG GONGS RING

LOS ANGELES, April 8.—Four men attempted early today to rob the First National bank of Hynes, about twenty miles from Los Angeles, but were frightened away when, in cutting into the vaults, they set off a burglar alarm which rang not only in the bank, but in nearby homes of attaches of the institution. As they fled in an automobile the awakened attaches fired revolvers and shotguns at them. The robbers did not return the fire.

The robbers "jimmied" the bank's front door and apparently went directly to the vaults. Their flight was so hasty that they left behind their tools, including an acetylene tank, a blow torch, drills, hack saws, sledge hammers and a pair of rubber gloves.

This was the second recent attempt to rob the Hynes institution. The first failed when a young man tried a daylight holdup. The president of the bank, angered at the brisk demands of the robber "knocked him out" with his fists and he now is serving a penitentiary term.

FIVE HELD IN POT TO START HUGE REVOLT

Arrest of Boy and Girl Leads to Discovery of Plans for Uprising

EL PASO, Texas, April 8.—Five persons are under arrest and information is in the hands of the federal grand jury here which may lead to other arrests in connection with what teardrop officials say is one of the most pretentious revolutionary plots ever conceived in the border hotbed of Mexican intrigue.

For the arrest of a boy and girl carrying messages to Francisco Villa by military forces in the Big Bend district, officers admit the plan for the seizure of Lower California and simultaneous campaigns against Sonora, Sinaloa and Chihuahua might have developed to serious proportions.

Messages carried by Andres H. Villegas and Concepcion Perez, the latter said to be a niece of Villa, furnished information which led to the arrest at Los Angeles of Colonel Lamberto Chavez of Villa's army on a charge of attempting to smuggle arms into Mexico, and at Mexicali the arrest of A. Ordoz and his aide on a similar charge.

Chavez is said to be a colonel in Villa's army and Borboa had in his possession a proclamation naming himself governor of Lower California and naming his aide as chief of the army.

According to details of the alleged plot made public yesterday, the revolutionists were to cross into Lower California from the United States, seize arms and ammunition, of which there is a big supply, and conduct simultaneous campaigns against Sonora and Sinaloa, while General Villa launched a vigorous campaign in Chihuahua to divert the federal troops from coming to the aid of the state governments in the other two commonwealths.

When the movement was to commence was not announced, and details of the plot are being kept secret pending further investigation by federal authorities of alleged violation of American neutrality.

GIBSON LEAVES POLAND
WASHINGTON, April 8.—Hugh Gibson, American minister to Poland, left Warsaw yesterday for Washington, via Berlin and Paris. John Campbell White, secretary of the legation, is in charge during his absence.

Outlaw Group Forms Branches In Several Big Terminal Cities

CHICAGO, April 8.—Today will decide whether the railroad brotherhoods can control their men or whether the unauthorized and "illegal" strikes sweeping railroad yards from Buffalo, N. Y., to Los Angeles, Cal., have so disrupted the established unions that the leaders have lost all control.

Railroad officials and union leaders here alike agreed that today would bring the real test of strength between the strongly entrenched group of brotherhoods and the "outlaw" unions which have sprung up under leaders who voice their dissatisfaction at what they declare is the failure of the brotherhood officials to get more money for their men.

A review of the situation shows: Chicago, eight to ten thousand railroad men out; freight service reduced to about 30 to 50 per cent of normal; 35,000 packing house employees forced out of work by the shutdown.

Kansas City, 2500 men on strike; nine of the thirteen roads entering the city affected. Buffalo, 2700 men idle, seven railroad yards tied up; an embargo in effect against all freight.

Los Angeles, 500 to 1000 men on strike; three transcontinental lines affected. Toledo, O., 600 switchmen, all traffic expected to be at a standstill within 24 hours.

Gary, 300 men out. Strike spreading. St. Louis, East St. Louis and Milwaukee, men are holding meetings to consider organization of branches of the new "outlaw" unions.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 8.—The railroad strike has spread to Los Angeles where, early today, the Yardmen's association said between 500 and 1000 men on the Southern Pacific, Santa Fe and Salt Lake lines had walked out in sympathy with the strikers on eastern roads.

The strikers said their action here was the result of being underpaid and predicted the entire Pacific coast, if not the whole nation, would be affected soon.

The walkout here, which is in sympathy with the unauthorized strike in the Chicago switching district, came with practically no warning. Men on the Southern Pacific took action first, claiming more than seven hundred walked out of the yards, and declaring the movement had extended to all Southern Pacific lines from San Francisco along the coast, to El Paso, Texas.

SALT LAKE YARDS HIT
One hundred men of the Salt Lake yard forces were the next reported out, followed, it was said, by approximately 400 of the Santa Fe yardmen.

The walkout includes firemen, engineers, switchmen, oilers and other railroad yard workers. They said the strike was called by an independent organization as a protest against the conduct of the railroad brotherhoods in Chicago and as the beginning of a nation-wide move to demand "an adequate increase" in wages.

MORE WAGES WANTED
The men said a "considerable increase" in wages would be demanded of the railroads. They did not discuss this in definite terms, but it was understood the demand would have a 33 per cent basis. This, it was said, meant yardmen would ask 95 cents an hour and foremen \$1.00, with time and a half for overtime and Sundays and double time for a second eight-hour shift.

"We are underpaid," the men said. "We have had nothing but promises of more pay for the last two years. The cost of living is so high we must have more pay. When we could not get it any other way, we walked out." The strikers were scheduled to hold a meeting today.

CHICAGO, April 8.—The "insurgent" railroad strike, which began a week ago in Chicago had spread to other parts of the United States today.

East and west freight movement across the continent, already restricted by the Chicago strike, was hampered further by switchmen striking at such strategic gateways as Buffalo and Kansas City, and at such centers as Joliet and Decatur, Ill., and Gary, Ind.

Strikes were threatened today at Milwaukee, St. Louis and East St. Louis, openings to the northwest and the southwest. Strikers predicted also, that 25,000 men in northern New York would join them, cutting off freight traffic from Buffalo to New York and Boston.

The Yardmen's association, insurgent organization which called the strikes, was forming branches in numerous terminal centers, reports indicate.

Railroad brotherhood officers who came to Chicago to assist railroad managers in an endeavor to break the strike, declared that reports for today would reveal traffic in Chicago yards to be at least 60 per cent normal.

The strikers, however, claimed that by tonight no switch engines would be operating in the Chicago district. Officers of the Yardmen's association held to their estimate of 16,500 switchmen out in the Chicago district in addition to engineers, firemen and engine hostlers.

The insurgent engineers' association had enrolled 10,000 engineers, firemen and hostlers at Chicago, according to its officers.

H. E. Reading, organizer of the United Engineers' association, denied, however, that engineers were on strike. "They are not working because with the switchmen idle there is no work for engineers," Reading said. "We simply joined this organization because we were tired of the old one dominated by its officers."

The striking switchmen claimed that engineers and firemen had abandoned engines on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy; Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul; the Chicago & Northwestern, and the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroads at Chicago.

Arrangements were made for a conference today at Cleveland of the chiefs of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, Locomotive Engineers and Locomotive Firemen and Engineers.

W. G. Lee, president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, declares that reports of more than 5,000 switchmen out in the Chicago district were incorrect. He said the district membership did not exceed 5000.

Railroad managers repeated that they estimated the strikers did not number more than 2700 in the Chicago district, exclusive of engineers and firemen.

Officers of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen continued with their plan of bringing loyal members to Chicago to take the places of strikers. A dispatch from Sheridan, Wyo., said that several members had started from there to join those from points nearer Chicago.

Industries throughout the Chicago district had begun to feel the effects of the strike seriously today.

A motor truck freight service to Illinois and Wisconsin cities was started by one of the packing houses.

BIG AVIATION DEPOT BURNS TO SEVERAL

DALLAS, Tex., April 8.—Several airplanes, large supplies of lumber, the engine house building and the unloading sheds at the army aviation rapid depot, north of Dallas, were destroyed by fire early this morning. The loss was estimated by army officers at one million dollars.

TWO PERSONS HURT IN POP CORN BLAST

CASPER, Wyo., April 8.—Two persons were seriously injured, one probably fatally, and a dozen others received minor injuries last night when a gasoline tank on top of a street popcorn stand exploded. Windows were broken.