

UTAH—Fair tonight and Tuesday; rising temperature.

Fiftieth Year—No. 284

MAJOR MAC SWINEY'S DEATH FANS HATRED

POLICE IN IRELAND FEARFUL OF REPRISAL

ARTICLE TEN HELD UNNECESSARY

INDIANA MUCH IN DOUBT SAYS MARK SULLIVAN

Republicans Claim it But He Says Cox Has Good Chance There

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE STRONG WITH UNIONS

Furthermore, Factional Fights Hurt G. O. P. Writer Declares in Review

BY MARK SULLIVAN, National Political Correspondent of the New York Evening Post.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 25.—Of the five states in the middle western country lying between the Mississippi and the Appalachians and north of the Ohio, Indiana is the one that Cox has the best chance of carrying. His next best chance is in Ohio.

In one of the states, Michigan, he has absolutely no chance, whatever and in Illinois in spite of the factionalism within the Republican ranks, Cox has no chance. In Wisconsin, although the factionalism there is even worse than in Illinois, with the regular Republicans trying to defeat the party nominee for governor, and the La Follette Republicans trying to defeat the party nominee for senator, Harding will win.

It is in Indiana that Cox has his best chance. The Republicans now, and for the past three weeks, have been claiming the state by about 66,000 for Harding, with the Republican senatorial candidate, Watson, 55,000 or 20,000 less. I think these figures represent really sound investigation and a reasonably conservative point of view on the part of the Republicans. But 66,000 is not an insuperable handicap for a state as large as Indiana, and there are many factors that work in favor of the Democrats.

First of all, Lake county, which contains the two steel cities of Gary and Hammond, is almost a state in itself, and the best judgment is that Lake county will go strongly Democratic. In the conservative Democratic leaders, as well as the industrial region. But it seems to me the Democrats have the better ground for confidence. Union labor is strong in Lake county, and wherever union labor is strong Cox is strong.

UNIONS FOR COX

I think it can be stated as a generalization, applicable to Cox as a whole, that no other man who ever ran for the presidency will have as large a union labor vote as Cox. The American Federation of Labor is working zealously for him. For example, I have been told that the American Federation of Labor recently sent \$10,000 into Kansas to be spent on organization work for Cox. From the point of view of Democratic success, I think Kansas is a poor place in which to spend that much money and that it could have been used to better advantage in a state less thoroughly committed to Harding. But I cite it merely as an evidence of how thoroughly union labor is devoted to Cox's cause.

Furthermore, all the 13 congressmen and the two senators from Indiana are Republicans, and every one of them voted for Cox. From the railroad bill, organized labor is making a fight against the Cummins-Esch bill, and the aggregate of opposition to these congressmen and senators for no fulfillment until after one side shall have exhausted every reasonable effort to enter the existing league of nations with mild or merely interpretative reservations and the other side shall have tried every fair expedient to supplant the league with a new and different world organization for the preservation of peace or to enter it after thorough revision by the adoption of other reservations or amendments.

ASSURANCE OF VICTORY SENT TO REPUBLICANS

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—Will H. Hays, chairman of the Republican national committee, Sunday, sent a message to all state chairmen declaring that the campaign was an assurance of victory as certain as is the righteousness of our cause.

"Our campaign has been for a revival of loyalty and patriotism in this country," the message added. "It has had for a main purpose the re-establishment of an economical, efficient, constitutional business administration of the government at Washington."

"We fight for 'America first.' This means not only the preservation of our constitutional independence against super-government abroad; this means not only the protection of constitutional functions against White House theft of authority at home, but 'America first' equally means that the score of domestic problems close to every American household and which have been shamelessly neglected, must and shall have the constructive and progressive attention absolutely necessary if 'America first' is to last."

ROLLING HOME LATEST DEVICE TO BEAT HIGH COST OF COAL AND RENT

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—A bungalow on wheels, under construction by a Staten island resident and prospective inhabitant of Florida, is claimed to be the latest device for beating the high cost of building and railroad transportation.

William Ward, designer of the "rolling home," consisting of a living room, bath and kitchen, reckoned it would be cheaper to build, equip and tow his household, intact, by automobile to "where we shall not need coal," than to ship his effects by train.

MANY CHANGES FOR NATIONAL GUARD ADVISED

Immediate Reorganization Deemed Advisable By U. S. War Department

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—Immediate reorganization of the national guard is deemed advisable, said an announcement today by the war department.

The reserve and national guard officers of the general staff on duty in the department have been ordered to visit each corps area headquarters and advise the commanding general of the various corps areas.

The table of tentative allotments has been prepared, showing the number of troops to be organized in each state, under the national defense act. A minimum enlisted strength of approximately 427,000 men must be provided for the national organization of the national guard.

ASK COX AND HARDING PLEDGE LEAGUE ACTION

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—More than fifty supporters of Senator Harding and Governor Cox Sunday joined in an open letter to them asking them to work for the settlement of the United States' entry into the league of nations with whatever revision of the Lodge reservation two-thirds of the next senate may approve.

Asserting that the approaching national election may be indecisive of the dominant issue of the campaign and leave the vital question of our entry into any league or association of nations still undecided in the senate or between the senate and the White House, with decision more hopeless than before," the letter said:

"Whatever may be our individual preference as to the form the settlement of the league of nations question, or whether it is to be a league or a new association of nations is not the vital concern in this proposal. An affirmative answer to the call for no fulfillment until after one side shall have exhausted every reasonable effort to enter the existing league of nations with mild or merely interpretative reservations and the other side shall have tried every fair expedient to supplant the league with a new and different world organization for the preservation of peace or to enter it after thorough revision by the adoption of other reservations or amendments."

TAKE CASHIER FROM BED TO OPEN BANK VAULT

TOLEDO, O., Oct. 25.—Five bandits early today forced the cashier of the Commercial National bank to get out of bed, unlock the safe and turn over to them \$3500 in cash and \$500 in Liberty bonds. They gave first aid to his wife who fainted when they forced entrance to the cashier's home.

ESCH-CUMMINS ACT MAY GO TO SUPREME COURT

Railway Board Wants Information for Settling Disputes Over Wages

CHICAGO, Oct. 25.—The supreme court may be asked to interpret the Esch-Cummins transportation act as a result of the certification to the railway labor board of a number of wage disputes involving employees of electric railroads.

The board has been hearing arguments for two weeks on the question of whether or not it has jurisdiction under the act over such lines. A decision is not expected before next week. Either side may appeal to the courts if not satisfied with the board's decision, and members predicted today that an appeal would be taken.

The board has begun hearing the cases of employees of more than 100 "short line" railroads.

Unofficially members of the board indicate that the wage schedules laid down in the \$500,000,000 award last July to the employees of the big railroads will be applied to many of the short lines.

AMERICAN MURDERED AT MEXICAN COPPER MINE

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—M. T. Severy, an American, was murdered in Cananea last Wednesday, the state department was advised today.

The American consul at Nogales has been instructed by the secretary of state to request the local authorities there to take all possible measures to apprehend the murderer.

The consul, in his report to the department, said press dispatches reported that the murder was committed by Raymond Navarre, without provision and that Navarre, a miner who had been discharged by the Cananea Copper company, had escaped.

A reward has been offered by the Cananea company for the capture of Navarre and Mexican troops are engaged in a wide search for him, the consul said. Severy was a resident of Bisbee, Ariz.

LUMBER FREIGHT RATE INCREASES SUSPENDED

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—Proposed increases ranging from 1-2 cents to 6 cents per 100 pounds on lumber and other forest products, from Missouri river crossings to destinations in Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, South Dakota and Wisconsin, were suspended today by the interstate commerce commission until February 22, 1921.

NOTED ZOUAVE LEADER OF CIVIL WAR KILLED

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—Brigadier General Russ C. Hawkins, who won fame during the Civil war as commander of "Hawkins' Zouaves," died at St. Vincent hospital here today from a fractured skull sustained last night when he was struck by an automobile in Fifth avenue. He was 50 years old.

NOT VITAL, SAYS PRESIDENT OF LEAGUE COUNCIL

Covenant Just as Effective Without Article 10, Leon Bourgeois Declares

STATEMENT CONSIDERED OFFICIAL BY WRITERS

Says European Statesmen Are Surprised at Furore in the United States

BRUSSELS, Oct. 25.—Leon Bourgeois, president of the council of the league of nations, talking to American correspondents last night, said that Article X, of the covenant of the league of nations is not considered by European statesmen as a vital and essential element of the covenant.

M. Bourgeois said he had been surprised that this Article X had caused so much emotion in the United States. He stated that Article X could be eliminated without in any way modifying the effectiveness of the league of nations.

JUST A BACKGROUND

Article X, of the M. Bourgeois, is scarcely more than a moral background to the covenant. It is not considered so important by Europeans as by Americans.

"There is really no sanction, or penalty, in this article. All penalties provided for in the covenant in order to make the league's action effective, are in other articles."

M. Bourgeois' statement was made in the course of an interview arranged for American correspondents by M. Comert, principal press official of the league of nations. After M. Bourgeois had withdrawn the question was raised among the American correspondents as to the effect of M. Bourgeois' utterances on the presidential election in the United States. It was thereupon mutually agreed to withhold the statement until M. Bourgeois could pass upon it as being issued with the fullest authority.

STANDS BY INTERVIEW

M. Bourgeois was seen this morning by M. Comert, who then told the correspondents he had explained to M. Bourgeois the importance of the remarks, and requested M. Bourgeois to say whether he intended them to be published in the United States. M. Bourgeois replied that he intended that he was saying and was quite willing the interview should be printed.

M. Bourgeois, continuing the conversation, said he had been replying to questions regarding the prospect of revision of the covenant by the general assembly of the league of nations, which meets at Geneva November 15, next, said:

"The council of the league, being guardians of the covenant, are, of course, unable to go before the assembly with any project that alters the covenant. But individual states which are members of the league, may, of course, propose such amendments as they see fit."

BOMB HURLED INTO HOME OF SEATTLE RAIL CLAIM AGENT

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 25.—Explosion of a bomb, thrown through the front window of a house occupied by F. H. Shong, general claim agent here for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad wrecked the lower floor of the two-story residence early today. Four persons in the house escaped injury.

Police found portions of the bomb near a fireplace in the living room. Shong was unable to assign any reason for the attack.

KING ALEXANDER'S CONDITION GROWS MUCH WORSE, REPORT

ATHENS, Oct. 24.—Alexander's condition has become worse, says a bulletin issued at 3 o'clock tonight. His heart is seriously affected and he is suffering from suffocation, it is said.

The disproportion of the king's pulse to his respiration, with his increasing temperature, is causing the gravest anxiety.

JAP POLICE DISCOVER TWO BOMBS NEAR SHRINE

TOKIO, Oct. 25.—Two bombs similar to those which exploded in front of the house of representatives last summer, were found here today and removed by the police. They were outside a shrine dedicated to Japanese soldiers and sailors which was being visited by a number of prominent persons, including military leaders.

TERENCE MAC SWINEY



REASONS GIVEN FOR DECLINE OF PRICE OF WHEAT

CHICAGO, Oct. 25.—Federal trade commission investigators who have been investigating charges by Senator Arthur Capper, of Kansas that manipulation on the board of trade here was responsible for the recent decline in the price of wheat has completed its work here.

The investigation, it is understood, is to be pursued in all the leading grain centers, and later testimony leading export brokers will be taken at Gulf and Atlantic ports.

While the hearings are not public, it is reported that Chicago grain dealers told the investigators the four principal reasons for the decline were:

Public clamor for lower prices, backed up by reduced buying power which started liquidation in many lines.

A wheat crop above the average in both quantity and quality, coupled with bumper crops of corn and oats.

Discriminatory ocean freight rates against flour in favor of wheat, which have curtailed purchases by millers and keen Canadian competition.

CHARGES MADE BY SENATOR ARTHUR CAPPER ANSWERED BY GRAIN DEALERS

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THREATS FAIL TO STOP OPERATIONS OF GINS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—The government's cotton ginning report today showed a total of 5,712,057 bales ginned prior to October 18, and indicated that the sporadic attempts in the cotton belt to keep the gins closed until the price of cotton advanced to higher levels had had little effect.

The ginnings this year aggregate 7,953 bales more than the quantity ginned to October 18 last year when the crop was 734,000 bales smaller than the forecast for this year.

On the government's forecast of a crop of 12,123,000 bales this year, the ginnings to October 18 appeared to be about 47.1 per cent of the total. This is a higher percentage than was ginned last year to October 18—44.5 per cent—but lower than the average 45.9 for the last 15 years.

ARMENIANS DEFEAT TURKS AT FOOT OF M. ARARAT

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 23.—(By The Associated Press.)—The Armenians have defeated the Turkish Nationalists on the plains at the foot of Mount Ararat, near Etchmiadzin, the seat of the chief patriarch, according to advices received here today.

Georgia has sent an ultimatum to the Turks and Turans, threatening the war unless they withdraw their troops from Georgia's frontiers and also cease menacing Batumi, on the east shore of the Black sea.

JAP TROOPS LOSE 14 IN CLASH WITH BANDITS

TOKIO, Oct. 25.—Fourteen Japanese soldiers were killed and nine were wounded in a recent fight with bandits at Chien-Tao, Manchuria, in which the war unless they withdraw their troops from Georgia's frontiers and also cease menacing Batumi, on the east shore of the Black sea.

HUNGER STRIKE PROVES FATAL ON 74TH DAY

Mac Swiney Once Store Clerk, Later Poet, Playwright and Politician

PREPARATIONS UNDERWAY FOR FUNERAL PROCESSION

Police Take Steps to Prevent Demonstration Near Brixton Prison

LONDON, Oct. 25.—(By The Associated Press.)—Terence MacSwiney, the lord mayor of Cork, died at Brixton prison, this city, at 5:49 o'clock this morning.

His death occurred on the 74th day of a hunger strike that eclipsed any in the annals of the medical world.

MacSwiney, who had been unconscious 35 hours, did not recover facilities before he died. Father Dominic, his private chaplain, and his brother, John MacSwiney, were with him when the end came.

Terence MacSwiney was forty years old and was one of the most prominent Sinn Féiners. He started life as a draper's assistant, but became a poet, author and a playwright before taking up politics seriously. Later he became violently anti-English.

While in Wakefield jail, Yorkshire, in 1916, he met Muriel Murphy, daughter of a wealthy Cork dealer, who aided the jail, and shortly after they were married, despite much opposition.

MacSwiney was elected as a Sinn Féin member from Cork to the British parliament in 1918, but never took his seat. He was elected lord mayor of Cork in 1920.

For various political offenses he had been in jail, with brief intervals of liberty since January, 1916, and in October, 1917, secured his release from jail by hunger striking.

After the prisoner's death, his brother and the chaplain, who were waiting downstairs in the prison, were told by prison officials at 4:25 o'clock that they should go to the mayor's bedside, as they thought death was approaching. The brother asked for the privilege of communicating with other relatives who were not present, but the officials, it is said, refused him the use of the telephone.

After the prisoner's death, his brother and the chaplain were not permitted to leave Brixton prison until 6:15 o'clock. MacSwiney immediately conveyed word to the widow of the lord mayor who was staying at a West End hotel with Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien, the former being the London residence of the Irish Self-Determination league.

Mrs. MacSwiney, accompanied by her parents and the Misses Annie and Mary MacSwiney, sisters of the lord mayor, arrived at Brixton prison at 9:30 o'clock.

FUNERAL ARRANGEMENTS. It is understood arrangements are being made to take the body to Ireland for burial.

News of MacSwiney's death had not become known in the district around Brixton prison until after 9 o'clock. It is reported that the inquest will be held at the prison today, after which the body will be turned over to relatives.

MacSwiney was unconscious for 35 hours before he died, and it is stated. Father Dominic, therefore, was unable to give him communion, but he administered extreme unction.

The cause of MacSwiney's death was heart failure, according to a statement issued at the home office.

DOCTOR'S OPINION. This statement is considered an indirect rebuff to Dr. Joseph Oldfield, the physician and pathologist who had declared it was wrong for the lord mayor's doctors to administer meat juice and brandy. He said brandy was a poison, and that a man at the point of death was very susceptible to poison. Dr. Oldfield added that when a man fasted a long time the first food he could endure was fruit juice.

When one of the officials was asked regarding Mrs. MacSwiney's absence from the bedside when death occurred, he replied by saying the restrictions which had been recently imposed upon the visit of relatives were as vital to the prisoner's own interests.

PLACE OF BURIAL. MacSwiney's grave will be alongside that of his official predecessor, Lord Mayor Thomas MacCurtain, who was shot in his own home in Cork on March 20. MacSwiney will be the fourth to be buried in this plot, the others being MacCurtain; Sheamus MacQuirk, who was taken out of bed in his Galway home and shot, and Jeremiah McNestey, who participated in the Easter rising in Dublin in 1916.

These arrangements are contingent upon the possibility of governmental interference, which, however, is regarded as unlikely. The progress of the funeral party from Dublin to Cork will be marked by a series of services at all the populous centers en route.

Final obsequies will be held in Cork cathedral and interment will be made in St. Fin Barr's cemetery in Cork. The grave in which MacSwiney will be buried is known as "republican plot."

(Continued on Page Two.)