

WEATHER.
UTAH—Snow tonight and possibly Sunday; colder Sunday and in west portion tonight.

Fiftieth Year—No. 294

BILL FRAMED TO STOP GAMBLING IN FOODS

Ogden Police Officer Struck Down By Armed Negro

TERRIFIC BLOW ON HEAD FELLS ED. BUTTERFIELD

Negro Arrested for Theft of Overcoat Draws Heavy Pistol and Strikes

DETECTIVE UNCONSCIOUS FOR THIRTY MINUTES

Neighboring County Officers Take Up Chase for Armed Fugitive

Struck down by an armed negro who used a heavy revolver for a weapon, Detective Ed Butterfield of the city police department was unconscious for half an hour this morning and is suffering of severely bruised features.

The negro escaped but is being pursued.

Butterfield had just arrested the man about a block from the Union station and was crossing the intersection of Wall avenue and Twenty-fifth street with his prisoner. In the center of the intersection the negro drew his revolver and without warning, smashed the heavy gun into Butterfield's face. Butterfield fell to the pavement and his assailant fled.

Police started southward in pursuit of a freight train upon which the negro was thought to be riding.

The police traced the negro to Thirtieth street when it was taken that the negro boarded a freight train for Salt Lake. A report that the man had been seen at Roy on the train was received by the police.

At Farmington the train was stopped and a careful search of the train was made with no results.

NEGRO ARRESTED.

The negro was arrested on description from Willard Hales, 2926 Liberty avenue, who reported the theft of a nickerknaw coat from the ice plant in the railroad yards yesterday.

The nickerknaw was located in a pawn shop on lower Twenty-fifth street and it was to this place that Detective Butterfield and his prisoner were bound when the assault took place.

The nickerknaw coat was valued at \$5.

Butterfield was picked up by bystanders and placed in the police auto which arrived at the scene shortly after the accident. It was taken to the police station where Dr. H. W. Nelson attended him. One side of his face was severely bruised.

Butterfield was later removed to his home.

GROWDS GREET MRS. MRSWINEY AS SHE LANDS

Move for Establishment of Irish Truce at Christmas Takes Form

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—Mrs. Muriel MacSwiney, widow of the Irish mayor of Cork, who died on a hunger strike in Brixton prison, London, stepped quietly down the gangplank from the big grey liner Celtic this morning, landing her on her long journey to testify before the committee of 100 investigating the famine, with a view to the present reign of starvation.

The little woman, clad in mourning, was accompanied by Miss Mary MacSwiney, sister of the late Irish mayor, who made the journey with her. They were greeted by a reception committee surrounded with the tri-color bunting of the Irish "republic."

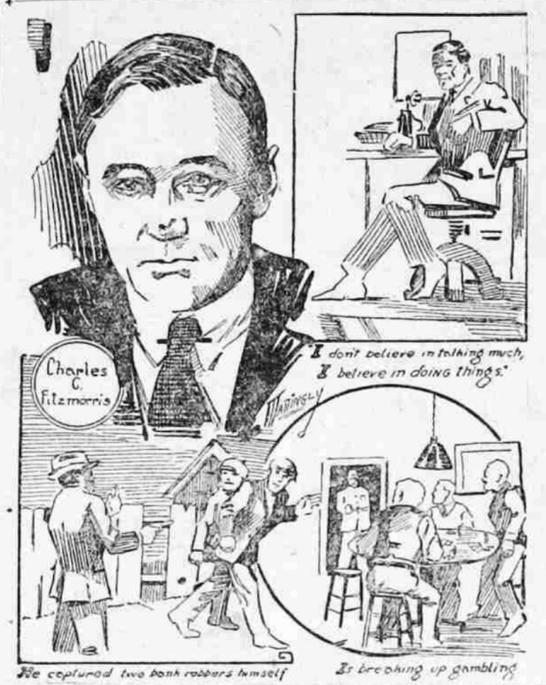
Outside the pier on West street, hundreds of men, women and children wearing mourning bands and carrying flags of the "Irish republic" were massed to greet the two women, but they appeared from a different exit than was expected and stepped into a waiting taxicab and were well started before the crowd knew they had landed. Immediately a band of young men formed a parade to escort Mrs. MacSwiney to a Fifth avenue hotel.

CHRISTMAS TRUCE.

DUBLIN, Dec. 4.—Resolutions appealing to the Irish republican parliament to negotiate a truce were made to securing an honorable peace were passed by the Galway county council, a republican body, yesterday. The resolutions expressed the opinion that the British government should withdraw the ban on meetings of the Irish republican parliament so that the latter might appoint delegates. They declared the present reign of shootings and burnings, reprisals and counter-reprisals detrimental to the interests of both England and Ireland.

It was ordered that a resolution should be sent to Premier Lloyd George together with the resolutions passed by the Galway urban council supporting the appeal of Roger N. Sweetman, a Sinn Féin member of parliament for North Wexford, suggesting a truce. It is said that the belief exists that Mr. Sweetman was not acting solely in his own behalf in making his proposal.

HE'S CLEANING UP CHICAGO



PUT COPS TO WORK, THEN PAY 'EM MORE, IS CRIME WAR PLAN

By EDWARD M. THIERRY.
N. E. A. Staff Correspondent.

CHICAGO, Dec. 4.—The new fashion of putting newspaper men in places of power—instance, President-elect Harding is being tried in the Chicago police department.

Chicago has had chiefs of police who were politicians, professional policemen and soldiers. Now a newspaper man, Charles C. Fitzmorris, at the age of 36, has the job of doing what the others failed to do—clean up crime.

"ABSOLUTE AUTHORITY"

"If things aren't rubber-stamped, and Charles Fitzmorris starts to clean up a crime," said a newspaper man who knew him when he started as a copy boy 20 years ago, "he'll make a thorough job of it."

Mayor Thompson says Fitz is not a rubber stamp. In naming him, the mayor conferred "absolute authority" and added:

"No one is authorized to speak for me or ask you anything in my name."

Fitz is going ahead on that basis. He has started to be a "go-getter." First he "got" a few men on the force by transferring 500 to new fields. Eight days after he took office he personally went out with a gun, captured two bank robbery suspects, and recovered \$3,687 in loot.

LINES OF ACTION.

Here are some other things he did before he was a month old as chief:

First he "got" the Healey gang of Mooney and made Lieutenant Michael Hughes chief.

Started to draft new anti-crowd laws, chief of which is a law making robbery with a gun punishable by imprisonment for life.

Started suspending delinquent policemen instead of using the red tape and whitewash of trial board charges.

Punished six policemen who let a wounded bank escape from a hospital by suspending them so each loses \$150 pay.

Initiated gambling raids that brought 452 arrests in one night.

Planned motorcycle squad to check clockwork regularity of Saturday night garret robberies.

Drafted plan for merit system—merit marks for good work and demerits for every crime committed from district captain down to patrolman.

INTERESTED IN COPS.

"I don't believe in talking much," he says. "I believe in doing things. I'm willing to co-operate with anybody who can help the police department."

"My policy is: First get the police to work, second, see they are better paid, third, demonstrate the need of more police—and get them."

In 1900 Fitzmorris, in a newspaper contact for boys, broke the world's record on a trip around the world. He showed such political strategy in Carter Harrison's campaign for mayor that Harrison made him his secretary in 1911. Though a Democrat, he was retained when Thompson became mayor in 1915.

Chief Fitzmorris has a wife and three children. His salary is \$6,000. Mayor Thompson says he is "a bird of a chief"—sure to be disliked in other cities because "crooks are getting out of Chicago while the going is good."

ITALY AVOIDS CLASH WITH D'ANNUNZIO ARMY

ROME, Dec. 4.—Orders have been sent by the Italian government to General Cavaglia, commander of Italian regulars in the Adriatic, to avoid all complications or painful incidents. Premier Giolitti declared last night.

PALACE OF ARCHBISHOP HURT BY SPANISH BOMB

MADRID, Dec. 4.—Bomb explosions are reported in many sections of Spain, considerable damage being done in various cities last evening.

At midnight an infernal machine exploded on the window sill of the palace occupied by the archbishop of Seville. It blew a large hole in the wall but injured no one, as Archbishop Almaraz was praying in the palace chapel when the explosion occurred. Bombs were thrown at the house of a laird owner in the village of Pinos Puente, near Granada, and the building was severely damaged.

Two flour mills in this city were shattered by explosions last evening, the outrage being attributed to striking bakers.

Reports from Verona state a general strike has begun there.

GENERALLY FAIR WEATHER IS PROMISED FOR WEEK

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Weather predictions for the week beginning Monday are:

Upper Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys, Rocky mountain and plateau regions: Generally fair and normal temperature.

Pacific states: Generally fair in southern California and unsettled and rains elsewhere in this district.

HARDING FACES COUNSEL FROM MANY SOURCES

Mark Sullivan Says All Sorts of Advice Will Be Offered Him

FOREIGN POLICY AND HOME POLICY, TOPICS

Senator Urged to Name Leading Members of Cabinet at Once

BY MARK SULLIVAN.
National Political Correspondent for the New York Evening Post and Ogden Standard-Examiner.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 4.—Senator Harding arrives in America today. By an interesting coincidence, which has, however, no more than a coincidental character, he arrives exactly two years after the day when President Wilson went out on his unprecedented trip.

Many of the questions which President Wilson went to Paris to settle are today almost as unsettled as they were then, and those questions which have been the burden of the last two years of domestic and international politics will again be the principal questions that Mr. Harding will take up with the advisers he had summoned to confer with him next week. During these two past years foreign and the laws of economics have made some little progress toward healing but the situation and the politicians have been less successful.

PUBLIC IS CURIOUS.

The public curiosity is chiefly intent on whom Senator Harding has chosen to come to see him and talk with him, and is focused on finding out what he will do about the situation. But, no less importance attaches to what the cabinet will be.

And this latter is for the present, more easily to be said than done, with reasonable accuracy. Within the past two or three weeks I have talked with most of the men whom Harding has invited to counsel with him and it is comparatively easy to predict what counsel they will give him.

This counsel will be varied in subject and on many points contradictory. To more exacting one might say more exorbitant of his visitors will urge Mr. Harding to put his mind instantly and exclusively on what they refer to as business conditions.

Several of the Republican senators and other leaders believe that the suffering of the business men from recent events in the financial and economic field is due to a number of causes, but that to run on into an economic condition which may affect large numbers and all classes of the community, and have the effect of making the situation more serious, is to be avoided by the new cabinet.

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ARGENTINA HAS RETIRED FROM NATION LEAGUE

Canadian Member Moves for Elimination of Article 10 From Covenant

GENEVA, Dec. 4.—Honorable Pueyrredon, the Argentine minister, today announced that Argentina has retired from the league of nations assembly, after announcing that the Argentine delegation had ceased its participation in the league.

WOULD OUST ARTICLE 10.

An amendment to the covenant of the league of nations, eliminating article ten, the most important section of the pact, was introduced in the assembly of the league today by Charles J. Doherty, Canadian minister of justice. The amendment will probably be referred to the league council.

George Nicoll, British minister of foreign affairs, today prepared to ask the council of the league to account for its failure to use its good offices in an endeavor to keep the Russian Bolsheviks and the Poles from fighting last summer.

Methods to be pursued regarding amendments to the covenant of the league will probably come before the assembly for a final ruling next Monday.

Francisco Garcia Calderon, the Peruvian minister of foreign affairs, today announced that he would resign as Peruvian delegate to the assembly of the league.

FRANCE EXPLAINS.

PARIS, Dec. 4.—France does not declare the constitutionality of the question of the constitutionality of the league of nations, nor the competence of Argentina's delegates to the assembly of the league at Geneva to represent their country. It was stated at the foreign office today.

This statement was prompted by reports published in Argentina that France was questioning the legality of the Argentinean membership in the league, the point being raised that her adherence could not be considered legal until approved by the national congress.

The report was connected in Argentina with dispatches from Geneva indicating that the deductions had been made there that the French government had received the admission of Germany into the league. The French foreign office expressed disapproval that the French adherence of Argentina to the league was reflecting any such view.

ARMENIAN NATION DECLARES ITSELF SOVIET REPUBLIC

LONDON, Dec. 4.—Russian soviet troops captured Erivan, the Armenian capital on Thursday, and Armenia has declared itself a soviet republic. It is asserted in a wireless dispatch received from Moscow today. The troops of the old Armenian government have placed themselves at the disposal of the soviet administration. The dispatch declares:

RENEWED BUSINESS ACTIVITY LOOMS AS CREDIT STRAIN FADES

BY JOHN W. HILL, Financial Editor, Iron Trade Review.

Recovery in business waits on three developments. They are: cheaper money, the completion of commodity price readjustment and the restoration of buyers' confidence.

Last week ushered in the first of these requirements. For the first time in months commercial paper rates are slightly lower. This means that the dreaded autumn credit strain is beginning to disappear ahead of schedule.

RIOT FOLLOWS REFEREE VERDICT OVER WRESTLERS

CHICAGO, Dec. 4.—Patrons of a wrestling match between William Demetral, the "Greek demon," and Jack Lincoln, billed as the "Russian lion," staged a riot which police reserves were called to quell at the Haymarket theater, when referee Johnny Myers gave a draw decision at midnight, stopping the match. Demetral had won one fall and Lincoln had a head hold on Demetral when the referee made his announcement.

DECLINES UNCHECKED. BUSINESS TALENTS LAST WEEK WERE LESS THAN THE PREVIOUS WEEK.

Inflated prices and feverish trade activity mopped up banking resources. Deflation is releasing these funds gradually, they will accumulate and become available as an accelerator for business.

DECLINES UNCHECKED.

Price declines continue unchecked. Dime's commercial activity reports that last week only seven commodities advanced out of 300, against declines for 193. Hides, hogs, low grades of wool, and iron and rubber, are among the commodities that have touched previous levels. The majority of prices are from 70 to 100 per cent above 1913. Business failures last week were less than the previous week.

TAX INSTALLMENT.

On December 15 the final installment of federal taxes for the year 1919 is due. It is estimated that 600,000,000. Business houses suffering losses from falling prices will find it hard to meet their share of the payment. An effort will be made to rush some form of relief for those taxpayers through congress when it meets next week.

CROP SHRIMPAGE.

Wheat and corn have dropped about 11.00 a bushel and cotton about 20 cents a pound since early summer. The total value of four crops—wheat, corn, cotton and soybeans—current prices is \$5,300,000,000. This is \$2,500,000,000 less than the same crops would have brought at 1919 prices.

Flour at \$8.50 a barrel is a precursor of bread prices. High current prices are the one exception to the general trend of food prices.

EXPORTS.

Low crop prices have attracted foreign buyers. October's total of exports was \$762,000,000, a gain of \$147,000,000 over September. This increase was partly due to larger shipments of cotton and soybeans. High current prices show that the world must buy American goods.

DAKOTA BANKS.

The sharp decline in crop prices has resulted in the liquidation of more than one dozen small banks in North Dakota and one or two in Illinois and Oklahoma. It is significant that none of the insolvent banks was a member of the Federal Reserve system. The situation is not serious.

AUTO DEVELOPMENTS.

Purchasers of control of the General Motors Corporation have now taken over. Morgan and DuPont interests have been announced. The support of this company in the present depression, by these three groups, reflects their faith in the business outlook for general and the automobile trade in particular.

FORD BOYS.

Henry Ford will pay \$7,000,000 in bonds of his company to the Ford Motor Co. He says that his working force has been reduced by 6000 men. The Dodge Bros. plant is to reopen after a brief closing. Manufacturers expect the January shows to stimulate some buying.

STEEL PRICES.

Some independent steel companies have cut their prices to the lowest levels maintained by the United States Steel Corporation. This should make for temporary stabilization in the great steel industry. The keen competition for the small amount of business now available may mean further reductions later, however.

UTAH TRADE.

Holiday trade at some centers is meeting expectations. In general, however, dullness prevails. Price reductions are becoming more general, although retailers now hope to take advantage of Christmas buying to avoid losses. Dry goods jobbers are said to be convinced that complete liquidation of high-priced stocks this year is essential. Shoe prices have been reduced.

MAIL ORDERS GROW.

Heads of large mail order houses declare that the present depression is such that necessity and low prices bring business. They advise merchants that the quicker they turn loose their goods for what they can get the less their losses will be.

WHEAT AND COTTON TO ELIMINATE CROCKETS AND BUCKET SHOPS

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Senator Capper of Kansas today made public his proposed bill to stop gambling in foodstuffs and cotton.

A tax of ten per cent designed to be prohibitive, on "future" trading in grain and cotton, except by actual owners or a limited class of traders under federal license, is the basic feature of the Capper bill, which is to be introduced in the senate next week by the author and in the house by Representative Thacher, Republican of Kansas. The ten per cent tax would apply to options and the measure would affect grain products as well as raw grain.

WOULD STOP GAMBLING.

The bill will stop gambling in wheat, corn, cotton and other farm products, and Senator Capper, "it will eliminate the wheat pit and the bucket shop. It will put out of business the thousands of wire houses and bucket shops, by making it impossible for gamblers and speculators to deal on boards of trade."

"The bill undertakes to preserve the legitimate 'hedge' but cuts out all gambling and speculation," he said.

Farmers, dealers and manufacturers buying or selling grain or cotton for actual delivery would not be restricted by the proposed bill, Senator Capper said.

HEAVY FINES PROPOSED.

Penalties of fifty per cent of the proposed federal tax, a fine of \$10,000 and one year's imprisonment for violation of the bill's provisions are incorporated in the Capper bill.

Sellers of grain, grain products and cotton who at the time of sale would be owners of the "actual physical property" and who would actually engage in growing, raising or manufacturing and registered with the internal revenue bureau would be exempt from the ten per cent tax. Such traders, however, would be limited to their dealings to three times their actual transactions during the preceding year and would be required to report all dealings to the internal revenue bureau.

FARMERS LOSE MILLIONS.

In a statement outlining his bill, Senator Capper declared that only about one per cent of "future" trading in the world's greatest gambling industry, and millions of dollars were lost by farmers, as well as speculators in the grain market. Senator Capper declared, assuring the consumer, as well as producers were the victims.

GAMBLING INSTITUTION.

"The Chicago Board of Trade as now conducted," said Senator Capper, "is the world's greatest gambling institution. More wheat was sold in Chicago in the month of October than was raised in the entire United States this year. This year's corn crop was sold fourteen times in Chicago before a bushel of corn had reached the markets."

"There is not the slightest doubt that the situation created by the bill bears on the Board of Trade was the chief cause of the recent disastrous slump in the price of farm products. Because a lot of market gamblers and speculators were buying and selling daily quotations, the farmer who has been forced to sell his hogs and cattle at a loss while meat still sells at war prices is again made the victim. The farmer already has lost more than a billion dollars by the bear raid. Brokers and commission houses have cleaned up over forty millions in margins and commissions. Brokers, gamblers who play the market have lost more than one hundred million dollars in the last 90 days in speculating in cotton and wheat."

EVILS RECOGNIZED.

"I find all grain and cotton dealers, millers and spinners recognize the evils of the present system and are anxious to stop gambling in food products. They will heartily support this measure to place the business on a legitimate basis. I am also assured of the support of the farm organizations. The commission houses, brokers, bucket shops and market speculators generally will fight it."

YANKS IN SAN DOMINGO EXPULSED RADICAL WRITER

HAVANA, Cuba, Dec. 4.—Horatio Blanco Fombona, a Venezuelan writer, who was arrested in San Domingo last night by the Dominican military authorities, landed at Santiago, Cuba, yesterday, having, it is said, been expelled from the Dominican republic. A dispatch to the newspaper El Mundo declared he was deported from San Domingo by the Americans because of alleged newspaper activities tending to incite the native population to mutiny against American authorities. Fombona, who in addition to being a newspaperman, has gained considerable fame as a poet, began a hunger strike while in prison in San Domingo protesting against his detention and the class of food provided.

CAPPER PLANS TO ELIMINATE BUCKET SHOPS

Prohibitive Tax to Be Imposed on Trading in Futures, His Scheme

BLACK BOARD AND WHEAT PIT WOULD GO

Framer Says Farmers and Consumers Lose Under Present System of Gambling

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