

THE EXAMINER

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The Examiner is a strictly independent newspaper. It gives all sides an equal show.
The Examiner has no favorites, and no enemies to punish. It will give the news unbiased and unprejudiced.

Communication will be received on all subjects presented in respectful language from known individuals, but the true name must be published in full. All letters and communications signed by non-deplumes, or assumed names, will be thrown in the waste basket. The brave man never hides behind an assumed name. Don't ask the Editor to be responsible for what you are ashamed of.

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On all through trains leaving Ogden on

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THE GILL LAND DEAL.

City Attorney De Vine, in his version of the Gill waterworks real, advances very little argument and volunteers but a modicum of information which would tend to clear the city administration of the suspicion of having juggled the whole water deal. What Mr. De Vine says is more in the nature of exculpating the Ogden Waterworks company from any charge of double dealing, and no doubt the part played by the private corporation was free from any intent at wrongdoing, but Mr. De Vine does not explain why the records in the County Recorder's office were allowed to proclaim to the people, during the water bond election, what seemed to be a fact, that the Gill property was a part of the water system which the city of Ogden was about to purchase, when he knew to the contrary that the records were proclaiming an untruth?

There are those who declare Mr. De Vine, during the water campaign, asserted that the Gill property was part of the waterworks system. Even though he did not, in an affirmative way, lead the people to believe the

Gill property went with the system, he negatively deceived them, for he should have taken advantage of the first opportunity to set the public right, and that opportunity presented itself when the Gill land was enumerated by others as being among the assets of the Ogden Waterworks company.

The discovery that the Gill land transfer, although made part of the deed from the waterworks company to the city, means nothing, has cast a cloud over every act in that whole transaction, and it has caused the people of Ogden to ask—as does Mr. Agee, who replies to Mr. De Vine—how many of these equities, escrows or options are still to be settled for at \$4,384.10 per acre?

THE SPOKANE, RATE CASE.

The San Francisco Chronicle presents the Coast view of the Spokane rate case decision, as follows:

The Interstate Commerce Commission has held that the rates from Chicago and St. Louis common points to Spokane are unreasonable per se, and has ordered very substantial reductions. The main ground of the decision seems to be that taking all essential elements of the situation into consideration, "the earnings of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern in recent years have been excessive." That, as our readers know, is the ground upon which the "Chronicle" has always held that our own people must rely not only for preventing any increase in transcontinental rates, but to secure their reduction. It was, of course, not expected that the Commission would undertake to upset the well-settled doctrine that rates between sea ports may be lower than rates by the same line to nearer interior points, and it did not. On the contrary, it expressly stated that rates from the East to Spokane might lawfully be made higher than from the same points to Puget sound. The decision deals merely with the rates to Spokane, which were the only rates before the Commission. The roads are at liberty to make their rates to Puget sound as much lower than the rates to Spokane as it finds necessary to hold the traffic.

The important part of the decision is the statement of principles on which the decision rests, and which will be applied to similar cases in the future. Each item in the statement is worthy of careful analysis and discussion, but we now call attention only to the second paragraph, which is as follows:

"Water competition may justify a difference in carload minimums and in the right of combining different commodities at the carload rate, as well as in the rate itself, but carriers should be prepared to justify such preference."

The sting of that paragraph is in its tail. It is a distinct notice that water competition, which justifies a preference for a seaport, must be real, and not merely imaginary. The existence of an ocean or a river which renders competition possible does not justify a preference for a city unless there are upon that ocean or river ships actively competing for traffic at rates which compel a reduction of rail rates in order to hold business. Rates over the whole line must, in the first place, be reasonable and equitably adjusted between communities. When that has been done, the railroad company may, if it so desires, reduce the rates to the seaport sufficiently below those which are reasonable to hold its traffic.

How that principle will work out as applied to Puget sound points as compared with Spokane, or as applied to this city as compared with Reno, has yet to be decided, but it would appear that if this city is to have preferential rail rates as compared with interior

cities, it will be by reason of actual sea competition, which shall be very different from any that has recently existed. And it would seem to be up to our merchants to make sure that they get such competition.

A CABINET MEMBER.

Of the members of President Taft's cabinet, Charles Nagel is worst in need of an introduction to the American people. He is to be secretary of Commerce and Labor. He is better known among lawyers and educators, according to advices from Washington, than to the public at large, although he served as a member of the Missouri house of representatives and is a member of the Republican national committee. He is a native westerner, having been born in Colorado county, Texas, in 1849. He comes of professional ancestors, his father, Dr. Herman Nagel, being one of a family of four brothers of whom three are physicians and his maternal grandfather and great-grandfather were clergymen. In the height of the civil war the pronounced union sentiments of Dr. Nagel compelled him to remove from Texas to St. Louis. Here Charles Nagel soon entered the St. Louis law school. Graduating from there he took a two years' course in the St. Louis law school and then went to the University of Berlin, where he took a special course in law and political economy. Returning to St. Louis in 1873 he was admitted to the bar and soon took an active part in municipal affairs. In addition to being a member of the lower house of state legislature, he was for four years president of the city council of St. Louis. Although he has taken an active part in politics and has extended law practice, he has found time to give much attention to educational matters. He fills a professorship in the St. Louis law school; is a member of the board of trustees of the public library, of the board of trustees of Washington University and a member of the board of control of the St. Louis Museum of Fine Arts. Mr. Nagel, as the Missouri member of the Republican national committee, served during the recent campaign as a member of the executive committee and was in charge of the western headquarters. Socially, he has been active in his native city, being a member of the University club, the Commercial club, the St. Louis club, the Round Table and Country clubs, and also of the Metropolitan club in Washington City.

CHANGES IN CONGRESS.

There will be many members of congress missed at the special session of congress. Twelve senators and seventy-seven representatives are entitled to the prefix "ex." Of the seventy-seven representatives who retired March 3d, Mr. Hepburn of Iowa, has served twenty-two years in congress and the vice president-elect, Mr. Sherman of New York, has served twenty years. Mr. Hepburn has been connected with public affairs since antebellum days. He was a delegate to the Republican national convention in 1860. Mr. Cousins of Iowa, and Delegate Smith of Arizona, have each served sixteen years. Jenkins of Wisconsin, Cooper of Texas, Overstreet of Indiana, Williams of Mississippi and Atcheson of Pennsylvania, have served fourteen years each. Mr. John Sharp Williams, long the brilliant minority leader of the house, retires to enter the Senate two years hence.

Some of the other representatives had a long service in the lower house, but twenty-eight of them have only served two years, or a single term. Adam Bede of Minnesota, who has contributed much to the humor of debate, and Bourke Cochran, one of the readiest and most effective orators of the house, will not appear on the floor on March 15.

Senator Teller of Colorado, served the longest term in the senate of any retiring senator, or since 1876. He resigned in 1882 to enter the cabinet of President Arthur, but was re-elected in 1903 as a Democrat, with which party he has since stood. Among conspicuous retiring senators is Platt of New York, who it will be remembered, resigned with Roscoe Conkling in 1881, since which time the nickname "Mr. Too" Platt has been incessantly used by his detractors. Senator Foraker, whose recent turbulent career is fresh in the minds of everyone, has served twelve years. Other senators who retired March 4, are Hemenway, McCready, Ankeny, Fulton, Gary, Hanchbrough, Kittredge, Long and Milton.

A NEW REPUBLIC.

It appears that a Caribbean Republic embracing Cuba, Porto Rico, Santo Domingo and Hayti, is a possibility of the future. At the time of the close of the war in Cuba, suggestions were mooted for the formation of a West Indian Republic, including these islands with Mexico as the piece de resistance. Mexico, by virtue of her proximity to the United States and through the benign and tonic despotism of Diaz, has been for a quarter of a century a stable government and would probably exercise a salutary influence over the turbulent islands to the south of us.

ANOTHER COAL STRIKE.

It is reported that four thousand men have joined the Mine Workers' union in Pennsylvania in the last week and prognosticators are predicting a strike. But there are only twenty-two thousand members of the union now, whereas there were thirty-nine thousand in 1901. Every effort is being

SALT LAKE AND STATE NEWS

MURDERERS WENT BACK TO SALOON

Discovery of Torn and Bloody Shirt in Bombino's Place on Commercial.

Salt Lake, March 6.—News:

That the murderers of John C. Barnett in the notorious American house on Commercial street returned to Bombino's saloon after their crime was circumstantially proved this morning by the finding of a bloody shirt minus the sleeves in a closet at the rear of the saloon. The places found in the room after the tragedy fitted the shirt and there is no doubt in the minds of the officers that it was the article of wearing apparel worn by the murderer when he beat his victim to death.

The police are still working hard in an effort to locate "Boston Joe" and Mann, the two men believed to be guilty of the foul murder of John C. Barnett, in room 42 of the American house, on Wednesday night.

All the trains have been watched carefully and the railroad yards and places where hoboes usually hang out have been thoroughly searched. Descriptions of the two men have been sent to officers throughout the state while some of the local officers have gone to Ogden, Provo, Murray and other points in the hope of picking up some clue that will lead to the apprehension of the murderers.

Hugh Meyers, the one legged man who came from Park City with "Boston Joe" and Mann, is still detained at the city jail and the police and Justice Hanks are firm in the opinion that he is keeping something back. They feel certain he knows more about the murder than he is willing to admit, but he still sticks to his story and offers no explanation as to how his hat and shoes become spotted with blood.

Last night an autopsy was performed on the dead man's body by the county physician and it was clearly shown that Barnett came to his death from the blows received on the head and face with some blunt instrument or bottle.

Today the jury again went over the premises of the vile den on Commercial street and discussed various phases of the murder. It is possible that a verdict will be reached by tonight, but may not be rendered until Monday. The jury will probably hear the testimony of others about the movements of the three men and Barnett on the night of the murder.

Twenty-seven of the 50 vagrants taken from the notorious American house on Commercial street, following the murder of John C. Barnett, were given "floaters" by Judge Bowman this morning and according to the police, the vagrants are being rapidly removed from the city. The court released them on their own recognizance, but there is a sentence of 100 days each hanging over them.

A man, Fred Stevens, pleaded guilty to the charge and offered no defense. He was sentenced to 100 days at labor in the city jail.

BOYS IN DRUNKEN REVEL.

Police Arrest Three Lads of Tender Years in Appalling Condition.

Salt Lake, March 6.—An appalling case of depraved youth was shockingly brought to the attention of the police this afternoon at First West and South Temple streets when Patrolmen Wood and McCarden placed under arrest three boys of from 14 to 17 years of age. The boys were so drunk they had to be dragged from the sidewalks and where they were wildly debauched. The boys were so influenced by the liquor they had taken that they were unable to tell their names to the desk sergeant when they were booked at the police station. One of the boys managed to mumble to the desk sergeant a name which he gave them and that were other boys who were equally as drunk, but they did not remember where they had left them. The lads were thrown into the drunk house and later they will be taken to the juvenile court and a thorough investigation will be made of the affair.

UNHAPPY WIVES GIVEN FREEDOM

Seven Mismatched Couples Are Separated by Order of the Court.

Salt Lake, March 6.—Seven mismatched and unhappy women were freed from distasteful and cruel husbands, in the third district court, Friday. The divorce will begin grinding early in the morning and continued until late in the afternoon. One of the seven divorces was granted in Judge Armstrong's division and the others in Judge Morse's division. The burden of the plaintiffs ranged from non-support to cruelty and desertion.

In Judge Armstrong's division in the morning, Mrs. Amy Houtz was granted a divorce from Julius C. Houtz, a mining promoter, maintaining offices in Ogden, dating from December 24, 1904. Although Houtz is reputed to be wealthy, there was no request for a division of the property or alimony. Mrs. Houtz is living with her father, William H. Howe, in this city.

In Judge Morse's division in the morning, Louise L. Nougier was granted a divorce from Nougier, to whom she was married in Emery county, Aug. 10, 1902, on the grounds of non-support and desertion occurring in August, 1907. She also had her maiden name of Webster returned to her. There are no children and Mrs. Nougier set out that the property rights between her and her husband had been adjusted.

Elizabeth Sahlin was granted a divorce from George E. Sahlin, on the grounds of desertion, and awarded the custody of the minor daughter, Gladys, 13 years old. The Sahlins were married here Aug. 20, 1894, and after they had lived together agreeably for 13 years Sahlin apparently grew tired of

and left her. September 7, 1907, was the date of the desertion. When Mrs. Sahlin last heard from Sahlin he was in Wilmington, Del.

Francis Tripp Taylor work and has taken to drink. Mauida Tripp Taylor charged. She also charged him with desertion Nov. 19, 1907, one year and one month after their marriage here. Mrs. Taylor was granted a divorce and \$10 a month alimony. Taylor is a teamster.

George Kay has bought Belle Kay one pair of shoes since April 20, 1908, according to Mrs. Kay's story. Although capable of earning \$3.50 a day as an electrician, he refused to work and she was compelled to earn a living by housekeeping. Mrs. Kay was granted a divorce, \$25 attorney fees and costs, and given her maiden name of Leonard. She is now living at 788 South State street. The Kays were married Feb. 11, 1904.

Manie E. Utley, who runs a boarding house at Bingham Canyon, was granted a divorce from Lafayette Utley, to whom she was married June 19, 1906, on the grounds of non-support. Mrs. Utley also was given \$50 attorney fees.

Lydia Miles said that George D. Miles had failed to provide for her and the two children, 2 and 4 years old, respectively, since last July, and she was given a divorce, the custody of the children, \$50 attorney fees and \$20 a month alimony. They were married here Oct. 11, 1904.

CONDUCTOR IS BOUND AND ROBBED OF \$19

Street Railway Man the Victim of Two Bold Highwaymen.

Salt Lake, March 6.—At the point of a revolver, Conductor John W. Goodfellow of car No. 317, on the Popular Grey line, was told to stop his car at the west end of the Jordan bridge, at 12:15 o'clock this morning, and step off, by two men who got aboard at the end of the line and rode to that point without arousing suspicion.

After doing as he was told, one of the men cut off a piece of bell cord and then gave the motorman, O. Snelgrove, the signal to go ahead. The men then bound Goodfellow with the cord and robbed him of about \$19. Motorman Snelgrove did not discover that the conductor had left the car until he arrived at the Denver & Rio Grande railroad tracks, five blocks from the bridge. Snelgrove ran the car back until he arrived at the place where he had stopped before and found Goodfellow lying beside the tracks, still bound with the cord. The robbers did not abuse their victim.

The police were notified, but only a slight description of the men could be given by Goodfellow.

BRIGHAM CITY NEWS.

Brigham City, March 5.—The new organization of the First ward will take effect Sunday. The new bishop is George W. Watkins, who was chosen last Sunday night to succeed John B. McMaster, who resigned the position. Mr. McMaster had served the ward many years, and was honorably released. Mr. Watkins chose for his counselors, Lorenzo W. Anderson and S. L. Hansen.

Funeral services were held Wednesday afternoon over the remains of Mrs. Annie M. Jensen, who died a few days ago at Mantua. She was seventy-six years old, and was born in Denmark in June, 1833, where she joined the Mormon church. She came to this country in 1850, locating at Mantua.

Marriage licenses were issued this week to the following couples: Parley Tingey, Brigham City, and Gladys House, Corinne; Bruce McMaster, Brigham City, and Estella Winger, Hyrum; William Rogers, Deweyville, and Mary Miller, Hyrum; Messrs. W. H. Rowe of Corinne, A. E. Holmgren of Bear River City, and C. W. Richards and T. F. Coombs of Fielding, returned this week from Cheyenne, Wyo., where they represented Box Elder county at the dry farming congress.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

The following real estate transfers have been filed for record in the office of county Recorder Wallace: Charles Ruter and wife to Bertha Tegtmeyer et al., a tenth interest in the southwest quarter of section 10, township 5, range 1 west. Consideration, \$1.

Peter Crezee and wife to Aldo B. Stephens, the north half of lot 12 and the south 1/4 of lot 13, block 2, Emmerson's Main Street addition to Ogden. Consideration, \$1.

Mary Ann Patterson et al. to Hans F. Patterson, part of section 22, township 6, range 2 west. Consideration, \$1.

George M. Ritter and wife to John T. Ritter, part of the northeast and the southeast quarters of section 12, township 5, range 2 west. Consideration, \$1,000.

Frank S. Higley and wife to Joseph Higley, parcel of land in section 14, township 5, range 3 west. Consideration, \$5.

SOLDIERS LEAVE RUIN BEHIND THEM AT CAPITAL
Washington, March 6.—After wrecking several lunch rooms, threatening the proprietors with bodily harm, if they interfered, and hurling bricks through the windows of residences, several members of Company K, Fifth Pennsylvania Volunteers, scrambled aboard their departing train last night, it is alleged, just in time to escape arrest.

Reserves of the Sixth precinct had been called out to stop the soldiers' "fun" and they charged the fugitives just before their train left. The proprietor of a grocery store is said to have been badly beaten and driven from his place.

RAILROAD TO BE OPERATED.

New York, March 6.—Vice-Chancellor Howell today signed an order authorizing Lerone D. Gedney, receiver of the Solomon River & Council City railroad on the Seward peninsula, Alaska, to operate the road during the open season in the coming summer. Mr. Gedney was appointed receiver in October, 1907.

The Car That Has Established a New Standard in AUTOMOBILE Values



Cadillac 30, the interchangeable car, Ogden delivered price \$1,550.00.
As much chrome nickel steel used in its construction as in the highest priced car.
Workmanship equal to the best American car.
Cadillac factory and system of manufacture only make this possible.
We will take pleasure in showing you them at our Garage, Grant avenue.

Browning Bros. Co.
2461 WASH. AVE. OGDEN, UTAH.

GROCERS CAN WHOLESALE UNDERSELL THE EAST GROCERY HOUSE

PRICES COMPARED BY AN ACTUAL PURCHASE. MEETING OF THOSE INTERESTED IN BIG CONCERN.

Shipment of Groceries From a Chicago House Cost Many Dollars More Than if Purchased in Ogden.

That Ogden grocers can undersell eastern houses is evidently proved by a bill of goods which was received by an engineer on Wall avenue who had given an order to the house of John Sexton in Chicago. The goods were inferior in quality and yet cost considerable more than a better quality of groceries sells for in any one of the grocery stores of this city.

The following bills of goods are duplicates, one from John Sexton & Co., Chicago, which, with the freight added, totals \$43.64, and the other from a local grocery store, which totals \$31.85.

From John Sexton & Co., Chicago.	
15-Dz. Pkgs. raisins.....	\$ 51
6 lb.-Starch.....	45
1 lb.-Pepper.....	43
16-Oz. cinnamon.....	80
15-Rice.....	90
16-Oz. mustard.....	80
5 lb.-Cocoanut.....	1.75
25 lb.-Coffee.....	7.75
5 lb.-Tea.....	2.10
1-16 oz. jam ginger.....	80
4-25 lb. granulated sugar.....	4.80
1-16 oz. lemon extract.....	1.92
1-16 oz. P. W. soap, 36 bars.....	2.10
1-16 oz. allspice.....	80
1-Qt. mustard.....	50
1-16 oz. vanilla extract.....	1.92
14 lb.-Hops.....	2.10
5 lb.-Peaches.....	.70
1-16 oz. cloves.....	80
5 lb.-Baking powder.....	1.85
1-16 lb. tapioca.....	45
1-16 oz. Gr. nutmegs.....	45
1-Gal. P. W. maple syrup.....	1.35
1 lb.-Chocolate.....	.36
1 lb.-Cocoa.....	.53
1-Dz. toilet soap.....	.93
Total.....	\$38.26
Freight Bill.....	
1-Box Groceries, 40 lbs.....	\$ 1.14
1-Cd. Baking Powder, 20 lbs.....	.40
1-Can roasted coffee, 1 box soap, 1 sack sugar, 240 lbs.....	3.84
Total.....	\$ 5.38

Ogden Retail Prices.
6 pkgs.-Raisins, B. R.....\$.75
6 lb.-Box starch, S. G......55
1 lb.-Pepper, best......35
1 lb.-Cinnamon, best......35
15 lb.-Rice, best head.....1.50
1 lb.-Mustard, best......35
5 lb.-Cocoanut.....1.00
25 lb.-Coffee.....5.50
100 lb.-Sugar.....6.45
3 lb.-Tea.....1.50
16 oz.-J. ginger......50
16 oz.-Ex. lemon.....1.00
1-Box soap, 50 bars.....1.75
1 lb.-Allspice......35
1-Qt. Rot. mustard......25
16 oz.-Vanilla extract.....1.15
14 lb.-Standard ham.....2.10
5 lb.-Peaches......50
1 lb.-Cloves......35
5 lb.-Baking powder.....1.50
1 lb.-Tapioca......40
1 Gal. maple syrup.....1.50
1-16 oz. Gr. nutmegs......80
1 lb.-Chocolate, best......50
1 lb.-Cocoa......50
1 doz.-Toilet soap......50
Total.....\$31.85

WOMAN SUICIDES DURING SPELL OF DESPONDENCY
San Francisco, March 6.—During a spell of despondency last night, Mrs. Louisa J. Jones, aged 30 years, wife of Alexander Jones, of New York City, committed suicide by inhaling illuminating gas at her home in Gough street. Her dead body was found today. She left three notes, one addressed to her attorney, E. W. S. Johnstone, of New York.

UTAH PATENTS.
Granted this week. Reported by C. A. Snow & Co., patent attorneys, Washington, D. C.—C. Canutson, Elsinore, beet-blocker. J. E. Sneyely, Salt Lake City, brush-making machine. For copy of any of above patents send ten cents in postage stamps with date of this paper to C. A. Snow & Co., Washington, D. C.

Members of Iroquois Club in Windy City Are to Be the Hosts on This Occasion.
Chicago, March 6.—A banquet in honor of Jacob M. Dickinson, whose selection as secretary of war is regarded as an honor to both Tennessee and Chicago, will be given by the Iroquois club here Tuesday next. The club is a Democratic organization of which Mr. Dickinson has long been a member. Mayor Dunne created a sensation in the club by refusing to attend. In a long letter he said Judge Dickinson had gone over to the Republican party and that it was highly inconsistent, if not ridiculous, for a Democratic organization to extend its congratulations to a member who has abandoned the party.

Judge Dickinson daily denied Mr. Dunne's allegation. "I have always been a Democrat and am still one," he said, adding after a moment, "although I did not vote for Bryan."

IT'S DIFFERENT NOW

Adam shaved with a clamshell and Eve fastened Cain's diaper with a thorn. Those were the clamshell diaper days.

Don't Be a way back number.

The Yost Gearless Water Motor Washing Machine is the modern helper for washday troubles.

Simplest Safest Most Reliable Motor Washer Made. It puts Cobwebs on your washboard and saves the woman.

THE MUD TURTLE

Lays as many eggs as the hen. But the mud turtle does not cackle. Moral: It pays to advertise. By advertising our Yost Gearless motor washing machine in the Local Papers, we have made wash day a day of pleasure instead of one of drudgery in many homes in Ogden. Will your home be the next?

Machine can be seen in operation at W. H. Wright & Sons

GEO. A. LOWE CO.

The TROYWAY Is The RIGHT WAY

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