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City Edition

# The Ogden Standard

FEARLESS, INDEPENDENT, PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER.

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, WEDNESDAY EVENING, JULY 16, 1913.

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WEATHER FORECAST

TONIGHT AND  
THURSDAY  
GENERALLY  
FAIR; NOT  
MUCH CHANGE  
TEMPERATURE.



## ORDER AMBASSADOR WILSON TO CAPITAL

### President and Secretary of State Want Immediate Conference With U. S. Representative to Mexico Regarding the Situation Throughout the Republic, With Respect to the Continued Attacks on Americans and Foreigners

## WARSHIP WAITING TO CONVEY THE MINISTER

### Action Follows Upon the Complaint of the European Powers of the Treatment of Their Subjects—Nations Ask United States to Announce What Its Attitude Is in the Present Situation—Rebels Petition Americans to Grant Them Rights of Belligerents

Mexico City, July 16.—Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson leaves here for Washington in response to orders from the state department.

Secretary of State Bryan in communicating with the ambassador, said President Wilson wished him to make a personal report on the conditions in Mexico.

Nelson O. Shaughnessy, secretary of the embassy, will be left in charge.

Washington, July 16.—President Wilson today, after an early conference with Secretary Bryan over the latest aspects of the Mexican situation presented by the inquiries of foreign powers as to the attitude of the United States, ordered Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson at Mexico City to proceed to Washington immediately for a conference.

Ambassador Wilson will hurry north on either the battleship Michigan or Louisiana, from Vera Cruz, if any delay would be entailed by waiting for a commercial steamer. Officials here believe that the almost total interruption of railroad traffic between Mexico City and the United States will force the ambassador to make his trip by water. He is not expected here before July 23 at the earliest.

It is believed in official and diplomatic circles that an important announcement of the attitude of the United States in the pending situation will follow the ambassador's conferences with the president and Secretary Bryan. The president's action today, following closely the unofficial announcement that some of the foreign powers which already have recognized the Huerta government were pressing for some indication of this government's attitude toward the continued disorders in Mexico, leads to that belief.

Secretary Bryan positively declined to add anything to his brief announcement of Ambassador Wilson's call to Washington.

However it is assumed that the administration desires to learn from the ambassador directly what influences actuated the foreign diplomats in Mexico when they jointly agreed to address their governments which amounted to a formal complaint against the attitude of the United States in its relations with the Huerta regime. President Wilson has kept an open mind on the subject and is thought to feel himself bound to adhere to the policy he announced early in his administration of lending moral encouragement only to such governments in Latin America as were founded on constitutional law and practice. It is understood that he is ready to give due weight to any representations Ambassador Wilson may care to make.

The president has had the benefit of private reports from several of his personal friends who have traveled in Mexico recently, but those were unofficial and not sufficient to form the basis of formal attitude if there were to be any change in policy.

Secretary Bryan was asked if the coming of Ambassador Wilson to Washington would change his projected lecture tour. He replied: "The newspapers might have assumed that my lecture dates would not interfere with business, instead of

ing German firms said today that they had received code messages from Gery stating that the Berlin government had made representations to the United States concerning the Mexican situation. The messages were said to state that if the United States did not move to restore peace in Mexico, Germany would take some initiative to that end.

**Famine Threatens Garrison.**  
Eagle Pass, Texas, July 16.—Famine soon will threaten the federal garrison at Monclova, according to General Jesus Carranza, who arrived at Piedras Negras late last night with troops enough to ward off an attack on that place by federals. Five thousand Constitutionalists surrounded Monclova, Carranza said, and all food supplies have been cut off. He said a detachment of Colonel Navarette's federal troops were defeated by Colonel Elizondo at the battle of Canela.

**Appeal From Pesqueras.**  
Tucson, Ariz., July 16.—"We pray you not to permit the nations of Europe to make of the United States a collection agency to collect moneys that they have advanced or have agreed to advance for the support of the murderous Huerta government."

This petition was wired to President Wilson today by Ignacio Pesqueras, the Constitutional governor of Sonora.

Mail advices from Los Mochis, Sonora, today say the commander of the American gunboat Buffalo frightened off a rebel force which had announced its intention of disarming Americans there by threatening to land blue jackets. The Americans, as a protective measure, had gathered rifles and ammunition which the Constitutional raiders wanted.

The same mail reported that the Americans at Los Mochis and Topolampas were entirely dependent upon the American warships for food and water.

## TO PRESENT GRIEVANCES

New York, July 16.—Representatives of the eastern railroads and railroad trainmen at conductors, in joint meeting here today, formally ratified the agreement to settle their differences under the Newlands bill and sent a telegram to President Wilson requesting him to inform them whom he would appoint as a board of mediation and conciliation.

**Grievances of the Roads.**  
New York, July 16.—The new phase of the arbitration proceedings between eastern railroads and their trainmen and conductors, namely, whether the roads will insist on presenting their grievances against the men while the latter argue for higher pay, was the subject of discussion today between the conference committee of railroad managers and representatives of the union. The meeting was called at the request of President Lee of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and President Garretson of the Order of Railway Conductors.

Since agreeing to arbitration under the Newlands act, the labor leaders have been scrutinizing the railroads' letter yielding to arbitration and they are worried lest the words "submit to arbitration" contain something in the nature of a joker. To determine, if possible, just how broad a hearing the roads expect they asked for today's conference.

The Erie railroad had not today withdrawn its refusal to be party to arbitration.

Messrs. Lee and Garretson today insisted that the Erie must abide by the findings of the arbitration board.

"During the entire negotiations from January to July 1, at which time a strike vote was canvassed," says their statement, "no intimation was given to us that the Erie was not dealing in good faith. The Erie men, therefore, are justified in their contention that whatever award is rendered by arbitration on other roads must also apply to the Erie."

"The committee men of both conductors and trainmen for the Erie system are now in session in New York and will insist on the inclusion of the Erie in the proceedings. Unless the railroad agrees to arbitrate a strike on the Erie system might be ordered."

## LAW AGAINST SLIT SKIRTS

Richmond, Va., July 16.—Blossom Browning paid a \$20 fine in Judge Crutchfield's court here today for wearing a slit skirt and declared she intended to go to New York at once, "where people are not prudish." She was charged with indecent exposure.

The skirt, slit knee high, and held by the police in evidence, was restored to Miss Browning on her promise to sew up the slash or not to "appear again in the streets of Richmond without a petticoat."

Miss Browning's lawyer argued that the sale of the skirt by a licensed department store permitted her to wear it. Judge Crutchfield replied that a city license for the sale of firearms did not authorize murder.

The justice, after an inspection of the offending skirt, blushing fined the defendant, who paid with the report that "Richmond was a most liberal city."

**COMMUTES SENTENCE.**  
Washington, July 16.—President Wilson today commuted to expire at once the life sentence of Thomas Powell, convicted of murder at what was formerly Paul's Valley, Indian Territory.

## MULHALL ON THE STAND

### Confessed Lobbyist Continues Testimony Upon the Activities of the Manufacturers' Association—Read Important Letters In to the Record

Washington, July 16.—A fund of \$500,000 to \$700,000 a year, raised by the National Council for industrial defense—an adjunct of the National Association of Manufacturers—for opposing legislation that the manufacturers did not favor, was described to the senate lobby committee today by Martin M. Mulhall. Mulhall testified he had no personal knowledge of the existence of such a fund but declared that a collector for the organization had recently given those figures to the New York World.

"I often have thought and have suggested," said Mulhall, "that the council ought to be investigated by the postoffice department. If it were investigated I feel that the gentlemen who run it will have a hard time accounting for the money collected."

The committee did not question Mulhall further on the subject.

Mulhall swore that money had been to him from the fund for political purposes, but did not explain what the purposes were.

Washington, July 16.—Martin M. Mulhall brought the story of his lobbying activities for the National Association of Manufacturers up to 1908 before the senate committee today and testified about the work of the association in promoting a tariff commission.

"The association wanted Miles and Schwedtman on it and wanted to control it themselves," Mulhall testified. He did not explain who Miles was.

Schwedtman was secretary to President Vanclote of the association. In James A. Emery, counsel for the manufacturers, wrote Mulhall on January 15, 1908:

"Doubtless you know we had a tussle on the floor of the house last Saturday, where an attempt was made by the Democrats under cover of an amendment to a conspiracy provision of the revised statutes to enact some of the worst features of the extreme labor legislation now before the judicial committee. Our friends stood firm and the attempt to make campaign plunder was squelched in the most admirable way and, very happily, a Democrat, Swager Shereley of Kentucky, took the chief part in the defense of the existing law and against the proposed amendment."

Another letter from Mulhall, written at Indianapolis on June 11, 1908, to Schwedtman at St. Louis, reported how "Mr. Watson had a large majority of the machine under his control."

"The convention of the miners will be held here on the 21st," it continued. "They certainly expect Gompers, Duncan and others. Three of the district presidents from the anthracite districts are my personal friends. I feel I might be able to do good work through those gentlemen, and it is too bad we are short of funds when the convention is coming with the opportunity for use."

Mulhall said he met Van Clow and Schwedtman on a train passing through Indianapolis, January, 1908, told them of the Watson campaign and spoke about \$100,000 being needed.

On January 1 Mulhall wrote to Schwedtman:

"Mr. Watson Friday told me that if there was any danger of any class legislation being brought up while he was absent from Washington to have Mr. Emery see Senator Menaway. He also told me to write Emery and say that Speaker Cannon would receive him at any time and he could talk freely and fully to the speaker and that everything would be all right."

**Letter From Foraker.**  
In January, 1908, Mulhall received a letter from former Senator Foraker suggesting that he visit Cincinnati "for a short interview." He testified that he made a written report to Foraker showing "how the senator stood among business men in and about Cincinnati. He did not testify whether the report was favorable. Foraker wanted to know if he would stand a chance to be re-elected to the senate and was still thinking about a presidential boom."

Mulhall got back to Baltimore politics and pushed forward two years to January, 1910. In a letter to I. H. Schates, he wrote:

"The situation in Baltimore politics is the rottenest of any city in the United States. Tammany Hall in New York, has never played such politics as are played in Baltimore for Tammany does encourage an active, pushing, fighting Democrat, but on the other hand if there is any clean Republican who attempts to come to the front in Baltimore, the gang that calls itself the Union league of Baltimore City, immediately gets busy and attempts to destroy his reputation as well as his usefulness to the Republican party. Besides this, everybody knows that the Stone faction has continually played to the rabble in the labor ranks. The choice is now open for the business men of Baltimore, if they wish to do something in the work, to bury stonism and all that goes with it. There is an earthquake arising underneath Mr. Stone and I believe he will soon feel the shake."

Mulhall identified a letter from C. A. Carlisle to H. E. Miles, chairman of the tariff committee of the association of manufacturers, urging the candidacy of Hon. Charles W. Miller

of Goshen, Ind., for governor, against Watson.

Two lists of congressmen who Schwedtman seemed to think might vote for a bill in which the manufacturers were interested was given in another letter to Mulhall. The committee will later examine Mulhall at greater length about the list.

Mulhall paused to pay a tribute to the late Vice President James S. Sherman.

"I want to say that Mr. Sherman always aided me and helped me in Washington."

He was always sincere and worked for the good of the Republican party. He was always a splendid and fighting Republican. I don't believe he had any other motives."

Another Mulhall letter about a campaign against Congressman John J. Gardner of the second New Jersey district, said in part:

"Defeating a man like Gardner will have more effect on radical congressmen than all the letters we could write in a year."

## CHINA FACES BIG REVOLT

### Southern Provinces Are Preparing to Declare Their Independence—Japs May Aid the Rebels—German Consulate Prepares For Defense

Peking, July 16.—The provinces of Kiang Si, Kiang Su, Kwang Si, Fo Kien, Sze Chuen, Hu Nan, Nuan-Hwei and Kwang Tung are preparing to declare their independence and to form a southern Chinese confederacy, according to apparently authoritative statements current here.

Fighting continues in the province of Kiang Si and large numbers of northern troops are proceeding there. The attitude of the Japanese is bitterly commented on here. The Chinese believe they are stirring up strife everywhere and Japanese officers are said to be fighting on the side of the rebels. The presence of Japanese gunboats in the fighting zone lends color to this belief. The southern provinces openly claim that they have received assurances of Japanese support.

Commenting on an alleged speech by the Japanese minister designate to China in which Yuan Shi Kai's administration was criticized, the newspapers pointedly refer to the recall of Charles R. Crane, former United States minister to China, after his interview in Chicago, and intimate that similar action would be advisable in the case of Enjuro Ramaza.

The German consulate at Nanking was surrounded today by insurgents. It was stated that in the event of an attack the Germans intended to adopt their own measures for protection. The trouble apparently arose owing to the extradition of two revolutionaries who had taken refuge in the German concession at Hankow.

## DEAD MAN SAID TO HAVE BEEN A HOLDUP

That George Hall the young man killed in Salt Lake as he was burglarizing a drug store early yesterday morning, was one of the men who held up and shot Wilford Cragun Sunday night appears probable from information secured by Detective Geo. Wardlaw, who is working on the case. The detective has the revolver supposed to have been used in shooting Cragun, and L. T. Alvord, the second-hand dealer, has identified it as the one he sold to George Hall several weeks ago.

The gun was found in the weeds near the scene of the shooting and one shell was discharged. Upon securing possession of the weapon the detective made a round of the second-hand stores until the gun was identified.

"George Hall was one of the finest young men I have ever met," said Violet Southern, a waitress at the People's restaurant. "Drink was his only fault. It caused us to quarrel some weeks ago and since then I saw but a little of him. I was awful sorry he died that way."

Many who knew the young man during his residence in Ogden believe the special agent to have been too hasty in shooting Hall without warning.

## AUTO PARTIES TO MEET THE TOURISTS

Plans for the entertainment of the Indiana automobile manufacturers, who are making the tour from Indianapolis to the Pacific coast by automobile and will be in Ogden Saturday, were completed today when the reception committee met at the Weber club.

Dr. and Mrs. H. M. Rowe, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Bristol, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Bigelow and Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Browning as the reception committee,

will leave Ogden at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon in automobiles and will meet the visitors at Provo. In addition to the foregoing, each garage of the city will send a party to greet the tourists.

Following the reception in Salt Lake the automobilists will leave at 9 o'clock Saturday morning and will arrive in Ogden at about 11 o'clock. A short reception will be given at the Weber club, after which the visiting and Ogden automobilists will go through the canyon, returning to the Hermitage where a picnic lunch will be served in the grove. Owing to the fact that there will be about 100 visiting automobilists, the picnic will be limited to the visitors and the reception committees.

The Weber club desires to have as many automobile owners as possible meet the visitors at the county line, Saturday morning. Able co-operation has been secured from the city and county commissioners and the route to be taken by the manufacturers will be sprinkled and repaired for their coming. Although the county roads are always in repair special effort will have them in good condition.

All the business men of the city have combined to make the affair a success by contributing towards the picnic. While the automobiles are here, they will be shown all the evidence in the hands of the club and Publicity bureau that shows the northern route to be the best.

## HAYDEN CONFERS WITH M'REYNOLDS

Washington, July 16.—Thomas E. Hayden, special counsel of the government in the Diggs-Cammetti white slave cases, against whom Democrats of California, through Senator Ashurst, have protested to Attorney General McReynolds, conferred today with Assistant Attorney General Graham. Mr. Hayden came to Washington from California to answer the protest and consult the department of justice concerning the cases.

The attorney general has not yet reached a decision as to what action he might take as a result of the complaints. Mr. Hayden also will discuss the situation with Senator Ashurst.

## DISMISS CASE AGAINST GEO. COX

Cincinnati, O., July 16.—Judge Caldwell in the common pleas court today granted the motion of the defense and dismissed the case against George B. Cox, the former political leader and financier. He was on trial on the charge of misapplying \$115,000 of the funds of the Cincinnati Trust company.

## LE DOUX INJURED

Los Angeles, July 16.—Charles Le Doux, the French bantamweight champion, defeated by "Kid" Williams of Baltimore last night, was said to be in bad shape today from blows claimed by his friends to have been foul. Two physicians were called to attend him and found he had sustained an injury in the groin which will keep him in bed several days.

## ROOSEVELTS IN STORM.

Grand Canyon, Ariz., July 16.—A terrific electrical storm, the worst experienced in the region for several years, raged about Colonel Theodore Roosevelt and his party yesterday as they crossed the Colorado river in Bright Angel canyon, en route to the Bad Lands hunting grounds. The crossing was made in the cage suspended from a cable 800 feet above the river. Lightning played about the cage and the colonel and his sons, Archie and Quentin, were drenched by rain, but suffered no other mishap.

## PRISONER SUICIDES

Castle Rock, Colo., July 16.—After having been arrested upon the charge of having attempted to kill Miss Nellie Cross because she refused to marry him, Charles Creelius, 27 years of age, manager of the Ewing-McMillan ranch near here, committed suicide in his cell early this morning by hanging himself with a strap from his artificial leg. Immediately upon his arrest he declared to the sheriff his intention of killing

## TRANSFER OF S. P. STOCK

Baltimore, July 16.—Commenting on the transfer of \$38,000,000 of Southern Pacific stock by the Union Pacific railroad for about \$42,000,000 of Baltimore & Ohio stock by the Pennsylvania railroad which was consummated today, President Daniel Willard of the Baltimore & Ohio said:

"There is no reason to suppose that the Baltimore & Ohio railroad company will lose anything by the large exchange of stock ownership, and it is not likely that it will gain anything by the arrangement. Its policy in the future will continue as it has been administered in the past. Baltimore will continue to be the chief Atlantic point of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. This will not be affected by the sentimentality of motives only but we will do it because it is in the best interests of the property to do so."

Mr. Willard stated that he believed the Pennsylvania had been more embarrassed by its ownership of Baltimore & Ohio stock than the Baltimore & Ohio had because of the arrangement, but whatever the situation may have been in the past, in the future it could be said most emphatically that the Baltimore & Ohio company is an independent property in every sense of the word and free to do whatever seems best for its own development and for the advancement of the communities which it serves.

## TURKS CROSS THE BORDER

### Will Begin Immediate Attack on Region Held By the Bulgarians—Australian Consul Reports Horrible Massacre By the Bulgars

Sofia, July 16.—Turkish troops yesterday crossed the new frontier line between Bulgaria and Turkey, running from Enos on the Aegean sea to Midia on the Black sea. They already have penetrated a distance of nearly twenty miles into the Bunarhissar region, the Bulgarian troops offering no opposition.

The Christians in the district are alleged to be fleeing before the Turkish troops owing to their excesses. It was officially confirmed today that the cabinet under Premier Daneff had resigned.

## Terrible Massacre by Bulgarians.

Saloniki, July 16.—Full confirmation of the reported sacking and burning of the Macedonian town of Seres by the fleeing Bulgarian troops and of the crucifixion, hacking to death or burning alive of many inhabitants has been sent to the Austro-Hungarian government by Consul General August Krahl of Saloniki.

Three-fourths of the former flourishing town of about 30,000 inhabitants is a mass of smoking ruins, says the consul general, who has just returned here from Seres, where he thoroughly investigated the situation. Another horrifying story of massacre reached here today from Doiran, a town forty miles northwest of Saloniki. Mussulmans there have made a written declaration, countersigned by three local Bulgarian priests, that the Bulgarians slaughtered 30,000 Mussulmans who had sought refuge in Doiran from the surrounded districts.

## To Capture Adrianople.

Constantinople, July 16.—The government is determined to push forward Ottoman troops so far as the stronghold of Adrianople, captured by the Bulgarians after a prolonged siege during the recent Balkan war.

It is expected that by this means the position of the government will be strengthened and consolidated and it is felt that even if the powers insist on bringing pressure to bear to compel the maintenance of the future frontier line between Turkey and Bulgaria from Enos on the Aegean sea to Midia on the Black sea, Turkey will yet be in a position to enforce the autonomy of the province of Thrace.

## TO FILE A BRIEF.

Washington, July 16.—Permission was given today by the senate public lands committee for Eugene G. Sullivan, president of the Sierra Blue Lake Water and Power company, to file a brief by next Wednesday in opposition to the Hetch Hetchy water supply project for San Francisco. Sullivan claims the city is facing a water shortage and that other supplies than the Hetch Hetchy are available.

## ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 16.—Several hundred delegates are here to attend the thirteenth annual convention of the National Electrical Contractors association, which opened today. San Francisco and New Orleans are making fights for the 1914 convention.

## CONVICTED OF BRIBERY.

Webster Springs, Va., July 16.—Rath Huff, a member of the West Virginia House of Delegates, was today convicted of bribery in connection with the late United States senatorial campaign. Huff is the second member of the legislature to be found guilty.

## TODAY'S GAMES

Cleveland, July 16.—(American)—  
First game—R. H. E.  
New York ... .. 9 9 3  
Cleveland ... .. 5 11 0  
Batteries—McCannell and Smith; Mitchell and O'Neil.

Brooklyn, July 16.—(National)—  
Chicago and Brooklyn tied ninth.

Pirates Defeat Braves.  
Boston, July 16.—(National)—  
R. H. E.  
Pittsburg ... .. 3 4 2  
Boston ... .. 1 6 2  
Batteries—Camnitz, Hess and Rariden.

Quakers Beat Cardinals.  
Philadelphia, July 16.—(National)—  
R. H. E.  
St. Louis ... .. 3 5 1  
Philadelphia ... .. 4 10 2  
Batteries—Griner and Wingo; Brennan, Mayer, Rixey and Killifer, Howley.

Giants Beat Reds.  
New York, July 16.—(National)—  
R. H. E.  
Cincinnati ... .. 3 9 2  
New York ... .. 5 8 1  
Batteries—Suggs, Packard and Clarke; Tesreau and Meyers.

Athletics Shut Out Sox.  
Chicago, July 16.—(American)—  
First game—R. H. E.  
Philadelphia ... .. 1 8 0  
Chicago ... .. 0 3 0  
Batteries—Brown, Bender and Lapp; Schang; Clotte and Schalk.  
(10 innings.)  
(Additional Sports on Page Two)

**BASEBALL**  
TOMORROW AFTERNOON  
MISSOULA vs. OGDEN  
Glenwood Park  
3:15 p.m.  
Everybody Welcome.