

TONIGHT—PATHE DAILY NEWS

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BRIEF SKETCH OF TRAVEL IN EUROPE

Alva Scoville was the speaker last night at the sacrament meeting in the Sixth ward meeting house. Mr. Scoville recently returned from an eight months' pleasure trip in Europe and his talk included brief historical sketches of the countries which he visited, together with descriptions of features of interest which he noted while there.

A special musical program was rendered at the session. Prof. C. C. Clive of Salt Lake gave the "Sextette from Lucia" on the piano, playing it with one hand; the Misses May and Ruth Schofield sang "Spring Time in the South," and Miss May Schofield sang "Good Bye, Sweet Day."

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Read the Classified Ads. Read the Classified Ads.

CHAUTAUQUA LECTURERS PROVE MOST ENTERTAINING

Count Lochwitzky Tells of the Horrors of Prison Life in Russia—Dr. L. G. Herbert on "The Crisis and the Call"—Metropolitan Musical Club Renders Excellent Program—Children's Story Hour by Miss Maude Stevens.

If the remaining days of the 1914 session of the Utah Chautauqua association are as full of interest as the first two days have been—and the officers predict that they will be—the lectures, concerts and other features that are yet to be presented will be worthy of much better patronage than has been accorded thus far.

Yesterday afternoon an audience that only half filled the Glenwood park pavilion listened in tense interest to a story of cruelty and oppression that rivaled that of the dark ages. It was told by Alexander M. Lochwitzky, LL.D., late lieutenant-colonel and chief of bureau of the Russian count.

Colonel Lochwitzky's narrative was preceded by the rendition of the following program by the Metropolitan Ladies' orchestra, assisted by Miss Fern Hartsuch, soprano and violinist. Maryland-Marche Sacred Overture, Providence Tobani Vocal Solo, "God Shall Wipe Away All Tears," Miss Hartsuch Violin Solo, "Romance," Rubenstein-Wienawski, Miss Hartsuch.

The young ladies are all accomplished musicians and their program was greatly enjoyed by the Chautauqua patrons. Colonel Lochwitzky began his talk at 2:30 o'clock and so interesting did it prove that at 4:30 when he asked the audience whether or not he should finish the story, he was urged by his hearers to continue. He did so and for another half hour held close attention.

The story he told was of his own experience as a Russian nobleman, his educational and social life, as a military officer among the common people and as a political prisoner in Siberia. While, to the enlightened American, the history of Russian oppression and cruelty is not by any means unknown, to hear of it from one who had passed through many of its mental and physical tortures was convincing proof that but a small part of that history has been put on paper.

The speaker drew his word pictures vividly, beginning with his early childhood, when, after his mother who, before her marriage, was the Countess Nikitine, died in giving him birth; his father, the late General Michael Lochwitzky, married again; and his stepmother failed to give him any of the motherly care he craved. He was well educated through the desire of his father, but he was ambitious for a military career.

Each year he would pass a few weeks on his estate and on one of these visits he came into contact with the peasants and was brought into a realization of the sufferings they had to endure.

In telling of this, Colonel Lochwitzky explained the Russian tax system, showing how the ignorant peasant pays 98 per cent of whom he said are unable to read or write, were forced to pay their taxes several times over on account of being given registered letter receipts, instead of a receipt for their tax money.

This dense ignorance appalled the young count and, through a desire to help them, he furnished the money to found a free school. This act finally led to his arrest under most trying circumstances, imprisonment in the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul, in St. Petersburg, without being permitted to see his wife or children. At the time of his arrest he had been married six years.

In this part of his narrative he told of the methods of the Russian secret service and of the awful treatment of prisoners in the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul where he was kept for 18 months, in solitary confinement, being permitted to see his wife only once under circumstances worse than death, and then sentenced to four years at hard labor in the Island of St. Sakhallen, Siberia, with a twelve years' exile in Siberia proper to follow. This sentence was given him by what is known as "administrative process," which, in brief, means without trial.

His story of life on the Island of St. Sakhallen, with 25,000 other exiles, out of 30,000 population, was a recital of almost unbelievable atrocities. But when death seemed near he said, God came to his aid. The four years on the Island finally came to an end and he was sent to Vladivostok, Siberia, where he became secretary to the British consul. He finally escaped from Vladivostok in a Chinese fishing boat, to a Japanese steamer and was taken to Japan. He remained in Japan until the Russo-Japanese war broke out and then came to the United States. He has not seen his family since the time of his first arrest and his wife was forced by imperial decree to marry again, about eight years ago.

Colonel Lochwitzky is now an American citizen and is fighting the "white slave" traffic as a special officer. One of the most impressive parts of his talk was his sincere testimony that the day of miracles was not past and that he knew that God had answered his prayers many times. In closing he said: "Will the world at large permit the crucifixion of Russia to go on? My solution (and hope) are that international protest will put a stop to unnecessary brutality and barbarism. The Russian czar must hear the con-

demning indignation of other countries, expressed in unmistakable terms, showing an organized movement of all powers to put an end to the brutal autocratic regime. "But, first of all, there must be a resolutely expressed 'public opinion' in behalf of the downtrodden Russian subjects installed and spread throughout the world. Public opinion is a tremendous power, stronger than the power of the autocrat of all the Russias. It binds people hearts in a tie stronger than any chains that may be forged.

The American nation must take the lead in this movement and especially the women. "Professor Burrill of the Northwestern university at Evanston, Ill., after spending two years in Russia and Siberia, concurs with me. He said: 'You are right; when this public opinion rises sure and firm and strong, no material force on earth can stop it for it is 'God himself moving about among men.' Let but the united opinion of the American people be once spoken sternly, inexorably and this voice of the people will indeed be the voice of God, causing the corrupt bureaucracy of Russia to cower. Her fires of hell can be quenched by her own people, we, the citizens of free America, will only sound the alarm."

"May every soul that touches mine Be it the slightest contact, get therefrom some good, Some little grace, one kindly thought, One inspiration yet unfeigned, one bit of courage. For the darkening sky, one gleam of faith To brave the thickening hills of life; One glimpse of brighter skies beyond the gathering mists, To make this life worth while and Heaven a surer heritage."

During the last hour of Colonel Lochwitzky's address in the pavilion, Miss Maude Stevens conducted a "Children's Story Hour" in the grove and the many little friends, whom she has already found in Ogden, were kept well entertained and interested during that period of time.

At 5 o'clock the Metropolitan ladies orchestra gave a concert consisting of the following numbered March, "Religioso" Overture, "Poet and Peasant" Vocal solo, "The Lord Is My Light" Selection, "Il Trovatore," "Nazareth" Reading, Miss Truitt Sacred Overture, "Joy to the World" Violin solo, "Legende," Miss Alfonte Selection, "Maritana."

Most of the afternoon crowd remained for this event and was well repaid. At the evening session the orchestra played several well chosen numbers as a prelude to the address given by Dr. L. G. Herbert. In his address Dr. Herbert, in addition to displaying rare intellectual attainments, proved himself to be a broad minded humanitarian and student of sociology. His talk was largely in the nature of a sermon, in which splendid advice was given to the old and young of both sexes for their welfare as individuals and as component parts of a community.

In the forepart of his address he dwelt upon economic conditions in the different countries of Europe, telling of the work that is being done for the common people of England through the fearlessness of David Lloyd George, chancellor of the exchequer, and other men who have risen from the ranks of the common people.

He also spoke of Germany, mentioning the many changes in the economic life of that country, in particular old age pensions, occupational insurance, etc. He said, he said, was predicted at a not far distant day the yoke of the autocrat would be thrown off and the mass of the people would come into its own. The greatest change, however, he said, is in the Chinese empire, which has broken the yoke of the Manchu dynasty and through the formation of a republican government is fast becoming a progressive nation.

The world-wide tragedy of government, "For the boss, of the boss, and by the boss, which has held the people of monarchical Europe in chains for centuries, he said, and was now even holding sway in America, must cease to be and the power of popular government be restored to the people. This is surely coming, but to bring it about a new kind of manhood will be needed, the finest that the world has ever known. This kind of manhood will be built up through education, patriotism and religion. If America wants to keep up its traditions of freedom, it must cease the expenditure of money for battleships and spend it for schools.

In relation to the war among nations, he said that the working people had fought all the battles for the benefit of the aristocrats and that there would be no war when the people should realize that this was true. He exhorted the young men to have an ambition to use their education to serve their fellow men and not to use it to exercise power over them; and urged the young ladies to fit themselves to be wives for the workers, who needed partners who could cook, sew and possess ideas of economy, and not for the millionaires, who were able to take care of themselves.

As to religions, he said, that they should all come to a common source of thought and not to be at outs with each other over simple differences of creed.

Revised. "I can't live without you, Miss Millions," fervently declared the count. "Don't you mean count," she replied, "that you cannot live as you'd like to without me?"

MRS. GRAY RETURNS; NEWPORT IS HAPPY



Mrs. Austin Gray at Newport. After two years' absence, Mrs. Austin Gray is seen again in Newport, much to the joy of her many friends in the fashionable summer colony.

GREENEWALD DEATH CAUSES VACANCY

Salt Lake, July 12.—The funeral of Jacob J. Greenwald, who died suddenly Saturday evening at Saltair, will be held from the Masonic temple, under the direction of the Masons. The time for the funeral has not been fixed. A brother of Mr. Greenwald is on his way to Salt Lake from the east, and the funeral will not be held until after his arrival.

Mr. Greenwald was a prominent Mason, having been the first thirty-third degree Mason in the state, and he had frequently expressed the wish that when he died he be laid to rest under the direction of the Masons. Mr. Greenwald was also prominent in the Salt Lodge of Elks, and Exalted Ruler E. W. Kelly will name a committee to represent the Elks at the funeral service.

Mr. Greenwald's sudden death has been designated for the place by the state organization of the Democratic party, and it is expected that he will be appointed to fill the unexpired term of Mr. Greenwald. Mr. Greenwald's term would not expire for another year, and it is probable that had he lived there would have been no change in the office until the expiration of the term for which he had been appointed. Mr. Greenwald was a Republican appointee, but the record he had made while collector of customs was such that the Democrats made no request for his removal when they came into power and were willing that he remain in the position until the expiration of his term of office.

T. F. Thomas, chairman of the Democratic county committee, has been designated for the place by the state organization of the Democratic party, and it is expected that he will be appointed to fill the unexpired term of Mr. Greenwald. Mr. Greenwald's term would not expire for another year, and it is probable that had he lived there would have been no change in the office until the expiration of the term for which he had been appointed. Mr. Greenwald was a Republican appointee, but the record he had made while collector of customs was such that the Democrats made no request for his removal when they came into power and were willing that he remain in the position until the expiration of his term of office.

TO BE SURE IT'S HOT

But don't let that stop you from seeing Dot Early in "The Daughter of the Tribe," a thrilling story filled with exciting incidents—also "A Mexican Mix," comedy, and Owana, the "Devil Woman," a Universal feature film—a regular holiday show at the Lyceum tonight.—Advertisement.

Truth About It. Many a man who is credited with being wise enough to keep silent, is really growing deaf—but won't acknowledge it.

Patrice and Flora are devoted to each other. "Are you sure?" "Quite. They use the same powder rag."

Uncle Pennywise Says. A fellow can't help his looks, but I don't like to hire any man who's got an idea he's handsome.

Sure. "What is the best way to develop an appetite?" asked the Old Fogey. "Being without the price of a meal is the best way I know of," replied the Wise Guy.

CANNING TO BE TAUGHT THROUGHOUT THE STATE OF UTAH

Immediately after the close of summer school at the Agricultural college, Professor J. C. Hogenson, state agent of Boys' and Girls' club work in Utah for the Agricultural college and the United States department of agriculture, will spend two months visiting different parts of the state and will give practical demonstrations of the work in canning fruits and vegetables. Mr. Hogenson will tell of the importance of home canning and its relation to the food supply and health of the people.

By means of illustrated lectures, various club activities, and individual stories of actual accomplishment, showing real sympathy with boy and girl life, he will speak straight to the heart of everyone. Mr. Hogenson believes that the boy or girl who has learned to do one thing well is practically safe for all time and can be led on to other and greater achievements.

Of surpassing interest to housekeepers will be the demonstrations of cold-packed method of home canning of all kinds of fruits, vegetables, greens, sweet corn, on and off the cob, fish, meats and meat juices by use of the home-made canning outfit, and from distant types of commercial outfits all of which are portable and available for use in the back yard.

No "canning compounds" are used. It is a lamentable fact that many women, especially in small towns and rural districts, are using dangerous, illegal chemical preservatives in their home-made canned goods, says Mr. Hogenson. Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, in August, 1913, Good Housekeeping, takes a shot at dangerous canning compounds and has this to say of a sample of a popular brand sent to him by some housekeeper: "This compound consists principally of borax with benzoic acid and salt. The chemical preservatives first named are deleterious to health and should never be used in a food product. No chemical compound is necessary in canning. The selection of good materials and complete sterilization, with a careful sealing, are all that is necessary."

Uses Simple Methods. This is exactly what Mr. Hogenson teaches by so simple a method that a child can learn. The form, color and texture of fruits and vegetables are preserved. By placing them in the cans in a fresh state, volatile oils are retained, and the fresh, dainty flavor is not lost. Beans need not be left on the vines to become tough, nor carrots and beets to become fibrous and woody—they may be canned when they are sweet, tender and juicy, and saved for the winter table. Windfall apples, thousands of bushels of which are wasted each year in our state, may be preserved so that they will be fully as delectable as though they came from the corner fruitstand at 5 cents apiece.

It is estimated that 1,500,000 cans of tomatoes were put up last year by members of girls' garden and canning clubs in the United States—the average cost of a No. 2 can of tomatoes was a trifle less than 4 cents. The average girl with one of the modern labor-saving devices in home canning can put up about 300 cans a day.

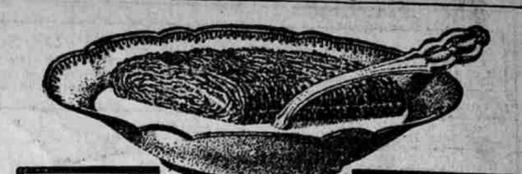
It is an interesting story of Miss Virginia Cogdell of Hazardsburg, in Copiah county, Miss., who canned and preserved her way through the Mississippi normal college. Last year six girls paid their way for an entire term of the Mississippi normal college from one season's profit. Scores of girls are reaching the short courses by this route.

Last year in Utah many girls were very successful in the canning work, while hundreds of boys far surpassed their father's yield in growing potatoes and sugar beets. The potato record of the United States is held by a Utah boy who is a member of the Boys' Potato club.

The value of such practical vocational training to the youth of our land can never be estimated in dollars and cents; it means teaching our children to do a splendid piece of the world's work—the effectual elimination of waste. There is an esthetic as well as a practical and educational value not to be overlooked. The garden movement will surely culminate in the love of the beautiful stunted in all too many of us.

Mr. Hogenson is an inspiration to every boy, girl, man and woman who hear him, and none can hear him talk and not be deeply moved and inspired to do something for the growing youth of our state.

The following schedule will be followed: July 13, Newton, Cache county. July 14, Willard, Boxelder county. July 15, Brigham City, Boxelder county. July 16, Tremonton, Boxelder county. July 17, Pleasant Grove, Utah county. July 18, American Fork, Utah county. July 19, Lehi, Utah county. July 21, Jordan district, Salt Lake county. July 22, Jordan district, Salt Lake county. July 23, Jordan district, Salt Lake county. July 27, Smithfield, Cache county. July 28, Hyde Park, Cache county. July 29, Lewiston, Cache county. July 30, Hyrum, Cache county. July 30, Wellsville, Cache county. July 30, Mendon, Cache county. July 31, North Logan, Cache county. August 3, Murray, Salt Lake county. August 4, Grants, Salt Lake county. August 5, Granite district, Salt Lake county. August 6, Granite district, Salt Lake county. August 7, Ogden, Weber county. August 8, Ogden, Weber county. August 11, Springville, Utah county. August 12, Provo, Utah county. August 13, Provo, Utah county. August 14, Provo, Utah county. August 15, Huntsville, Weber county. August 19, North Ogden, Weber county.



"The Kitchenless Home"

has not arrived as yet, but the cookless kitchen, with comfort and contentment, is possible in every home where the housewife knows

SHREDDED WHEAT

With the crisp "little loaves" of ready-cooked, ready-to-serve cereal in the home you are ready for the unexpected guest, for the uncertainties of domestic service. No kitchen worry or drudgery. We do the cooking for you in our two-million-dollar sunlit bakery. Make our kitchen your kitchen. Ask your grocer.

Always heat the Biscuit in oven to restore crispness then pour over it milk or cream, adding salt or sugar to suit the taste. Deliciously nourishing for any meal in combination with berries or other fruits of any kind. Try toasted Triscuit, the Shredded Wheat Wafer, for luncheon with butter, cheese or marmalade.

Made only by The Shredded Wheat Company, Niagara Falls, N. Y.

- August 20, Hooper, Weber county. August 21, Plain City, Weber county. August 25, Tooele, Tooele county. August 26, Hinchley, Millard county. August 26, Oasis, Millard county. August 27, Holden, Millard county. August 27, Fillmore, Millard county. August 28, Meadow, Millard county. August 28, Kanosh, Millard county. August 29, Delta, Millard county. August 29, Oak City, Millard county. August 31, Nephi, Juab county.

See the "Mountain Rat," at the Orpheum tonight and tomorrow night.—Advertisement.

GROGERS TO HAVE A BIG OUTING

The retail merchants of the state are to hold their annual outing at Lago on August 19. As in other years a big corn roast will be the main feature of the program. An effort will be made to get all of the local retail and wholesale houses to close for the day.

J. S. Carver and Albert Coop are members of the general arrangement committee and other local committeemen are J. W. Wilcox and W. A. James, advertising; George Jones and James Carlson, amusements; Gomer Nicholas and George W. Wilson, transportation.

PROF. J. M. MILLS RETURNS HOME

Professor J. M. Mills returned yesterday from St. Paul, Minn., where he attended the National Educational convention. While in the east, he also attended the National Social Center convention, at which he made an address. The latter convention was held at Madison, Wis., and at its close, the Ogden man was invited to make an address at the University of Minnesota, at Minneapolis. He accepted the invitation and spoke in particular of the Ogden school plans and the report of the recent educational survey in this city. In speaking of the conventions, Professor Mills said: "The conventions were both very interesting and instructive, probably the best ever held. The programs were carried out in full and every speaker seemed to have a real message. Resolutions of much importance were passed. One of these advocates more industrial work in the schools, another favors the wider use of school buildings and the third proposes that all schools needing educational surveys apply through the United States commissioner of education. These coincide with the Ogden methods entirely. "I never saw such great crops in all my life as on this trip and I have traveled considerable over the continent. It seems to me that thousands of acres cannot be harvested because there will not be enough help. Weather conditions of the east are torrid. People say it is hot in Ogden today. Why this is just comfortable cool weather compared with the east, where the heat is so oppressive. I certainly am glad to get back to comfortable Ogden."

GERMAN SOLDIERS DIE OF SUNSTROKE

Berlin, July 13.—Two German soldiers died and over 100 others are suffering as a result of sunstroke yesterday during military operations. The weather was the hottest experienced this year.

You Must Drink Water Whether You are Well or Ill

Advertisement for Aquatone medicinal water, featuring a logo and text: "Pleasant, Sparkling Mineral Water From Earth-Depths of Wyoming. Is invaluable in disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Skin, Etc.—Rheumatism, Sciatica, Arthritis, Constipation, Jaundice, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Dropsy, Cystitis, Ezema, and a host of other ills. A well-known, successful physician says: 'It not only benefits the sick, but helps to preserve the health of all who drink it.' This is a strong hint to You. Aquatone is endorsed, recommended and used successfully by physicians in their practice. Has cured many acute and chronic cases given up as hopeless. Write today for the evidence, which is free for the asking. PAULSON MEDICINAL WELL CO. SARATOGA, WYOMING"