

RECITAL
Fred C. Graham series
TABERNACLE
SATURDAY, MAY 20,
8:30 p. m.
MISS EBBA JOHANSON
ROOS,
 Eminent Swedish Violinist
 With
FREDERICK GUSTAV
SODERLUND,
 Pianist
OGDEN TABERNACLE
CHOIR
 Tickets \$1.00, 75c and 50c, at
 Culley's Drug Store.

STANING ARMY
TO BE INCREASED
 Officers and Men Will Total
 211,000—National Guard
 to Be Federalized.

Washington, May 17.—The senate, after an all-day debate agreed tonight to the conference report on the army reorganization bill without a roll call. The house is expected to approve the report within a day or two, and send the first of the big national defense measures to the president.

The bill provides for a regular army of 211,000 officers and men at peace strength, and approximately 280,000 at war strength, and for a federalized national guard of 457,000 officers and men at maximum strength.

Discussion of the conference report embraced a denunciation of Great Britain for execution of the Irish revolutionists, attacks upon the administration's Mexican policy, renewed assaults upon the national guard as a political force, and vigorous criticism of the provision for a government nitrate manufacturing plant.

Senator Fall asserted that General Pershing, with the 14,000 troops at his command, could march into Mexico City, taking every town with little trouble if he were unhampered by orders from Washington and that 90 per cent of the Mexican people would welcome such action. He declared also that representatives of General Carranza were negotiating with foreign governments against the United States and that this government would be forced to fight foreign forces on Mexican soil if it did not soon do its full duty to the people of Mexico and the United States.

Senator Borah of Idaho, renewing his attack on the national guard as a political force, declared that it would prove to be more detrimental to the United States than an invading army. He arraigned Great Britain for the Irish executions, declaring there had been no greater blow to free institutions since the European war began.

Senator Lodge and Chairman Stone of the foreign relations committee also criticized the army bill, the former blaming the house for not accepting a larger regular army proposed by the senate, and the latter maintaining that the proposed army was too great. Senator Stone said he was so anxious to see the nitrate provision enacted that he would almost be willing to agree to any size army necessary, but insisted there was no need of an increased army.

"I see no need now, or at any time in our history, for a large army," he said. "The enlargement provided would entail a grave and useless burden. The only use for an army is to attack an enemy or defend our own soil. There isn't a senator nor a member of the house, or a man in any of the executive departments of the government, who will say we are in danger of assault on land by an

invading army or any country on earth."
 Senator Brandagee, author of the amendment for a regular standing army of 250,000 men at peace strength, which was rejected by the conference, declared that the English language was inadequate to express his disgust at the conference action and said he hoped "the good Lord who guards the drunkard and the fool will save the nation."
 Secretary Baker said tonight that as soon as President Wilson has signed the bill he will begin consultations with the general staff to put the measure into effect.

Change of program at The Ogden tonight. Jane Grey in "Waifs" and "Fatty" Arbuckle in "His Wife's Mistake."

PENROSE WINS BY A GREAT MAJORITY

Philadelphia, May 17.—In the Pennsylvania primary election contest, United States Senator Boies Penrose was victorious in the most determined effort that ever has been made to overthrow his leadership in this state. Despite the energetic fight waged against him by the faction of the party which chose Governor Brumbaugh for its leader, Senator Penrose nominated his candidate for auditor general of the state, Charles A. Snyder, by from 25,000 to 40,000 majority of the seventy-six delegates elected to the national convention. Penrose and a new state committee was chosen that will elect him a member of the Republican national committee to succeed Henry G. Watson of Pittsburg.

Incomplete returns indicate that Governor Brumbaugh, running ahead of his ticket, was apparently elected a delegate-at-large to the national convention. It is not yet certain that any of his eleven colleagues on the anti-Penrose ticket for delegates-at-large were successful.

The Penrose element favored an un-instructed advocated the election of delegates pledged to vote for the popular choice of the voters as the party's presidential candidate.

On the Republican presidential preferential ballot only one name was printed—that of Brumbaugh—and there was much interest in the extent to which voters would write on the ballot the name of the party leader whom they favored. In Philadelphia, in a total vote of 178,355, Brumbaugh got 68,776 votes, Ford 31,235, Roosevelt 2936 and Hughes 508. Some other counties report scattering votes for these candidates, but the only one outside of Philadelphia showing a vote for Ford of any consequence was Lebanon, which gave him 102 votes.

Because of the great size of the ballots, many counties did not tabulate the scattering presidential ballots and the official count, which will be announced in about three weeks, undoubtedly will disclose many votes for various favorite sons.

HAND GRENADE ACTIONS REPORTED BY GERMANS
 Berlin, May 17, via London, 3:05 p. m.—The German army headquarters staff today gave out the following statement:

"Western theatre: There were lively hand grenade engagements southwest of Lens following mine explosions.
 "On both banks of the Meuse artillery activity of each side increased at times to great liveliness. An attack made by the French against the southern slope of Hill 204 broke down under our certain fire.
 "The aviators of both sides showed great activity. First Lieutenant Immelman brought down his fifteenth enemy aeroplane west of Douai. An English aeroplane met with defeat in a battle near Fourmes. Its occupants, two English officers, were captured unharmed.
 "Balkan theatre: A weak enemy detachment advancing in the Vardar section against our positions was repulsed."

Read the Classified Ads.

INTERURBAN WILL BE EXTENDED IN TO CENTRAL IDAHO

Salt Lake, May 18.—Charles E. Harris, receiver of the United States land office at Blackfoot, Ida., left last night for his home, after attending the state convention of Knights of Pythias here. Mr. Harris is grand chancellor of the domain of Idaho.

Never before has there been such a demand for Idaho lands as there has been recently, according to Mr. Harris. During the month of April, Mr. Harris said, there were 300 applications for homesteads filed, seeking the right to settle on some 60,000 acres of land in the vicinity of Blackfoot. Indications are that the business for May will reach 400 applications, Mr. Harris said.

Residents in that vicinity of the state are watching with interest an interurban railroad project which is being considered by the Eccles interests of Ogden, Mr. Harris said.

Electric Line Projected.
 Plans call for the construction of an electric line from Postville to Idaho Falls by way of Blackfoot, Mr. Harris said. The line, as projected, would be about fifty miles in length. "Such a line would pass through a rich territory, and one that is growing rapidly," said Mr. Harris. "It seems that the promoters of the project are strongly in favor of it, and if the financing can be completed work for work to be started at an early date."

Work has already been started on a hotel building in Blackfoot that will cost approximately \$100,000, Mr. Harris said.

This building is being constructed by the Eccles interests, he said, and the plans include the erection of other store buildings near by. Blackfoot has never been more prosperous than it is at present, according to the land office official.

FIRE CAUSES LOSS TO THREE OGDENITES

Ogden men lost about \$500 in a fire which occurred in a bunkhouse in Nevada, an account of which, taken from the Reno papers, follows:
 "W. B. Rice, in charge of homestead entry surveys of the forest service, his district comprising Nevada, Utah, western Wyoming and southern Idaho, was in Tonopah yesterday together with F. C. Haman and Deque Falck, also of the service. Their headquarters are at Ogden and they were in Tonopah en route to Reno, after spending several weeks in southern Nevada surveying homesteads and looking after other matters connected with their department. They are making the trip in a Chevrolet car and report the roads as being in good condition over most of their route. The forest officials had spent ten days near Sharp, surveying and yesterday morning, while they were absent from a ranch where they were stopping, the bunkhouse which contained all their effects, papers, etc., was destroyed by fire. They estimate their loss at over \$500. So completely were they wiped out that all the clothes they had left were on their backs, and the records they lost, which among other things included instructions from the head office, can only be replaced by going to Reno after them. The three men will leave for the north this morning. They expect to return to southern Nevada at an early date and continue their work."

ROAD BUILDING WILL BE TAUGHT

Salt Lake, May 18.—Teaching road building, as a part of the high school study of practical civics, was endorsed yesterday by the state board of education, at its regular monthly meeting at the capitol.

Most important of the features about the study of road building in the high schools will be the maintenance work by the students on the various public highways leading to the school house. This, explained State Superintendent E. G. Gowans, will constitute the "laboratory work" in practical road building.

The state board of education declared for the teaching of road building in the high schools upon the recommendation of Commissioner Heber C. Smith, who found many meat markets not quite up to the mark and conditions in slaughter houses so deplorable that he compelled five of them to shut up shop until renovated and reformed.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS IN THEIR ANNUAL CONVENTION

Salt Lake, May 18.—With the reorganization of El Fabaka temple and last night, under the direction of the Knights of Khorassan, the thirty-third annual convention of the grand lodge, Knights of Pythias of Utah, was brought to a close after a two days' session. The annual convention of the Pythian Sisters, the women's auxiliary organization, also closed last night. The conventions were among the most successful held in the history of the Utah organization.

The real business of the convention was closed yesterday, when officers were elected for the coming year and formally installed. The new officers of the grand lodge, Knights of Pythias, are: E. A. Mitchell of Provo, grand chancellor; H. H. McCarty of Park City, vice grand chancellor; L. A. Jacobson of Scofield, grand prelate; W. L. Underhill of Ogden, grand keeper of records and seals; William Waters of Midvale, grand master at arms; Jas. Terry, Jr., of Salt Lake, grand master of the exchequer; George Collingham of Sunnyside, grand inner guard; Arthur Marsh of Garfield, grand outer guard; Anton Christensen of Bingham, Arthur Allsop of Sandy and George E. Evans of Salt Lake, trustees; E. O. Leatherswood of Salt Lake and H. O. Blumenthal of Provo, representatives to the supreme council, which will be held in Portland in August.

The next annual convention of the grand lodge will be held at Provo, beginning the third Tuesday in May, 1917.

The officers elected for the ensuing term by the grand lodge of Pythian Sisters of Utah are: Helena Evers of Garfield, grand chief; Mrs. H. B. Johnson of Sandy, grand senior; Mrs. L. A. Jacobson of Scofield, grand junior; Mrs. McDonald of Park City, grand manager; Rosa Marks of Tooele, mistress of finance; Mrs. Lucy B. Watson of Ogden, re-elected grand mistress of records and correspondence; Mrs. Firth of Eureka, grand protector; Mrs. Elizabeth Archibald of Provo, grand outer guard; Miss Leatham of Midvale, trustee; Louise Ritter of Ogden and Mrs. Myrtle Blumenthal of Provo, representatives to supreme council at Portland next August.

IRELAND TO HAVE NEW GOVERNMENT

Dublin, May 17, 11:05 p. m.—Premier Asquith has reached the conclusion, from impressions gathered during his Irish visit, that the old form of government in Ireland has had its day. The Associated Press learns from sources in closest touch with the premier that Mr. Asquith's conversations and conferences have convinced him that the future government must be conducted on an entirely different system.

The prime minister has taken care to learn the ideas and views of many persons other than those in purely official circles, and these persons have offered greatly varied suggestions. None of these, it is believed, could be adopted in its entirety, but it is thought they might be welded together to form a proposal to lay before the cabinet. The premier himself does not know what form his proposal eventually will take, and, in fact, it will probably be fully developed only at the cabinet meeting.

His Belfast visit gave a good hint to the premier that the Ulsterites would accept a direct proposal implying home rule. But it is believed they might be induced to enter into a concerted plan which possibly could be arranged to meet their most serious objections.

Mr. Asquith will visit Cork tomorrow to gather further opinions. He has, however, not arranged to see the politicians. Most of those with whom he will confer are of the literary and educational classes.

MEAT REGULATIONS FOR STATE OF UTAH

New sanitary regulations for meat markets and slaughter houses were promulgated yesterday by the state dairy and food bureau, which is the reviewing board of the dairy and food department.

These regulations were adopted to amplify, for the benefit of butchers and their assistants, the state law which requires that all places where foodstuffs are prepared, stored or sold shall be strictly sanitary. They also came as a sequel to the spring investigations of Commissioner Heber C. Smith, who found many meat markets not quite up to the mark and conditions in slaughter houses so deplorable that he compelled five of them to shut up shop until renovated and reformed.

RUSSIANS DRIVE THROUGH FRANCE

Paris, May 17.—Flight after fight in the air, with American aviators covering themselves with glory, overshadowed the rest of the day's news on the western front.

Verdun claims the center of interest as the hottest field of aerial, as well as of terrestrial, battling. Thirty-three air combats took place in that region during the day and three German aeroplanes were brought to earth without the loss of a single French machine.

Beyond all other records of this kind stand out the exploits of the newlyformed Franco-American flying corps, which maneuvered as a unit for the first time, although most of its members have been doing good service for the French army for a year or more.

The corps took the air before sunrise for a reconnoitering expedition over the German front. For two hours they cruised over the German lines, heavily armed with anti-aircraft guns, and smashed the tail piece of the machine piloted by William K. Thaw of Pittsburgh, now a lieutenant in the French army. Another shell damaged his propeller. Nevertheless, Lieutenant Thaw returned safely to the French lines.

So did all his comrades, some of whom had similar narrow escapes to report. One of them was Corporal J. M. McConnell of Carthage, N. C. He remarked that the Germans were working with anti-aircraft guns with greater range than ever. Shells burst around him continually at an altitude of 12,000 feet.

Corporal Victor Chapman was missing for a long time after the other American aviators had returned to their base and there were grave fears that he had been winged by the Germans. He turned up later, however, unharmed, but with a damaged machine, and reported that he had been driven out of his course.

Among the other American flyers who took part in the reconnaissance were Sergeant Norman Prince of Fride's Crossing, Mass.; Sergeant Hall of Galveston, Texas; Sergeant Elliott Cowdin of New York and Corporal Kiffen Rockwell of Atlanta, Ga. None of them met any German airmen.

So highly is the corps regarded by the military authorities that the forty American volunteers now in training for aerial work are to be organized into three more Franco-American air squads.

AMERICANS IN THE AIR RAIDS

London, May 17.—From the Tonale pass region in western Trentino to Monfalcone, a short distance from the head of the Gulf of Trieste, the Austrians are vigorously on the offensive against the Italians.

In Tyrol, south of Trent, heavy infantry attacks to the east of the Adige river have forced the Italians again to abandon some of their advanced positions and resulted in capture by the Austrians of an aggregate of 141 officers and 6,200 men. In addition 13 guns and 17 machine guns were captured.

Vienna says that south of Rovereto the Austrians stormed Zognortorta, but Rome asserts that the five attacks were put down with heavy casualties, the bodies of numerous dead Austrians floating away in the swift current of the Adige river.

California and Pacific Northwest ROUND TRIP EXCURSIONS

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Tacoma	45.80	Los Angeles and	
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corps, took part in their first foray as an individual unit.

Fights of minor importance with the advantage in favor of the Russians have taken place on the northern end of the Russian front, in Asiatic Turkey, around Diarbekir, the Turks again assumed the offensive against the Russians but again met with a repulse.

The French are showing activity along the Lake Doiran and other sectors of the Serbo-Greek frontier, having occupied Detepe and pushed the forces east toward Monastir. The infantry of both sides along this front continue to make preparations for possible encounters.

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ASQUITH IN IRISH PRIVY COUNCIL

London, May 17, 4:15 p. m.—Premier Asquith was sworn in as a member of the Irish privy council at Dublin this afternoon. This is the first time that an English premier has been a minister of this body. It means that Mr. Asquith is likely to take a greater share in the executive government of Ireland than any of his predecessors have done and that he will have a direct part in shaping the policy to be pursued in the immediate future.

Sir Mackenzie Chalmers, a member of the royal commission to investigate the Irish rebellion; Sir John Maxwell, commander-in-chief of the forces in Ireland, and the O'Connor Don also were sworn in as members of the Irish privy council at the same time as Premier Asquith.

There is some talk of the premier visiting Cork before he returns to London.

WINE OF CARDUI USEFUL MEDICINE

Chicago, May 17.—Drugs such as those in "Wine of Cardui" were found to be of great benefit in treating women's disease by Dr. George C. Amerson who testified today in the libel suit of Z. C. Patten against the American Medical Association.

Amerson, who is connected with the faculties of local medical schools, testified as an expert.

FLOOD CONTROL BILL PASSED.
 Washington, May 17.—The flood control bill, providing appropriations for the Mississippi and Sacramento rivers, was passed by the house late today by a vote of 180 to 53.

ANOTHER MATTER.
 Mr. Babcock had just been telling his wife of an old friend, according to the Washington Star.
 "And he said he knew me when I was a little girl?" interrogated the wife.
 "No," said Babcock, "he didn't say anything of the sort."
 "But you said he did," said Mrs. Babcock.
 "No," said the man, "I didn't."
 "Why, Charles?" exclaimed the wife.
 "What did you say, then?"
 "I said," replied the brute, "that he said he knew you when he was a little boy!"
 "Pop, what's a monologue?"
 "A monologue is a conversation between husband and wife."
 "I thought that was a dialogue."
 "No; a dialogue is where two persons are speaking."

Going East?

Summer Excursions

May 13, 17, 20, 24, 27, 31;
 June 3, 7, 10, 14, 17, 21, 24, 28,
 July 5, 12, 19, 26;
 August 2, 9, 16, 23, 30;
 September 6, 13.
 Final Return Limit October 31, 1916.

Following Low Round Trip Fares From Ogden:

Chicago	\$58.00	Kansas	\$40.00
St. Paul	56.44	Omaha City	40.00
St. Louis	51.20	Memphis	60.00
Peoria	57.28	Denver	22.50

Colorado Springs \$22.50
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 We have moved our entire tailoring establishment upstairs where greatly reduced expenses make it possible to give you expert tailoring at reduced prices.
 Skirts tailored for \$3, with my material, \$6 and up.
 Suits tailored from your own material, \$10.00.
COME UP STAIRS AND SAVE MONEY
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