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Ever Fresh Food Co.

OGDEN, UTAH.

WAR NOW IN THE AIR

GREAT TENSION ALONG BORDER

Everything Points to a Clash Between American and Mexican Troops.

Mexican Troops Are Moving to the American Line at Many Points.

Douglas, Ariz., June 20.—Mexican troops have begun a northward movement along the rest of the way to Nacoziari railroad, according to statement of refugees from the south. The advance guard of two hundred fifty reached Cucubiona, twenty-two miles south of the border last night, they said. This, with the exception of a small garrison ordinarily maintained in Agua Prieta is the farthest north Mexican soldiers have come in eight weeks, it is stated.

At the same time all of the troops which have been stationed in Cucubiona, 35 miles south of Douglas, were reported to have moved north six miles to Fronteras, where the infantry concentration camp of the General Calles forces is located.

It is estimated that there is approximately 2,500 men at Fronteras at the present time.

Reports from Nacoziari stated that 1,500 civilian soldiers were organizing to join the army at Fronteras in the event of war, while many civilians of Compa, Moctezuma and other towns south of Nacoziari are prepared to march north in case they are needed.

Railroad equipment was gathered today in Agua Prieta and, according to reliable American sources, all of the families in the city were taken southward, presumably to Nacoziari, shortly before midnight.

A large number of Mexicans went across the border here with their families. Large quantities of foodstuffs were crossed to Agua Prieta during the day.

An embargo on war munitions and explosives of every sort was declared by the United States guard and put into effect today. On crossing the border a close search is instituted of clothing for possible concealed weapons and ammunition. No arrests were made during the day. Vehicles also were searched.

Apprehension among Mexicans employed in this portion of southeastern Arizona was further allayed today by the issuance of bulletins by the local smelters. The Mexicans were advised that as long as they conducted themselves in an orderly manner they would be given every guarantee of safety and personal liberty.

The United States coast survey will make accurate measurements across Florida to determine whether the Gulf of Mexico is higher or lower than the Atlantic ocean.

FUNSTON TO HAVE A LARGE ARMY

Seventy Thousand Men Are to be on the Border Within Ten Days.

San Antonio, Texas, June 20.—Facing Carranza's defiant army in northern Mexico, there will be stationed along the Rio Grande within a week or ten days an American force that will total, it was stated today, almost 70,000 men.

General Funston has requested the war department to send him as quickly as possible a large part of the national guardsmen, and advices received late today indicated that entraining of the first troops would be begun tomorrow. As fast as they arrive in the south they will be sent to the stations chosen. A part will be brought to San Antonio and held here as a reserve, but a large part of them will be within sight of Mexico when they get off the trains.

General Funston did not announce how many he has asked for nor the stations to which they will be sent, but it is known that he expects more than a division and it was said that not less than 25,000 would be sent.

Secretary Lansing's note to Carranza's minister of foreign affairs was read carefully by General Funston and members of his staff.

Those officers familiar with the temperament of the Mexican officials regarded it as a communication almost certain to sweep aside the barriers holding apart the two armies. Already the border army, made up of troops of the regular establishment and the militiamen of Texas, New Mexico and Arizona, comprises more than 40,000. The army already patrolling the international line is prepared to resist any aggression the Mexican government forces might make, but it was demonstrated some time ago that it was not big enough to guard the long line from Brownsville to the Pacific, and army officers never have regarded it as strong enough to undertake an invasion of force.

General Funston's request for the guardsmen was for "a number sufficient to give adequate protection to the border." Officers at his headquarters also felt that while this increased force operations in Mexico on a big scale might be undertaken, but in the event of intervention or any other action making necessary a general forward movement into Mexico, General Funston explained that he would ask immediately for the remainder of the 100,000 guardsmen called to service this week. In none of the daily reports that reached General Funston was there news of fresh raids or other border disturbances, but information pointing to increasing unrest across the border and continued activity of troops of the de facto government was received.

General Pershing has been successful in avoiding a clash with the troops that are drawn across his rear and that cover his flanks, notwithstanding that reports indicated that he has continued to send scouting patrols some distance from his line of communication and towards the south beyond Namiquipa. The Mexican troops so far have contented themselves with assuming such strategic positions as to give them some advantage in the event they are ordered to carry out General Trevino's threat to attack General Pershing "if he moves in any but a northerly direction."

DESPERATE ACT OF THE MEXICANS

Capture American and Take Him Into Camp—Forced to Release the Man.

General Pershing's Headquarters in the Field, June 20, by wireless to Columbus, N. M.—General Pershing threatened to attack the town of Nuevas Casas Grandes this afternoon when an American soldier was made prisoner by the Carranzista patrol. The man had dropped out of the ranks of a regiment marching into camp at Colonia Dublan due to a sudden attack of illness.

News of the capture of the soldier was brought to General Pershing, who immediately sent a messenger demanding that the American be released immediately or the town would be attacked. Orders were at the same time issued to a squadron of cavalry to prepare to march against the town.

When the messenger reached the Carranzista stronghold he discovered that the soldier had been released, but his equipment and arms had been retained. The messenger in General Pershing's name demanded that these be given him.

This for the time being closed the incident.

When brought to camp the soldier said he had been suffering during the march and had fallen some distance behind his command. His company was in sight as he approached Nuevas Casas Grandes and he was still upon that portion of the roadway which has always been followed by the American troops when he was suddenly surrounded by a squad of Carranzistas, who told him he was a prisoner.

"They took me to the cañuel," said the soldier, "and subjected me to a searching inquiry as to the number of American soldiers in the several camps along the line of communication, the number of guns carried by the artillery division and the number of men in the expeditionary force. I told them nothing."

Inasmuch as the soldier made prisoner was where he should have been and was so unceremoniously captured, the incident is of particularly grave significance at this time.

MUST ANSWER FOR CONTEMPT

Washington, June 20.—Contempt charges against H. Snowden Marshall, United States district attorney at New York, because of his criticism of a house subcommittee, were sustained by the house today by a vote of 208 to 85, and the sergeant-at-arms was ordered to take Marshall into custody and bring him before the bar of the house.

It is expected that a public reprimand will be the sentence imposed on Mr. Marshall when he is brought before the bar of the house. The action is the outgrowth of impeachment proceedings brought against him by Representative Buchanan.

Speaker Clark will probably issue a warrant tomorrow, but some of Mr. Marshall's friends said tonight he might voluntarily appear and appear voluntarily. Although house leaders have indicated they would be satisfied with a reprimand, a more severe punishment, including imprisonment, might be imposed should the house so decide. A vote on that question will be taken later.

An all-day debate preceded the vote today. Representative Moon, chairman of a select committee which investigated the contempt charges, leading the fight against Mr. Marshall. He declared the district attorney had offered "outrageous insult to the house."

Representatives Garner of Texas, Webb of North Carolina, and other members said failure to sustain the charges would constitute a repudiation of the subcommittee and an endorsement of Mr. Marshall's attack on it.

Representative Graham of Pennsylvania, defending the district attorney, said the subcommittee had opened a publicity campaign to which Mr. Marshall's statements were but the natural reply of an indignant man. The subcommittee had erred, he said, in opening hearings in New York and trying to obtain evidence from members of the grand jury there.

The vote was nonpartisan.

The impeachment proceedings were started by Representative Buchanan after the district attorney's investigation of the alleged unbecoming conduct of Labor National Peace council, which resulted in the indictment

PRISONERS NOW NUMBER 170,000

Petrograd, June 20, p. m., via London, 10:55 p. m.—On the northern flank of General Brusiloff's front the Austrian resistance, considerably stiffened by the arrival of a large number of German reinforcements, has succeeded in checking the Russian drive between Lutsk and Kovel, which, directed against Vladimir-Volynski, aimed at destroying the Austrian communications between Kovel and Lemberg. But in spite of the violent Austro-German counter-attacks, one of which broke through the Russian lines, the latest reports are to the effect that the Russians have again resumed progress in this sector, after taking the usual toll of prisoners.

On the southern flank the Austrians have been unable to check, even momentarily, the Russian advance toward Kolomea and toward the final Dnieper fortification of Halich.

General Pflanzer, the Austro-German commander, apparently has the peninsula for having too long delayed his army, now cut in two, is reported to be in precipitate flight, one part along the Rumanian frontier and the other into the Carpathians.

Turning from Czernowitz, General Letchitzky's forces are pressing their flank attack further north and have reached a point on the northwest of Czernowitz. Russian military critics consider it unlikely that the Austrians will be able to hold the Ziotia Lipa line, but will be forced back upon Halich.

The separate Russian movements now are showing a strongly centralizing tendency. There are three converging lines of advance, the common objective of which is Lemberg. The first of these lines is approaching Vladimir-Volynski, the second Halich. Capture of any one of these towns will place the Galician capital in a position of grave danger.

The total number of prisoners taken by the Russians now is estimated at 170,000.

GIFT IS ACCEPTED.

Holland, Mich., June 20.—The general synod of the Reformed Church in America today accepted Central college at Peia, Iowa, as a gift from the Northern Baptist conference. It was voted to raise an endowment of \$150,000 for the college.

San Antonio, Texas, June 20.—It became known today that the quartermaster department here has been instructed to advertise for purchase of 20,000 cavalry horses, 15,000 artillery horses, good wheel mules, 8,100 lead mules and 8,000 pack mules.



The Nation's Highest Mark of Brewing

BECAUSE of BUDWEISER'S sterling quality and goodness, it has made millions of friends. On land or sea—at home or abroad—this beer is justly honored as "the greatest of them all." Continuously brewing an honest beer of a uniform Quality, Purity, Mildness and exclusive Saazer Hops Flavor, has created a demand for this world-famed beverage that exceeds any other beer by millions of bottles.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH · ST. LOUIS, U.S.A.

Visitors to St. Louis are courteously invited to inspect our plant—covers 142 acres.

Budweiser

Means Moderation

Becker Brewing & Malting Co.,
Distributors Ogden, Utah

EXPLOSION FAILS TO STOP WEDDING TRIP

Denver, Colo., June 20.—Nothing short of a fatality will prevent the wedding in Salt Lake City tomorrow of Miss Bessie Eddy of San Francisco and B. Lyon, a Denver broker. Lyon caught his train at 1 o'clock today, after losing his coat, money and wedding ring in an explosion. The ring was being stored in a baggage shop, when a porter accidentally dropped a lighted match in a quantity

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Estate of William C. Penrod, Deceased.

The undersigned will sell, at private sale, the following described real and personal property, situated in Weber County, State of Utah, to-wit:

An undivided one-third right, title, interest and estate in and to the three following described tracts of land in Weber County, Utah, to-wit:

Part of the Southwest Quarter of Section Seven, Township Seven North, Range One East, Salt Lake Meridian, United States Survey: Beginning at a point on the East line of the said Quarter Section 1375.2 feet South 0 degrees 25 minutes west from the northeast corner thereof, and running thence North 39 degrees 44 minutes west 820.8 feet; thence North 82 degrees 9 minutes west 280.5 feet; thence South 73 degrees 21 minutes west 1679.5 feet; thence South 50 degrees 50 minutes west 21 minutes west 50 feet to the west line of said quarter section; thence south to the southwest corner of said quarter section; thence east of the southeast corner of the said quarter section; thence north 0 degrees 25 minutes east 1282.2 feet along the east line of the said quarter section to the place of beginning, containing 7.3 acres more or less.

The other undivided two-thirds interest is owned and held by Oliver A. Penrod and Cyrus A. Penrod, brothers of the decedent. Of the last above tract of land 20 acres is cultivated and irrigated and has a log house and hay shed upon it. The balance of the land is mountainous pasture land without water rights of any kind or improvements upon it.

All of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section twenty, township seven north, range one east of the Salt Lake meridian, United States survey. Excepting, however, the following described tract of land, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of said northwest quarter section, and running thence east 19 rods and 3 feet, thence south 50 rods, thence in a northwesterly direction to a point 30 rods and 13 feet south of the place of beginning, thence north 30 rods and 13 feet to the place of beginning. The other undivided two-thirds interest is owned and held by Oliver A. Penrod and Cyrus A. Penrod, brothers of the decedent. The last above described tract of land is all cultivated and irrigated and has a log house, two sheds and granary standing upon it.

Also the entirety of a contract with the State of Utah dated November 10, 1910, and numbered 14478, for the sale by the State to the decedent, William C. Penrod, of all of Section 32 in township 8 north of range one east of the Salt Lake meridian, United States survey, containing 640 acres, for the sum of \$1600.00 and interest, payable as follows: \$160.00 principal, and \$16.80 interest, at the time of purchase and \$144.00 annually and accruing interest on the deferred payments on the first day of January of each year until and including January 1, 1920. Upon which \$592.00 of the principal and the accrued interest up to and including January 1, 1913, aggregating \$268.80 had been paid at the date of the death of the decedent. The tract of land described in the foregoing contract with the state is mountainous range land and has no improvements of any kind upon it.

Four horses, three colts, two cows, sundry farming implements and machinery, sundry household goods and effects; on or after the 23rd day of June A. D. 1916, and written bids for the same will be received at the residence of the undersigned, in the town of Liberty in the county of Weber, and State of Utah, until 10 o'clock a. m. of said date.

Terms of sale, cash; 10 per cent to accompany each bid and the balance on confirmation of sale by the court. Dated June 16, 1916.

OLIVER A. PENROD,
Sole Administrator of Said Estate.
C. C. RICHARDS,
Attorney for Administrator.

Read the Classified Ads.
Read the Classified Ads.

IRON IS GREATEST OF ALL STRENGTH BUILDERS, SAYS DOCTOR

A Secret of the Great Endurance and Power of Athletes

Ordinary Nuxated Iron Will Make Delicate, Nervous Run-down People 200 Per Cent Stronger in Two Weeks' Time, in Many Cases.

NEW YORK, N. Y.—Most people foolishly seem to think that as they go along they renew health and strength from some stimulating medicine, secret nostrum or narcotic drug, said Dr. Sauer, a well-known specialist, who has studied widely in this country and Europe, when, as a matter of fact, real and true strength can only come from the food you eat. But people, who are weak, nervous and filled with their weakened, nervous condition they know something is wrong, but they can't tell what, so they generally commence taking black, nor upset the stomach, or trouble or symptoms of some other ailment caused by the lack of iron in the blood. This thing may go on for years, while the patient suffers untold agony. If you are not strong or well you owe it to yourself to make the following test: See how long you can work or how far you can walk without becoming tired. Next take two five grain tablets of ordinary nuxated iron three times per day after meals for two weeks. Then test your strength again and see if yourself how much you have gained. I have seen dozens of nervous, run-down people who were ailing at the while, double their strength and endurance

and entirely get rid of all symptoms of dyspepsia, liver and other troubles in from ten to fourteen days' time simply by taking iron in the proper form. And this after they had in some cases been suffering for months without obtaining any benefit. But don't take the old forms of reduced iron, which are sold in iron simply to save a few cents. You must take iron in a form that can be easily absorbed and assimilated like nuxated iron if you want it to do you any good, otherwise it may prove worse than useless. Many an athlete or prize fighter has won the day simply because he knew the secret of great strength and endurance and filled his blood with iron before he went into the fray, while many another has gone down to ignominious defeat simply for the lack of iron.

NOTE—Nuxated Iron recommended above by Dr. Sauer, is one of the newer organic iron compounds. Unlike the older inorganic iron products, it is easily assimilated, does not injure the teeth, make them black, nor upset the stomach; on the contrary, it is a most potent remedy in nearly all forms of indigestion, as well as for nervous, run-down conditions. The Manufacturers have such great confidence in Nuxated Iron that they offer to refund your money if it does not at least double your strength and endurance in ten days' time. It is dispensed in this city by A. R. McIntyre, Drug Co. and all other druggists.—Advertisement.

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Ogden Wholesale Drug Co., Distributors