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The Ogden Standard.

FEARLESS, INDEPENDENT, PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER.

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, MONDAY EVENING, AUGUST 21, 1916.

WEATHER—Utah: Generally Fair Tonight and Tuesday Except Showers in Extreme Southwest Portion Tuesday; Slightly Cooler Tonight in North Central Portion With Frost in High Places.

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Railroad Presidents Are Framing A Reply to President Wilson

Russians Push Through Passes Which Lead Into Hungary

GERMAN AND BULGARIAN FORCES PUSHING SOUTHWARD IN GREECE

More Positions Wrested From the Serbians and Efforts to Recapture Ground Beaten Off—Serious Campaign Opens in Balkan Region—British Stop Strong German Detachments on Somme Front—Fierce Fighting Continues on Fleury Sector—Russians Continue Advance on the Stokhod—Italians Pushing Vigorous Fight.

Berlin, Aug. 21, via London.—The German and Bulgarian forces which have taken the offensive on the western end of the Balkan front are pushing southward in Greece, the war office communication of today shows. They have wrested further positions from the Serbians and beaten off efforts to recapture ground taken.

Italian troops are to take part in the important campaign just opening in the Balkans, according to Saloniki advices today which report the disembarkation of Italian soldiers at that port now in progress. German troops are employed on the Macedonian front and actual war between Germany and Italy, of which there so far has been no formal declaration, now seems probable.

The Macedonian campaign itself does not yet seem to have developed an engagement of first rate magnitude, but there is pronounced activity along the 150-mile fighting front with successes claimed by each side at various points.

In the Verdun region the Germans, who again lost the village of Fleury northeast of the citadel in fighting last week, are making determined efforts to regain the place.

Along the Somme front the artillery battle is raging violently. No infantry actions are reported by Paris, however, although a German counter attack apparently is in preparation following the capture by the French of a strongly fortified wood between Guillemont and Maurepas northwest of Peronne announced last night.

The Russians report further gains in the Carpathians and in the region between Kovel and Pinsk, where they broke through the Teutonic lines last week and captured Tobol.

The Italians, after having made important gains east of Gorizia and on the Carso plateau to the southeast, have suspended their attacks and are consolidating their positions recently taken.

Russians Make Further Gains. Petrograd, Aug. 21.—The Russians have made further advances at some points along the Stokhod line where they broke through the Austro-Hungarian defenses last week. The capture of 1,200 men in this region is reported.

The announcement follows: "In the region of Kuty, the statement says, we occupied the villages of Fereskul and Jablonitza on the river Cheremosh, and several heights west of Fereskul. Stubborn attacks by the enemy on the heights southwest of Tomakul mountain were repelled by our fire."

Rome, Aug. 21, via London, 2:45 p. m.—The Italians east of Gorizia and on the Carso plateau are holding fast to the ground won, according to today's war office statement, which says:

"Violent thunderstorms throughout the theater of operations did not result in the conclusion of artillery activity. The batteries were especially active on the Trentino front and in the upper But valley."

"Minor enemy attacks in the Asio valley and in the Plavia area were repulsed."

"In the Gorizia area and on the Carso our troops are consolidating the positions they recently occupied."

Advance in Caucasus Region. Petrograd, Aug. 21, via London, 2:45 p. m.—On the Caucasian front the Russians have made advances, according to an official statement today,

Maurapas and Guillemont. "During the night there was violent artillery actions on the Somme front."

"On the right bank of the Meuse the Germans yesterday delivered a powerful attack accompanied by the use of flaming liquids against Fleury. Our curtain of fire and infantry fire obliged the enemy to stop short and inflicted serious losses on him."

Operations on East Front. Paris, Aug. 21, 2:55 p. m.—No further details of the operations on the Saloniki front are given in the report today from the French army of the east, which merely says: "Operations are proceeding along the entire front."

Bulgarians Well Prepared. Berlin, Aug. 21, by wireless to Sayville.—Bulgarians are prepared to repulse all attacks from whatever quarter, Premier Radovloff declared in an address to parliament as quoted in a dispatch from Sofia to the Overseas News Agency. The general offensive of the entente allies, he said, had demonstrated that the forces of the central powers could not be shaken. Before adjourning, parliament voted a new war loan of 35,000,000 leva (about \$7,000,000).

Paris, Aug. 21, 4:30 p. m.—The Intergovernmental commission under reserve a dispatch from Lusanne to the effect that Germany has ordered all youths of 17 to report immediately to recruiting bureaus. This class in normal years would be called to the colors in 1919.

Minister Will Not Resign. Rotterdam, Aug. 21, via London, 3:30 p. m.—The report that the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, Baron von Burian, will resign and be succeeded by Count Julius Andressy, former Hungarian premier, is denied in a Vienna dispatch to the Nieuwe Rotterdamsche Courant. Baron von Burian, the dispatch says, will remain in office.

British War Report. London, Aug. 21, 4:11 p. m.—Strong German detachments drove back British covering patrols northwest of High wood, on the Somme front this morning, but were stopped when they came under the fire of the British positions west of the wood, says today's war office statement. Bombing attacks on High wood were repulsed.

The statement says: "After a heavy bombardment three hostile bombing attacks were made this morning on High wood. All were easily repulsed."

"During the night we effectively shelled portions of the enemy's positions while the enemy bombarded our trenches in the vicinity of Pozieres and the area northeast of Contalmaison, using gas shells freely."

"Northwest of Hulluch and east of Le Plantenen the enemy attempted to raid our trenches. These raids were driven back with loss to the enemy, who only succeeded in reaching our lines at one point from which he was quickly driven out again."

"Near Givenchy, the enemy exploded a mine near one of our forward saps, but caused us no casualties, and we made use of the crater as a defensive post. Further north we liberated gas successfully against the enemy's position at two places."

Archduke Repulses Enemy. Berlin, Aug. 21, by wireless to Sayville.—The official Austrian statement of yesterday says:

"Front of Archduke Charles Francis: Several attacks in the vicinity of Magura, west of Moldava (in the Carpathians) were repulsed. German troops captured Kreta mountain. Fighting continues on the northeast slopes of Krnahole mountain. North of Tartar pass attempts of strong enemy forces to advance failed."

"Front of Field Marshal von Hindenburg: Near Kisellin, German detachments drove the enemy from advanced trenches. Near Rudka-Cherovische, where the Russians advanced on the western bank of the Stokhod, a counter attack is being made successfully."

Austro-Italian Front. Berlin, Aug. 21, by wireless to Sayville.—Operations on the Austro-Italian front are recorded in the Austrian headquarters' statement of August 19 as follows:

"The conditions on the coastal front yesterday were rather quiet. In the Isonzo sector northeast of Piava our troops cleared the left bank of weak hostile detachments near Globta and Britof."

"An Italian night attack south of the Vipach valley was repulsed. On the Fleimstal front, in an enterprise against an advanced hostile position southeast of Clma di Boche, sixty prisoners and two hand grenade throwers were taken. Italian detachments advancing in the evening against our positions in the Monte Zeblo sector were repulsed."

French Aviator Killed. Paris, Aug. 21, 12:10 p. m.—Second-Lieutenant Brindejono des Moulinais, a well known aviator, has been killed in an accidental fall of his aeroplane in the Verdun region.

Germans Make Vicious Attack. Paris, Aug. 21, noon.—The Germans delivered a violent attack upon Fleury near Verdun last night, using flaming liquid but without result, says the war statement today.

The announcement says: "North of the Somme in addition to the important capture of material mentioned yesterday, we took six field guns in the wood which our troops carried yesterday between

had divisions at Seres, at Lavala, and also at Drama, fell back before the Bulgarians who are advancing in eastern Macedonia. The Bulgarians have occupied Hermanli and have crossed the Nestos (Mesta?) river and advanced to Kavala.

These developments are considered of secondary importance and the allies take a hopeful view of the success of their plans.

In the fighting at Moglen the Bulgarians, according to a despatch received here, had 400 killed, 600 wounded and 43 were taken prisoners."

BULGARS MOVE TOWARD KAVALA

Outposts Already Pushed to Point Within Seven Miles of Greek Seaport.

Athens, Greece, Sunday, Aug. 20.—Via London, Aug. 21, 2:15 p. m.—The Bulgarian forces moving towards Kavala have already pushed their outposts to a point seven miles from that Greek seaport.

The Greek government has ordered three divisions of the Greek army still remaining in the vicinity of Drama and Serres to retire before the Bulgarian advance, which was explained to The Associated Press' correspondent by a military authority of the entente allies as follows:

"The Bulgarians had not finished the consolidation of their positions in the Florina, Caradjova and Corytsa sectors and, therefore, the Bulgarians found it easy enough to force a certain retirement, but it is difficult to see where they expect to get by an advance at this part of the line. East of the Struma the Demir-Hissar and Sarichban sectors were not held by the entente forces and offered no impediment to the advance. Where the enemy was attacking the defenses of Saloniki, namely in the Dolran-Glevgell sector, they accomplished nothing. As the attack has so far developed it is without strategic value and can only be assumed to be for political purposes."

Bulgarian air raids on Kilkich and Yammusa killed a number of Greeks. The Bulgarians and German ministers here repeated previous assurances that the integrity of Greece will be respected. The French and British ministers this morning asked Premier Zaimis what measures Greece intends taking to control the civil populace in the attacked districts who are fleeing in all directions.

ITALIANS LAND AT SALONIKI

Troops Pass Through City Preceded by Banks and Cheered by Populace.

Paris, Aug. 21, 1:10 p. m.—Italian troops began to disembark at Saloniki, says a Havas dispatch from that point.

On leaving their ships, the dispatch says, the Italians passed through Saloniki to camp, preceded by military bands of the allies and cheered by the populace.

Active participation by Italian troops in the Saloniki campaign would mean the existence of a state of war between Germany and Italy. Germany is directing the operations against the allies on this front and as the official German reports show has forces there. Some Austrian troops probably are employed, and possibly Turks, but the major portion of the army is made up of Bulgarians. Recent reports have indicated the withdrawal of Austrian troops from the Balkans for use on the Russian and Italian fronts.

Extensive Campaign Forecast. The entente allies are believed to have a "Trest" of some 70,000 British, French and Serbian troops on the Saloniki front, the sending of reinforcements at this time, just after the opening of hostilities on a large scale, would indicate that the allies have embarked on a campaign of extensive proportions.

Italy, which has a considerable surplus of troops, has been urged to take a more active part in the Balkan operations, but was believed to have refrained partly on account of the fact that she was not at war with Germany. There have been several recent indications that a declaration of hostilities was forthcoming. A commercial treaty between these nations was abrogated, a German court ruled that Germany is actually though not formally at war with Italy and last week it was reported that the defense of Trieste would be taken over by Germans. Italian participation in the Balkans hitherto has been limited to occupation of the Albanian port of Avlona, which was effected before Italy declared war on Austria.

FLANKING MOVE HAS NO EFFECT

Allied Campaign in Macedonia Will Continue With Every Hope of Success.

Paris, Aug. 21, 5:15 a. m.—The attempted counter offensive by the German and Bulgarian forces on both flanks of the entente allies' front in Macedonia, with the apparent intention of hindering the plans of General Sarrail, the entente commander, will have no effect on the execution of his campaign, it is said here.

The fourth Greek army corps which

MANY LIVES LOST

Explosion at British Munitions Plant—Call for Help Sent Out.

London, Aug. 21, 8 p. m.—Serious loss of life is feared as the result of an explosion in a munitions plant in Yorkshire this afternoon, says an official statement issued this evening. No figures on the casualties are given.

"An explosion took place at a munitions factory in Yorkshire," says the statement. "Full details are not yet at hand but the loss of life appears to be serious. Assistance has been sent from neighboring towns. A further statement will be issued as soon as possible."

BRITISH MAKE IMPORTANT GAINS

Germans Have to Yield After Weeks of Vicious Counter Attacks.

With the British Armies in France. Aug. 21, via London, 1:30 p. m.—Not only have the British held the gains made in the Saturday attack through the critical second day and night following it, but they have made another important gain. This morning they are within 500 yards of Martinpuich as the result of the taking of a trench which had held them up between Pozieres and Highwood. (This is the advance north of Bazentin-le-Petit referred to in last night's official British communication.)

In this position while the British have been creeping up on both flanks, vicious counter attacks raged for weeks. German resistance, strengthened after the loss of Pozieres, had to yield at last to the incessant hammering.

ENORMOUS LOSSES OF THE RUSSIANS

Regiments, Horribly Decimated in Fighting Around Stanislaus, Are Retired From Front.

Berlin, Aug. 21.—By wireless to Sayville.—Figures showing enormous losses for the Russian guard regiments in the fighting around Stanislaus, Galicia, as a consequence of this these regiments are said to have been retired from service at front, are given by the Overseas News Agency today, based on what it declares are reliable reports from Russia by way of Stockholm. In the emperor's own Semenov regiment, according to these figures, the losses were 45 officers and 2,781 men; in the dragon guards 35 officers and 1,659 men; in the Moscow guards regiment 56 officers and 3,078 men; in the Pavlov regiment 61 officers and 3,157 men; in the Finland guards regiment 48 officers and 2,581 men.

AMBASSADOR SHARP ARRIVES FROM PARIS

New York, Aug. 21.—William Graves Sharp, American ambassador to France, and Miss Margaret Sharp, the ambassador's daughter, were passengers on the French line LaFayette which arrived today from Bordeaux.

Another passenger was B. Rantoul of the American ambulance corps who was decorated by the French government for carrying wounded from the first line trenches to the rear on the western battle field.

DEMAND FOR ACCEPTANCE OF THE EIGHT-HOUR DAY PLAN REPEATED

Railroad Executives Begin Series of Meetings—President Points Part Railroads Play in Military Preparedness and That They Are a Vital Part of Industrial Framework of the Country—Men Deeply Impressed and Promise to Give Full Weight to Wilson's Argument—World Depending Upon Products and Tie-up Would Be Catastrophe.

Washington, Aug. 21.—President Wilson reiterated today to the railroad executives, including the new arrivals from the west, his demand that they accept his plan for the settlement of the threatened railroad strike. The executives then began the first of a series of meetings in which they will frame their reply.

The president reinforced his previous argument by pointing out that, as the railroads play an important part in the military preparedness of the country and that they are a vital part of the industrial framework of the nation, it was absolutely necessary to keep them running at the present time.

Mr. Wilson told the railroad executives he did not blame them for fighting for the principle of arbitration, but that he believed under present circumstances they should accept the eight-hour day and leave the working out of the principle of arbitration until later.

The railroad executives did not enter into an argument with the president but afterward said they were deeply impressed and would give full weight to his argument at their conferences.

The president declared he agreed with them in believing arbitration of industrial disputes, but that, in view

of the railroad employees' refusal to accept arbitration, it was impractical to discuss the issue at present. He urged the railroad executives and their managers in their meetings to consider the disaster which would follow a strike.

With all the world depending in a measure upon the products of the United States, he said it would be a catastrophe for the railway system of this country to be tied up. He said that in working for preparedness in the United States, the work of the railroads had played an important part in his considerations and that all of the plans of the government for preparedness would be thrown awry by a strike. On that ground he appealed to the patriotism of the employees.

As the executives left the White House, Mr. Holden, their spokesman, said there was no change in the situation but that the executives would go into session immediately in an effort to reach a decision.

"We are now ready to get down to brass tacks," said one of the railroad presidents. "Up to the present time our discussions have been informal entirely but from now on we

(Continued on Page 7.)

PLAQUE CAUSES MORE DEATHS

Center of Infantile Paralysis Epidemic Shifts to Brooklyn—Temporarily Checked in Boston.

New York, Aug. 21.—The center of the epidemic of infantile paralysis shifted today from Brooklyn to Manhattan and there were more deaths and new cases in the latter borough than at any time since the inception of the disease. During the twenty-four hours preceding 10 a. m. the plague killed thirty-three children and 92 new cases were reported as compared with 108 new cases and 29 deaths yesterday. In Manhattan alone, there were 17 deaths and 32 new cases.

Disease Checked in Boston. Boston, Aug. 21.—Spread of infantile paralysis in this state has been checked temporarily at least, according to reports received by the state department of health today. Only ten cases were discovered within the last 48 hours, officials said, although daily reports recently have exceeded that number. Further preventive regulations, the outgrowth of the conference in Washington on the subject last week were being considered today.

RETAIL CREDIT MEN MEET IN OMAHA

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 21.—The National Retail Credits' Men session opened a three days' session here today with about 200 delegates present. President D. J. Woodcock, of St. Louis, was in the chair and Secretary E. A. Howell of Denver, and R. H. Polinder of Nashville, treasurer, were among the officials present.

One of the questions which will most interest the gathering is that of the establishment of clearing houses for retail credit information. Some think a one-cent rate bureau should be maintained for this purpose, but others favor the establishment of several in different parts of the country. Many cities are prepared to fight for the location of these bureaus.

REVENUE BILL BEFORE SENATE

Republican to Make Measure Target for Political Attack—Democrats Also to Offer Opposition.

Washington, Aug. 21.—The administration revenue bill was taken up for consideration in the senate today with vigorous opposition to the measure promised. Republican leaders propose to make the bill the target for political attack, while some Democrats are to oppose certain features, including the wine tax section and the section to tax manufacturers of materials entering into manufacture of munitions of war five per cent on their net profit. Senator Underwood will attack their proposals for a tariff commission and increased tariff duties on dyestuffs on the ground that both are undemocratic.

The measure is calculated to bring in \$205,000,000 of revenue annually through corporation, liquor, munitions and new inheritance taxes.

AGED MAN KILLED ON FIRST AUTO RIDE

Salem, Va., Aug. 21.—A. W. Garner of Drapersville was 90-years-old before he ventured to take a ride in an automobile and today he is dead. Yesterday afternoon the car in which he took his first ride plunged over a sixty foot embankment, turned over five times before it struck and killed Garner and injured four others including his wife.

HUGHES PARTY AT SAN DIEGO

Republican Nominee Visits Exposition and Makes Speech at the Oregon Pavilion.

San Francisco, Calif., Aug. 21.—Charles E. Hughes, Republican nominee for president, and party, arrived in San Diego early this morning and got a stay of ten hours. Following breakfast in his private car Mr. Hughes was taken in charge by a reception committee of prominent San Diegans and given a trip to Point Loma and several other nearby points of interest, after which he returned to his train, where he was met by President C. A. Davidson of the Panama-Pacific-California International exposition and escorted by a large parade to the exposition grounds.

The larger part of the morning at the exposition grounds was to be devoted by Mr. Hughes and his party to an inspection of exhibits. This afternoon at 2:30 o'clock Mr. Hughes is scheduled to make his only address of the day in San Diego at the Oregon pavilion in the exposition grounds. The departure for Los Angeles is scheduled at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon.

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