

Weber County Republican Ticket



TIMOTHY C. HOYT
for Congress



GEORGE SUTHERLAND
for U.S. SENATOR



CHARLES E. HUGHES
for President



NEPHI L. MORRIS
for Governor



GEORGE HALVERSON
for State Senator



JOHN FARR
for County Commissioner
four year term



JAMES L. ROBSON
for County Assessor



NATHAN J. HARRIS
for District Judge



JOHN C. DAVIS
for District Attorney



WILFORD W. RAWSON
for Sheriff



ARTHUR G. BERRETT
for County Commissioner
two year term



JOSEPH EVANS
for County Attorney



JOSEPH E. STOREY
for County Treasurer



HERBERT D. BROWN
for Representative



J. A. HOWELL
for District Judge



LULLIEBELL FREY FALK
for Representative



RALPH S. CORLEW
for County Surveyor



ARCHIE B. PETERSON
for County Recorder



HARRY HALES
for County Clerk & Auditor



JOSEPH SWEEN
for Representative



GEORGE A. FULLER
for Representative



ELIAS S. KING
for Constable
Ogden City Precinct

UNITED REPUBLICAN PARTY TO GUIDE NATION'S DESTINY

Nominees Pledged to Secure Safety and Uphold National Ideals

THE people of the United States need have no fears for the future if, within the next few hours, they enter the voting booths with the determination to register a ballot for the candidates who represent those principles and policies that will safeguard the business of the commonwealth, protect the American laborer, preserve the integrity of the nation and establish protection for its citizens in foreign countries to which they are entitled. To insure this accomplishment should be the paramount consideration of every voter. To bring it about it is necessary to vote right. To vote right, translated into understandable terms, is to pull the Republican lever; "let 'er go straight."

The success of the Republican ticket means the success of the nation. To cast a ballot for the Republican electors means that you will have helped to elect Charles Evans Hughes and Charles Warren Fairbanks by the biggest majority ever recorded for president and vice president. The election of Mr. Hughes and Mr. Fairbanks insures the election of the other candidates on the ticket.

With the normally Republican states standing firm for Mr. Hughes and his running mate and with the so-called doubtful states returned to the Republican column, as indicated in figures compiled from reports of the field workers, who have made an actual canvass of the situation, visiting each individual voter and testing his political sentiment, the election of Mr. Hughes and Mr. Fairbanks by a tremendously big majority is assured.

A complete Republican victory is prophesied. This prophecy will be fulfilled. This is a Republican year. The Democrats have conceded the loss of Utah to Wilson and correspondingly a revival of enthusiasm for the other candidates on the Republican ticket. It is safe to predict that Senator George Sutherland's majority will be the largest ever rolled up for him on an election

day and that the vote he will get also will be cast for Timothy C. Hoyt, Republican nominee for congress from the First district, and Charles R. Mabe, nominee for congress from the Second district. The same vote will be given Nephi L. Morris, Republican nominee for governor.

Election Most Important In Nation's History.

It is generally conceded that the election on November 7 will be the most important in the nation's history. This is due, probably, to the fact that the United States is the only one of the big nations not engaged in the world war. This war has cost millions of human lives, billions in property destruction and, from its prosecution, saddled the old world with an indebtedness which it will be unable to liquidate for generations to come. Most important of all it has engendered in the belligerent powers a disposition to utterly disregard the rights of neutral nations as defined by international law. Such incidents as the Lusitania disaster have drawn the American nation perilously near the danger line.

Except that the loss of American life in this catastrophe aroused the indignation of the American people, it is argued that at no time has the American nation been in danger of an open assault on the part of one of the belligerent powers. Therefore, the possibility of the United States being drawn into the struggle has been remote. It has been remote because it was a physical impossibility unless the nation, itself sought war and manifested that disposition by plunging into the struggle of its own accord. The European nations, at the outset of the struggle, discovered that America could serve them best by remaining at peace or, at least, preserving peace within its own domain. The fact that international law so far as the European nations, whether neutral or belligerent, were concerned, was shot full of holes, theoretically and materially, cannot be considered an excuse for transgression of American rights, such as was found in the Lusitania disaster. American rights in this and many other instances were trampled underfoot because the pilot of the nation's destiny sought to lay down in preference to enforcing respect for our claims to freedom of the high seas. Mr. Hughes, in reply to charges "what he would have done," asserted that he could have made conditions right before May 15, 1915, for commanding the respect for rights of the American nation. He stated that at no time would he

have allowed them to have been usurped.

New Conditions Certain After European War.

When the war closes the American nation will be confronted with new conditions. New markets will be created. The nations now engaged in destruction will turn to profitable pursuits and commerce will be renewed. The prophesy that a trade war will follow the conflict will surely be fulfilled. Renewal of trade will mean a renewal of competition. American labor and American industry must be protected. The Republican party has pledged its candidates for public office to provide that protection. And against the destructive effect of a tariff measure, like the Underwood law, which reduced a big surplus to nothing and created a big deficit before the outbreak of the war. Furthermore, by the establishment of a firm foreign policy, it insures the placing of the nation in a position that will enable it to command the respect of its rights at home and abroad. The spirit of the constitution and the Monroe doctrine demands that the United States be restored to its former high position among the ruling powers of the world.

National Issues; What the Party Stands For.

The national Republican party stands for the principles of the protective tariff, which alone makes possible the steady employment of the American workman and which alone continuously safeguards the markets of the American farmer. It

stands firmly for the protection of the American nation from attacks of foreign enemies by the maintenance of an adequate army and navy. It stands solidly for the protection of the lives, the rights, the shipping and other property of American citizens at home and abroad. It stands unalterably for peace, the peace that results from a failure to command respect from the other nations of the world, but peace that comes by maintaining the honor and dignity and interests of the government and its people, for preparedness, not under the belated compulsion of public opinion, but preparedness in advance of and in preparation for the necessity of it; for protection, not of the temporary character produced by a foreign war, but the permanent prosperity of the protective tariff.

It contrasts its unparalleled record of 50 years of constructive statescraft, both foreign and domestic, during which time it never failed to redeem a promise made the people, with the record of the Democratic party during the last three years and a half, with its long list of broken promises, with its vacillating and humiliating foreign policy, and its inconsistent protection of the industries of certain sections of the country, particularly the south, and the consequent discrimination against, particularly the west.

Stratling Character.

National Candidates Men of Experience.

The Republican party presents as its candidate for president, Charles E. Hughes.

This strong, steadfast, sterling American has behind him the records of having been one of the most suc-

cessful attorneys that ever appeared in behalf of the people, one of the most popular and progressive governors the great empire state ever had, one of the most conscientious and forward-looking judges that ever sat upon the supreme court of the United States. This record is the best guaranty that as the nation's chief executive he will keep faith with the people, stand firmly for the principles of the Republican party, advocate remedial legislation only after a full and complete investigation of the facts, and splendidly and consistently maintain America's prestige at home and abroad.

As its candidate for United States senator the Republican party presents GEORGE SUTHERLAND, who for the last 12 years has so successfully represented his native state in the senate of the United States, who during that period unceasingly labored to secure that legislation which best meets the needs of his state and the nation, who has become known as one of the best friends of the laboring man in the entire country, who has well earned the title of "The ablest constitutional lawyer in the senate," and as a result has been unanimously chosen as president of the American Bar association.

As its candidate for congressman, the Republican party presents TIMOTHY C. HOYT, of Weber county, whose unequalled acquaintance with Utah's conditions and necessities, gained as a result of many years' employment in the national forestry service, eminently fits him to secure for his native state legislation by the congress and that consideration by the national government which will insure her future develop-

ment.

State Issues and Candidates.

The Republican party in the state of Utah stands for:

Statewide and nationwide prohibition by legislative enactment.

Woman's suffrage by amendment of the federal constitution.

A public utilities commission, which shall regulate all public service corporations.

A workingmen's compensation law. An eight-hour day and a six-day week ("One day's rest in seven").

Anti-free-pass legislation.

The exemption from taxation of the modest home.

The completion of the comprehensive system of state highways, already begun under the present Republican administration.

The maintenance of the high standard of our public school system, and other educational institutions.

It presents as its candidate for governor, Nephi L. Morris, whose record upon all these issues is unimpeached and unimpaired.

It presents a senatorial and legislative ticket, the personnel of which insures the enactment of the party's platform into law.

The legislative ticket is made up of the following: For state senator, George Halverson; for representatives, Mrs. Lillibell Frey Falk, George A. Fuller, Joseph Sween and Herbert D. Brown.

In addition to Mr. Morris, the nominees for governor, the state ticket is made up of the following, all of whom are men of high standing and who possess the qualifications necessary for the service required of them in the proper conduct of the offices for which they stand as the party's choice: Supreme Judge, D. N. Straup; secretary of state, Lincoln G. Kelly; attorney general, Harold P. Fabian; treasurer, D. H. Madsen; auditor, Joseph Jensen.

Judiciary Nominees Men of Experience.

The Republican party of Weber county and the Second district presents as its candidates for district judges and district attorney men who have rendered the people faithful service in the past, men who have been neither biased nor partisan, but who have been courageous and impartial in the performance of their duties. Their records guarantee the same character of service in the future, together with increased efficiency resulting from their past experience.

The judicial ticket is composed of Judge J. A. Howell, Judge Nathan

J. Harris and District Attorney John C. Davis.

The County Issues and County Ticket.

The Republican county administration has been a worthy steward of the county's affairs.

It has reduced the county's bonded indebtedness from \$120,000.00 to \$44,000.00.

It spent over \$80,000.00 on the county roads last year.

It has reduced the tax levy for general county purposes \$35,000.00 this year.

It has cared for the indigent poor and has constructed a modern isolation hospital out of the revenues for the current year.

It presents candidates for the respective county offices, whose well known integrity, acknowledged character, and business success preesage an honest, economical, business-like administration of county affairs in the future. Some of them are men who have already held office and will bring to the incoming administration the benefit of their experience, while others have not yet held public office, and will bring to it the benefit of new ideas.

The Republican party's candidates for sheriff and county attorney are pledged to the enforcement of the law, and particularly the law prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors, and the record of their lives here amongst us guarantees that they will keep their pledge.

Nearly all of the nominees for county offices have seen public service. The fact insures that they possess the qualifications for future public service. Their re-election will be recognition of the confidence placed in them by the party they represent. It will mean also that the public is satisfied with the results of their administration and believes, furthermore, that a vote for them will be a vote for economy, which could not be expected from candidates about whom some doubt exists as to their qualifications for the positions they aspire to.

The county ticket is made up of the following: For county clerk and auditor, Harry Hales; for county treasurer, Joseph E. Storey; for recorder, Archie B. Peterson; for surveyor, Ralph Corlew; for assessor, James L. Robson; for county commissioner, four-year term, John Farr; for commissioner, two-year term, Arthur G. Berrett; for county attorney, Joseph E. Evans; for sheriff, Wilford W. Rawson; for constable, Ogden City precinct, Elias S. King.

(Political Advertisement.)

THE ERA OF CONSTRUCTION

We are concerned not so much with the past as with the present and the future; we are interested, not so much in criticism as in construction. The task at hand and the work before us are big enough to engage our best thought and all our thought.

We must build for tomorrow and our plan must be as wide as the horizon now opening before us. A new world is being born. Just as the Napoleonic wars destroyed an outworn political dispensation, so the present conflict is ending an old economic system. In this new day, and amidst these changed conditions, there must be a new America. Let us be thankful and glad that we are privileged to lay its foundations.

This work means, first of all, a broader, deeper, stronger nationalism. The philosophy of localism is dead. The practice of it must no longer interfere with the unity of the republic. National law and national authority must deal with all things that help or hurt the entire people.—Speech of Hon. Albert J. Beveridge at Formal Opening of the Republican Speaking Campaign at Auditorium in Chicago on the Night of October 5, 1916.

(Political Advertisement.)