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TRADE MARK

BATTLE WITH I.W.W.

Five Killed and Forty Wounded at Everett Wharf.

Everett, Wash., Nov. 5.—At least five were killed and forty wounded today in a pitched battle at the Everett City wharf between 250 members of the Industrial Workers of the World, who came here from Seattle on the steamer Verona, and a posse of 150 citizens headed by Sheriff Don McRae. Sheriff McRae is among the seriously wounded.

Following is the list of dead members of the Industrial Workers of the World:

HUGO GERLOT, 24, Milwaukee, Wis., seaman; identified by card of Great Lakes Carriers' association.

JOHNNY LOONEY, 26, Ayer Junction, Mass., laborer.

HARRY PIERCE, 28, Seattle, laborer.

GUS JOHNSON, laborer.

FELIX BARON, 22, laborer.

It was said at the ship that two others badly wounded would probably die.

Following is a list of casualties among the Everett citizens' posse:

The known dead:

C. O. CURTIS, formerly lieutenant Company L, Second Infantry, Washington national guard.

Wounded:

Jeff Beard, deputy sheriff, two wounds in chest; serious.

James Broadhurst, shot in left side; dangerous.

E. Beuhner, high school engineer, shot in chest; dangerous.

E. E. Brown, lumberman, shot in leg.

Lewis Conner, shot in leg.

Owen Clay, shot in right arm.

Fred Durr, shot in head; not serious.

A. J. Ethenborough, shot in head; not serious.

Athol Gorrell, Spokane, University of Washington student; shot under left shoulder.

Joseph Irving, Sr., wealthy lumber-

man; shot in foot.

James Maher, shot in leg.

Sheriff Donald McRae, shot twice in leg.

Lee Malquist, shot in head; not serious.

J. C. Rymer, shot in leg.

E. Stuechell, Jr., University of Washington student, shot in leg.

Charles Tooker, shot in head; not serious.

Harry Blackburn, shot in chest; serious.

The number of casualties aboard the Verona is unknown. After the shooting, in which about 1000 shots were exchanged, the Verona turned around and started back to Seattle. Many men were seen to fall on the deck of the steamer and others, panic-stricken, jumped overboard. Some were taken from the water but others disappeared and it is believed they were drowned.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 5.—The steamer Verona, which carried the Industrial Workers of the World expedition to Everett, returned here early tonight with four dead and twenty injured on board.

Everett Citizens Deny Them Landing. The Verona reached Everett shortly before 2 o'clock. The coming of the party of invaders had been announced in messages sent to Everett from Seattle headquarters. A call to industrial workers of the World members from all over the state had been issued earlier in the week and the citizens of Everett at a meeting held Saturday night planned to meet the invaders and deny them privilege of landing.

When the Verona reached the city wharf Sheriff McRae, who was backed by a posse of deputy sheriffs and citizens, stepped forward and informed the men on the boat that they would not be permitted to land. One of the men, evidently spokesman for the party, began arguing with the sheriff and then made a speech.

Apparently as a signal, the man dropped his hand and armed men on the steamer opened fire on the posse assembled on the wharf. The first man to fall was Sheriff McRae, seriously injured. One man was killed instantly and in a moment the crowd on shore was panic-stricken.

BOTH SIDES ARE MAKING CLAIMS

New York, Nov. 5.—Both Democrats and Republicans profess entire confidence in the outcome of the voting Tuesday. Final offers have gone out from the headquarters here of the national committees to the chiefs in other states, but instructions will be transmitted tomorrow to sub-chiefs and lieutenants all the way down to the precinct captains.

Charles E. Hughes, the Republican presidential candidate, who will remain here until after election day, announced tonight that he considers the campaign closed and that he has no further statement to make. He told the few callers he had, however, that he felt sure of victory.

JAKE PARKER, WELL KNOWN CANNER, IS CANDIDATE FOR SENATOR

Candidate for Senator from Weber County on the Democratic Ticket.

Jake Parker, whose initials are W. J., the Democratic candidate for State Senator from Weber County, is too well known to need any special introduction to the voters of Weber County. Mr. Parker was born in Davis County and has been prominently identified with the progressive business interests of Weber County since he was a young man. He has been a leader in the development of the canning industry in this section and the fact that Weber County has taken the lead is largely due to the work of Mr. Parker and other men of his class. At the present time the Parker Canneries consist of six factories, five of which are in operation this year. Each year these factories give profitable employment to hundreds of Weber County people and afford a remunerative market to the farmers of the vicinity. Jake Parker has made a reputation as a fair-minded, progressive business man. He is one of the common people and has always been interested in laws that will work the greatest good to the greatest number. He is not controlled by pledge, promise, or business associates, and is in a position to consider and propose legislation strictly upon its merits to the community which he represents. A vote for Jake

ITALIANS GAIN BIG SUCCESSSES

More Than 9000 Prisoners Taken in Last Few Days on Trieste Front.

Rome, Nov. 5.—Continuing their powerful offensive against Trieste, the troops of General Count Cadorna, under the eye of the king and the Duke of Aosta, have gained fresh successes south of Gorizia.

As a result of their operations of the last few days the Italians have taken prisoner more than 9000 Austro-Hungarians. Of these 2700 were officers and 8992 of other ranks, according to an official statement issued today by the war office.

The Austrians are directing a strong artillery fire against the new Italian positions east of Gorizia, according to the war office announcement, but, in spite of this, all the ground has been consolidated and fortified against counter-attacks.

The latest Italian success was won in storming actions on the sector south of the road from Oppachisella to Castagnovizza. Here the Italian lines were pushed well forward and about 200 prisoners taken. The majority of those taken were wounded men abandoned by the Austrians.

The war office announces that in the Travinogio valley the Austrians, after attempting a demonstration against Mount Col Bricon, delivered five assaults of great violence against the Italian garrison of the so-called observatory in slopes of Cima Boeche. The attacks were all repulsed and, after the fifth, the Italians charged with the bayonet, routing the remaining Austrian forces, who left a large number of dead on the field.

Reviewing the results of the Italian offensive against Trieste since August, the war office points out that 40,365 Austrians have been taken prisoner. Of these 1088 were officers.

MEXICO WARNED BY THE BRITISH

Mexico City, Nov. 5.—The Mexican government has been notified by the British ambassador at Washington of the presence of German submarines in the Gulf of Mexico, and has been warned that the allies will take "drastic measures" if the undersea craft receives aid from Mexican ports or sources. This information was made public tonight by Foreign Minister Aguilar, who issued the text of a note received from the British ambassador through United States Secretary of State Lansing and Charge d'Affaires Charles B. Parker.

The British note demands a strict censorship of the Mexican wireless, and says that any failure to maintain the Mexican neutrality will be attended by disastrous results. In his reply, addressed to Mr. Parker, Senor Aguilar says that it seems strange to the Mexican government that Great Britain should use the United States state department as an intermediary on a point concerning Mexico alone, especially when Great Britain has an accredited representative in Mexico. The reply says that the Mexican government will, for this time only, answer the representatives of the British government through Mr. Parker.

Foreign Minister Aguilar states that the Mexican government feels it unjust for the allies to hold Mexico responsible for submarine activities in the Gulf of Mexico, when the same submarines arrived in American ports and sank ships in American territorial waters without causing conflict or difficulties between Germany and the United States. He adds that Mexico desires to retain cordial relations with Great Britain, and to this end suggests that the English fleet prevent the German submarines from leaving their bases, thus obligating to the Mexican government disagreeable incidents caused by the European conflict. If such measures by England are not efficacious, the foreign minister concludes, the Mexican government will take such measures as the circumstances direct should German submarines enter Mexican waters.

ABANDON BLAZING SHIP

London, Nov. 5, 10 p. m.—The Danish ship Esbern Snare has been abandoned at sea on fire. Her crew was saved and landed at St. Michaels, Azores.

The Norwegian steamer Krosford is in Havre roads with her cargo on fire.

PARIS, NOV. 5.—French troops have again smashed the German lines here in the region south of Gorizia where the Italians are endeavoring to advance on Trieste. Fresh gains have been made by King Victor Emmanuel's men on the Carso plateau.

Italians are alternately bombarding Austrian positions at Pamiano and throwing heavy infantry effective against the town. Vienna says all attacks have failed.

The Rumanians and Austro-Germans are both claiming successes at various points. Berlin records the capture by the Teutonic allies of positions in the Prabhova valley while Bucharest asserts that the pursuit of the Teutons in the Jiu valley continues.

In Macedonia fighting continues along the Cerna river, but no important changes have taken place.

Small gains for the Germans on the Russian front south of Dvinsk and in Galicia and in the Carpathians, for the Russians are recorded in the Berlin and Petrograd official communications.

There still is no news from the Dobrudja region of Rumania.

W. J. (JAKE) PARKER.

Parker is a vote for a substantial citizen who has no axe to grind, and who will be found on the right side of all questions regardless of outside influence.—Advertisement.



POLES ASSURED INDEPENDENCE

Teutons Organize the Old Kingdom of Poland as a Buffer State.

Berlin, Nov. 5. (By wireless to Sayville.)—"Polish provinces occupied by troops of the central powers," says the Overseas News Agency, "were the scene today of a great and momentous historic event. Germany and Austria-Hungary by joint action proclaimed Warsaw and Lublin the kingdom of Poland and re-established the right of the Polish nation to control its own destinies, to live an independent national life and to govern itself by chosen representatives of the nation."

"A few days ago a Polish delegation had called upon the Imperial Chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, its members were representative Poles of all classes, all parties, all ranks of society and all creeds. They transmitted to the German government the wishes of the Polish nation, which now have been granted to them."

Kingdom of Poland.

"Thus the ancient kingdom of Poland, from which in the past came famous rulers like the Jagellones (a dynasty founded by Jagello, which reigned in Poland from 1386 to 1572) and glorious soldiers like the great Sobieski (John III, king of Poland in 1674-76) is now resurrected. The Poles are free from Russian oppression, no more to be trodden under the heels of the Cossack. The liberty that had been destroyed a century ago on Russian instigation now is restored. The rule of the knout has been abolished. Poland has been given back to western civilization."

The manifesto issued at Warsaw and Lublin reads as follows:

"In His Majesty, the German emperor, and His Majesty, the emperor of Austria and apostolic king of Hungary, inspired by firm confidence in final victory of their armies and prompted by a desire to lead the districts conquered by their armies under heavy sacrifices from Russian domination towards a happy future, have agreed to form of these districts a national state with an hereditary monarch and a constitutional government. The exact frontiers of the kingdom of Poland shall be outlined later."

New Monarchy.

"The new kingdom will receive the guarantees needed for the free development of its people by its intimate relations with both powers. The glorious traditions of the ancient Polish armies and the memory of the brave comradeship in the great war of our days shall revive in a national army. The organization, in command of this army, shall be arranged by common agreement."

"The allied monarchs express the confident hope that Polish wishes for the evolution of a Polish state and for the national development of a Polish kingdom shall now be fulfilled, taking due consideration of the political conditions prevailing in Europe and of the welfare and the safety of their own countries and nations."

"The great realm which the western neighbors of the kingdom of Poland shall have on their eastern frontier shall be a free and happy one, enjoying its own national life and they shall welcome with joy the birth and prosperous development of this state."

The semi-official Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung prints a leading article entitled "Poland's hour of fate."

"The Poles now are free from Russian domination and have an opportunity to form a national state, to establish connections with the world, to promote their political and economic life and develop their national civilization."

"For these purposes during the near future, the Poles will need our help. Under Russian domination no Polish administration, no Polish schools and no Polish army were admitted. The Russians neglected the construction of railways and waterways. Everywhere a basis of public life and administration must be created out of nothing and the reconstruction of a Polish national life begun."

DEFEAT FOR THE TEUTON FORCES

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GOVERNOR READY TO CALL GUARDS

Rioting of I. W. W. at Everett Stirs the People of the State.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 5.—Governor Ernest Lister, who was in Seattle when word of the riot in Everett was received, immediately ordered Adjutant General Maurice Thompson of the Washington National guard to go to Everett, thirty miles north of here, and report to him on conditions there. The governor said that if the situation still was threatening to order the national guard to police Everett.

Before leaving for Everett Adjutant General Thompson ordered all national guard organizations for duty. Four companies of coast artillery, four companies of infantry and two divisions of the naval militia were ordered under arms. Pending further developments the guardsmen were ordered to assist the police in rounding up members of the Industrial Workers of the World here and in arresting the party on the Verona when the steamer arrived Everett.

The Verona left Seattle about noon with 50 men aboard. One hundred and fifty other members of the Industrial Workers of the World who could not find room on the Verona boarded the steamer Calista, which left after the main expedition had departed. Both vessels were chartered for "an excursion."

The fight was over and the Verona was on her way back long before the Calista approached Everett. The two steamers met at Mukilteo, four miles south of Everett, and came back to Seattle together.

Policemen were placed in charge of the Industrial Workers' headquarters in Washington street and a large force of officers was sent to the water front to meet the Verona.

Sheriff Robert Hodge sent four automobile loads of deputies to Richmond Beach to arrest any members of the Verona's party who attempted to land there.

Warning that there would be trouble in Everett today was issued at the Seattle headquarters of the Industrial Workers of the World last night after a meeting of members. A call for members to join the expedition to Everett was issued and speakers declared that they would tolerate no interference.

WILSON WIRES A FINAL WORD

Long Branch, N. J., Nov. 5.—President Wilson tonight wired his final word of the campaign to the men who have worked to bring about his re-election. The telegram sent to every state and county chairman in the country, follows:

"I think you hear for the splendid work done by you and by all the workers in the cause of progressive principles at issue in this campaign."

"The fight is won, I fully believe, though I take this means of urging you to renewed exertions and vigilance to see that belated efforts to confuse the public judgement do not succeed."

"Our country is prosperous, secure and happy; and its prosperity is upon a sound basis; and its prosperity is upon a sound basis. Steps to protect our commerce and industry in any emergency after the European war ends have been taken. The anti-dumping clause of the so-called war revenue act provides the executive with ample power to prevent the dumping of European surplus manufactures upon our markets."

"The tariff commission will shortly be appointed and at work to provide the facts which will determine what other legislation is necessary or desirable. I need not add that the federal reserve act is a guarantee against panics and that the federal trade commission will aid, as it already has helped, to preserve the stability of our domestic and foreign commerce."

"I am confident that the time has passed in American when votes can be bought, the ballot box defiled by

HEAT FLASHES, DIZZY, NERVOUS

Mrs. Wynn Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Helped Her During Change of Life.

Richmond, Va.—"After taking seven bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I feel like a new woman. I always had a headache during the Change of Life and was also troubled with other bad feelings common at that time—dizzy spells, nervous feelings and heat flashes. Now I am in better health than I ever was and recommend your remedies to all my friends."—Mrs. LENA WYNN, 2812 E. O Street, Richmond, Va.

While Change of Life is a most critical period of a woman's existence, the annoying symptoms which accompany it may be controlled, and normal health restored by the timely use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Such warning symptoms are a sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and inquietude, and dizziness.

For these abnormal conditions do not fail to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

To guard against counterfeits and substitutes of Aspirin, remember that every package and tablet of the genuine bears

"The Bayer Cross" "Your Guarantee of Purity"

The trade-mark "Aspirin" (Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.) is a guarantee that the manufacturer of salicylic acid in these tablets is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.

corrupt practices, or the judgments of the American people determined or influenced in any way by the use of money. It is, however, our duty to take every precaution, lest conscienceless agents of the sinister forces working in opposition to progressive principles and popular government resort in their desperation to industrial coercion or to the evil and insidious practice of a decade and more ago.

PARRAL IS GIVEN UP BY CARRANZA

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 5.—Parral has been abandoned by the Carranza garrison in charge of General Herrera, according to passengers arriving in Juarez tonight by train from Chihuahua City. Nothing could be learned, however, of the Americans there, they said.

The report that Dr. Fisher, an American, had been killed at Santa Rosalia by Villa bandits could not be confirmed officially in Chihuahua, according to the passengers, who said the news was brought to Chihuahua by a German. It was said that the bandits there had some Chinese and Arab Assyrins and other traders from the Near East are known by the Mexicans, but these stories were pronounced vague.

Dr. Fisher was described as an elderly man in feeble health, married to a Mexican woman and owning one of the finest homes in Santa Rosalia.

General Herrera was ordered to proceed to Escalon, a station on the Mexican Central railway, some distance below Jimenez and the bandits still occupy Jimenez, according to the passengers.

Conditions were reported quiet in Chihuahua City.

Four Americans arrived at Juarez from Chihuahua City, but could add nothing definite to the reports current in Chihuahua.

The garrison at Chihuahua City was estimated at 8,000 men. It is composed of artillery, and a movable battery which gave rise to a rumor that was officially denied, that the city was to be abandoned by the Carranza forces.

General Gonzales in Juarez said today he had ordered the execution at Madera of the Villa bandits captured at San Geronimo.

Chihuahua City, Mex., Nov. 5.—General Trevino stated here tonight that all telegraphic communication was cut between Chihuahua City and Parral, as well as to points south of Chihuahua City, he was unable to learn anything regarding Americans who had been in Parral. He said he would use every effort at his command, however, to get news of them as soon as communication was improved.

VOTE OF OHIO TO DECIDE ELECTION

New York, Nov. 5.—Thirty-six hours before the decisive election day impartial political observers are agreed that the element of doubt makes this the most amazing presidential battle in the last 30 years.

Both national committee chairmen are sincere when they put forth their claims of party success. Both are prepared for surprises.

The Republican managers claim the eastern states with a confidence that seems to be a shade stronger than that expressed by their Democratic neighbors.

So far as the central western states are concerned, the conditions are reversed.

The rock-bottom figures of the Democratic national committee give Wilson a majority in New York state slightly less than 40,000.

The Democrats look for a decided slump in the Republican majorities above the Bronx and for an average majority below that political stream.

Confident of New York.

The Republicans are very confident of their ability to carry New York state. They are willing to concede a shrinkage up the state, but assert it will not be material. They expect to make an emphatic gain in the boroughs of Kings and Queens in this city.

Although both committees claim New Jersey, impartial political observers are inclined to give the president's state to the New York judge.

Summing up the national situation, two distinct views were expressed today by the real leaders of thought in the respective parties.

Ohio to Decide.

A Republican of national eminence and of profound political sagacity said: "The Vote of Ohio will determine the national contest. If the Buckeye state gives Wilson a material majority it will indicate that there is behind it a sentiment which cannot be held within the boundaries of one state. Necessarily, should that senti-

ment be pronounced it will favorably influence the Democratic vote in all the central west."

"I look for Indiana to go for Hughes under any any circumstances, but a big majority in Ohio for Wilson will mean the loss of Michigan and Illinois for Hughes, in my opinion."

A Democrat of national repute, connected with the national committee, said: "While we think we will carry New York, we do not regard our success here as being vital. We look for a landslide throughout the central west and will be disappointed if it does not come."

Read the Classified Ads.

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WARNING ISSUED BY SAM GOMPERS

New York, Nov. 5.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, issued here tonight the following statement, addressed to the "workingmen and citizens of the United States:"

As predicted by me a few days ago, there is some scheme to spring a canard upon you when it will be too late to disprove and repudiate the falsehoods and fictitious allegations or declarations.

The information comes to me that a pretended labor leader has secured some false declarations of a few supposed labor organizations, attacking the character and the policy of the American Federation of Labor, and that they are to be published as advertisements in the newspapers of the country.

The American Federation of Labor has, without a dissenting voice or vote, proclaimed the political policy to stand by its friends of labor and justice and to defeat its enemies.

In this campaign Woodrow Wilson stands for all that is true to labor, justice, patriotism, freedom and humanity.

The false friends of labor will fail in their purpose to deceive.

"S-O-M-E Doughnut!"

"Any time you want real goodies to Calumet Baking Powder! My mother uses it—she's tried all others—she's learned her lesson—now she sticks to Calumet."

"Unequaled for making tender, wholesome, light bakings. Wonderful leavening and raising qualities—uniform results. Mother says Calumet is the most economical to buy—most economical to use. Try it at once."

Received Highest Awards

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