

METAL PRICES
NEW YORK, June 7.—Metal quotations for today are: Silver 99 1/2c; lead 7.35@7.625c; spelter 7.30@7.45c; copper 23 1/2c.

The Ogden Standard

FEARLESS INDEPENDENT PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER

WEATHER FORECAST
Weather indications for Ogden and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Saturday; cooler Saturday in west portion.

Forty-eighth Year—No. 136. Price Five Cents. OGDEN CITY, UTAH, FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 7, 1918. CITY EDITION—3:30 P. M.—12 PAGES

PRUSSIAN PUSHED BACK

U. S. Marines Break Up Three Crack Divisions of the Crown Prince's Army

Germans on the Run Surrender Right and Left

Marines in Second Attack Dash Into Huns Yelling Like Indians, Plying Bayonets and Rifles and Tackling Enemy Single-handed

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES ON THE MARNE, Thursday, June 6, (By the Associated Press.)—The second attack made today by American marines on German positions northwest of Chateau Thierry early gave promise of being as successful as this morning's assault. The marines reached all their objectives set for the first hour within that time limit and pushed beyond them. The early reports indicated the Germans on the run for the time being and surrendering right and left to the Americans.

One of the toughest of all the objectives, Belleau wood, some four miles from Chateau Thierry, was swept by the marines without serious trouble. There seemed reason to expect German counter-attacks in strength before long for previous to the beginning of the afternoon attacks which began at 5 p. m. the roads behind the German lines were filled with troops, guns and wagons, out the American artillery turned on them and created havoc. The marines in their forward sweep took strong ground on either side of Belleau wood and cleaned out the ravine south of Torcy which linked up the line with Hill 142 which was taken this morning. This gave them a dominating and strong position for a continuation of the advance. Their total advance was approximately two miles on a three mile front. The total number of prisoners taken was not known this evening, but additional captives were brought in after the morning attack which netted about 100 prisoners.

Low Morale of Prussians.
A notable development was the low morale of the prisoners, all of whom are Prussians. They expressed themselves as tired of the war and glad to get out of the fighting. This was despite the fact, they say, that they are furnished with food, although the Saxons, the Wuertemberg troops and others may go without.

It must not be imagined, however, that they did not put up a fight this morning for their officers were among them urging them on, but the marines dashed into them yelling like Indians and plying bayonet and rifle. One marine who was taking back a prisoner ran into two German officers and ten men. He tackled them single handed with his rifle and bayonet, killed both the officers and wounded seven of the men.

Sergeant Kills Five.
Another sergeant was about to take a prisoner when the German threw himself on the ground and discharged his revolver at the American after calling him "comrade." That settled the German for the sergeant shot him as he hid four others who also had surrendered, but refused to put up their hands.

Marines Advance in Waves.
The marines advancing in the Belleau wood region went forward in four waves in open formation. The men in the first wave were for the most part armed with rifles and bombs, while the rear waves were equipped with automatic rifles. With them came squads of machine gunners lugging their collapsible guns. They crossed the open space and toiled up the slope on their hands and knees. The trenches the marines passed over were clearly visible from below, but they hardly deserved the name, for they were simply lines of little holes, each big enough to hold a man, while barbed wire was lacking. There was some, however, interlaced among the trees of Belleau wood, but the marines pushed their way through it. Out on the open field, artillery officers with field glasses were directing the supporting fire while on the roof of a nearby farmhouse a signal man wig-wagged with his red and white flags. On all sides the guns were flashing, some of them stationed right out in the field, while others were hidden in the woods. Looking down into the valley only a mile away, the village of Bussieres could be seen on fire. As the correspondent watched the scene, the

U-BOATS LIE IN WAIT FOR PREY

Theory of Officials Strengthened by Torpedoing of British Steamship Harpathian.

AFTER LARGER SHIPS May Make Supreme Effort soon to Sink Transport or Large Cargo Vessel.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Belief that the German submarines which early in the week successfully attacked coasting schooners and steamers off the New Jersey coast, are now lying in wait for larger prey in the path of the trans-Atlantic routes off the Virginia capes, was expressed in official circles here today. This theory was strengthened by the torpedoing Wednesday of the British steamship Harpathian, 100 miles off the Virginia coast, news of which was announced in navy department dispatches published today.

Having, as the Germans believe, struck fear into the hearts of America through depredations near the ports of New York and Philadelphia, it is probable, officials said, that the U-boat commanders have decided to make a bolder effort and, despite the multitude of patrol boats and destroyers in search of them, make a supreme effort to sink a transport or large cargo or passenger carrying vessel as the prize. The sinking of the Harpathian brought the total number of victims of the German raiders to fourteen—six steamers and eight schooners.

MEDALS AWARDED BY THE NAVY

Four Members of U. S. Naval Service Rewarded for Life Saving.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Four members of the American naval service have been awarded medals for heroism in saving life, Secretary Daniels today announced. Quartermaster Frank Munroe Upton of Denver and ship's cook Jesse W. Covington of Grace Mount, Okla., were given the medal of honor and a gratuity of \$100 each for extraordinary work in rescuing a survivor of the steamer Florence H. destroyed by an internal explosion on April 17. At the risk of their lives, the announcement said, the two men swam through water strewn with wreckage and bursting powder boxes and succeeded in rescuing one of the survivors after it was found impossible to reach him with small boats.

FRANCO-AMERICA TROOPS HOLDING

U. S. Soldiers Honored in French Official Report

PARIS, June 7.—In announcing that the Germans are being held and that French counter-attacks are meeting with success, an official note mentions especially the activity of the American troops along the Marne and northwest of Chateau Thierry.

"An episode to the honor of the American troops, happened north of Lucy-le-Bois, northwest of Chateau Thierry. When the American first line was being harassed by German machine guns, an American patrol boldly attacked the machine guns, killed the gunners and captured the guns. It is thus that the young American soldiers give daily fresh proofs of their spirit, initiative and courage as well as their perfect adaptability to modern fighting conditions."

Germans Not Attacking.
LONDON, June 7.—The Germans do not attempt further or immediate progress around Chateau Thierry, says Reuters correspondent with the American army in France, who spent Thursday north-west of that town. The enemy heads have declared a lassitude which may well seem an attempt at deception. The French hold that part of Chateau Thierry on the left bank of the Marne.

FIERCE FIGHT RAGING

Marines Giving Germans Hot Time Near Belleau Wood.

HUNS ON THE RUN

Americans Inflict Terrible Casualties on the Prussians.

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES ON THE MARNE, June 7.—The American marines, who began a second attack on the German lines late yesterday, captured the village of Torcy and drove their way into Bouresches, northwest of Chateau Thierry. This morning they were holding Torcy in the face of repeated counter attacks and were pushing back the Germans through the streets of Bouresches. Virtually all their objectives in this attack were attained.

The American plan did not include the taking of Torcy but the marines swept into it and drove out the Germans. The one point where the objective was not reached was on the right of the attack in the Belleau wood. The fiercest fighting is continuing here.

BITTER STRUGGLE IN THE CAUCASUS

Turks Massacre Over Ten Thousand Armenians Within Fortnight—Caucasians Mobilizing.

LONDON, June 7.—A bitter struggle is being waged in the Caucasus between the new Caucasian government and the Turks, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Moscow. The Turks are reported to have massacred more than ten thousand Armenians within a fortnight.

The Caucasus government has ordered the mobilization of all men between the ages of 15 and 42 and newly formed Caucasian detachments are concentrating in the Tiflis district.

HE DENIES WHEAT YARN OF GERMANS



F. Quattrone, Italian high commissioner to the United States, denies positively the statement that wheat shipped from this country to Italy for war use comes back to this country as spaghetti. He also protests the statements that ships available for ocean use are lying idle in Italian ports. Both of these charges, Quattrone and other officials believe, are Hun propaganda. Quattrone says that further reduction of tonnage in the U. S.-Italy trade would menace Italy and its army with starvation.

GERMANY BEGINS TO SEE FUTURE

Realizes Enemies Are Constantly Increasing—Eastern Situation No Pleasant Picture.

AMSTERDAM, June 7.—"We cannot close our eyes to the fact that an increasingly hostile feeling toward Germany is becoming widespread in Russia and also that the Ukrainian population does not everywhere regard the Germans with friendly eyes," says the Volks Zeitung of Cologne in an editorial which voices the anxiety felt in Germany relative to potential developments in the east.

The entire eastern situation offers no pleasant picture," the newspaper continues. "One may say that the entire entente, not excluding Japan, is following in President Wilson's footsteps."

HEARINGS BEGIN ON WAR REVENUE

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Hearings preliminary to framing a new war revenue bill designed to raise one-third of the nation's expenses, or \$5,000,000, by taxation, were begun by the house ways and means committee today with Thomas O. Marvin of Boston representing the Home Market club as the first witness. Mr. Marvin advocated raising several million dollars more revenue by increased import duties.

Frederick C. Marsh of the farmers' national committee on war finance, proposed higher taxes on incomes, and Representative Albert Johnson of Washington presented a plan for graduated taxes on second class mail matters.

wheat field, became surrounded by superior numbers but they eventually fought their way out in the face of severe German machine gun fire. In addition they captured several of the machine guns.

The American troops, the correspondent adds, showed considerable skill in using cover and thereby reduced their losses appreciably. Despite this caution, however, they made the pace too hot for the Germans.

FAIL TO SCARE YANKEES

German Submarine Frightfulness Stirs Americans to Action.

HUN NOTION ABSURD

American Navy Alert Everywhere and Doing Effective Work.

LONDON, June 7.—(By the Associated Press.)—The manner in which the American nation received the latest exhibition of German submarine frightfulness represents another "defeat" for Germany, says Archibald S. Hurd, who is well known as a writer on naval subjects. He characterized as absurd the notion that the Germans can carry out air raids on American towns from submarines.

"This side of the Atlantic," the statement says, "has heard of the attitude of the American people toward the submarine raid and has accepted it as further evidence of their sanity and the correct appreciation they have formed of the strategic necessities which the war imposes upon them. That represents another defeat for the Germans."

NEW RECORD IN SHIP LAUNCHINGS

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Ship launchings in May, like deliveries, set a new record. Seventy-one hulls, totalling 344,450 deadweight tons, were put into the water. Thirty-one of them were steel with a capacity of 238,150 tons and forty wood with a capacity of 115,700 tons.

ENEMY LOSING GROUND

Tip of German Salient Pushed Back by Franco-Americans.

MARINES' GREAT DASH

British Gain Ground Between Rheims and the Marne.

Striking the Germans northwest of Chateau Thierry along the line where the enemy legions were launching their heaviest blows but a few days ago, American marines, fighting with French troops on either side, have pushed back the tip of the salient driven by the Germans in their rush to the Marne. They have recaptured the village of Torcy and at last accounts were disputing with the Germans the possession of the towns of Bussieres and Bouresches.

The gallant work of the American "soldiers of the sea" in this advance of over two miles along a front of almost three miles stands out as a heroic chapter in the story of American participation in the struggle in France. Narratives of the battles which began Thursday afternoon, tell of the irresistible dash of the marines and the deadly accuracy of the fire they poured into the German forces opposed to them.

FRANCO-AMERICA TROOPS HOLDING

West of Soissons the French have taken the village of Le Port which is located on the north bank of the Aisne. Further south crossing the Clignon river from Gandulau the French have recaptured the hamlet of Vinly and swept eastward from Veully la Poterie and driven the Germans out of a grove which they held there.

Just to the south the Americans launched their blow on the German front in a portion of this wooded area.

Near Chateau Thierry the Germans in their rush last week, occupied Hill 204, a height which dominated the city. From this they have been ejected by the French.

BRITISH GAIN GROUND

On the front between the Marne river and Rheims, the British have gained a foothold in the town of Bligny which in nine miles from Rheims and in a sector which must become permanent should the allies attack there in force. German official statements have mentioned the arrival of allied forces in this particular region and the allied aggressiveness there may be linked with the activity on the western side of the salient; in consideration of what may be the initiation of a counter-offensive against the Germans.

Crack German Troops in Line. The blows being struck at the German positions will have a tendency to prevent the Germans from withdrawing their crack troops for recuperation before launching an attack on another sector of the front. Accounts from the battle area say that three German divisions, which evidently had been held in reserve, had been brought up to the front to oppose the Americans.

North of the Soissons sector French patrols have been active while along the British front there has been no fighting of an unusual nature.

(Continued on Page 4.)