

The Evening Standard

Published Daily, Except Sundays, by Wm. Glasmann.

COWBOYS SAVED THE DAY.

There was disappointment at the California State Fair, now being held in Sacramento, when the aviator on last Wednesday failed to fly, narrowly escaping death, and the actors in other attractions proved mediocre, but the redeeming feature and the event that caused general rejoicing and saved the day was the wild west show, which is to be seen in Ogden next Wednesday and Thursday. The Sacramento Bee, in its comment on the fair, after stating how great was the disappointment in other attractions, said:

All disappointment was dissipated when the Cheyenne Frontier Days Outfit took to the track and gave a partial performance of its wild west show. Roping and riding of every possible variety and description formed the features of this program. Horse or buffalo, it made no difference to the cowboys; simply to be allowed to make the back of the beast and then let alone was all they asked. The buffaloes, former kings of the plains, became the willing subject of the Cheyenne cowmen.

The buffaloes were ridden by Cowboys Fitzgerald and Murray, and while it appeared that the wilder of the two animals threw its rider, such was not the case. The cowboy in leaping from the back of the beast caught his chaps on the horn of the animal, causing the chaps' support to break, and throwing him off his spring.

When the Frontier Days outfit is seen in Ogden next week, it may be the last exhibition of the genuine cowboy in his element to be seen in this city. The day of the cowboy is passing and within a few years he will be but a memory.

THE KANSAS PLATFORM.

The Kansas Republican platform of insurgency is viewed as expressive of the cardinal principles of the insurgents, and as it promises to play a most important part in the political life of the nation, the Standard reproduces it in full, as follows:

We, the Republicans of Kansas, in party council, desiring to express our pride in the traditions of our party, feel that respect and veneration for those traditions and for the history we have made, may be most adequately and fittingly expressed by turning our faces forward rather than back. Therefore we bind ourselves to specific future performance rather than to ask for votes by reason of our past achievements, however great it is. Our platform shall be a guarantee of performance rather than a confession of faith.

We endorse such efforts as President Taft has made to fulfill the promises of the Republican national platform, and for the enactment of progressive laws.

We commend the fight made on Cannonism and Aldrichism in congress modifying the rules of the house of representatives and overcoming the senate leadership so that the enactment of long delayed public measures has been made possible.

We pledge anew our loyalty to the Republican national platform of 1908 and bind ourselves to carry out its declarations, accepting the policy of protection as outlined in our party platform as the established policy of the nation and binding our Kansas members of Congress in both houses to vote for a revision of the tariff law of 1909, using as a basis for fixing duties, the difference between the cost of production at home and abroad with a reasonable profit for American manufacturers.

We do not recognize the revision of the tariff of 1909 as a satisfactory fulfillment of the tariff pledge of the Republican platform. And we therefore pledge the people of Kansas that the Republican senators and congressmen from this state shall work and vote for legislation that will maintain a tariff commission with ample power and sufficient appropriation to ascertain accurately the difference between the cost of production at home and abroad and after such information has been obtained we hereby pledge our Republican senators and representatives immediately to fix the duties upon the basis of this information.

We pledge our senators and representatives to vote for a joint resolution that will provide for the revision of the tariff one schedule at a time.

We pledge our Republican members of the national House of Representatives to support and vote for a rule that will make the membership of the more important house committees elective instead of appointive.

We demand the strictest enforcement of the anti-trust laws, and believe that violators of that law should be imprisoned.

While endorsing the amendments made to the interstate commerce law at the last session of congress, we pledge our senators and representatives to vote for such further amendments to the interstate commerce law as will give power and sufficient money to the Interstate Commerce Commission to ascertain the physical valuation of the railroads.

We pledge our Republican senators and representatives to vote and work for effective laws that will prevent overcapitalization of corporations, and will require all moneys and bonds to be actually invested for the benefit of the property owned by the corporation.

We pledge our members of congress to continue the policy of the Republican party now firmly established of caring for the soldiers and sailors of the war of the rebellion and for those who carried the flag of liberty to the oppressed of other lands, and we believe that the limitation of time imposed on soldiers in filing claims for arrears of pensions should be removed.

We pledge our Republican congressmen and senators to vote on all measures concerning the conservation of our natural resources along the lines advocated by former President Roosevelt, as opposed to the lines laid down by those who are hiding behind the doctrine of states rights and we demand that every possible effort be made to prevent private interests from obtaining unrestricted ownership or unchecked control over our vast mineral and water and timber resources.

We hereby pledge our Kansas Republican members of congress in both houses to make every effort to secure the submission to the people of a constitutional amendment that will provide for the direct election of United States senators by the people.

We pledge our Republican senators and congressmen to the enactment by congress of a law regulating the shipping of intoxicating liquors into states which have prohibitory laws.

We favor an amendment to the United States constitution to provide for popular election of federal, circuit and district judges for limited terms; and we instruct our senators and congressmen to labor for the early enactment of a federal code of civil procedure to simplify and expedite litigation in federal courts, following the reformed procedure now in vogue in the most enlightened and progressive state of the Union.

We endorse without qualification the administration of Governor Stubbs. And we pledge the people of Kansas during the two years to come, the same fidelity to public interest that he has manifested during the past twenty months of his administration.

We pledge Republican members of the legislature in both houses to vote for a law that will place state-wide public utilities, railroads, telegraph, telephone, electric light and power companies, street railway, distributors of gas, whether in cities or by pipe lines, express companies and common carriers of all kinds, under the control of a state commission having authority over the issue of stocks and bonds, having means and power to obtain the physical valuation of the plants of these corporations, to fix and adjust rates and services in the interests of Kansas and the investors and employers of these corporations.

We hereby bind Republican members of the legislature to vote for the enactment of a law that will compel corporations doing business in Kansas to begin all litigation in Kansas courts and take no refuge in the federal courts until the litigation in question has been passed upon by the Kansas supreme court.

We hereby instruct Republicans in the Kansas legislature for a law that will make the second offense against the Kansas prohibitory law punishable by a sentence in the penitentiary.

We believe that the first duty of every party is to put the responsibility of government as directly as possible into the hands of the voters, giving the people veto power not only upon undesirable laws but upon those who enforce the laws. To that end we pledge

our state senators and representatives to that principle and declare for the following policies:

(a) To submit to the people in the election of 1912 a constitutional amendment giving the people the power to recall officers of city, county and state governments whom they believe to be derelict or unfaithful under procedure similar to that now granted to cities of the first class adopting the commission form of government and to give the recall promptly to the people upon every officer under legislative authority.

(b) To submit to the people of Kansas a constitutional amendment in 1912 giving them the right to initiate legislation and to vote upon certain legislative enactments—the amendments that have been adopted by the states of Maine, Oregon and South Dakota, with a five per cent petition for a referendum vote and eight per cent for an initiative vote.

(c) To adopt immediately the Oregon plan which gives the people a right to vote at the general election for the partisan nominees for United States senator.

(d) The enactment of a law which shall compel publicity of campaign contributions, both as to source and to disbursement before primary and general elections both for campaign committees and for individuals, with severe penalties for violation.

(e) And we pledge Republicans in the Kansas legislature so to amend the Kansas primary law that delegates to the national convention may be elected at the primary election and that the names of the candidates for president and vice president shall be placed on the ballot that the people of Kansas may instruct their delegates on nominations for president and vice-president.

We pledge all Republicans in the Kansas legislature to vote for the ratification of the amendment to the United States constitution providing for a federal tax on incomes. And we pledge our congressional delegation to vote for a law providing for a graduated tax without waiting for the amendment.

We pledge the Republican members in the Kansas legislature to vote and work for a measure creating a commission under the authority of the next Kansas legislature which shall make inquiry into the practicability of a working man's compensation law framed to meet labor conditions in Kansas.

We pledge the enactment of an employer's liability law, following the provisions of the federal law and the advanced views of the supreme court of Kansas on that subject.

We commend and endorse the bank guaranty law passed by the last legislature and we call particular attention to the fact that it is the only guaranty law that has received the approval of the superior federal courts. We commend the present state administration for its successful defense of the law in the courts, and we hereby reaffirm our faith in the principles embodied in this law, and instruct our representatives in congress to favor such legislation as will permit national banks to participate therein.

We favor increasing the exemptions to direct heirs under the inheritance tax law.

We pledge our Republican members of the legislature to make such appropriation for the practical work of the farm departments of the state agricultural college as will bring it as near the practical every-day life of the farmer as possible.

We favor a uniform system of county and township records and state publication of county and township blank books.

We send our greeting to Theodore Roosevelt, the new world's champion of the rights of man in the world-old contest between rising humanity and the encroachment of special privilege.

In all the above pledges both as to matters state and national, we hereby add this paramount pledge binding upon Republican administrations as well as upon Republican lawmakers, state and national, to consolidate all appointive offices, boards and commissions where good administration and economy have common interest; to reduce taxes levied direct and indirect, wherever possible in the nation, in the state, and in the counties and to spend no dollar of taxes without giving the taxpayers one hundred cents of value received.

We hereby adopt the eagle as the party emblem of the Republican party in Kansas.

JUST FOR FUN

Rose Colored.
Miss Jane Addams, the brilliant head of Hull House, said: "We women have still much to fight for. We still are not equal to men. There is nothing to be gained by such rose-colored phrases as William White employed."

"William White's brother had killed a man in cold blood. 'Well, William, how about your brother?' a visitor to the town asked him one day after the trial. 'Well,' said William, 'they've put him in jail for a month.' 'That's rather a light sentence for a cold-blooded murder,' said the gentleman."

"Yes, sir," William admitted, "but at the month's end they are going to hang him."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Identified.
A question in a recent examination on "The Merchant of Venice," in the Evansville High school, was: "Give three reasons why Shylock hated Antonio." One little girl wrote at one of her reasons: "Shylock hated Antonio because he was a Republican."

The teacher was puzzled. Where could the child have gotten that idea? Then she remembered that Shylock once said of Antonio, "How like a fawning publican he looks."—National Monthly.

She Was Wrong.
There was an oppressive silence in the parlor. At last the desperate young lady broke out: "George!" asked she, "why don't you propose?"

"Somehow—somehow, I can't bring myself to do it, Myrtle!" blurted out the young man. "It's only a short sentence, George. 'It's a sentence for life!'—Judge."

The Utilitarian.
"Hello, Johnny," said the village blacksmith. "I hear your paw has gone into politics."

"Sure." "How'd that happen?" "Well, my uncle left him a silk hat and a Prince Albert coat in his will, and paw had to do something with them."—Washington Star.

A Safe Deduction.
"Do you think you could identify the burglar?" asked the detective from the City Hall.

"Well, I never saw him," replied the victim, "but he was a very small man."

"How do you know?" "Haven't I told you he got into our flat without any trouble?"—Catholic Standard and Times.

His Blunder.
He—Why on earth do poets almost always speak of "wine and women" together?
She—'m sure I don't know; it isn't very complimentary.

He—Of course not. Many wines improve with age; and most women do not.—Merry Thoughts.

Getting Even.
Like the lava from a crater Came the gray on his pate. For he failed to tip the waiter. So the waiter tipped the plate. —Woman's Home Companion.

A Trace.
The counsel for the opposition had been bullying the witness for more than an hour, when he finally asked: "Is it true there are traces of insanity in your family?" "It would be folly to deny it," replied the witness.

"My grandfather, who was studying for the ministry, gave it up to become a lawyer."—Argonaut.

A Similitude.
"How did you happen to name that racehorse 'Comet'?" "Because," answered the sardonic sport, "by the time he gets once around the track everybody has forgotten that he ever started."—Washington Star.

One Not Enough.
"I wish I knew of two good summer places."
"Two? Isn't one enough for you?" "Oh, yes; one's enough for me, but I want another for my wife."—Buffalo Express.

Made Him Sick.
De Tracker—"The killing of that jockey yesterday's race was a horrible affair, wasn't it?" "De Batter—"Horrible, horrible! Just made me sick. I had all my money on that horse."—New York Weekly.

The Modern Polonius.
"Now, how do you expect to work wonders in this world?" "All right, dad." "You can get quicker returns by working suckers."—Kansas City Journal.

Pa's Idea of It.
Little Willie—Say, Pa, what is pride?
Pa—Pride, my son, is walking with a gold-headed cane when you are not lame.—Chicago News.

FRANCHISE FOR ELECTRIC LINE

Interurban Road to Be Constructed From Wellsville to the Idaho State Line.

Logan, Sept. 7.—The county commissioners in session yesterday afternoon granted the amended franchise for the operation of an interurban electric railroad to Leo Nelsen and his associates. The route of the proposed road is from Wellsville to Hyrum, thence along the eastern edge of the valley to Logan, touching the towns of Millville and Providence. From Logan the road goes through Greenville to the Idaho state line, passing through Hyde Park, Smithfield, Richmond and Lewistown.

By the terms of the franchise the company is to give 5,000 shares of the company's stock, the company to be known as the Cache Valley Amusement company. Work on the first ten miles of the road is to begin by July 11, 1911, and finished within four months. Each year thereafter the company is to construct ten miles of the line until it is finished. For each car operated the first ten years a tax of \$5 is to be paid, \$10 for the second ten years and \$25 for the remaining thirty years, the life of the franchise being fifty years.

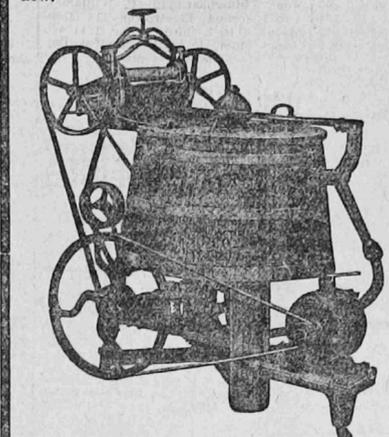
The amended franchise reads that only electric motive power shall be used. The county officers are to be transported free of charge on all the lines and cars of the company.

Up to the People. The commissioners also decided to leave to the people of the county the decision of the question as to whether a two and one-half mill special road tax shall be levied. The commissioners believe that, by a tax levy, all the funds needed for the construc-

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DIAMOND STOLEN FROM DYING MAN

Salt Lake City, Sept. 8.—That E. L. Merrill, a wealthy paper manufacturer of San Francisco, was robbed of a \$500 diamond stud as he lay suffering on a San Francisco train, is the belief of Mrs. Merrill, who arrived in Salt Lake yesterday and will take the body of her husband back to the coast today.

Mr. Merrill left San Francisco for Chicago, but he was stricken with uremic poisoning as he was crossing the Nevada desert. Word was telegraphed ahead to Salt Lake and Mr. Merrill was taken from the train here in a dying condition and rushed to the Holy Cross hospital, where he died Monday afternoon.

Mr. Merrill carried life insurance amounting to \$42,000, and upon his person were found drafts worth about \$5,000 and \$100 in gold. He was a Mason and a member of several other orders, and was known prominently in San Francisco.

Upon the arrival of Mrs. Merrill in Salt Lake yesterday, an investigation was started to find the diamond. It was learned that Mr. Merrill did not even have a tie when taken from the train to the Holy Cross hospital.

It is the belief of Mrs. Merrill that her husband was robbed of the diamond pin as he lay in the Pullman, and the investigation already started will be continued in an effort to locate the missing diamond.

PROVING UP FREAK MINE.

Unusual Surface Deposits in Beaver Property Make Better Showing.

Recent prospecting work performed upon the property of the Peacock Copper Consolidated company in Beaver county, has added wonderfully to the value of its unusual surface showing of silver-lead ore, according to Manager L. F. Block, who has just returned to the city after four weeks occupied in directing the work.

Previous work, covering a large portion of a belt of altered limestone 1,000 feet long and 600 feet wide, has disclosed large beds of low-grade concentrating ore, while in half a dozen openings just made have been found bodies of shipping ore varying from five feet to twelve feet in width, with their full dimensions not yet determined. The greater portion of this new ore, Mr. Block says, runs about 45 ounces in silver and 35 per cent lead, while some of the streaks run much higher.

The belt of limestone lies between two great porphyry dykes, differing somewhat in character. The limestone is peculiarly susceptible to the action of solutions, and it appears that the ore-making solutions, of which at least one of the dykes has been the source, have permeated to some extent the entire mass, with the richer portions, naturally, on and near the contacts.

The ore thus formed, associated as it is with limestone, is excellent fluxing material, and if the showings already made are indicative of what lies below, there should be immense deposits of ore that will cost next to nothing for treatment.

CHINAMAN HAD SCHEME.

Under Arrest at Pocatello on Charge of Impersonating Officer.

Pocatello, Ida., Sept. 7.—Lew Kay, an Americanized Chinaman, who has been in the county jail for the past

MANY AVIATORS ARE TO BE SEEN

New York, Sept. 8.—Two prominent American aviators, J. Armstrong Drexel and Henry Weyman, both of whom are now in Europe, have given notice to the committee in charge of the international flying meet that they will be on hand to compete in practically all the programmed events. The meet is to be held at Belmont Park next month.

Weyman, during the last year, has been making excellent records in various parts of Europe. His most notable feat so far was his attempt yesterday to win the \$20,000 Michelin prize, offered for a flight from Paris to Puy-de-Dome, a distance of 260 miles, in six hours. He failed by a narrow margin on account of fog and had to abort the flight.

Mr. Drexel, who was a star performer at the Lanark meeting in Scotland, and who until recently held the world's altitude record, will also come to this country some time during the present month. He will also use a Bleriot monoplane.

Other new entrants to the international meet are Wilfred A. Dunn of London, who will use a Teller monoplane; Adolph Warchawski, an Austrian, who recently made a flight over the imperial castle of Luxembourg; Karl Illner, a pupil of Henry Farman, and Alec Ogilvie, selected as the third British representative in England's international team with James Radley and Claude Grahame-White.

John B. Moissant, the former Chicagoan, who this week completed his flight from Paris to London, will be a competitor for the international prizes if he is able to get a suitable aeroplane in time. He expects to secure a 100-horsepower Bleriot, in which Le Blanc made 63 miles an hour. In an interview cabled to this side, Moissant explains that he does not want to fly in his own country until he is certain that he can make a good showing.

The aeroplane on which he made his Paris-London flight is pretty badly damaged, and it will take some time to repair it, besides which he does not think it powerful enough.

At a point opposite the east gate to the temple, Noghama drew a revolver and opened fire. One bullet entered Akimoto's abdomen, causing the fatal wound. A second penetrated his right leg above the knee, a third penetrated the right arm above the elbow, while the fourth cut the fingers from his left hand. Noghama made his escape by way of the canyon road.

RENEW OLD FEUD AT PUBLIC GATHERING

HARRISON, Ark., Sept. 7.—Renewing an old feud after they had shaken hands and agreed to be friends, Joseph Vilines and L. Walker, both about 63 years of age, yesterday opened hostilities at a public gathering at Baxley, with the result that Walker is dead. The sheriff of the county, who tried to part them, was seriously cut and three sons of Vilines received knife wounds.

According to the story told by Akimoto shortly after he was wounded, in the presence of several patrolmen in the emergency hospital, Noghama had inveigled him into several games of varied kinds of gambling, in which he had invariably been aggressor. This resulted in a dispute. Akimoto was invited to accompany Noghama to North Temple and Main streets, where the latter claimed that he had an abundance of money cached.

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WOUNDED JAPANESE DIES AT HOSPITAL

Salt Lake, Sept. 8.—K. Akimoto, the Japanese gambler, who was shot and mortally wounded by K. Noghama, August 28, immediately east of the temple grounds, died at St. Mark's hospital shortly before 12 o'clock last night. Noghama, whose right name is Monohama, is still at large. The dispute which resulted in the shooting is said to have arisen over a game of cards.

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