

DEATH-DEALING TORNADO DEVASTATES TOWN OF BRINKLEY, ARK.

Fifteen White People and Twenty Negroes Are Killed and From Fifty to One Hundred Persons Are Injured—Entire City of Three Thousand People Is Razed and Suffering of Homeless Victims Is Intense

St. Louis, March 9.—A special to the Post Dispatch from Brinkley, Arkansas, says thirty persons were killed, fifteen to forty were injured and more than \$1,000,000 in property loss caused by a tornado which swept this city of 3,000 population last night. The city is a total loss. The tornado passed over last night at 7 o'clock and when daylight revealed its work this morning, it was found that the business section was in ruins and nine out of ten of the residences had been destroyed.

The tornado came upon the town without a moment's notice. Its path was the width of the city. There is not a business house but that will show sixty per cent loss.

About six residences remain standing and these are damaged. The neighboring towns are lending aid. Soon after daylight relief trains began to arrive. One came from Helena and another from Little Rock. The dead are being taken to Helena.

Memphis, March 9.—Advices from Brinkley, Ark., received here today, show that fifteen white persons and twenty negroes were killed in last night's tornado. Fifty to one hundred people were injured.

A revised list of the dead follows:

Porter Foote.
Mrs. Belle Darden.
J. L. Sterrett, a traveling salesman.
Henry Stovall, Jr.
Mrs. Phillips.
Charles Frenze.
Miss Clara Rose.
Mr. Hood.
Mrs. Hood.
Unidentified man.
Four negroes.

Two children of Mrs. Belle Darden.
Mrs. John Reed.
Miss Reed.

Among the injured whites are:
Mrs. E. H. Mason.
Mrs. Claude Leaky.
D. V. Connelly.
Robert Alexander.
Daniel Cummings.

John E. Waddell, of Memphis.

A mass meeting of citizens was held at Brinkley today, and a telegram was sent to Governor Donaghy at Little Rock, urging him to go to Brinkley and take charge of the situation.

The governor replied that he would leave for the scene at once.

Because of wire demoralization, a Cotton Belt passenger train could not be located last night, and a report was sent out that it had been blown from the tracks near Bancum. The officials of the railroad at Memphis stated today that the train was safe.

Wheatley, Ark., March 9.—Residents of Brinkley, Ark., which was devastated by a tornado last night, are arriving here. Six white people are known to be dead and probably fifteen were injured.

The dead:
Porter Foote.
J. L. Sterrett.
Henry Stovall, Jr.
Mrs. Phillips.
Two unidentified men.

Brinkley is a town of over 3,000 inhabitants and the refugees say that the entire business section was demolished by the storm, and probably 80 per cent of the residences were razed or rendered uninhabitable. Relief trains have arrived at the scene, but all wire communication is interrupted.

Reports from southern and southeastern Arkansas say a heavy wind storm passed over those sections of the state last night, doing considerable damage to small buildings, but so loss of life is reported.

L. M. Kimmell, a railroad operator at Brinkley, one of the first to reach a point of communication to summon aid for the devastated town, graphically describes the scenes immediately following the passage of the storm.

Together with several companions, Kimmell was in the Rock Island depot when the storm struck. As if it were a toy, the substantial structure was twisted and broken, the occupants being caught among the falling timbers, bruised, but otherwise unharmed. Extricating themselves after half an hour's effort, they found the town in darkness, the streets filled with a terror-stricken throng, their shrieks mingling with the moans of the injured. Intermittent flashes of lightning revealed wreckage everywhere. As Kimmell and his companions made their way through the streets, they identified two of the dead, and stumbled over others who were wounded. Huddled about the ruins of their homes, families were standing in groups, clinging together in terror, while here and there, a searcher was groping about in quest of a missing member of the household.

As the party started to leave Brinkley, intending to walk to the nearest town, the added horror of fire appeared. When two miles from Brinkley, Kimmell and party were forced to race their steps because of the gale. The fire gained headway, but the prompt work of citizens suppressed it.

Boarding a locomotive, Kimmell

with several companions made a quick run here and appealed for aid.

HEAVIEST SNOWSTORM OF THE YEAR PREVAILS

Topeka, March 9.—The heaviest snowstorm of the year prevails here and reports from the railroads indicate that the storm is general. The temperature is about freezing and the snow is wet and heavy. Over eighteen inches of snow fell at Junction City, the heaviest fall recorded there in years. The electric line between Junction City and Fort Riley is tied up, but railroad traffic has not been seriously interfered with.

Oklahoma City reported three inches of snow while advices from the Texas panhandle say snow is falling and a freezing temperature prevails.

A drizzling rain of from two to four inches is reported in Arkansas.

TWELVE INCHES OF SNOW OVER KANSAS

Wichita, March 9.—Southern and central Kansas is covered with twelve inches of snow today. Rain that was falling early last evening changed to snow during the night and, driven by a high northerly wind, drifted badly. This city was without street car service until near noon today. Both outbound and inbound trains are off schedule. The inch of rain late yesterday and early in the night, which became sleet at times, carried down both wires and poles in many places. While the snow storm was at its height during the night, the city experienced the unusual sight of a thunderstorm.

SEVEREST SNOWSTORM OF SEASON IN IOWA.

Des Moines, March 9.—All Iowa awoke today to experience one of the severest snowstorms of the season. Snow began falling in the central portion of the state shortly after midnight, and still continues with severity. The thermometer is above zero. Trains and street cars are having difficulty in moving.

ONE MAN KILLED IN SEVERE WINDSTORM

Birmingham, March 9.—A windstorm passed over Blockton, Ala., today, blowing down a one-story store building in course of construction, and killing W. A. Harpley and fatally injuring John A. Dobbins, carpenters.

CHASE IS ALMOST ENDED

**Man Who Robbed California Bank of \$29,700
Is Under Surveillance**

Los Angeles, March 9.—According to a story printed today, the man who robbed the First National Bank of Monrovia, Cal., of \$29,700, Dec. 14, last, is now under surveillance by the Pinkerton detectives in Omaha, after a chase extending over half a dozen western states, and may be taken into custody at any time. It is stated also that a confederate has been located in this city.

It is claimed that the man under surveillance in Omaha has already spent a greater part of the stolen money in gambling and extravagances. At Globe, Ariz., he is said to have gambled thousands of dollars. At El Paso, where he went next, trace of him was lost until he was located in St. Louis and Kansas City and followed finally to Omaha. It is expected that an arrest will be made very shortly.

The bank believes that the money has been lost and has no hope of recovering any of it.

SEATTLE GIRLS TO TEACH ENGLISH HOW TO MAKE PIES

Seattle, March 9.—Three Seattle girls, Misses Helen, Louis and Gertrude Kangley, will leave tomorrow over the Canadian Pacific on a trip that will take them half way around the globe. Their destination is London, whether they go as delegates to the annual convention of the International Suffrage Alliance opening there, April 25. They will stop en route at Chicago, Philadelphia and New York, whence they sail on the Lusitania for England.

Though the promulgation of the suf-

frage cause is the sole object of their trip, the Seattle girls will take advantage of the opportunity to teach the women of England how to make pies. British pies are known all over the world as something to be avoided, according to the three nomads, and they intend to do what they can to blot out this reputation. They will give English housewives copies of a cook book just published by the suffragettes of Washington.

FAMILY TO LIVE IN ITALY

**Roosevelts to Visit There
While Ex-President
Is in Africa**

Oyster Bay, March 9.—According to the present intentions of ex-President Roosevelt, his entire family, with the exception of Mrs. Longworth and Theodore, Jr., will spend most of the time in Italy while Mr. Roosevelt is away. They will be the guests of Mrs. Roosevelt's sister, Miss Carey, at her villa near Rome. Mrs. Roosevelt will remain at Sagamore Hill about three months after her husband and son Kermit sail for Africa. Miss Ethel will remain with her mother at home. Quentin and Archibald, who are away at school, will complete their studies and arrive home early in June. Mrs. Roosevelt and her three children will leave by a Mediterranean steamer for Naples about the latter part of June. They will be met at Naples by Miss Carey. During the nine months intervening until the arrival of Mr. Roosevelt at Khartoum, Mrs. Roosevelt and her children will visit various parts of Italy and Europe.

It has been planned to have Mrs. Roosevelt leave Italy early in March, 1910, and journey across the Mediterranean to Alexandria and thence by boat and rail up the Nile to Khartoum. Here Mr. Roosevelt with his expedition will arrive about April 1, and will be met by Mrs. Roosevelt. They will make visits to points of interest in Egypt on their way down the Nile and then will proceed to Europe.

INSANE PATIENTS INCREASE WHEN THE MOON IS FULL

Oakland, Cal., March 9.—In a petition for the enlargement of the insane ward of the Oakland receiving hospital, Warden Imlay stated that the place is always overcrowded when the moon is full. He said that the fact that the insane ward is always overcrowded when the moon is full. The records kept by Imlay show that when the moon is not full, two patients a week is the average, but when the queen of the night begins to wax, the insane begin to arrive until the cells are crowded beyond their normal capacity.

RECEIPTS OF GUM SLOT MACHINES ENORMOUS

**ON NEW YORK SUBWAY \$2,000
DAILY IS REALIZED.**

This Discovery Is Result of Legal Proceedings Against the Stollwerck Brothers.

New York, March 9.—The question so often asked "I wonder how many pennies the chewing gum slot machines take in during a day?" is partly answered as a result of legal proceedings instituted here yesterday against Stollwerck Brothers, and Ludwig Stollwerck, who control the chewing gum and chocolate vending machines in the New York subway and elevated stations.

On complaint of Darwin P. Rudd, to whom the Chatham National bank assigned two notes, Justice Fitzgerald, in the supreme court, issued an attachment against the Stollwercks which covers every machine they control in all the stations. The attachment was issued to

cover a claim of \$25,000, said to be due on two notes. It was disclosed incidentally that the machines bring in daily \$2,000, which makes 200,000 pennies that the New York public spends for chocolate and gum each day in the sub-way and elevated stations alone. A deputy sheriff, to whom has been assigned the duty of taking charge of the machines, is wondering whether he will place a man on duty at every station in the city.

DAUGHTER OF AMERICAN AMBASSADOR TO WED COUNT

Paris, March 9.—The engagement was announced today of Muriel White, daughter of Henry White, the American ambassador, to Count Hermann Scherr-Thoss, an officer of the general Prussian cuirassiers.

Miss White met the count only a few weeks ago, while visiting Mrs. Reynolds Hitt, wife of the secretary of the embassy at Berlin. Ambassador and Mrs. White were at that time at Nice, entertaining the officers of the American fleet. The couple saw each other during Miss White's short visit in Berlin, and the count followed the young woman back to Paris.

POPE IS RECOVERING FROM INDISPOSITION

Rome, March 9.—The pope, who has been suffering from a cold, is much better today. The beautiful spring-like weather has had a good effect on the patient. He has not yet been allowed to come down to the state apartments, but, as he insists on resuming his audiences, he today received in his own private apartments Cardinal Richelmy, archbishop of Turin and Manager Trobec, bishop of St. Cloud. The pontiff expressed the desire to descend soon to the throne room, and receive Cardinal Merriat, archbishop of Mechlin, who is here with five Belgian bishops and a Belgian pilgrimage.

INTRODUCED BILL TO PROHIBIT ISSUING PASSES

Jefferson City, Mo., March 9.—Following the lead in the federal court at Kansas City, Speaker Spear of the Missouri house of representatives today introduced a bill prohibiting the issuing of passes by railroads under penalties of a fine of from \$10 to \$100. Officers, employees and charity workers are exempted from the bill. Representative Cross introduced a bill requiring all railroads doing business in the state to incorporate in Missouri. This will give the state control of the railroads.

OLDEST ARMY CHAPLAIN DIES AT THE PRESIDIO

San Francisco, Cal., March 9.—Captain John D. Parker, one of the oldest army chaplains in the service, died at the Presidio general hospital yesterday. He retired from the active list some time ago since which time he has resided in Berkeley.

CAMPAIGN IN THE INTEREST OF FORESTS

IT IS TO BE INAUGURATED IMMEDIATELY IN CHINA.

Many Parts of Empire Are Desert Wastes As Result of Destruction of Its Trees.

Washington, March 9.—China is to be the scene of a vigorous campaign in the interests of the forests, according to plans for a series of meetings which will be held under the auspices of Boone College, Wu Cheng, China. There will be meetings in all the large cities and important ports, both on the coast and interior. Howard Richards, Jr., representative in this country of the college, has been collecting material for these courses. Several of the photographs showing the effect of deforestation in China, which accompanied the President's last annual message to congress, from a part of a set of stereographs, which will be used in illustrating these lectures.

China has taken little care of her forests. Many parts of the empire are practically desert wastes as a result of the destruction of its trees. On account of the erosion which has followed the removal of trees the farmers are compelled to terrace their hillsides in order to hold enough soil in place for farming, and to build little walls across the valleys to catch the silt which the annual floods deposit.

ENTIRE SKELETON OF PREHISTORIC DUCK FOUND

IT IS ESTIMATED TO BE THREE MILLION YEARS OLD.

Specimen Which Is Well Preserved, Was Obtained Near Lance Creek, in Wyoming.

New York, March 9.—A complete skeleton of a prehistoric duck, estimated by Dr. H. C. Dumas, of the American Museum of Natural history, to be three million years old, has just been acquired by the museum. The specimen is so well preserved that the greater part of the skin of the head, body and legs may be seen. It was found near Lance Creek, Wyoming.

"Mummies of Egypt three or four thousand years old," said Dr. Dumas, yesterday, "are considered to be respectable antiquity, and still more valuable are the mammoths found buried in the frozen tundras of Siberia and Alaska, but even the mammoths, tens of thousands of years old, are only creatures of yesterday compared with the antiquity of this dinosaur mummy."

TAFT AND CABINET MEET

**Dickinson Is Only New
Member Who Is Not
Present**

Washington, March 9.—President Taft's first cabinet meeting convened at 11 o'clock today. All the new members of the cabinet except Mr. Dickinson, who is to be secretary of war, were present. President Taft had determined not to permit the members of his cabinet to discuss the business transacted, and when the meeting broke up at 12:45, Secretary Knox announced this ruling:

"The President has decided to pursue the policy of his predecessors and do his own talking," said Secretary Knox.

Previous to the meeting, Secretary Knox had a conference with Mr. Taft, and the President also received several callers. The callers included Governor Ide of the Philippine Islands; Senators Nixon of Nevada, Carter of Montana and Clerk of Wyoming; former Senator Fulton of Oregon and Elmer Dwyer.

Chief Justice Fuller and members of the supreme court of the United States formally paid their respects to the President at the White House today.

GIGANTIC SWINDLE BEGUN

**Scheme to Defraud Rapid
Transit Company Is
Unearthed**

New York, March 9.—Secret service men, employed by the Interborough Rapid Transit company, have unearthed a gigantic scheme to swindle the company by means of counterfeit subway and elevated railway tickets. Three men and women were placed under arrest yesterday afternoon, and a small hand press, two dies and 15,000 tickets were confiscated.

It is alleged that although few bogus tickets have been sold so far, those behind the scheme had made elaborate arrangements to dispose of them by the thousands at a so-called club near 149th street and Third avenue at the rate of 2-1/2 cents apiece. More than a week past, detectives notified that a number of counterfeit tickets were in boxes of the subway, and an investigation was begun. They were traced to the 149th street station and this led to the arrest of Henry J. Torrens, who lived with his young wife in West Forty-fourth street. The wife was also taken into custody.

Torrens, it is said, admitted that he began the alleged swindle on Washington's birthday.

The counterfeit tickets for the subway are a good imitation. They were apparently made in Brooklyn where Michael Rubinski and Samuel Rubinski, making the total of four persons, were arrested after Torrens and his wife had been apprehended. The material used for making the tickets was found in a building occupied by one of the Rubinskis.

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CLOSING QUOTATIONS OF WORLD'S MARKETS

BUSINESS DONE IN THE STOCK MARKET TRIVIAL

New York, March 9.—Eights and quarters measured the extent of the changes for the majority of prices from the opening quotations for stocks today. The amount of business done was also trivial. A rise of 3-4 in Wash was the most conspicuous change. Some of the stocks that were heavy at the outset went lower, particularly Reading and Amalgamated Copper. Purchases of the western stocks then began on a rising scale, and eventually all of the active stocks responded with a good rally. Union Pacific, St. Louis Southwestern, Texas & Pacific and Erie first preferred advanced a point above yesterday's closing, before the market began to sag again.

Prices dropped in very light dealings. American Ice lost 2-3-8 and Twin Cities Rapid Transit 1.

Bonds were firm.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Amalgamated Copper, 67 5-8.
American Car and Foundry, 48 1-2.
American Locomotive, 49 3-4.
American Smelting, 87 7-8.
American Sugar Refining, 128 3-4.
Anaconda Mining Co., 41.
Atchafalpa, 103 3-8.
Atchafalpa, 102 1-2.
Baltimore and Ohio, 107 3-4.
Brooklyn Rapid Transit, 71 5-8.
Canadian Pacific, 167.
Chesapeake and Ohio, 65 7-8.
Chicago Northwestern, 176 1-8.
Chicago, M. & St. Paul, 141 3-4.
Colorado Fuel and Iron, 22.
Colorado and Southern, 63.
Delaware and Hudson, 173.
Denver and Rio Grande, 43 1-2.
Denver and Rio Grande, 43 1-2.
Erie Railway, 25 1-2.
Great Northern, 129 1-2.
Great Northern Ore Cts., 67 1-8.
Illinois Central, 141 3-8.
New York Central, 123 1-4.
Reading Railway, 122 1-4.
Rock Island Co., 23 1-2.
Rock Island Co., 61 1-2.
Southern Pacific, 117 1-8.
Southern Railway, 24.
Union Pacific, 174 3-4.
United States Steel, 43 3-4.
United States Steel, 110 1-2.
Wabash Railway, 118.
Western Union, 65.
Standard Oil Company, 650.

Kansas City Livestock.

Kansas City, March 9.—Cattle—Receipts 8,000; market strong to higher; native steers \$6.00-7.00; native cows and heifers \$2.50-6.25; stockers and feeders \$3.50-4.50; bulls \$3.25-4.80; calves \$4.50-7.25; western steers \$4.60-6.50; western cows and heifers \$3.25-6.50.

Hogs—Receipts 2,000; market steady; bulk of sales \$6.30-6.40; heavy \$6.55-6.70; packers and butchers \$6.40-6.65; light \$6.25-6.50; pigs \$5.25-5.85.

Sheep—Receipts 7,000; market steady; muttons \$4.75-5.80; lambs \$6.00-7.55; range ewes \$5.25-7.15; fed ewes \$3.00-5.50.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, March 9.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 2,500; market steady; beefs \$4.70-7.25; Texas steers \$4.50-5.50; western steers \$4.25-6.50; stockers and feeders \$3.50-5.50; cows and heifers \$2.00-5.80; calves \$6.25-9.00.

Hogs—Receipts estimated at 18,000; market steady; light \$6.30-6.70; mixed \$6.35-6.80; heavy \$6.45-6.80; roughs \$6.45-6.50; good to choice heavy \$6.55-6.80; pigs \$5.35-6.10; bulk of sales \$6.55-6.75.

Sheep—Receipts estimated at 11,000; market steady; native \$4.00-5.80; western \$3.60-5.85; yearlings \$6.00-7.00; lambs, native, \$6.00-7.75; western \$5.75-7.80.

Chicago Closes.

Chicago, March 9.—Close: Wheat—May \$1.15-18; July \$1.03 7-8; Sept. 97 1-2; Dec. 98 3-4.

Corn—March 67 1-2; May 69 18; July 68 1-4; Sept. 68 1-8; Dec. 60.

Oats—May 55 7-8; July 50 3-8; Sept. 41 1-2.

Lard—May \$18.02 1-2; July \$18.05.

Ribs—May \$9.50-9.52 1-2; July \$9.62 1-2; Sept. \$9.80.

Rye—Cash 64-69.

Timothy—March \$3.85.

Clover—March \$8.75.

Sugar and Coffee.

New York, March 9.—Sugar, raw—Firm; fair refining \$3.33-3.36; centrifugal 96 test \$3.83-3.86; molasses sugar \$5.08-5.11.

Refined, steady; crushed \$5.45; powdered \$4.85; granulated \$4.75.

COFFEE—Steady; No. 7 Rio 8 1-8-14; No. 4 Santos 9.

Wool.

St. Louis, March 9.—Wool, unchanged; territory and western mediums 18 a23; fine mediums 16-20; fine 11-16.

Metal Market.

New York, March 9.—Lead, steady, \$3.95-3.97 1-2; copper, dull, 17 7-8-13 1-8; silver 50 5-8.

LOSS AT BIG DENVER FIRE IS ABOUT \$50,000

Denver, March 9.—Fire this morning gutted the first floor and basement of the building occupied by the Cottrell Clothing company at Sixteenth and Welton streets, causing a loss of approximately \$50,000. A panic took place among the occupants of the Armour Rooming house adjoining, and many of them rushed to the street in their night clothes. Others, cut off from the stairway, made their way down the fire escapes. The origin of the fire is unknown.

MOTION OF TRUST LOST

**Missouri Supreme Court's
Decision Against the
Standard Oil**

Jefferson City, Mo., March 9.—The motions by the Standard Oil Company of Indiana and the Republic Oil Company of Ohio for a rehearing of the ouster suit recently decided against them for a modification of the judgment were overruled by the Missouri Supreme court today.

The position of the Waters-Pierce Oil company was upheld, the motion of the attorney general for an absolute ouster of the Missouri company being denied, the compliance with the court order recently filed by the company approved, and the judgment of ouster against it being sustained.

The effect of these decisions is to expel the Indiana and Ohio companies from Missouri and to restore the Waters-Pierce company, sixty per cent of whose stock is held by the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, the right to do business within the state.

No formal opinion in the premises was read, Chief Justice Valliant simply announcing the gist of the court's decision. Justices Lamm and Woodson dissented.

The Standard Oil interests are expected to appeal from the decision and carry their case to the supreme court of the United States.

The decision is considered a great victory for the Waters-Pierce company and incidentally for the minority interests of that concern who claim to have been making unavailing efforts to free the company from control by the New Jersey corporations. With this object in view, they declined to approve the proposition made by the Standard Oil company of Indiana, that that company be allowed to continue business in the state under a trusteeship composed of representatives of the court and the company. With the judgment of ouster made absolute against the Standard Oil company of Indiana and the Republic Oil company, these concerns must now pay their fines of \$50,000 each, and cease business in the state. The \$50,000 fine assessed against the Waters-Pierce company has been paid. In conjunction with the certified check which the Missouri company filed with the clerk of the court, there was presented a document "accepting" the court's original decree which carried a conditional permit to continue business. These provisions included that the company must be so reorganized as to be free from Standard Oil control. There was nothing in the document to show that this had been done and on this basis the attorney general moved that the ouster decree be made effective at once. When informed of the action today, the attorney general said: "The decision of the court simply means that the Waters-Pierce company will not be ousted from the state at this time. However, the original judgment of the court will stand against it, so that if it violates the court's decree, the state can renew its application for ouster."

"The state asked that the court make the ouster decree immediately effective, and the court refused to do so. The decision of the court simply means that the Waters-Pierce company had not complied with the conditions laid down by the supreme court in the first instance."

The following order was made by the court in relation to the Waters-Pierce company:

"The Waters-Pierce Oil company having tendered into court the amount of the fine imposed upon it by the judgment of this court, and having given satisfactory evidence of its purpose, henceforth, so to conduct its business as not to violate the law of this state in regard to the pools, trusts and conspiracies, it is ordered by the court that the clerk of this court receive the money so tendered, and pay the same into the state treasury, and it is further ordered that the Waters-Pierce company be reinstated in its business as of this date of December 23, 1908, restoring the Waters-Pierce Oil company of its charter and adjudging all its rights and privileges thereunder forfeited and annulled, and the same is hereby suspended until otherwise ordered by the court, but the court will retain jurisdiction of the case for the purpose of setting aside and annulling this order or modifying the same if the court should hereafter, on motion of the attorney general, or its own motion, become satisfied that the Waters-Pierce Oil company is at that time or has been conducting its business in a manner forbidden by the laws of this state in relation to pools, trusts and conspiracies."</