Good Whiskey Stimulates

the circulation of the blood—makes the liver active and the bowels regular. For most headaches and simple complaints it is better than any drugs or medicines. Next time you feel "run down" or ill, try

Sunny Brook
THE PURE FOOD
Whiskey

It is bottled in bond, therefore absolutely pure, natural, straight whiskey, mellowed by age only and with a delicious flavor. Used judiciously, its effect is both invigorating and exhilarating. The **"Green Government Stamp"** on each bottle is the official proof that it has been **distilled, aged and bottled under the supervision of U. S. Government Inspectors.** If your dealer doesn't carry SUNNY BROOK, write us and we will be glad to tell you where to get it.

SUNNY BROOK DISTILLERY CO., Jefferson Co., Ky.
F. J. KIESEL CO., GENERAL DISTRIBUTORS,
OGDEN, UTAH.

LEGAL.

INTER-MOUNTAIN FAIR ASSOCIATION DELINQUENT NOTICE.

The Inter-Mountain Fair Association. Principal place of business, Ogden, Utah. Notice.—There are delinquent on the following described stock, on account of assessment levied on the 20th day of January, 1909, Assessment No. 2 of 50 cents per share for improvements, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

	Cert.	Shares.	Amt.
J. C. Nye	1	5	$ 2.50
D. A. Smyth	28	52	26.00
Wm. Glasmann	42	50	25.00
Preston A. Blair	55	23	11.50
Ed. Bichsel	62	20	10.00
Chas. Ziemer	107	20	10.00
Ezra Richardson	113	107	53.50
Fred M. Nye	119	2	1.00
Geo. A. Hodson	165	2	1.00
G. W. Etherington	178	2	1.00
Lee B. Hammond	194	10	5.00
M. S. Marriotts	207	20	10.00
E. M. Conroy	210	30	15.00
J. G. Heywood	212	2	1.00
J. P. O'Neil	259	20	10.00
M. L. Harbison	226	2	1.00
J. W. Bailey	241	1	.50
J. W. Bailey	244	5	2.50
J. C. Leggett	243	3	1.50
J. H. F. Last	246	3	1.50
Jos. H. Thomas	247	2	1.00
O. O. Hefner	253	2	1.00
Thos. Etherington & Sons Co.	255	10	5.00
F. C. Woods	256	7	3.50
W. J. Lindsay	234	20	10.00
C. Parry	239	3	1.50
Geo. A. Graves	10	1	.50
M. L. Jones	219	5	2.50
John Holmes	16	2	1.00
Samuel Hadley	24	2	1.00
H. B. Ekins	25	5	2.50
John Johnson	36	2	1.00
J. J. Powell	47	10	5.00
John D. Powell	52	6	3.00
John McCready	69	2	1.00
I. L. Clark	83	10	5.00
Chas. B. McFarland	81	2	1.00
E. F. Bratz	104	5	2.50
Louis Bitton	110	5	2.50
H. F. Petterson	135	4	2.00
Hyrum Goodale	149	5	2.50
R. W. Emmett	161	14	7.00

And in accordance with law and order of the board of directors made on the 20th day of January, 1909, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary, will be sold at the front door of the Weber County Courthouse, on the 15th day of May, 1909, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., to pay delinquent assessments thereon together with the cost of advertising and expenses of sale.

D. T. TRACY,
Secretary.

360 Twenty-fourth Street.

WILL RECOVER PAY CHECK

It is not quite certain that C. W. Warren, a fireman on the Southern Pacific railroad, will recover his pay check for five years ago, which was stolen from his bunk at Montello, Nevada. The check amounted to $63.20, and was alleged to have been stolen March 25, 1904.

Two years after the time of the alleged theft, the check turned up in Ogden in the hands of John F. Smith. Mr. Smith received the check after Mr. Warren's name had been affixed to it, the signature proving to have been a forgery. Warren tried to recover on the check from Smith in the district court, but failed and the matter was carried to the supreme court.

According to an opinion handed down yesterday by the supreme court, John F. Smith of Ogden received the check after Warren's name had been forged to it and cashed it. According to the supreme court opinion, Smith was unable to show that he had a right to the check, and on this ground the decision of the lower court was reversed, and a new trial ordered. When Smith cashed the check he turned it into the First National bank of Ogden. Later it went to San Francisco, passed through the clearing house there and was finally returned to the Southern Pacific Railroad company, which issued the check. As soon as Warren found that his check had been stolen he notified the railroad company to watch for the check and refuse payment on it. The court holds that Warren used necessary care to prevent the check from being cashed.

NOTICE TO WATER USERS.

State Engineer's office,
Salt Lake City, Utah, February 23, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Charles E. Smith, whose postoffice address is Ogden, Utah, has made application in accordance with the requirements of of Chapter 108, Session Laws of Utah, 1905, as amended by the Session Laws of Utah, 1907, to appropriate one-tenth (1-10) of a cubic-foot per second of water from a spring in Weber County, Utah. Said spring is situated at a point which lies 500 feet north and 320 feet west of the center of Section 22, Township 6 north, Range 1 west, Salt Lake base and meridian. Said water will be diverted at the point where it issues from said spring and conveyed by means of a pipe line for a distance of 650 feet and there used from January 1 to December 31, inclusive, of each year, for domestic purposes. This application is designated in the State Engineer's office as No. 2106.

All protests against the granting of said application, stating the reasons therefor, must be made by affidavit in duplicate and filed in this office within thirty (30) days after the completion of the publication of this notice.

CALEB TANNER, State Engineer.

Date of first publication February 27; date of completion of publication March 29, 1909.

COMMISSION GIVES OPINION ON RATES

Local railroad officials have been advised that, in reply to queries submitted by the Western Passenger association, the Interstate Commerce Commission has given an opinion on the question of the rates which should apply on theatrical traffic, moving from point to point, some of which moves are intrastate and some interstate. The question was, "Should interstate rates apply on the entire movement, or should state rates be applied when any single movement was wholly within a state."

The commission holds that where such parties move from point to point within a state, and pay from point to point as they go, the transaction being complete in each case, they have a right to any advantages there may be in state rates, but baggage may not be checked through to ultimate destination in such a case, nor may anything else be done not in conformity with the complete transaction.

SUMMONS.

In the District Court of Weber County, State of Utah.

W. N. C. Burnett, Plaintiff, vs. Hannah Metzler, Joseph Metzler, Milton Metzler, Irving S. Metzler and Metzler Investment Company, Defendants.

The State of Utah to the said Defendants:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this Summons upon you, if served within the County in which this action is brought; otherwise, within thirty days after service; and defend the above entitled action; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

This action is brought to quit title to the land described in the complaint.

R. S. Farnsworth,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

P. O. Address 212 Eccles Building, Ogden City, Utah.

WANT ADS BRING BIG RESULTS

S.S.S. THE ONLY REMEDY FOR BLOOD POISON

S. S. S. is the one and only reliable and certain cure for Contagious Blood Poison. This claim is not based on the treatment of a few cases of the disease, here and there, but its success extends over a period of more than forty years, during which time thousands upon thousands have found a cure by the use of this great vegetable remedy. S. S. S. is first of all, an absolutely perfect blood purifier, able to go down into the blood and remove every particle of the virus of Contagious Blood Poison. It cleanses and purifies the circulation, and in this way removes the cause of the trouble. Then nature, assisted by a rich, healthy blood supply, quickly renovates and renews the system, while the symptoms of ulcerated mouth and throat, skin eruptions, discolored splotches, falling hair, sores and ulcers, etc., disappear, leaving the body entirely free from the effects of this insidious poison. When S. S. S. has thoroughly cleansed and purified the circulation there is no danger of any future outbreak—the blood is pure and the cause of the disease entirely removed. Home Treatment Book containing many valuable and helpful suggestions for those who are curing themselves with S. S. S., and any medical advice desired sent free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

PRODUCTS PLAY BIG PART

IN WORK OF FOREST CONSERVATION AND ITS VALUE.

Lumber and Its Products, Also the Bark, Resin, Sap and Leaves Utilized.

One of the effects of the establishment of the Forest Service District offices most beneficial to the people of the west is the possibility of a close, helpful relation with a branch of the service whose workings have heretofore been little understood in this region. This is the Branch of Products. The work of this part of the Forest Service has to do with the best and most economical utilization of the products of the forest, not only lumber and its products, but also the bark, resin, sap, and even leaves of those trees of which these parts are of value to man.

It is not enough that care should be given to the growing of a new forest and to the careful and economical cutting of the present, but it is of equal importance that care be taken to bring about as complete a utilization of the tree as possible and to make the utilized timber serve its purpose as long as possible. To bring about the utilization of what is now wasted in manufacture or to increase the unsable life of timber is considered as much forest conservation as to grow a forest where the original has been cut off.

Since fully 40 per cent of the growing tree is unutilized according to American methods of lumbering, it appears that there is a considerable need of study along the line of more economical utilization. Although existing conditions are so different as to make comparison difficult, yet the fact that in Germany practically 80 per cent of the tree is used, gives some indication of what may be accomplished where the price of lumber and the lack of a sufficient supply make efficient and careful methods indispensible.

The Branch of Products has made a special effort to make possible the utilization of the waste incident to manufacture after the log has reached the mill. For some time experiments have been carried on studying the possibilities of utilizing slabs and sawdust. In regions where there is a sufficient demand, a considerable income is derived from the secondary manufacture by private parties, of slabs and edgings into box shooks, barrel staves, and lath. As yet private and federal efforts to utilize sawdust have not been as successful as may be desired. The lines of most promise, however, have been its use in paper making and in the distillation of pine sawdust for the production of turpentine. Much remains to be accomplished, however, to make this work an unqualified success.

Still another dissipation of timber wealth has occurred through prejudice or the ignorance of the properties of certain woods. For some reason certain species have been considered as inferior, largely because such a prejudice has been formed against them as to render them practically valueless on the lumber markets, on which account they were left in the woods, a total loss. In many cases the popular conception of their value has later not been borne out by the facts, or has been found to be the result of ignorance of the proper method of handling these species. Notable examples are those of the hemlock and red gum in the east, which for a long time were considered worthless and were wasted, but which upon a better understanding of their use and properties have come to have considerable value as lumber trees. The western hemlock and tanbark oak of the west suffered the same fate, and caused the total loss of millions of feet of good lumber. To eliminate this waste timber testing laboratories are conducted by the Forest Service in which woods are tested to ascertain their true value and properties and to formulate methods whereby they may take their rightful place among the woods of economical value to man.

The Forest Service is ready to give what information it may have at its command concerning the value and properties of any wood or to co-operate with private individuals to make tests on woods concerning which no information is at hand.

The chief field of activity in the local office of Products will undoubtedly be the preservation treatment of timber, since the conditions of timber supply in relation to demand in this region are such as to make the increase of the durability of timber of greatest import to those industries dependent upon its use. The fact that practically all of the lumber used in Ogden and vicinity is shipped at considerable expense from Oregon and California, lends practical value to the preservative treatment of such timber as is used in contact with the soil, since such treatment will practically double its life. The most common and successful treatment of lumber is the impregnation with some one of the solutions obtained from the distillation of coal. These substances prevent decay by their action as antiseptics against wood destroying bacteria and fungi and by preventing the entrance of moisture into the wood. Zinc chloride is used to some extent, but being soluble in water it leaches out after a time and its value as an antiseptic is lost.

The Office of Products of this district is desirious of coming in touch with all who use timber where preservation would lengthen its use and stands ready to render practical assistance, both by furnishing information concerning the treatment of timber and by co-operating in the installation and operation of timber treating plants. ASA L. BROWER.

KENTUCKIANS TO ASSIST IN DEFENSE OF GARDNER

Lexington, Ky., March 24.—Assisting in the defense of Eugene Gardner, who will be placed on trial in San Francisco, March 31, charged with the murder of an Italian sailor, while at sea, will be a party of Kentucklans, who will leave for San Francisco tonight. Among the party are Judge Edward Orear of the Kentucky court of appeals, and an uncle of Gardner; Judge A. W. Young, Colonel John H Whallon of Louisville, and Democratic State Chairman Henry R. Prewitt.

SALT LAKE AND STATE NEWS

GOVERNOR CUTS DOWN THE APPROPRIATIONS

Over $122,000 Is Stricken From the List by the Executive.

The appropriations bill as it passed the senate last week contained items of expense for state purposes during the next two years far more than the state's revenues for the like period. When the document reached the house nearly $100,000 was added to the excess of expenditures over all possible receipts.

When the bill reached Governor Spry he discovered that he was asked to attach his signature to a bill to pay $217,000 more than the state would have to give. As a beginning in the way of trimming down the list of appropriations, the executive used a hatchet and sliced off at one stroke $80,000, the amount intended for the support and maintenance of high schools. After that he used a plane, and when he got through the appropriations had been reduced in the sum of $122,891.

"I would not consider for a moment a proposition of having the disbursements exceed the revenues by more than $150,000, or thereabouts, declared Governor Spry, and from his letter to the secretary of state it will be seen that he cut down the appropriations accordingly. The governor's communication to Secretary Tingey follows:

"I have the honor to approve and file in your office senate bill No. 202, entitled, "An act making appropriations for the support of the state government for the two years ending December 31, 1910, and for other purposes," with the exception of the following items, which I disapprove for the reasons stated herein.

"For the support and maintenance of high schools in such cities and school districts as have or shall establish high schools for two years from July 1, 1909, to June 30, 1911, $80,000.

"To the Utah school for the deaf and blind:

"For the purchase and erection of fire escapes, $2,750.

To the state industrial school:

"For the purchase and equipment of fire escapes, $2,000.

To the state board of examiners:

"For the purchase of maps for distribution to the state officers, and for state purposes, $600.

To the University of Utah:

"For the payment of attorneys' fees University vs. Telluride Realty company, and the case of the State of Utah vs. Montello Salt company, and for other expenses connected with said cases, $1,741.20.

For roads and bridges:

"To the several counties of the state for the purpose of constructing and improving roads therein: Carbon county, $2,000; Juab county, $2,000; Rich county, $2,000, of which $1,000 shall be expended for the construction of a road through Lake Town Old canyon; Grand county, $1,000; Sevier county, $2,000; Iron county, $1,500; Garfield county, $2,500; Wasatch county, $2,000; Wayne county, $2,000; Beaver county, $2,500, of which $1,000 shall be expended on the road crossing the Buckskin mountains between Beaver and Bear valley, Iron county; Morgan county, $1,000; Summit county, $1,000; Tooele county, $1,000; Sanpete county, $1,500. For constructing and improving roads east of Fairview and Mt. Pleasant known as the Coal roads, $500. Millard county, $3,000. To be spent on the road from Woodland, Summit county to the west fork of the Duchesne river, Wasatch county, $1,500. For building road around the Stein hill in Kingston, Piute county, $800. For the purpose of improving the public road or highway, extending from what is known as the Plateau Bridge, at the head of Grass Valley in Sevier county, Utah, in a southeeasterly direction a distance of about 10 miles and extending through the northeast corner of Piute county, and ending on the top of what is known as Parker mountain, at the dividing line of Piute and Wayne counties, $1,000. To the Utah State Fair association: For erecting of new exhibition stalls, or so much thereof as may be necessary, $4,000. To repairs on stalls, or so much thereof as may be necessary, $1,000.

My reasons for disapproving the above items is that the appropriations carried in this act are greatly in excess of the estimated revenues of the state from all sources for the years 1909 and 1910. Respectfully,

WILLIAM SPRY, Governor.

WELTERWEIGHT BLUEBERRIES

Salt Lake, March 23.—The United States vs. Fifty four cases of Blueberries is the title of a complaint filed in the United States district court today, the charge being a libel information in the shipment of the above quantity of canned Gold Label blueberries from E. T. Russell & Co., of Boston to W. S. Henderson & Co., of this city. The shipment purports to consist of two dozen two pound cans per case, whereas they have been found by actual test to weigh only 24 ounces per can. This is contrary to the pure food act passed on June 30, 1906, hence the action by the government.

A warrant of arrest and monition was issued today, which will be served by the sheriff on the grocery company having possession of the goods. The costs of the action will have to be paid, but it is probable that the case will end, as others of the same kind have, by the company giving a bond that they will sell the goods as they actually are and not as they are labeled.

SHOOTS HIMSELF

Owner of Saloon in Pioche Blows Out His Brains.

Pioche, Nev., March 23.—R. L. Thayer, owner of a saloon here, committed suicide here this morning at 10 o'clock by shooting himself through the head.

PRESIDENT SMITH AND PARTY

Salt Lake, March 23.—It is expected that President Joseph F. Smith and party, who for a period of six weeks have been visiting in the Sandwich Islands, will ship from Honolulu tomorrow. They went from the Golden Gate to Hawaii on the steamship Alameda, and intended to return on the same vessel, which is the one to leave the island port tomorrow. The voyage will take about six days, landing the party, if all is well, in San Francisco on March 30, and they will likely arrive home not later than April 3.

LEGLESS MAN STARTS ROUGH HOUSE IN SALOON

Salt Lake, March 24.—"John Doe," a Finnish member of that numerous tribe, was the especial object of solicitude on the part of a squad of policemen last night. Despite the fact that this particular John Doe has two artificial legs it does not seem to hamper him any in any competitive drinking bout, and if anything his affliction seems to aid him, perhaps for the reason that the cork is impervious to a liquid. At any rate it required the efforts of three patrolmen to hold John Doe down in the bed of the patrol wagon last night after he made a brave show of pot-valiant courage by cleaning out the resort at No. 68 Commercial street. Before the police arrived in response to the call the Finn had made the affair look like a good-sized riot, with the enemy put to rout, and was just about to throw a chair through the back bar mirror when the officers grabbed him. From then it was a tussle until he was landed behind the bars.

BURLEY RAISES A NEW POINT

Contests Right of Government to Condemn Lands for the Boise-Payette Project.

Salt Lake, March 24.—A widespread interest among persons connected with irrigation projects all through the west is centered in the outcome of federal court proceedings now in progress in Boise, Ida., in which D. E. Burley, general passenger agent for the Oregon Short Line, through Attorney J. G. Willis of that road, has raised an entirely new question concerning the reclamation act—a question which is of vital importance in connection with all the large government reclamation projects now under way and contemplated. It is claimed by Mr. Willis that the government is powerless to condemn any lands for irrigation projects when such projects contemplate the supply of water to private lands, not a part of the public domain.

The issue was reached when United States Attorney Lingenfelter at Boise began condemnation proceedings against a tract of land aggregating 320 acres owned by Mr. Burley a few miles west of Nampa, which land would come within the boundaries of the site of a large reservoir to be built by the government to store water for a part of the famous Boise-Payette project. The government offered to buy the land of Mr. Burley, offering him $15 an acre. This price was refused. Mr. Burley stating the land had cost him in excess of $35 an acre. It was then the condemnation proceedings were instituted.

KAYSVILLE MATTERS.

Commercial Club Advocating Installation of Waterworks.

Kaysville, March 24.—The committee representing the Kaysville Commercial club that called upon the city council at its regular meeting Thursday night to urge the installing of city waterworks and other improvements was well received, and the recommendations of the committee will doubtless be acted upon as soon as the council can get matters in shape.

The waterworks question is generally regarded as the most important matter to be taken up in the way of civic improvement, and this will have the early attention of the officials, if a way can be devised for the securing of the necessary funds to accomplish the work. Estimates that have been made by engineers place the probable cost at from $30,000 to $40,000, according to the kinds of pipe that will be used, and the extent of the mains that will be laid. The probability is that the council will at an early date take steps to secure water and make preliminary arrangements looking to the calling of a bond election.

The matter of better control of the pool halls of the town, so that youths and mere boys may be kept from such places, was considered by the council, and action was postponed until it shall be known what action the legislature takes in relation to the excluding of gaming tables from pool halls.

What amounts to almost an epidemic of grip and pneumonia has developed in Kaysville and vicinity during the last week or two, and scores of families have been afflicted, in some cases nearly all the members being ill at the same time. Fortunately the deaths have been few.

Newel S., the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Milton Phillips, died Tuesday night and was buried yesterday.

The quarterly conference of L. D. Davis stake will be held [illegible] and Sunday, March 27 and 28, at East Bountiful. The Saturday sessions will be devoted to priesthood [illegible], and on Sunday general meeting will be held.

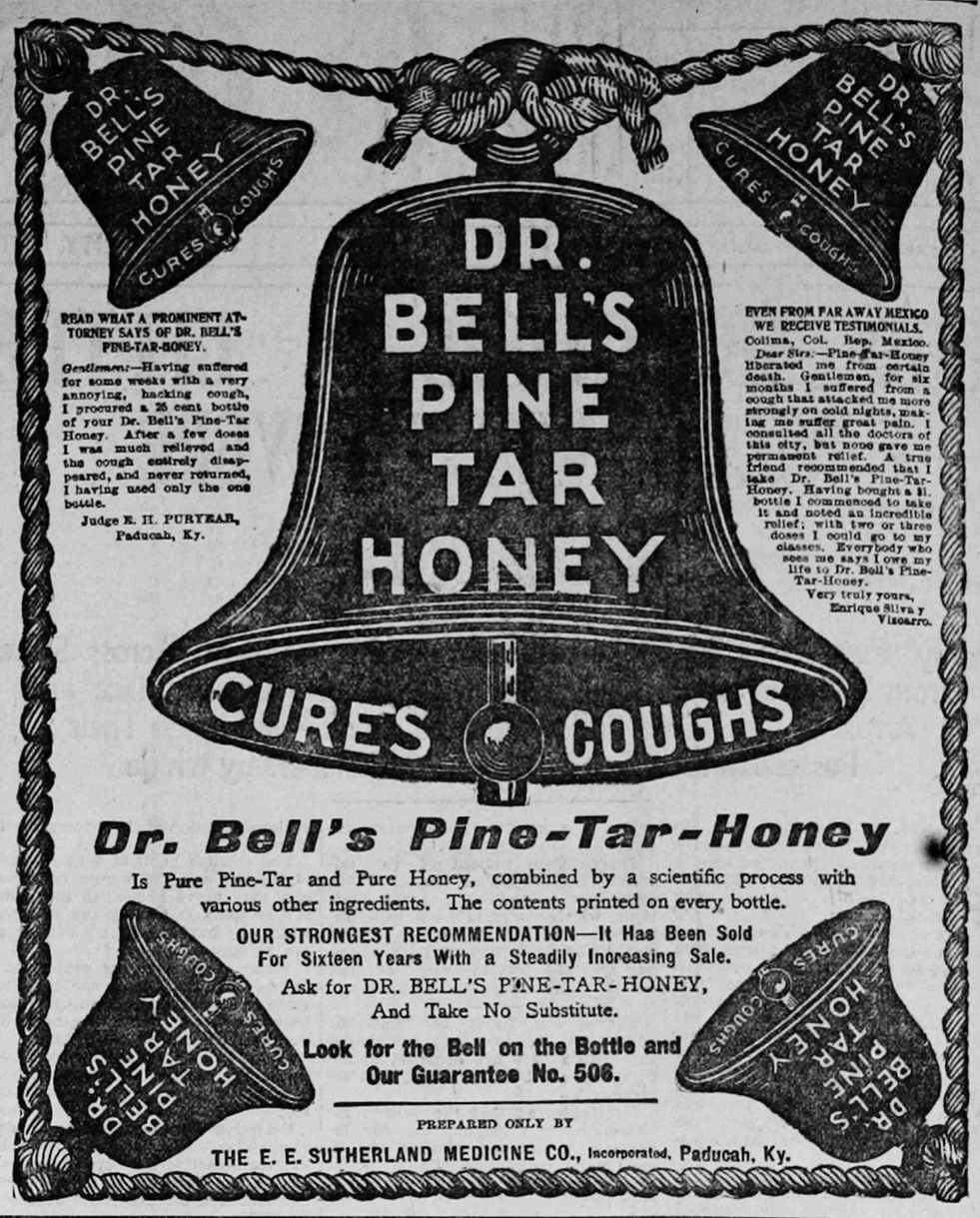
BOLD THIEVES UNDER ARREST.

Two Connected With Express Robbery Taken Into Custody by Police.

Salt Lake, March 24.—Two audacious thieves, directly connected with the theft of four packages Monday night from a Wells-Fargo Express Co. truck standing on the Salt Lake Route depot platform, are safely behind the bars, following good work on the part of the police department. The men are William Reinhart and H. E. Watson.

Colds Cause Headache
LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy removes cause. Call for full name. Look for signature E. W. GROVE. 25c.

Abstract of Judgment Filed—An abstract of judgment has been filed for record in the case of Utah Association of Credit Men against William S. Fife.



Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Health Talks

No man is stronger than his stomach. Make your stomach strong and you thereby fortify your system against the attacks of a long list of diseases which originate in the stomach and must be reached, if at all through the stomach. Thus torpid, or lazy liver, biliousness, dyspepsia, impure blood and various skin affections originate in weak stomach and consequent poor nutrition. The same is true of certain bronchial, throat and lung affections.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

Strengthens the stomach, invigorates the liver, purifies the blood making it rich, red and vitalizing and thereby curing the above and kindred affections.

It's foolish and often dangerous to experiment with new or but slightly tested medicines—sometimes urged upon the afflicted as "just as good" or better than "Golden Medical Discovery." The dishonest dealer sometimes *insist* that *he* knows what the proffered substitute is made of, but *you* don't and it is decidedly for *your* interest that *you* should know what *you* are taking into *your* stomach and system expecting it to act as a curative. To *him* its only a difference of profit. Therefore, *insist* on having Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. If not promptly supplied trade elsewhere.

Behind Dr. Pierce's Medicines stands the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, thoroughly equipped and with a Staff of Skilled Specialists to treat the more difficult cases of Chronic diseases whether requiring Medical or Surgical skill for their cure. Write for free INVALIDS' GUIDE BOOK.

Send 31 one-cent stamps to pay cost of mailing *only* on a free copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, cloth-bound. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., Pres., Buffalo, N.Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and strengthen Stomach, Liver and Bowels.