

NO GUESS WORK

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THIRTY-NINTH YEAR—NO. 77

The Ogden Standard

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 31, 1909

WEATHER FORECAST

UTAH—THE INDICATIONS ARE THAT THE WEATHER WILL BE FAIR TONIGHT, FAIR AND WARMER TOMORROW.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

PASSENGER TRAIN ON UNION PACIFIC IS WRECKED 56 MILES EAST OF OGDEN

BAGGAGEMAN GORDON AND FIREMAN LOWHAM KILLED

Five Cars of the Wrecked Train Take Fire and Are Consumed—Seven Cars Saved by Passengers

BAGGAGEMAN BURNED TO DEATH

Train Was Running Down Castle Rock Hill When the Engine Struck a Landslide, Toppling Over and Burying the Fireman—Special Train With Doctors and Nurses Left Ogden at 5:30 a. m.

DEAD.
S. G. Lowham, fireman.
C. J. Gordon, baggageman.

Westbound Union Pacific passenger train No. 3, due at Ogden at 5:45 a. m., was badly wrecked at 3:55 this morning a mile and a quarter west of Castle Rock and 56 miles east of this city. The train was in charge of Conductor S. P. Miller and Engineer F. G. Ginech and the accident was caused by a landslide on one of the numerous curves which makes the track dangerous during rainy weather in that section.

As a result of the landslide the engine, mail car, baggage car and three coaches were derailed and Fireman S. G. Lowham and Baggageman C. J. Gordon met death in the wreck.

Fireman Lowham was buried under the big passenger engine and Baggageman Gordon was burned to death before he could be extricated from the fire which destroyed the five cars that were piled up around the engine. The remaining seven cars of the rear end of the train were pushed back from the

fire, one at a time, by trainmen and passengers and thus saved from destruction. Beyond a bad shaking up, no other passengers or trainmen were seriously injured. Immediately after the wreck occurred, Conductor Miller sent out flagmen in both directions to prevent further disaster from other trains, and then walked, or rather ran, back to Castle Rock to notify operating officials of the disaster. Superintendent Whitney was notified at once and ordered a relief train and a wrecking outfit from Ogden and another from Evanston. The relief train consisted of a four-car, two coaches, Superintendent Whitney's car and the big wrecker, which, with the superintendent, Dr. Joyce, two other surgeons, a trained nurse and the wrecking crew aboard, left Ogden at 5:30 for the scene of the accident as fast as steam could convey them.

The news of the wreck reached Ogden at 4:45, and 45 minutes later the special was en route to Castle Rock—a remarkable record of hustling.

(Continued on Page Five)

KINDNESS OF YOUNG GIRL RICHLY REWARDED

OLD MAN LEAVES HER \$35,000 IN NEGOTIABLE SECURITIES.

Miss Elliott, at Ball Three Years Ago Danced Several Times With Neglected Stranger.

Columbus, O., March 31.—Miss Elliott, daughter of Dr. C. S. Elliott, of Arcadia, while a student at the normal school at Ada, three years ago, went to a dance. There she met an elderly man who was a guest at the home of a member of the faculty. Miss Elliott noting that the elderly stranger received scant attention, danced with him several times. After the dance, Miss Elliott did not see the man nor did she hear of him until yesterday, when she received notice that he was dead and had left her \$35,000 in negotiable securities.

PAYNE TARIFF BILL CAUSES ALARM IN FRANCE

FRENCH MERCHANTS WILL ATTEMPT TO PARRY INJURY.

Rise of Duties on Gloves, Feathers and Perfumes Especially Deplored by Exporters.

Paris, March 31.—A delegation of French merchants engaged in the export business to the United States, headed by Andre Saynes, called upon Minister of Commerce Cruppi today, and demanded that the government take immediate steps to parry the injury that the Payne tariff revision bill threatens to inflict upon the export trade of France. The delegates declared that the bill had caused a veritable panic among exporters. The duties to be collected upon gloves, feathers and perfumes, three articles produced particularly in France, had been raised, and no special arrangement with regard to wines was possible. If France refused her minimum rates which was manifestly impossible under such conditions, the United States would be compelled to apply supplementary duties of from 20 to 40 per cent. The delegates said also

that the proposal, to impose ad valorem rates upon goods consigned to America, would paralyze certain sections of the export trade, and insisted that the government take immediate action.

M. Cruppi made no promises. Representatives of exporting houses held a meeting after the conference with M. Cruppi, at which the question of alleged American discrimination was discussed.

M. Bergeotte, an exporter, declared that a general boycott against French productions was threatened in the United States, giving an example. Recently, according to the speaker, sixteen French exporting houses, that rent samples to San Francisco, met with a complete boycott.

Hughes Leroux, the French author, who visited the United States recently, made an address in which he attributed much of the hostility to France in the United States to the influence of Irish and German immigrants, and he cited the case of the girl students of a California university who protested against the works of Dumas on the ground of their immorality.

He said the misfortune of the situation was that the Washington government was powerless to coerce the individual states of the Union.

CALIFORNIA RACE HORSE MEN LEAVE FOR MEXICO

Los Angeles, March 31.—A delegation of California race horse magnates are on the way to the city of Mexico. Only eighteen days remain in which racing can be continued at Arcadia, and the party is going to see how the situation is south of the Mexican line.

The purpose is to arrange for the opening of a track at Tia Juana. The racing men claim to have had assurances from the officials of lower California that it will be "all right," but as they do not want to take any chances on "waves of reform," they are bound straight for headquarters.

Tom Williams is not with the party, but will be the dominant spirit of it, it is said.

What is to become of Arcadia after the racing ends is a much mooted question.

WORK OF SOUTHERN CHILD LABOR CONFERENCE

MANY RECOMMENDATIONS FAVORING THE CHILD ADOPTED.

In Connection With Employment Under Certificate System, Provisions of Kentucky Law Are Endorsed.

New Orleans, March 31.—The Southern Child Labor conference adopted the following recommendations: The employment in factories of no child under the age of 14 years. The employment in a mine or quarry of no child under the age of 16 years. The employment of no child under

the age of 16 years in any gainful occupation except agricultural and domestic service, unless such child can read and write simple sentences in the English language.

That no boy, under the age of 16, nor girl under the age of 18 years, excepting agricultural or domestic, be employed between the hours of 7 p. m. and 6 a. m.

An eight-hour day law for children under 16 years of age and for all women.

Employment under the certificate plan.

The employment by the state of proper officials for the inspection of all mines and factories with the power to prosecute violations.

The rough sanitary and safety regulations.

Making the conference a permanent organization.

In connection with the recommendation for employment under the certificate system, the provisions of the Kentucky law are endorsed, and it is further recommended that a law requiring the registration of all births be adopted by every southern state to insure a proper issuance of certificates.

DEATH SENTENCE OF BLACK POPE COMMUTED

Manila, March 31.—Governor-General Smith has commuted the death sentence of Papa Isio, the black pope of the tribesmen inhabiting the island of Negros. The government believed that if Isio were executed, one of his fanatical followers would claim to be Isio reincarnated and thus renew the trouble which led to the "black pope's" apprehension and sentence to pay the extreme penalty for his crimes.

Governor Smith acted upon the advice of the constabulary, who declared the prisoner's followers could be controlled only by keeping him in confinement for life, in a place where the tribes would be certain that he was living.

NOTED FRENCH DOG, WORTH \$10,000, DEAD.

Chicago, March 31.—Gloom has been cast over the bench show of the Chicago Kennel club by the announcement that the noted French dog, Marcel Ney II, owned by Lincoln Bartlett of Chicago, and valued by its owner at \$10,000, is dead.

Mr. Bartlett says that the animal had been playing with children, who had thrown corks for it to scamper after. The dog swallowed several of the corks and died of acute peritonitis in spite of the efforts of three doctors to save its life.

JACK LONDON IS STRICKEN WITH MYSTERIOUS ILLNESS

Boston, Mass., March 31.—A letter received in this city from Sydney, Australia, announces that Jack London, the novelist, who started on a voyage around the world in a little sloop, called the Snark, has been stricken with a mysterious illness and has been compelled to abandon the voyage. He intends to sell the Snark and return to California in an effort to regain his lost health.

WOMEN AGREE TO STOP WEARING GLOVES

THIS IS PROTEST AGAINST NEW TARIFF PROVISION.

When Vote Is Taken at Meeting of North End Women's Club, Scores of Hands Are Raised.

Chicago, March 31.—Have the members of the North End Women's club agreed to don mitts of wool and lace

as a protest against the tariff on gloves, or has somebody mistaken the expressed sentiment of the latest meeting? This is the question now agitating the ranks of the organization.

Mrs. L. Bracken Bishop made the suggestion.

"How many women in this club," she asked, "will agree to stop wearing gloves until the matter is settled?"

Orris scented white kid gloves were cast hurriedly aside and scores of gloveless hands were raised. No one dissented.

"This question of a tariff on gloves and hosiery," said Mrs. Bishop, "is going to do more than anything else to interest women in the cause of suffrage, because it is making them realize how easy it is for men to legislate against their best interests, and how helpless they are in the matter."

Now a question arises as to whether the club action is to be considered binding.

"The women all held up their hands when Mrs. Bishop asked them," says Mrs. E. C. Portman, president. "But that was an informal acquiescence. No resolution of the kind was adopted. I think the women thought it would be a little impractical, going about without gloves."

"I am perfectly willing to go without gloves myself," declared Mrs. Bishop, "if it would do any good, or if there were any chance of its doing any good, but perhaps I'm not as conservative as most women. Still that's what they all agreed to do. They all held up their hands."

COMMITTS BRUTAL CRIME

Shoots Widow to Death, Then Blows His Own Brains Out

Los Angeles, March 31.—August Schoemer, a dairyman about 50 years of age, living with his family near Troyden, a suburb of Los Angeles, today shot and killed Mrs. Mary Austin, a widow and neighbor of Schoemer, after which he committed suicide. Much mystery surrounds the cause of the shooting. It occurred at the home of Mrs. Austin, where Schoemer went to talk with Mrs. Austin regarding plans for a partner in the dairy business. There were no witnesses.

Mrs. Austin was shot in the breast with a revolver. Schoemer placed the pistol muzzle against his own temple, after the shooting of Mrs. Austin, and blew out his own brains. A young son of the woman was present in the house when Schoemer arrived, but shortly afterwards he left the house. Hearing a pistol shot he hastily returned, finding his mother and Schoemer both dying. The murdered woman was also about 50 years old.

JAPANESE TO BRING SUIT FOR DAMAGES

Los Angeles, Cal., March 31.—Having been separated from his American sweetheart by the officers of the law, Harry Mateuoka, who went to Portland, Ore., last week with Mrs. Stella Hurns of Hollywood, is preparing to begin suit for damages, alleging imprisonment without cause.

The Japanese and Mrs. Hurns were arrested on complaint of A. Courtney of Portland, a passenger with them to the Rose city, and he will be made a defendant in the suit. When Courtney was informed of the impending

action he was not greatly alarmed. He said he felt justified in bringing the complaint when he saw the couple enter a Japanese rooming house after leaving the vessel. Both Mateuoka and Mrs. Hurns were released on her promise to give marrying the Oriental and return home.

WOMAN WHO BUILT A TELEGRAPH LINE IS DEAD

Seattle, Wash., March 31.—Mrs. Cynthia Crosley, widow of Powell Crosley, the builder of the first telegraph line between Sacramento, California, and Salt Lake City, is dead at her home, 517 Fifteenth avenue north. Mrs. Crosley was born near Cincinnati, October 24, 1822. In 1852 she was married to Powell Crosley and started west on her wedding tour in a prairie schooner, drawn by a yoke of oxen. When the railroad came, Mr. and Mrs. Crosley removed to San Jose, Cal., where they resided for twenty-four years. While at San Jose, Mr. Crosley secured the contract for the building of the telegraph line from Salt Lake City to California.

HER PLEA IS NOT GUILTY

Mrs. Boyle's Bail Is Fixed by Court at \$25,000

Merced, Pa., March 31.—Mrs. Helen Boyle, wife of James Boyle, kidnaper of Willie Whitt, was arraigned before Justice of Peace Thomas McClain at this place today, charged with kidnapping.

She pleaded "not guilty" and was held for the action of the grand jury in the sum of \$25,000 bail.

The woman was taken from the jail by Sheriff Chess, and followed by a couple of deputy sheriffs, went to the office of the justice, about a block distant. Mrs. Boyle asked if she would plead guilty or not guilty, and replied:

"Why, I am not guilty and enter a plea of not guilty."

"Do you want to have a hearing at this time," asked the judge, "or will you waive a hearing?"

"For the present," she replied, "it will be better for me to waive any hearing."

"Well, that is about all," replied the justice. "Of course, there will be bail in this case. It is fixed at \$25,000. Have you any one that will go on your bond?"

"No," replied the woman, and thereupon she was committed to jail to await the action of the grand jury.

TEACHER'S WIFE IS RECOGNIZED BY POPE

New York, March 31.—Miss Eleanor Colgan, a teacher in the training school for teachers, has been singled out by Pope Pius X for enrollment as a member of the Order of Knighthood of the church and the papacy as a reward for her services in bettering the conditions of the Italians of South Brooklyn.

The distinction carries with it a golden cross, the presentation of which was made to her yesterday.

Miss Colgan has been for several years devoted to charity and religious work in connection with the Italian church of Our Lady of Peace in Brooklyn.

PADEREWSKI STRICKEN BY "PIANO PLAYER'S CRAMP."

New York, March 31.—Fear that the stroke of "piano player's cramp," which had caused him to cut short his concert tour in this country, might disable him for the remainder of his life, was expressed by Ignace Jan Paderewski, the noted pianist at the time of his departure for Europe yesterday on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosser.

"I may never return to America," said Mr. Paderewski sadly. "At any rate, I shall probably not play for the next two years. During that time, I shall try to console myself by composing an opera."

THE APRIL FOOL THAT FAILED



TROOPS ARE UNDER ORDERS TO CAPTURE THE ENTIRE BAND OF SNAKES

Wholesale Arrest Plan Will Be Utilized in Order to Catch Leaders—Most Dangerous Leader Next to Crazy Snake Is Half Negro Who Is in Custody—Suppression of This Dangerous Element Essential—Wily Chief's Capture Is Matter of Doubt

Kansas City, March 31.—Up to 1 o'clock this afternoon, no positive news had been received from Oklahoma confirming the reported capture of Crazy Snake. It is possible, and even likely, that the chief may have been caught at some outlying point by an independent squad and is being taken secretly to the federal prison at Muskogee to await trial, but this cannot be stated to be a fact.

Henryetta, Okla., March 31.—The report that Crazy Snake had been captured, or surrendered, is not confirmed. Col. Hoffman telephoned from Pierce today that the rumor was groundless. The Associated Press obtained similar reports over the long distance telephones from Checotah, Muskogee and Thompson.

Deputy sheriffs, traveling in posies, and the militia, under Col. Hoffman today resumed the search for the Creek leader at dawn. Col. Hoffman's detachment spent the night in their blankets in the open, four miles from Slickland. Col. Hoffman, when informed of the report that the Indian leader had been captured, expressed great surprise. The old chief might be apprehended in some out of the way spot by some stray posse without his knowing it, the colonel said, but it certainly had not occurred within the district occupied by the troops.

Muskogee, Okla., March 31.—There was some apprehension during the night that Checotah might be the scene of an Indian raid. An alarming rumor was circulated that the Creeks were planning to attack the town while most of the citizens were out in the field scouting. Morgan D. Tip-ton came to Muskogee and arranged for arms and a special train ready to rush a posse to Checotah. The attack was planned for tonight, but the Creeks did not materialize of course. Captain J. J. Davis, of the Chandler militia company, is authority for the statement that the troops are under orders to capture the entire band of Snakes, variously estimated at from 300 to 600. Most of these would soon be released, but the authorities regard the wholesale arrest plan as the most effective method of getting the leaders.

According to Mayor William Duffy of Checotah, the most dangerous Indian in the Creek band is the half-breed Crazy Snake, who is Grayson, the half-negro, who was captured near Pierce. He is the captain of the negro element of the outlaw band.

Grayson was discovered in a hay field by Deputy Sheriff Sam Baker. He had deserted his home and taken to the field. Rather than approach him, Baker set fire to the hay and drove him from his bed. The militia then captured him without a fight.

The negroes are reported as being slightly indignant over the capture of some men of their race by the militia.

Mayor Barclay Morgan, of Henryetta, said today:

"I don't hesitate to say that many of the Snake Indians and negroes affiliated with them are a menace to the country, and should be captured. The people of this community are in sympathy with any movement that will suppress the Snake band. In my opinion, the negroes are a most dangerous class. During the past few years, from 100 to 850 blacks have drifted here from Texas and other southern states. They are worthless and have caused a great deal of trouble. Many Indians of this country are peaceable and some of those arrested are innocent. A trial would have been made, even if it takes bloodshed. Harjo is a dangerous man himself. We care nothing for what the world may think. I want protection and Indian suppression."

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FISHERMEN HAVE NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH

HULL OF BOAT TORN OPEN BY BLOW FROM WHALE'S FLUKES.

Timely Assistance, Given by Crews of Two Other Fishing Craft, Saves Them From Drowning.

San Diego, Cal., March 31.—With the hull of their little boat torn open by a blow from a whale's flukes, L. Massa and his partner, Italian fishermen, almost certainly would have been drowned in the ocean but for the timely assistance given by the crews of two other fishing craft. Massa and his companion started for a deep sea fishing trip. When about five miles off Point Loma, they felt a hard jolt under their boat and the next instant the craft was lifted clear out of the water. It fell back right side up, but water was

pouring in through a rent in the stern. Massa and his partner made frantic attempts to bail out the boat, but seeing that the water was gaining, they shouted to the crews of two other boats to come to their aid. The rescue was quickly made, the two fishermen being taken on board the other boats.

The men had only a vague idea as to what struck their boat, but those who came to their rescue declare that when the boat was thrown into the air, they saw a whale's flukes emerge from the water beneath it.

HOPKINS OUT OF RACE

This Decision Virtually Made by Caucus of the Republican Chiefs

Chicago, March 31.—The Tribune today prints the following news article: Albert J. Hopkins was practically eliminated from the senatorial race last night by a caucus of the big Republican chiefs of the Cook county organization, thoroughly secret, but more important politically, than any conference of the powers which has been held in Chicago for years.

Hopkins was abandoned as a senatorial possibility. It is believed, as a result of the conference, a new man, one who has received no votes as yet in the senatorial deadlock, was tentatively considered for the toga and all but agreed upon. That man is Roy O. West. It is not believed the effort will be made to elect West this week. Represented in the secret conclave, which broke up just before midnight, were these Republican stars of the first magnitude:

Governor Deneen, Mayor Busse, Roy O. West, Postmaster Campbell, Congressman Lorimer and John P. Devine. Governor Deneen slipped into Chicago just after dusk for the conference. Congressman Lorimer had been kept here upon orders from Springfield, and he hurried from the conference to catch a midnight train for the state capital, to keep the deadlock intact until the program to elect West had been explained to the downstate members of the legislature.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS OF WORLD'S MARKETS

PRICES OF STOCKS ADVANCE ON LARGE OPENING DEALINGS

New York, March 31.—Prices of stocks advanced on large opening dealings today, but the gains were generally limited to small fractions. Canadian Pacific, however, rose 1-8. Erie 1-4 and American Locomotive and Virginia-Carolina Chemicals large fractions. There was a sprinkling of declines, mostly among the less important stocks. The Harriman Pacific and Reading were conspicuous in the advance.

Prices were shaded and the demand slackened at the end of the hour. Canadian Pacific moved up 2-4, International Paper preferred 2, Reading and Delaware and Hudson 1-8. Union Pacific 1-4 and Southern Pacific, St. Paul, Northwestern, New York Central, Ontario and Western, Kansas City and Texas and Consolidated Gas, 1 Lake Erie and Western preferred yielded 1 and Bethlehem Steel preferred 2 points. People's Gas rose 2-8. Consolidated Gas, American Sugar and Chicago Great Western preferred A, 2 Colorado Fuel 1-8, American Beet Sugar 1-8, Chicago and Alton 1-8, and New Haven, National Biscuit, American Woolen and Utah Copper 1, but except in these specialties, the demand was languid and prices dropped. There was renewed buying and a recovery in prices at noon.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Amalgamated Copper, 75 3-8. American Car and Foundry, 50 1-8. American Locomotive, 54 1-4. American Smelting, 88 3-8. American Sugar Refining, 124 1-4. Anaconda Mining, 45. Archison Railway, 108 1-4. Atchison Railway, 104 3-8. Baltimore and Ohio, 112 1-4. Brooklyn Rapid Transit, 75 7-8. Canadian Pacific, 173 1-4. Chesapeake and Ohio, 86 1-2.

Chicago Northwestern, 182. Chicago, M. & St. Paul, 148 3-8. Colorado Fuel and Iron, 36 1-8. Colorado and Southern, 64 1-2. Delaware and Hudson, 179. Denver and Rio Grande, 46 1-4. Denver and Rio Grande, 46 1-4. Erie Railway, 30. Great Northern, 145 3-4. Great Northern Ore Cfs., 68 1-2. Illinois Central, 146. New York Central, 130 1-8. Reading Railway, 136. Rock Island Co., 24 7-8. Rock Island Co., 24 7-8. Southern Pacific, 123 7-8. Southern Railway, 26 3-8. Union Pacific, 135 1-4. United States Steel, 49 7-8. United States Steel, 49 7-8. Washaw Railway, 18 3-8. Standard Oil Company, 660.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, March 31.—Cattle, receipts estimated at 14,000; market steady. beefs \$4.70-4.75; Texas steers \$4.40-4.50; western steers \$4.00-4.50; stockers and feeders \$3.40-4.50; cows and heifers \$1.90-4.50; calves \$3.75-4.50. Hogs—Receipts estimated at 25,000; market strong; light \$5.40-5.50; mixed \$5.40-5.50; heavy \$5.70-5.80; rough \$5.70-5.80; good to choice heavy \$5.90-6.00; pigs \$5.60-5.75; bulk of sales \$5.75-6.00. Sheep—Receipts, estimated at 13,000; market strong to the higher; native \$3.75-4.00; western \$3.75-4.00; yearlings \$3.75-4.00; lambs, native, \$3.00-3.25; western \$3.00-3.25.

Chicago Closes.

Chicago, March 31.—Wheat—May \$1.19 1-4; July \$1.17; Sept. \$1.00. Dec. \$1.00 3-8. Corn—May 67 1-8; July 66 1-4; Sept. 65 7-8; Dec. 57 7-8. Oats—May 54 1-2; July 47 1-2; Sept. 47 1-2; Dec. 47 1-2. Rye—Cash \$1.17; May 79 1-4; 1-4. Barley—Cash 62-69. Timothy—April \$9.00. Clover—April \$9.00.

Kansas City Livestock.

Kansas City, March 31.—Cattle—Receipts 5,000; market steady to strong. Native steers \$5.00-5.25; native cows and heifers \$3.25-5.00; stockers and feeders \$3.25-5.00; calves \$3.25-5.00; western cows \$3.50-5.00; western steers \$3.50-5.00; stockers and feeders \$3.50-5.00; lambs, native, \$3.00-3.25; western \$3.00-3.25. Hogs—Receipts 13,000; market strong. Light \$5.40-5.50; mixed \$5.40-5.50; heavy \$5.70-5.80; rough \$5.70-5.80; good to choice heavy \$5.90-6.00; pigs \$5.60-5.75; bulk of sales \$5.75-6.00. Sheep—Receipts 6,000; market strong. Muttons \$3.25-3.50; lambs \$3.00-3.25; fed ewes \$3.00-3.25.

Sugar and Coffee.

New York, March 31.—Sugar, raw—Firm; fair refining \$3.82; centrifugal 96 test \$4.02; molasses sugar \$3.21; refined, steady; crushed \$4.85; powdered \$5.05; granulated \$4.95. COFFEE—Steady; No. 7 Rio \$3.87; No. 4 Santos \$3.88.

Wool.

St. Louis, March 31.—Wool, nominal, territory mediums 18-23; fine mediums 17-20; the 11-17.

GLOOM PERVADES SMOKE-DIMMED "OPIUM JOINTS."

San Francisco, March 31.—Gloom pervades the smoke-dimmed "opium joints" of the Chinese quarter, and the ever-changing dreams of the smokers are tinged with bitterness because of a ruling received by Collector Stratton from the Port of San Francisco. The government has set its face against indulgence in the delights of the "dope pipe" and prohibited the importation of opium of any kind, less than medicinal purity, after April 1. That was bad enough, but the bustling importers rushed their orders to the Orient and nearly a million dollars worth of the drug was landed here a few days ago and stored in the custom house and in bonded warehouses. In time, it was supposed to evade the new regulation. Now the authorities at Washington have instructed Collector Stratton not to allow any opium to leave his possession on or after April 1, and the vast heap of canned dreams is doomed to go unsmoked. The government authorities further declare that a careful inspection of the pure food and drug laws is being made against the opium joints. It is possible for the government to place in the market, whether medicinal or not, if it is ruled that the importers of loss, a large number of opium joints have been with the house on the market. The government has not stated the amount of the loss, but it is estimated that the loss is \$1,000,000, and the government has not stated the amount of the loss, but it is estimated that the loss is \$1,000,000, and the government has not stated the amount of the loss, but it is estimated that the loss is \$1,000,000, and the government has not stated the amount of the loss, but it is estimated that the loss is \$1,000,000, and the government has not stated the amount of the loss, but it is estimated that the loss