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ARE GENUINE AND GUAR-  
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NEWS GATHERING ASSO-  
CIATION IN THE WORLD

# The Ogden Standard

WEATHER FORECAST  
UTAH—THE INDICATIONS  
ARE THAT THE WEATHER  
WILL BE CLEARING TO-  
NIGHT. GENERALLY FAIR  
TOMORROW.

39TH YEAR—NO. 80

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 3, 1909

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## INTEREST IN BILL LAGS

### Small Attendance When Filipino Makes His Protest

Washington, April 3.—Eleven members were in their seats today when the house of representatives met to further consider the Payne tariff bill. It was the smallest attendance of the special session, and demonstrated the fact that interest in the bill practically has disappeared. Mr. Sparkman (Democrat, Florida) opened the discussion with an earnest plea for a restoration of the Dingley rate on lumber and the imposition of a duty of five cents a pound on cotton imported into the United States.

While declaring he would vote for the bill, Mr. Kinkaid (Republican, Nebraska) entered a strenuous objection to the taxing of those necessities of life which are not produced in this country. The proposed tax on tea and the countervailing duty on coffee, he said, were especially obnoxious to him, and he asked their removal. Mr. Kinkaid also opposed the placing of hides on the free list.

The Philippine islands were again heard from when Benito Legarda, resident commissioner, spoke in opposition to the proposed free trade between that possession and this country. His views were practically along the lines of those expressed yesterday by his colleague, Pablo Ocampo de Leon.

Basing his objection to the Philippine sections of the Payne tariff bill in provision that admits American goods in unlimited quantity into the islands without duty, he pointed out that the admission of 300,000 tons of Philippine sugar, free into the United States, would not improve conditions in the island immediately because the industry had declined one-half during American occupation, and because China was the natural market for that sugar. Immediate benefit might not accrue to the tobacco industry either, he said.

"Had the proposition for reciprocal free trade been made before the Philippine assembly was constituted," said Mr. Leonard, "very little, if any, opposition would have been made to this measure. But today, that assembly wishes us respectfully to present their wishes before this house in order that you, who come so directly from the American people, may pass judgment on the claims of those over whom you exercise sovereignty.

"If instead of the free admission without limitation as to quantity of American products into the Philippine islands this will provide only the free entry of agricultural machinery and other commodities of prime reciprocity, (such as cotton cloth) and which are needed for the agricultural and industrial development of these islands, or if this bill provide only for such reciprocal exchange of commodities, custom duty free, as would balance the limited quantity of American products to be sent from here—if such were the provisions of this bill, it would be our pleasant duty, as representatives of the Philippine people, to make manifest to this house their gratitude.

"The Filipino people are not ungrateful for what the American government has accomplished and is accomplishing for them in those islands. In several respects, the laws there are as good as in some of the most advanced states of this union.

"Congress has always been inspired in its acts by principles of justice and wise equity. The Filipino people believe that, coming before this congress with a just cause, it will receive the same measure of equity as that which the American people have always in the past conceded under similar circumstances.

"My firm conviction remains unshaken that a prosperous and happy future smiles on the Philippine islands from the moment the Americans planted their flag, which represents liberty, progress and civilization."

## CATHOLIC CHURCH IN MEXICO IS INDIGNANT

FRIESTS DECLARE OPEN WAR  
AGAINST ANTI-CLERICALS.

The Latter Seek to Belittle the Miraculous Power of the Virgin Mary.

Guadalajara, Mex., April 3.—Archbishop Ortiz and the priests of the Catholic church here have declared open war against the anti-clericals here, the latter of whom are seeking to belittle the miraculous power of the Virgin Mary. An anti-clerical newspaper charged the priests with "manufacturing apparitions" in order to frighten the people into believing that the Virgin Mary was appearing at various places. The archbishop, in a sermon, defended the doctrine of miracles, and adjured all members of

the church to remain firm in their faith. The attacking paper was supported by two other newspapers, and in retaliation, the clericals started a boycott against all three publications, placing placards on houses throughout the town, bearing the following inscription:

"Honor and glory to Virgin Mary; no impious paper received in this house."

Further to confuse the churchmen, the newspapers have now begun a crusade against what they term the excessive number of church holidays observed in the republic. They assert that of the 365 days in the year, 163 are church holidays.

## STUDENTS OF RUSKIN COLLEGE ON A STRIKE

Oxford, April 3.—The students of Ruskin college, which was founded here in 1899 by an American, Walter Vrooman, to provide workmen with facilities for the study of social and economic subjects, have been on strike for a week on account of the dismissal of Dennis Hird, the principal.

After a lengthy meeting today, the students decided to appeal to the Unions for 100,000 subscriptions of a shilling each to start a new college.

Mr. Hird was removed on the ground that he was unable to maintain discipline. The students scoff at this explanation and think he was deposed because his teachings were considered too socialistic.

## FAILURE OF BIG FIRM

### John Dickinson and Co., Brokers Suspended by Board of Trade

Chicago, April 3.—Announcement was made on the board of trade today of the suspension of the firm of John Dickinson and Company, grain, stock and provision brokers. In addition to its membership on the board of trade, the company also had a membership on the Consolidated exchange of New York.

The firm also had from twenty-five to thirty offices scattered throughout the country. The liabilities were said to be in the neighborhood of \$250,000. According to J. T. Murphy, manager of the Chicago office, the firm had been doing a good business here, but the trouble, he said, grew out of the stock business in the East. He stated that Mr. Dickinson, who is now in New York, has wired him that the suspension was only temporary, and that it was expected the firm would be doing business again in a month.

New York, April 3.—The suspension of John Dickinson and Company of Chicago and New York, announced from the floor of the Consolidated exchange here today, was said by a representative of the firm in this city to have been due to the recent advance in wheat, and to the fact that one of the firm's large customers in Chicago "laid down" on the firm yesterday. This customer, it is said, failed to furnish additional margins when called upon, thus forcing the suspension.

The firm's commitments in this case, however, are not believed to be heavy.

## MUNICIPAL CAMPAIGNS CLOSING IN ILLINOIS

Chicago, April 3.—Municipal campaigns are closing in many cities of Illinois, and the elections next Tuesday will be the culmination of many hot contests. Fewer places than usual have the liquor problem as an issue, the ballots of a year ago having decided the majority of cases for or against another year at least. In some cities, however, the old fight of "dry and wet" is on in the selection of officials pledged to strict enforcement of the prohibitory laws.

Political lines are closely drawn in most contests, although in some independent candidates are in the field and are causing confusion.

Women are showing unusual interest in the local fights, in which they seldom have interfered heretofore except when license was the issue.

Ann Arbor, Mich., April 3.—President Charles B. Angell of the University of Michigan sent the following letter to W. S. Haines, leader of the prohibition element in this county:

## JOY RIDES MUST CEASE

### Frequent Automobile Murders Make New York Men Active

New York, April 3.—Stirred by the frequency of "automobile murders" and the apparent inability of the police to curb reckless chauffeurs and "joy riders," prominent New York men have organized the National Highway Protective association, in an endeavor to bring about a reform. Henry Clews, the banker, has been selected as president of the association. The crusade will begin at once. Several thousand dollars have been subscribed to carry on the work and appeals for further financial aid will be made through the Chamber of Commerce and other organizations.

An important part of the campaign will be the placing of special officers in thoroughfares used by automobiles, whose duty it will be to note and report at once reckless driving or violations of the speed law.

It is hoped that the movement will be of national scope, and that the organization will be extended to other cities where there have been and are flagrant violations of laws and wanton injury to pedestrians by automobiles. The many small children, who have been either fatally injured or killed outright in Greater New York recently by automobiles, has brought the crusade to a head here at this time.

The objects of the new association are outlined as follows:

"The prosecution of all offenders against the traffic laws.

"The organization of a detective force to get evidence of such violations.

"The passage of legislation making an owner responsible for injury that may be inflicted by his automobile, no matter who is running it.

"The keeping of a card index system of all violators, whether arrested or not, showing the character of each offense reported by the detectives of the association.

"The extension of the organization to all parts of the country."

## STARTLING HIGHER CRITICISM OF BIBLE

### IS VOICED BY PROFESSOR HENRY B. SHARMAN.

Casts Doubt Upon Chief Tenets of  
Orthodox Church Regarding the  
New Testament.

Chicago, April 3.—Higher criticism of the Bible, more startling at many points than that advanced by Professor George B. Foster, is voiced by Professor Henry B. Shorman, instructor in New Testament history and literature in the University of Chicago Divinity school, in a book on "The Teaching of Jesus about the Future," issued today from the University Press.

Professor Shorman, in an exhaustive consideration of the gospel of Matthew, Mark and Luke, reduces much of the contents of these books to what he considers garbled reports of Christ's sayings, false interpretations of Christ's views by outside influence, false messengers concerning future life and future punishment and unauthoritative tales of Christ's life. He casts doubt upon the chief tenets of the orthodox church, which he regards as the products of wrong interpretations of the New Testament.

That Jesus did not preach the doctrine of "Heaven" and "hell" and the "day of judgment" and did not commission his disciples to preach the gospel, are among the professor's assertions. He divides the material of the synoptic gospel into "what Jesus probably said," "what the earliest editors of the gospels thought he said and would like to represent Him as saying," and "what later editors thought it best to represent Him as saying."

## WOMAN IS FOUND DEAD IN HER ROOM

MRS. SHAW WAS AN AUTHOR AND  
TEACHER OF FRENCH.

Among Other Effects Were Letters  
From Roosevelt and Photo-  
graphs From Bernhardt.

graphed photographs of Mme. Sarah Bernhardt, were found in the room of Mrs. Matilda M. Shaw, who was found dead in her locked quarters in West Eleventh street last night. She is said to have been a distant cousin of Mme. Bernhardt. She came to this country several years ago and was well known as an author of works in French and as a teacher of that language. Her second husband, George Alfred Shaw, was a New York newspaper editor. He died several years ago. The letter from President Roosevelt was one of thanks for the receipt of a book by Mrs. Shaw. Mrs. Shaw's death was due to pulmonary trouble.

## SLAYER OF MULATTO TO KNOW FATE TUESDAY

San Francisco, April 3.—Joseph E. Gardner, the Kentucky youth on trial here on a charge of murdering a mulatto sailor on board the whaler Bowhead, will not know his fate until Tuesday. United States Attorney Robert T. Davlin has not finished his presentation of the government's case when court adjourned last night and a continuance of three days was ordered.

## OXFORD WINS RACE

### Cambridge Defeated in the Sixty-sixth Eight- oared Boat Race

Putney, April 3.—The sixty-sixth Oxford-Cambridge eight-oared rowing race was won on the Thames today by Oxford by three and one-half lengths, after a tussle, which for three quarters of the course, was one of the most stirring contests seen on the Thames for many years. The time was 19 minutes and 50 seconds. But had the Oxonians been pressed at the finish they could have reduced this by a good many seconds. As far as Barnes Bridge, it was anybody's race, but at this point, the greater weight and stamina of the dark blues told, and with a magnificent dash, R. C. Bourne, the Oxford stroke, sent his boat to the front and passed the post the easiest of winners.

Cambridge won the toss and chose the sunny side of the river, but in the absence of wind, the water was smooth, and there was not much advantage in the selection of a station. At the crack of the pistol, the Oxford stroke, Bourne, was the first to grip the water and for the first minute, his own move at the rate of 39 strokes to the 38 strokes a minute set by C. Stuart, the Cambridge stroke.

In the beginning, the nose of the Oxford boat showed slightly in the lead. Calling to his men at Beverly Brook, the veteran Stuart quickly overtook the leaders and forged to the front. Soon he was a quarter length to the good. Bourne, however, was not to be outdone. The Oxonians answering a sprint was short and it soon became evident that the race of 1909 would be memorable.

Aware that his chances of victory rested in securing a commanding lead early in the race, Stuart held to a swift stroke. He was well backed up by his crew, who pulled in splendid rhythm and pushed farther and farther ahead until the coxswain of the Cambridge boat was on a level with the Oxford boat again and closed up rapidly, until, passing the half-mile post, the two boats were level.

The excitement on the banks was tremendous, and a roar of cheering broke out as the Oxford men, gripping the water in great style, passed their opponents and established a lead of half a length at Harrods.

Stuart, however, quickened his stroke and the Cambridge eight rowing with splendid dash, gradually overhauled their rivals and the two crews shot under Hammersmith Bridge almost on a dead level.

Here Bourne's longer stroke of 35 to the minute against Stuart's 36, began to tell, and the Oxonians drew away until a spectator's boat got in the way and made a swerve to one side necessary. This enabled Cambridge again to draw up on a level. Off Chiswick the Oxonians were again slightly in the lead, but this advantage was only momentary as Stuart, by a counter spurt brought the boats together again at Thorcroft.

By this time, the excitement aboard the launches following the boats and along the river banks had arisen to fever pitch, and the shouts of encouragement were deafening.

Passing Barnes, the boats were practically level, but from this point on, the Oxford crew drew away, and by the time the Barnes bridge was reached, there was daylight between them. The Cambridge men were beginning to show signs of the heroic struggle, and although they stuck gallantly to their work, the issue never again was in doubt. The Oxonians came right away and soon led by two lengths.

## CHILD IS FOUND IN LAKE

### Thought to Have Been Kidnaped but Skated Through Ice

Flint, Mich., April 3.—The body of ten-year-old Harold Moon, who disappeared from his home on February 27, and who was supposed to have been kidnaped, was found this morning in Threed Lake. Rewards aggregating \$1,300 had been offered for his return.

The body was found floating on the surface of the pond by Bert Robson, who had been searching for it there for days.

A pair of skates fastened to the feet bore mute testimony to the manner of the lad's death. The hands were still covered with the mittens which the boy wore when he went through the ice.

Suspicion developed, soon after the boy's disappearance, that he had been kidnaped.

Luman N. Moon, the boy's father, has prosecuted the search for his son far and wide. Heart-breaking as the news was, the mother expressed a feeling of relief to have the strain of weeks removed.

Delavan, Wis., April 3.—L. N. Moon was deeply affected today when he received word that the body of his little son had been found. Mr. Moon had last evening located the canyon described in the letter where the \$500 was to be deposited today.

Today, as he was about to make his visit to the canyon, he received the message containing the news of the finding of his boy's body.

Moon received a letter at his home in Flint a few days ago from Delavan, in which the writer stated that he had the lost boy in his possession.

## HIS STAY WILL BE SHORT

### Naples Disappointed in Change in Roosevelt's Schedule

Naples, April 3.—As the arrival here of Theodore Roosevelt approaches—the steamer Hamburg is expected Monday morning—the interest and excitement of the people of Naples increased. It was believed Mr. Roosevelt would be here for two days, and all kinds of arrangements are being made for his entertainment, and the disappointment is great, as it is learned that, through delay to the ship, he will have only a few hours here.

A magnificent apartment in one of the best hotels had been prepared for Mr. Roosevelt's use. The rooms afforded a beautiful view of the bay of Naples, Mount Vesuvius and Capri, and it is hoped the distinguished traveler will be able to make use of this apartment, for at least a few hours.

It is now said the Hamburg will not arrive here until late Monday afternoon. It is doubtful if Mr. Roosevelt meets the Duchess of Aosta; his stay will be too short.

The prefect of Naples has given orders that a special detachment of picked carabinieri be on duty at the dock to protect Mr. Roosevelt, not only from any possible assault, but also from the importunities of the populace. Both the Hamburg and the steamer Admiral will be surrounded by police boats, and it is deemed that these precautions preclude any untoward occurrences. Motor boats and automobiles have been put at the disposal of Mr. Roosevelt for excursions by sea and by land.

The municipality of Naples will greet Mr. Roosevelt by the presentation of an address. The mayor has appointed three aldermen to receive him and extend to him the welcome of the city. Various other committees of welcome have been formed, and are eager to show their admiration for Mr. Roosevelt.

Instructions have been given the German consul here to greet Mr. Roosevelt, and present him with a message of greeting from his majesty.

## CLOSING QUOTATIONS OF WORLD'S MARKETS

### DECLINES IN MAJORITY AT OPENING OF MARKET

New York, April 3.—Changes in prices of stocks at the opening today were generally small with declines in the majority. The dealings were quite active. Declines ran to a large fraction in United States Steel, Amalgamated Copper, American Smelting, Reading and Denver and Rio Grande. Canadian Pacific rose 5-8.

Bear operators began to recover stocks sold, and prices accordingly advanced. The transcontinental and local traction groups were the features of strength, but the list in general showed a good tone as soon as the advance got under way. Business was fairly large on the advance.

Canadian Pacific gained 1-3-8, Northern Pacific 1-4 and Union Pacific, Great Northern preferred, New York Central, Chesapeake and Ohio and Utah Copper 1. Losses were noted of 1 to 1-1-4 in Pacific Coast, Long Island, Anaconda and Corn products preferred.

The market closed strong at the top prices. After a short halt, the rise was resumed and gains were extended in all directions on a brisk and well distributed demand. Gains of about a point became numerous among the active trading stocks. Wells Fargo sold at an advance of 10.

#### NEW YORK STOCKS.

Amalgamated Copper, 75 1-4.	American Car and Foundry, 50 1-2.
American Locomotive, 55 7-8.	American Smelting, 87.
American Smelting, pfd., 103 7-8.	American Sugar Refining, 132.
Anaconda Mining Co., 44 3-4.	Atchafalaya Railway, 107 3-4.
Atchafalaya Railway, pfd., 104.	Baltimore and Ohio, 112 3-8.
Brooklyn Rapid Transit, 75.	Canadian Pacific, 175 3-8.
Chesapeake and Ohio, 71.	Chicago Northwestern, 181 1-8.
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul, 150.	Colorado Fuel and Iron, 36.
Colorado and Southern, 64 1-2.	Delaware and Hudson, 177 1-2.
Denver and Rio Grande, 48.	Denver and Rio Grande, pfd., 88.
Erie Railway, 29.	Great Northern, pfd., 146 3-8.
Great Northern Ore Cts., 69 1-2.	Illinois Central, 145 3-8.
New York Central, 130 7-8.	Reading Railway, 135 1-2.
Rock Island Co., 24 3-4.	Rock Island Co., pfd., 64 5-8.
Southern Pacific, 121 7-8.	Southern Railway, 26.
Union Pacific, 185 1-2.	United States Steel, 50 3-8.
United States Steel, pfd., 113 5-8.	Wabash Railway, 18 1-2.
Western Union, 66 1-2.	Standard Oil Co., 65 5-8.

## Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, April 3.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 200; market steady; beefs \$4.70-7.10; Texas steers \$4.40-4.50; western steers \$4.00-4.50; stockers and feeders \$3.50-4.50; cows and heifers \$1.90-2.50; calves \$6.00-8.50.

Hogs—Receipts estimated at 9,000; market strong to 5c higher; light \$6.65-7.05; mixed \$6.75-7.15; heavy \$6.80-7.15; rough \$6.80-6.90; good to choice heavy \$6.90-7.15; pigs \$5.75-6.50; bulk of sales \$7.00-7.10.

Sheep—Receipts estimated at 15,000; market steady; native \$3.75-4.00; western \$3.75-4.00; yearlings \$6.30-6.40; lambs, native, \$6.00-6.40; western \$6.00-6.40.

Kansas City Livestock.  
Kansas City, April 3.—Cattle—Receipts 800; market steady. Native steers \$5.00-6.00; native cows, and heifers \$2.75-6.00; stockers and feeders \$3.75-6.00; bulls \$3.25-5.00; calves \$3.75-7.50; western steers \$4.80-6.50; western cows \$3.50-5.00.

Hogs—Receipts 4,000; market strong to 5c higher. Bulk of sales \$6.65-7.00; heavy \$6.80-7.05; packers and butchers \$6.75-7.00; light \$6.60-6.90; pigs \$5.50-6.00. No sheep.

Sugar and Coffee.  
New York, April 3.—Sugar, raw—Quiet; fair refining \$3.48 1-2; centrifugal 96 test \$3.98 1-2; molasses sugar \$3.23 1-2.

Refined, quiet; crushed \$5.65; powdered \$5.95; granulated \$4.95.

COFFEE—Steady; No. 7 Rio 8 3-8; No. 4 Santos 9 3-8.

## IS KILLED BY THE SHOCK

### Man Electrocutd When Trying to Fix the Telephone

Chicago, April 2.—While attempting to end some trouble with a telephone, John Shedden was electrocuted in his residence at Elgin last evening.

Shortly after dinner the telephone began ringing. Mr. Shedden went repeatedly to the telephone, but could hear nothing but a buzzing noise.

Unable to communicate with central, he secured a pair of shears and tried to cut the wire out.

"Are you sure that will stop it, John?" asked Mrs. Shedden.

"It certainly will," replied Shedden as he put the shears to the wire, only to fall back dead without a cry.

Investigation by the telephone company revealed that the wire had become crossed by a large electric feed wire from a trolley road, and the full current was carried into the house.

## GENERAL MAAS TO DIE

### He Must Answer With His Life for the Murder of Lieut. Olivares

Mexico City, April 3.—General Gustavo A. Maas, who has a record in the Mexican as an Indian fighter, has been sentenced to death for killing former Lieutenant David Olivares, with whose sister it was charged he had been intimate. The trial and sentence of general Maas created a sensation, as the prosecution brought out that he had once before kidnaped a girl at Taubaya.

The verdict was a remarkable one. Not only was the general sentenced to be shot to death, but he must also pay sixty dollars a month to each of the two children of the man he murdered for the next twenty years, and must also pay the funeral expenses of his victim, amounting to \$168. These sums will come out of General Maas' estate if he is shot according to sentence. General Maas is wealthy and has been prominent socially.

## HOWELL TALKS IN HOUSE

### Utah Senator Makes an Appeal For Western Interests

Washington, April 3.—A meeting of the full membership of the house ways and means committee for this afternoon was also called today by Chairman Payne for the consideration of various amendments to the schedules and to the administrative features of the tariff bill.

Mr. Howell of Utah endorsed the memorial of the Ore Producers' association of Colorado, Idaho and Nevada, praying for the retention of the present duty on lead. He opposed any duty on tea or coffee and contended that an increase of duty on sugar would produce the required revenue and encourage the beet sugar industry. He said the admission of 300,000 tons of Philippine sugar, displacing that quantity of full duty paid sugar, would ultimately deplete our revenues by \$10,000,000.

Mr. Howell favored a duty on hides, lumber and coal.

## DAUGHTER OF BLIND POLE OF ALABAMA IS ABDUCTED

Birmingham, Ala., April 2.—Eneley's foreign colony is greatly wrought up over the abduction of pretty Abigail Pietrzyk, the daughter of Paul Pietrzyk, a well-known blind Pole, of that city. The girl has been missing for four days, and will be charged with being implicated in the crime. Kostek, steadfastly refuses to talk, however, and the parents of the girl are almost distracted at the failure to get any information about her.