

ROYAL Baking Powder. The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar. Absolutely PURE.

GRUESOME STORY IS TOLD

Hunting Party Runs Short of Provisions—Remains Indicate Cannibalism

Reberval, Ont., April 9.—John Crassett did not kill and help eat his comrade, Baptiste Lemieux, according to the verdict of a coroner's jury today.

SPECIALS FOR THIS WEEK

- 25c and 35c Corset Cover Embroidery 19c
25c and 40c Fancy Ribbons 23c
50c Wire Hair Rolls 23c

OUR ENTIRE LINE OF EASTER GOODS AT COST

- 15c ELASTIC BELTS 10c
SPECIAL SALE IN HAIR PUFFS AND SWITCHES

Muslin Underwear Sale

- 45c Chemise 49c
\$1.25 and \$1.50 Skirts 98c
65c and 75c Drawers 49c

Special Values in Table Linen

- ALL OUR 36-INCH EASY WASH LINDS 17 1/2
35 to 40-inch Dress Gowns 40c

Spring Suit Opportunity

- \$18.00 Serges, Batistes, Fancies \$14.00
\$27.50 Serges, Batistes, Fancies \$20.00

LAST & THOMAS

PAYNE BILL PASSES HOUSE

Day Filled With Excitement, Members Keyed Up to Highest Pitch

Washington, April 9.—After three weeks of consideration, the Payne bill was passed by the house of representatives tonight, amid great excitement, by a vote of 217 to 161.

The day was filled with excitement from the moment the session began at noon, until adjournment. The members were keyed up to the highest pitch and a practically full membership remained on duty throughout.

ONE MAN KILLED AT FIRE IN DUPONT POWDER WORKS

Wayne, N. J., April 9.—One man, Jerome Marshall, an employe, was killed, and several others were injured, and ten small buildings destroyed in a fire at Corning mill of the Dupont Powder works here today.

The shock of the explosion was felt for twenty miles and windows were broken and chimneys thrown down in Little Falls, Passaic and the outskirts of Patterson, ten miles distant.

Among the other important amendments made since the bill came from committee, was that striking out the provision for a duty on tea and the countervailing duty provision on coffee.

The so-called "joker" in the cotton cloth schedule, which, it was claimed, would increase the duties of the Dingley bill several hundred percent, was corrected, the provision for the method of coating threads in the clothing being made the same as in the present law.

The drawback section was added to the bill so that it could be taken advantage of for speculating in grain, and the Philippine free trade provision was amended so that rice will not be admitted free from the islands.

The countervailing duty clause on lumber was taken out, but a strong effort to place lumber on the free list did not succeed.

The duty on barley, barley malt, pineapples in crates and cotton collars and cuffs, as originally in the bill, were increased. A proviso was included in the tobacco schedule, increasing the duty on filler tobacco from any country which prohibits the importation of American tobacco.

There were several technical changes in the steel schedule, principally substituting "Hites, hosiery, and gloves were left as reported by the committee, hides remaining free and an increased duty being presented for gloves and stockings.

The contest over free petroleum was subliminal, but the vote in its favor was overwhelming. Opposing it were Republicans as follows: Alexander, Andrews, Southwick and Vreeland of New York; Austin of Tennessee; Barchfield, Barclay, Bates, Burke, Dalzell, Graham, Langham, McCreery, Moon, Tener and Wheeler of Pennsylvania; Bennett, Edwards and Langley of Kentucky; Cole, Geebel, Hollingsworth, Johnson and Thomas of Ohio; Creeger of Oklahoma; Englebright, Hayes, Kahan, Kiewland, McKinley, McClarchlan and Needham of California; Gaines, Hubbard, Hughes, Sturgis and Woodyard of West Virginia; Howell of Utah; Mann and Cannon of Illinois; Mondell of Wyoming; Washburn and Weeks of Massachusetts, and Young of Michigan.

MINING NEWS

READY TO RESUME MINING WHEN SNOW MELTS
Improvements Being Made on Georgetown Mines Indicate Busy Season.

Georgetown, Colo., April 7.—Work will shortly be resumed upon the Silver Leaf tunnel, situated on Leavenworth mountain in the Silver Plume side. This bore has been driven for over 1,000 feet, and during the progress of the work three promising veins have been intersected.

The Shively mine, on Brown mountain, is the scene of a rich strike; the discovery being made in running the east drift from the 500-foot level of the shaft workings. A streak of ruby silver and gray copper is exposed that is from ten to eighteen inches wide. In addition to driving the crosscut forward, it is the intention of Manager B. J. Martelon to start drifting on the last vein intersected for the proving up of the ground. The section being exploited by the Silver Leaf tunnel is comparatively new, as very little prospecting was ever performed.

posed that is from four to six inches wide, and assay tests show values from 700 to 1,000 ounces in silver to the ton. Drifting is being prosecuted, and as soon as the ground has been opened a sufficient distance stopeing will be started. The Shively mine was one of the early-day heavy producers of high-grade ore in this district, being credited with a production of more than \$500,000. During the early history of operations on this property no ore was extracted that carried values of less than \$100 to the ton. As a result there is to be found today large bodies of low and medium grade ore that can be handled at a profit by concentration. To this end the company is considering the advisability of constructing a modern milling plant.

The Wild West mine, on Leavenworth mountain, is not far distant from the Colorado Central, has recently been entered among the list of producers. Collins & Co., who recently took a lease on the upper workings, have been maintaining shipments for the last two months. The value of the product varying from 250 to 400 ounces in silver to the ton. At the time work was put under way sinking was started from the tunnel level, and from the very start a streak of high-grade ore was followed. The ore vein now measures from six to twelve inches wide at a depth of fifty feet.

The New York tunnel, on Sherman mountain, is to be driven ahead for the intersecting of a series of most promising veins. This property recently passed over to a syndicate of capitalists, and in the near future an energetic campaign of development is to be inaugurated.

It is reported that high-grade ore is now being mined from the Gambetta property, situated on Republican mountain. Since the strike of two weeks ago was made with the junction of the Gambetta and another lode being reached, the ore streak has widened from six to ten inches, with every indication that even greater results are to follow. The ore is turning into a heavy lead with the opening of the ground, the last test showing values of over 100 percent in that metal, with silver contents of from eighty to a hundred ounces to the ton and from one to one and one-half ounces in gold to the ton.

It is understood that work will soon be put under way in the remodeling of the mill which is located near the portal of the Wilcox tunnel, East Argentine. This mill now has a capacity of 125 tons for very twenty-four hours, but the capacity is to be increased to 250 tons.

In the Fern district there is a great deal of activity at the present time, despite the fact that the snow lies deep on the mountains. John O'Dea, manager of the Geneva Extension company, got into camp this week after an absence of a couple of months. The Geneva Extension company owns the Star group of claims, and is at present engaged in driving a crosscut for the intersecting of the series of veins controlled.

Work is shortly to be resumed upon the holdings of the Toledo Mining and Milling company, also situated in East Argentine. The crosscut tunnel is to be driven ahead for the intersection of the series of veins owned. This bore is now in a little over 600 feet, and previous to the suspension of work last fall a vein was intercepted that showed a strong mineral value. A streak of heavy lead ore is showing that is from four to eight inches wide, and after running the drift for about fifty feet the continuity of the shoot was demonstrated. The Toledo Mining and Milling company is being financed by a pool of Denver attorneys.

CREDITOR HAD BEEN WORRIED.

Over-Sensitive About a Debtor Who Took His Time to Pay Up.

"Well, thank goodness, there's one man I can meet now without feeling uncomfortable," said the creditor.

"How's that?" asked his companion. "Did you owe him money and settle up?"

"Just the other way around," said the first speaker. "He owed me a small sum of money for more than a year."

"I met him a great deal, and several times he begged himself about the money, but he never paid. After while I got so I didn't like to meet him, because I felt all the time he was going to say to himself, 'I owe this man money and he knows I ought to pay and still he doesn't like to remind me.'"

"Absolutely it got so I would go blocks out of the way to avoid him. I felt that he felt he never could mention opening money for anything when he was in my presence without my feeling that that money ought to have gone to pay the debt he owed me."

"Maybe he didn't feel that way about it at all, but I felt that way, and now I'm glad he has paid up, so that in this detail at least I am comfortable in my mind."

Dangerous Doubt. The woman who thinks no other woman is to be trusted seldom succeeds in raising herself above suspicion.

CONFESSING MADE

Committee to Investigate the Agreement Made on Sugar Schedule

Washington, April 9.—President Taft has won a signal victory for the Philippine Islands, in the acceptance by the senate committee on finance, late tonight, of the provision of the Payne bill for the free admission of 300,000 gross tons annually of Filipino sugar. The decision was reached after the sub-committee considering the sugar schedule had taken to the White House Charles B. Warren, president of the Michigan Sugar company, and had confirmed an agreement between Mr. Taft and Mr. Warren, made in this city last fall.

After the agreement between Mr. Taft and the beet sugar raisers had been announced, the right of Mr. Warren to speak for the beet sugar interest was brought in question. The house committee on ways and means on January 25, adopted a section in the Payne bill relating to free importation of products from the Philippines, with a limitation of 300,000 tons annually on sugar. Within the last week this section has been attacked severely by representatives from beet sugar states and it was charged in the house, that in making such an agreement, Mr. Warren had assumed authority he did not possess.

As a result, the question was referred to a sub-committee of the senate committee on finance, consisting of Senators Burrows, Smoot and Flint. The sub-committee learned that Mr. Taft had entered into the agreement in good faith, and that it had gone unchallenged for many weeks until the senate committee began consideration of the tariff bill. Not willing that a President Taft should be placed in a false light, the senate sub-committee summoned Mr. Warren from Michigan by telephone. Mr. Warren arrived at 8:30 tonight. Accompanied by the three members of the sub-committee, Mr. Warren went to the White House at 10 o'clock and last fall's agreement was confirmed.

Some slight expansion is noted in filling in orders by jobbers, but trade in this line is distinctive of a between-season's character. Wholesale lines are more confident. The cotton yarn markets seem to show signs of improvement and export trade in cotton slightly better.

By-classes of products women's wear goods seem most active. In purely industrial lines, the building trades seem to be at a standstill. A serious volume of work is planned for the coming spring and summer. The iron and steel, coke trades are all rather depressed, and most activity is in structural shapes of steel, presumably at a standstill. Business failures for the week ending April 8 were 222, against 204 last week, 254 in the like week of 1908, 194 in 1907, 161 in 1906, and 196 in 1905. Canadian failures number 38, against 33 last week, and 28 a year ago.

WHY FEW LOVE AT FIRST SIGHT.

Oliver Wendell Holmes Has Well-Paralyzed Situation.

I understand we were speaking of love at first sight—I remarked, mildly. Now, as all a man knows about a woman whom he looks at is just what a picture as big as a copper, or a nickel, rather, at the bottom of his eye can teach him, I think I am right in saying we were talking about the pictures of women. Well, now, the reason why a man is not desperately in love with 10,000 women at once is just that which prevents our portraits being distinctly seen on that wall. They are painted there by reflection from our faces, but because all of them are painted on each spot, and each on the same surface, and many other objects at the same time, no one is "seen in" the picture. But darken a chamber and let a single pencil of rays in through a keyhole, and you have a picture on the wall. We never fall in love with a woman in distinction from women until we see an image of her through a pinhole. And then we see nothing else, and nobody but ourselves can see the image in our mental camera obscura.—From "The Autocrat of the Breakfast Table," by Oliver Wendell Holmes.

Nelson's Signal Man.

It was in the winter of 1846 that Nelson's signal-man, the man who hoisted the famous "England expects," etc.—was discovered by one who had served as surgeon on board the Tonnant at Trafalgar. The signal-man, John Rooome, was selling watercress and red herrings in Blackfriars. He had deserted from the navy after the battle, and this had disqualified him for a pension, but representations were made to Capt. Pasco, signal lieutenant on the Victory at Trafalgar, who used his influence in the old man's behalf. Capt Pasco was at first unsuccessful; he was informed by the authorities that there were many more deserving candidates for Greenwich. Shortly afterward, however, room was found at Greenwich hospital for John. Had he lived in our time he probably would have received a princely salary for repeating the signal nightly at music halls.—London Chronicle.

Get Variety in Amusement.

There is no city in the world that has more variety in its life than New York. Even the theaters give the drama-loving public an average of 14 new plays each month.

REFUSES TO LISTEN TO OUTSIDE

Senate Committee Room Closed, Members Consider Important Matters

Washington, April 9.—When the senate committee on finance concluded its session tonight it was with the understanding that all avenues to the committee room had been closed and that the few sessions to be held prior to the reporting of amendments to the Payne bill would not be hampered by suggestions from the outside. The committee is now prepared to insert rates on certain important matters.

Among the schedules attracting particular attention now are metals and manufactures of metals, lumber, hides, bituminous coal and sugar. No rates on steel and iron have been inserted as yet, although it is practically settled that iron ore will be taxed 20 cents in a ton and proportionate rate will be assessed against scrap iron and steel refuse fit only to be re-manufactured.

DUN'S REVIEW

New York, April 9.—R. G. Dun's weekly review of trade will say: Although confidence in the future is more noticeable than satisfaction with conditions, yet on the whole disturbing elements are gradually disappearing. While the tariff is still under discussion and is checking full activity in industries most concerned, yet the reports from most cities show their trade to be in fairly steady state. The iron and steel trade is still in the unsettled period of re-adjustment, yet it makes the best showing in exactly that line.

BRADSTREETS

New York, April 9.—Bradstreets tomorrow will say: Trade, crop and industrial reports are still very irregular, but the tone of business generally is slightly more optimistic. All present favorable occurrences, however, cannot disguise the fact that some lines of industry are still very much depressed; that the first crop report of the year—that made by the government of winter wheat—is a poor one, indicating a short crop, that buying is still hampered in some sections by unfavorable weather or by reduced purchasing power of the public, and that caution and conservatism still govern commercial operations to a large degree. Eastern trade authorized to speak for the beet sugar men was not taken into account. It was sufficient for the members of the committee that Mr. Taft understood that 300,000 tons of sugar should be admitted free of duty from the Philippines annually. All other questions may be fought out between Mr. Warren and his fellow beet sugar producers.

An amendment to the Philippine section, prepared by Senators Lodge and Smoot, was adopted by the committee. Whether Mr. Warren, which is designed to prevent the substitution of Java sugar or sugar from other islands in the Far East, and the importation of such products into the United States free of duty. This has been accomplished by requiring the collection of a duty of one cent per amount due on all sugar imported by the Philippines except from the United States. The Philippine customs service will be required to keep strict account of all exportations of sugar from the islands being favored. This will afford ample safeguard for the American sugar producers.

It is said that it will be some time before the Philippine sugar industry attains a position that would enable the lands to take advantage of the right to send 300,000 tons annually to this country, as the yearly production is now about 100,000.

FED AND FATTENED FOR TABLE.

Chinese Diplomat Talks About Edible Dogs and Rats.

The Chinese diplomat regarded his grilled frogs' legs with faint disgust. "I suppose they are good," he faltered. "It is hard, though, to conquer my repulsion. Yet they are clean—clean feeders, eh?" The American laughed long and loud. "You," he cried, "are repelled by frogs' legs, you who eat dogs and rats!" "Yes, but," said the Chinaman, "our edible dogs and rats are the cleanest feeders imaginable. They are equal to celery-fed duck or California peach-fed hog. They are confined in runs, you know, and, to make their flesh white and delicate, they are fed on mushes of bread and milk and vegetables. No meat whatever. "You Americans think it disgusting to eat rats and dogs because you imagine them fattening on carrion and offal. But these frogs here—No, I'm afraid I can't—they may have fed on some tramp suicide for all I know."

The First New Woman.

In the club at tea time an old new woman, lighting a cigarette, said: "We new women are really not so new as we think we are. In the thirteenth century there were lots of us. Can anything 700 years old be new?" The University of Bologna had for professor of jurisprudence Movella d'Andria. She was no more new than beautiful—her charms were so overpowering that the trustees made her lecture behind a curtain. When she lectured openly the students, their minds wholly occupied with her beauty, could not attend to what she said. Madonna Manzolina was professor of anatomy, Matilda Trombini taught languages, and Marie Magneat held the chair of mathematics. This university was by no means a second-rate one. On the contrary, it was perhaps the leading university of Europe. It had 10,000 students.

Two Recent Railroad Laws.

The Georgia legislature, according to the Railroad Gazette, has just passed a law requiring railways to use electric headlights on the locomotives of all through trains. The legislature also passed a bill providing for the punishment of telegraph companies which may fail to deliver a telegram properly.

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Greetings of the Eastertide to all

KUHN'S Modern Clothes SHOP

Articles for gift or daily service will be found in our selected stock of the carefully made and famous brand.

"Solid Silver Where It Wears" A Perfect Spoon

Plain and fancy designs to please any taste. Full guarantee for long service.

Watson, Flycar Hardware Co. 2414 Washington Avenue

The Paine & Hurst DRY GOODS STORE HEADQUARTERS FOR SPRING SUITS

20 PER CENT REDUCTION Monuments and Headstones MITCHELL BROS. don't pay commissions to agents but see us, Yard opposite City Cemetery.

COUNTY TREASURER'S REPORT

The county treasurer's report of the business done by the county for the month of March is as follows: Balance cash on hand March 1st \$35,420.56 Receipts, including balance on hand March 1st 46,646.24 Balance on hand March 31st 20,713.33 Disbursements for March 25,957.21 Total \$46,546.51 Warrants outstanding in several funds, \$14,103.04, which compared with March, 1908, shows a gain for the county of \$4,100.

Domestic Economy. They had automobilized in 24 miles to see Mr. Highflyer's pet colic, and on the return three times, one after another, had blown up. Whereupon Mrs. Highflyer remarked, plaintively, and with intense conviction: "My dear Alfred, it would have been so much cheaper to have kept you at home and bought you a glass eye!"

Coffee Sack Cleaner. When making coffee put it in cheesecloth bags before putting in pot. When the strength is used take the grounds and use to wash cooking vessels. The roughness of the coffee readily cleanses the vessels. By using the bag your coffee pot always is clean.

Will Sell Old Fire Engine. The authorities in the village of Holywell, Flintshire, England, have decided to sell an old fire engine which they possess. It is probably the oldest fire engine in the kingdom.

Pure Flavorings at PRICES DELICIOUS Flavoring Extracts

Vanilla Lemon Orange Food