

THE DAILY TELEGRAM

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 17, 1912.



REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET. For President: WILLIAM H. TAFT. For Vice President: JAMES S. SHERMAN.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

Governor: H. D. HATFIELD. Secretary of State: STUART F. REED. Superintendent of Schools: M. P. SHAWKEY.

Commissioner of Agriculture: H. E. WILLIAMS.

Attorney General: A. A. LILLY.

Treasurer: E. L. LONG.

CONGRESS: Congressman at-Large: HOWARD SUTHERLAND.

Congressman 1st. District: GEORGE A. LAUGHLIN.

Judges Supreme Court: (Vote for Two.) GEORGE POFFENBARGER, CHARLES W. LYNOH.

State Senate: GEORGE E. WHITE.

Judge Circuit Court: H. MOND MAXWELL.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

Criminal Court Judge: WILL E. MORRIS.

For Sheriff: JOHN M. KNOX.

Prosecuting Attorney: JOHN C. SOUTHERN.

House of Delegates: (Vote for Two.) ROY E. PARRISH, CHARLES A. SUTTON.

For Assessor: HOWARD ROBINSON.

County Commissioner: JOHN J. STURM.

County Surveyor: CUTHBERT A. OSBORN.

An Evening Echo. But help is idle for the man who nothing wills but what he can.—IBSEN.

A Bulwark of Peace. No more sincere tribute has been paid to President Taft than that uttered by Bishop Merriman Colbert Harris, of Japan and Korea, now on a visit to his home in the United States, declares the Baltimore American.

Bishop Harris came to this country to attend the General Methodist Episcopal Conference in Minneapolis in May, and since then has visited several cities in the East, including Washington. He was first appointed to Japan in 1873, and remained there until 1886. He was elected bishop of Japan and Korea in May, 1904, has done remarkable work in the Far East and is in close touch with American interests throughout the Orient.

It is the honest conviction of Bishop Harris that American interests, both religious and commercial, in the Far East would receive a disastrous blow if President Taft should fall of re-election. Speaking

of the president and his influence in the Far East, Bishop Harris said: "President Taft's policy in the Orient is doing more to strengthen the bonds of friendship between the United States and Japan and to maintain the 'open door' in China than any other president. He is regarded in the Far East as America's greatest statesman, his policies doing wonders in the advance of civilization. China recognizes that the success of the revolution and the reorganization of the republic were largely due to President Taft's influence over other powers. That country is still looking to him for moral support and would be keenly disappointed to see him defeated. The president is regarded in the Orient as the lantern-bearer of world peace, and is also esteemed as the greatest and most efficient friend of foreign missionaries, encouraging churches in their activities in distant lands.

"The defeat of President Taft would be one of the greatest calamities that ever befell the country. This is no time for the novice. We dare not subject our domestic and foreign interests to the uncertainty and confusion and probably injury of a political experiment, nor do we dare encourage the idea of a third term. President Taft is a man of unquestionable probity, lofty patriotism, true progressiveness and unstained Christian character—a man who is misunderstood on account of his bigness, but who must increase in popularity as people come to appreciate his broad sympathies, pure motives, unflinching loyalty to American institutions and his essential democracy."

Some of the hottest days of summer "shy" as many as or more than an insane Fourth of July did a few years back. But there is no public authority to decree that men shall wear same clothes in the heated term, and the slaughter goes on, dolefully observes the New York Tribune. A glance at a crowd in the street where the official thermometer is registering more than ninety degrees shows how little progress is made toward more sensible summer clothing, at least among men. A quarter of a century ago men perhaps dressed more inappropriately, when starched shirts prevailed and when waistcoats were more generally held to be indispensable. But in recent years about the only progress toward more suitable hot weather attire is the use of less starch. Having disappeared from the bosoms of shirts, it is now vanishingly more or less commonly from their cuffs and collars.

But the coat remains as conservatively oppressive as ever. Perhaps one man in a hundred wears clothes of some light washable fabric, but the number does not increase from year to year. Such clothing is cheaper than woolen clothing and might be worn with advantage on a good many summer days besides those which have their record of deaths printed in the next morning's papers. But the public clings to its ancient habit of dressing unreasonably and uncomfortably, governed by some prejudice or some notion of dignity.

White Urges Loyalty. Substantiating the contention of this and other Republican newspapers in West Virginia that there is no occasion nor excuse for a Roosevelt third party movement in this state and that it is the plain duty of all Republicans to unite in the present campaign and at the polls for party success, former Governor Albert B. White, who was one of those who favored Roosevelt's nomination in Chicago, comes out in a public statement and urges all party members to unite for a Republican victory "all along the line."

Mr. White says that if the Republican of the state will forget their pre-nomination differences respecting the presidential selection long enough to think about the results of a divided party, it will possibly lead to a better understanding. He says the plain duty of all party members is to stand by and elect the splendid state ticket and local tickets that have been named by the party because a Democratic victory would be so disastrous as to put the Republican party out of power in this state for a decade or two.

The former governor takes the occasion to point out why such a thing would be disastrous. "Think of the disfranchising registration laws," admonishes Mr. White, "that would surely come with a Democratic gov-

ernor and legislature; of the re-districting measures that would be passed affecting congressmen, state senators and judicial districts, and the probable return to the Democrat's idea of 'delegate districts,' such as Tyler-Wirt, Jefferson-Berkeley, Lewis-Webster, Randolph-Tucker, etc. What a Democratic victory would mean in West Virginia it is hard to exaggerate."

While ex-Governor White urges Republican voters to unite on the state and local tickets that have been chosen, he is no less positive in urging them to retain party solidarity by remaining true to the ticket from top to bottom, from president to constable. He concludes his statement with this sensible advice: "The duty of the hour, it seems to me, is for West Virginia Republicans to get together, 'take our medicine,' such of us as have to do so, and unite for a Republican victory all along the line. I believe wise counsel will prevail and that with a little forbearance and good will the party will come together for victory this fall."

"I was opposed to the renomination of the president, but as a West Virginian, our duty to support the entire Republican ticket seems to me imperative."

Mr. White takes the only position remaining open to West Virginia Republicans who desire to preserve the grand old party as an instrument of power in the affairs of nation and state. A house divided against itself will surely fall. The situation resolves itself into the simple proposition whether the affairs of government are to be turned over to the Democratic party or whether they are to be guided in the future by those principles of Republicanism that have played such an important part in preserving and developing the greatest system of free government on the face of the earth.

Vickers to Chairman Highland.

In another column of today's Mail we are producing the letter of Mr. L. D. Vickers, one of the nominees of the Huntington convention for elector on the Republican ticket, written in reply to a letter received by him from Virgil L. Highland, chairman of the Republican state committee, says the Charleston Mail. When Mr. Highland was requested, by resolution, at the committee meeting held here last week, to ascertain, if possible, the views of the electors regarding the head of the ticket to be voted this fall, he was apprehended that he would receive a few replies like unto that of Mr. Vickers. Of course, Mr. Vickers has a right to his opinion in this instance, as in all instances, and doubtless his reply to Chairman Highland brought to Mr. Vickers himself considerable satisfaction. To the voter, however, both the Taft and the would-be Roosevelt voter, the reply of Mr. Vickers will scarcely bring any satisfaction. Should all the electoral nominees pursue the course that Mr. Vickers has pursued in his reply to Chairman Highland, further confusion must result. We take it that the gentlemen whom the party has honored with the electoral nominations desire to have a majority in the November election, so that they can aid in the election of a Republican president of the United States, but if they refuse to state their positions on a choice for president, whether they are regular or will throw the vote of the state to a third party that isn't Republican, we give it as our opinion frankly that many voters will be driven to the support of the Democratic candidate for the presidency. We hear many tried and true Republicans say this right here in Charleston. They do not go behind closed doors to say it, either. However, and as this may be, it is to be hoped that the party's nominees for electors will finally come out and say where they stand. The fact that they were nominated by a convention whose delegates strongly favored Colonel Roosevelt for the presidential nomination does not necessarily follow that they will desert the regularly nominated Republican ticket when it comes to casting the state's vote in the electoral college; but the people—all people—will naturally want to know how they stand, will insist on knowing, and, failing to learn, many will be tempted to retaliate for the omission by voting directly opposite to their natural inclination. So far as Mr. Vickers is concerned, we have no reason in the world to doubt his regularity. We know

that he deplores the entrance of a third party into the field, notwithstanding that he strongly favored and ardently supported Colonel Roosevelt for the nomination. He is first, last and all the time a Republican, or so we have occasion to believe, and we have no hesitancy in expressing our opinion that, if elected in November, he will cast his vote for the regular nominee for the presidency. And yet, there are hundreds who will not view him in this light, and who will interpret his letter to Chairman Highland directly opposite, and from these the real harm may come. Taking the question all in all, we believe it would be far better for themselves and far better for every candidate on the Republican ticket to be voted in this fall's election if the electors would come out in the open and make a statement concerning their attitude towards the head of the ticket on which their names will appear. Of course, they do not have to do this; there is no law compelling them to do it; in fact, so far as law is concerned, they have it on their side in not making a statement—but for political expediency, as a pathway to victory in November, they would better heed the demand of the voters now coming from all sources and publicly proclaim where they stand. If for Taft and regularity, all right and good enough; if for Roosevelt and irregularity, then, too, they would have better opportunity to win than they will have if they utterly refuse to say as to their attitude. The voters will scarcely be denied in this matter, and the demand will grow stronger all the time from now on. The Mail would suggest that all the nominees for electors attend the meeting of the new state Republican committee at Parkersburg, called for the 18th inst., and there state their positions. It would do much to clarify the present mixed and confused condition of affairs political on the Republican side of the house.



\$3,000 IN HARTLAND, new 2 story slate roof 6 room home, on a lot 40x126, near car stop. This home is finished in oak. Bath, pantry, cellar, built-in book case, china and linen closet, cabinet mantels, walls tinted. Rented for \$20 a month. Snap for a home or investment. Terms easy.

\$3,500 IN HARTLAND, new, 2-story, slate roof 7-room house, lot 40x120, near car stop. Finished in oak. Double floor, oak, finished and waxed, oak doors, cabinet mantel, bath, pantry, cellar, and all modern conveniences, gas, water, sewer. No city taxes. If you are looking for an up-to-date home do not fail to see this. Can arrange terms to suit.

5c CAR FARE 5c Paved Streets to Hartland SEE Joe Stealey, Agt. at Alexander & Alexander, Real Estate and Insurance Empire Bldg. Clarksburg.

THE WATTS-LAMBERD CO. We Give "S. & H." Green Trading Stamps with Cash Purchases. During July and August Store Closes at noon on Fridays, other days at 5:30 p. m. excepting Saturdays. JUST ABOUT THIS TIME MANY LADIES WANT NEW TAILORED SUITS. So we have had three beautiful new models made for us in the latest fall styles at \$20 and \$25. Just the correct weight materials used in making these new Suits, suitable for summer travels and the cool evenings of mid-summer and early fall. Materials plain and fancy whipcords and serges. A full range of Ladies' and Men's sizes, also out sizes ranging from 39 to 47 in black, blues and grays.

OUR ANNUAL JULY "DAILY SPECIAL" SALES ARE NOW IN PROGRESS THURSDAY, JULY 18th. ON SALE 9 A. M. 50c to 75c Grecian and Opera Voiles, 27c Yd. ON SALE 2:30 P. M. \$1.50 White Bed Spreads 98c. The finest fabrics produced for summer wear, and shown exclusively by us this season. Silk stripe opera voiles and Marquisettes in all the new colors and delicate shades for evening wear. Grecian Voiles showing the most artistic blending of colors in the beautiful floral designs on white and tinted grounds in a variety of handsome patterns. See special window display. On sale Thursday 9 a. m., 27c yd. An entire case of good quality Quilts in this sale, presenting a wonderful opportunity for the housekeeper. A splendid crocheted quilt, medium weight in attractive Marseilles patterns, size 76x84 inches, full bleached, easy to launder, ends neatly hemmed and overstitched. All new and fresh. These quilts are especially desirable for summer use. Worth \$1.50. Sale price 98c.

FRIDAY, JULY 19TH. ON SALE 9 A. M. 25c and 35c Figured Madras and Swisses, 15c yd. ON SALE 2:30 P. M. 12 1/2c Cambric Finished Percales, 7 3/4c Yd. An exceptional value in fine white goods suitable for waists and dresses. Mercerized Madras in a score of attractive patterns such as small dots, stripes and flowers. Sheer swisses with neat embroidered designs, white batiste with woven designs in checks, plaids and broken checks. These excellent fabrics sell regularly at from 25c to 35c. Special sale price 15c yd. One hundred pieces of fine Cambric finished percales, new styles and colorings. Suitable for Women's and Children's Dresses and Men's Shirts. A variety of light and dark colors, in stripes, small figures, plaids and checks. This excellent percale is full yard wide and sells regularly at 12 1/2c yard. Sale price Friday morning only 7 3/4c yard. Store closes at noon.

Clearance Sale of Lingerie Dresses, Waists, Linen Suits and Coats 1/3 OFF. Their regular low prices. All new this season. Take your choice of the following garments, less one-third the price. Lingerie Dresses Less 1/3: 5 AT \$ 9.98 NOW \$ 6.65, 6 AT \$15.00 NOW \$10.00, 2 AT \$16.50 NOW \$11.00, 2 AT \$20.00 NOW \$13.34, 4 AT \$25.00 NOW \$16.67, 1 AT \$35.00 NOW \$23.34. Long Linen Coats Less 1/3: 3 AT \$5.00 NOW \$3.34, 7 AT \$7.50 NOW \$5.00, 8 AT \$8.00 NOW \$5.34, 3 AT \$9.98 NOW \$6.65, 3 AT \$6.50 NOW \$4.34. Linen Suits Less 1/3: AT \$7.50 NOW \$5.05, 12 AT \$12.50 NOW \$8.34, 1 AT \$15.00 NOW \$10.00, 4 AT \$18.75 NOW \$12.50. Wash Dresses Less 1/3: 6 AT \$3.50 NOW \$2.34, 5 AT \$3.98 NOW \$2.65, 17 AT \$4.98 NOW \$3.33, 13 AT \$6.50 NOW \$4.34, 2 AT \$7.50 NOW \$5.00, 2 AT \$12.00 NOW \$8.00.

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