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TUESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1915.

An Evening Echo. Happiness grows at our own fireside, and is not to be picked up in strangers' galleries.—JERROLD.

Predictions Fulfilled. Commenting on the predictions by the Democrats that President Wilson will be re-elected, the Washington Post says:

"Predictions as to the next president of the United States are almost as futile as those that are made with reference to the time that the European war will end.

"There is, of course, no more pleasurable diversion. Political prophets, if they assume sufficient authority, are certain to find an attentive audience, especially if they speak of the sentiment in far-off sections of the country.

"In 1896, the prophets who said that William Jennings Bryan would be elected cited as proof of their assertions the tremendous ovations that the commoner received wherever he went, especially in the West. But he was not elected.

"It has always been a maxim of politics that every 'war president' has been re-elected. The theory, backed by various coincidences, is that when the country is actually at war, the people stand solidly behind the man at the helm. Conversely it might be argued that when the country is at peace the people are not united and peace presidents must be in doubt about their re-election.

"As a matter of fact, however, there is no rule by which the present situation can be judged. No one knows what the conditions will be nine months from now, when the conventions will be held. No one knows what they will be when the election is held a year hence.

"The first consideration of a country at peace is domestic prosperity. This is the issue that will be of most importance to the people. It will be presumed that no man will attempt to plunge this country into war. The people are likely to take that for granted, and to question the candidates, not as to how they stand on war or peace, but as to how they stand on prosperity and the means of making prosperity secure."

Truth Will Out. Little by little the true character of Woodrow Wilson is being learned from the mouths and pens of his close friends. Col. George Harvey recently explained in his "Tragedy of Mexico" that Mr. Wilson regarded himself as "divinely appointed to serve humanity in new and strange ways" as "omnipotent" and "infallible" and as above all law. And now William Bayard Hale, close friend of Mr. Wilson and one of Mr. Wilson's special envoys to Mexico, has published an accurate and exhaustive essay on Woodrow Wilson's self-sufficiency and pride of opinion. After praising extravagantly Mr. Wilson's character, Mr. Hale says:

"It is the most serious criticism on Mr. Wilson that he has never shown a disposition to surround himself with high-class men. This was the best-founded of the charges against him when he was head of the university of Princeton. His cabinet is a cabinet of molluscoids. As a gathering of political curiosities it might be notable. As a council of national direction it is contemptible. There is not in it a single man whom the country's judgment called to his seat. There is not in it a single man who, apart from his office, would be listened to with any special respect in a gathering of a dozen average men of affairs anywhere."

Discussing the "Lusitania" incident, Dr. Hale says: "In the presence of a crisis the like of which has faced few presidents, has Mr. Wilson summoned the greatest and best of the nation to council? Has he done what Lincoln did when the clouds grew black? What the premier of Britain has been doing? What prudence would dictate to any head of a nation at such a time—gather about him representatives of the wisdom of the people? No. For days after the 'Lusitania' tragedy Mr. Wilson cut himself off from all human contact and communication. The circumstantial narrative of the isolation during that fatal week of a self-sufficient man moving in lonely thought through the silent corridors of the White House, while a nation of 100,000,000 waited upon his decision

was given out by his secretaries with apparent pride in the Olympian detachment of their master. The isolation was not temporary. It was characteristic. It is the permanent condition in which Mr. Wilson lives."

Those close to the president know that he even resented bitterly the suggestion that in the nation's grave crisis he consult such experienced statesmen as Senators Root and Lodge and that he tried deliberately to humiliate the Democratic statesmen who advised him to consult those men.

Another Big Blunder. A blunder of the Democratic Congress has crippled one of its most important labor laws.

The last Congress passed a provision intended to prohibit the use in government plants under the war department of certain customs opposed by labor organizations. That provision is practically inoperative today. A vital link in the chain of legislation was omitted.

The labor provision referred to was the center of one of the bitterest fights of the session. It was intended to prevent the use of army appropriations for "making time study of employees or to pay any premium, bonus or cash reward to any employee in addition to his regular wages," and was enacted as an amendment to the army appropriation bill.

The struggle over this amendment all but caused the failure of the army bill. First adopted by the House, it was rejected by the Senate after a long drawn out controversy. When the bill went back to the House, it refused to ratify the Senate's action.

The measure then went to a conference committee of the two branches. They tried in vain to harmonize the differences with the labor amendment. Scores of other disagreements were disposed of, but the Senate continued to oppose the labor clause and the House to support it. Three times conference committee reports were rejected because of the labor regulation alone.

Not until senators realized they must vote for it or defeat the entire appropriation did they give up. The passage of the army bill containing the labor regulation speedily followed. On the same day Congress passed an act authorizing the war department to expend more than six million dollars for fortifications and other defenses. To make the labor clause effective, it was as essential to the fortifications bill as to the army bill.

There is not one line or word of the labor regulation in the fortifications act. It was not proposed as a part of his law in either House or Senate, although to include it in the army act and not in the fortifications law was a mere farce. The days and weeks of fierce conflict that had worn the strength and tempers of the contestants to shreds, proved to be a sham battle.

This is not an isolated blunder. It is but one of hundreds that have been woven into the entire fabric of Democratic legislation—another evidence of Democratic incompetency and inefficiency.

THE DAILY NOVELET

BOUGHT AND PAID FOR.

Man wants but little here below, And yet it's safe to bet, He wants a little more you know, Than he will ever get.

Looking to the right, now to the left, The little man in the striped sweater staggered along under the weight of the heavy trunk.

Officer O'itley suddenly blocked his way. "Is there a dead body in that trunk?"

"I'm not saying," replied the little man in the striped sweater. "A murdered body?"

"I'm not saying!" "A-hah, another trunk mystery," thought Officer O'itley slyly. "I command you to take that trunk around to the Fifty-fifth district station house."

"Take it yourself," said the little man, and dropped it. O'itley picked it up and bore it to the station house, forcing the little man in the striped sweater ahead of him at the point of his revolver.

"Why O'itley," exclaimed House Sergeant Tobozen, "how is it yer helpin' the leather company's delivery man to deliver my trunk for me?"

OIL AND GAS

There is a lack of interest in new developments as few of the fields are presenting anything better than light wells. The discovery of a new pool would revive interest followed by active operations. Operators are anxious to drill but the territory available is of a kind that promises only small wells.

Simple Way to Have Beautifully Wavy Hair

Lustrous, wavy hair plays an important part in the scheme of beauty. A woman does not need to give the desired wavy effect, for it destroys the hair and makes it brittle. It is far better to use the liquid substance which curls the hair more gradually, more lastingly, and at the same time keeps it beautifully soft and pliant. It is a beautiful natural instead of artificial, and it is such a simple thing to apply the liquid before retiring, using a comb tooth brush for the purpose and drawing this down the hair from root to tip. Very different from the treacherous, lustrous curling iron method.

Fine shimmering in liquid form may be found in any drug store and a few ounces will last a very long time. It is neither sticky nor greasy and leaves no sediment, spots or streaks. The hair will be quite manageable, no matter what the style of coiffure.

Company has drilled a second test on the T. J. Broadwater farm, through the Maxon sand and has a gasser. On Beeson run, in the same district, M. J. Naughton and Company have drilled a test on the Lehman Wilson farm through the Big Injun sand and have a gasser. On Bunnells Run, A. D. Prunty and Company have drilled their test on the Fishman farm and found nothing. On Indian creek, Union district, Ritchie county, the Hope Natural Gas Company has completed and shot a test on the John C. Patton farm and has a gasser. On Leatherbark run, Murphy district, the same company has drilled a test on the W. A. Beall farm through the Berea grit and has a light gasser. On Camp Run, Grant district, the Hope Company has drilled a test on the Riley Brown farm through the Salt sand and has a gas well.

New Duster in Wirt County. In the Keener sand on Rock Run, Wirt county, the Walnut Creek Oil Company has had a close call for a duster at its No. 10 on the Harvey G. Sayer farm. The well has been drilled through the Keener sand, the producing formation in that development, and got a very light show of oil. Last year when the company drilled in its first test on the Sayer farm, which is a part of the Hill estate, it was thought a Keener pool of some dimensions had been discovered. During the interim some very creditable producers have been completed, but the failure has been the result of an effort to extend the producing limits an appreciable distance in any direction from the initial well. On Sancho Creek, Centerville district, Tyler county, the Philadelphia Company has drilled a test on the Baker farm through the Big Injun sand and has a pumper. On Margery Run, Ellsworth district, Ammon and Kough, on the Albert Eastman farm, and have a light gasser.

Gassers in Marion County. On Bingamon Creek, Mannington district, Marion county, the Carnegie Natural Gas Company has drilled a test on the Hamilton Gump farm through the Gante sand and has a fair gasser. On Mill Run, Lincoln district, the Philadelphia Company has completed a test on the C. C. Shroyer farm and has a gasser in the 50-foot sand.

In the shallow sand territory on the Ohio side in Penn township, Morgan county, located in the Nashport district, the J. M. K. Drilling Company has drilled a test on the Wetherall farm through the Cow Run and Peeker sands and has a duster. In the same district, Duse and Decker have drilled No. 6 on the John Coulter farm through the Peeker sand and have a light pumper. In Windor township, Morgan county, the drilling company has drilled a test on the Hollett farm through the Cow Run and Peeker sands and has a duster. This location is also in a producing, and is 1,500 feet east of the well on the L. I. Mercer farm. In the Macksburg district, Washington county, C. E. Hammond and Company have started to drill a second test on the Salling farm.

Southwest Pennsylvania. In the West View district, Allegheny county, Pa., Nock and Company have drilled a test on the Ivory heirs farm through the fourth sand and found nothing. A fair show of oil was developed in the 100-foot sand and it will be shot and tested from that level. On Lowry Run in the same district, the same parties are drilling in the fourth sand at a second test on the John Nock farm, and if nothing is found in the lower sand, will test in the 100-foot sand. Bowman and Company are drilling in the 30-foot sand at their test on the Allen farm, located northeast of the Ivory farm development and as yet have found nothing. They are still drilling.

The Oil Market. The prices paid for oil of various grades by the purchasing agencies are: Pennsylvania \$ 1.76

Corning 1.25
Somerset 1.37
Mason Black 1.26
New Castle 1.26
Cabell 1.30
North Lima 1.08
South Lima 1.03
Wooster 1.25
Indiana93

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Table with 2 columns: Location and Percentage. Includes Princeton, Ragland, Illinois, Kansas, Oklahoma, Plymouth, Healdton, Corsicana, light, Corsicana, heavy, Electric, Henrietta, Thrall, Strawn, De Soto, Crichton, Caddo, 38 degrees, Caddo, 35 degrees, Caddo, 23 degrees, Canada, crude, and Canada.

TOO GREAT IS GULF BETWEEN THE WARDEN

And the Prison Chaplain for the Letter to Do the Best Work in Him.

OAKLAND, Cal., Oct. 12.—"The Chaplain's Work," was discussed today before the American Prison Association by A. J. G. Wells, warden of the state reformatory at Frankfort, Ky., in a report from the chaplain's association, a subsidiary of the main organization. He said in part: "Before the chaplain can do his best work he must have favorable environment. If he is the only one in the official family of the prison who believes in or cares about the gospel of Christ, then indeed will the fruits of his labor be anything but satisfactory. Add to this a little positive opposition on the part of the warden and other officers and the chaplain is placed in about the same position as the farmer who attempts to raise a crop in the Sahara desert. I make this statement with due reverence, not forgetful

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of the fact that God is able to accomplish His purposes in spite of adverse surroundings, but with a knowledge of the further fact that it is His purpose to use human agencies.

"I do not say that every prison official should be a devout Christian but I am willing to say that every prison official should reverently acknowledge the power of the gospel as the greatest force known among men for the reformation and rehabilitation of fallen man.

"The simple truth is that there has been too great a gulf between the warden's ideals and the chaplain's ideals. The chaplain has been regarded in too many prisons as a kind of verminiform appendix, a part of the prison anatomy but really not necessary and sometimes harmful.

"The principal work of the warden is to arrest evil tendencies in the prison life and create, foster and develop, within the prison, all those agencies possible which are reasonably calculated to cure defects in character and develop manhood. Hard work, exercise, education and

Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by continuous use of the Sennell's Ear Cure. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

religion, in their broadest and most practical sense, are the agents the warden must employ if he shall answer to this, his highest mission. If this be true, then it follows that the chaplain's work fits in nicely with the general plan of the institution.

"The chaplain's business is to create new impulses, inoculate new purposes, stimulate good impressions and help the prisoner build himself a new life. This is enough for one man. It is the noblest business ever committed to the hands of men or angels."

Khaki was first used in Indian regiments. NOTICE. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of Frederick L. Swiger, deceased, are hereby notified to call upon the undersigned executor, or said estate and pay said indebtedness; and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present such claims to the undersigned executor, for settlement.

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