

Hold On to Your Money Until Friday, November 12 For the Biggest and Greatest Bargains Ever Offered in Clarksburg Watch the Newspapers For Full Information HAMBURGER'S DEPARTMENT STORE GREAT SURPRISE SALE

NOTICE

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Clarksburg Gas and Electric Company, a corporation, will make application by petition in writing to the Common Council of the Town of Adamston, at the first regular meeting thereof after the 30th day of November, 1915, to grant to the undersigned, its successors and assigns, a franchise with the right to enter upon the streets, alleys and public grounds of said Town of Adamston and to carry and transmit electricity by means of poles, wires and other appliances, over and upon the same, and to supply the inhabitants of said Town with electricity, including the right to place poles on said streets and alleys and to string wires and other electrical appliances thereon.

Notice is further given that such application in writing is filed with the recorder of said Town of Adamston on this day, together with a draft of a franchise proposed by the undersigned as acceptable to itself and at the same time imposing all proper limitations and conditions for the benefit of the said Town and its inhabitants; and this notice will be published for a period of thirty days from this date as required by law.

Dated this 28th day of October, 1915. CLARKSBURG GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.

R. T. LOWMEYER, Vice President. R. S. DOUGLASS, Attorney.

SUMMONS

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA. To the Sheriff of Harrison County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon William C. White to appear before the Judge of our Circuit Court of Harrison County at the Clerk's office of our said Court, at rules to be held therein for said Court, on the first Monday in December, next, to answer a bill in Chancery exhibited against him in our said Court by Hannah White, and have then there this writ.

Witness, I, Wade Coffman, Clerk of our said Court, at the Court House of the said County, this 26th day of October, 1915, and in the 33rd year of the State.

I, WADE COFFMAN, Clerk.

Order of Publication. STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA.

At Rules held in the Office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Harrison County, on Monday the 1st day of November, 1915, the following order was entered: Hannah White, Plaintiff, vs. William C. White, Defendant.

The object of the above styled suit is to obtain a divorce from the bonds of matrimony.

It appearing from an affidavit filed in said suit that the said defendant, William C. White, is a non-resident of this State, it is ordered that he do appear within one month from the date of the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect his interests herein. Given under my hand this 1st day of November, 1915.

I, WADE COFFMAN, Clerk.

R. A. LOAR, Counsel for Plaintiff.

EYE STRAIN

being caused by structural and anatomical defects, is remedied by the correct adaptation of glasses only, and the degree of relief obtained from them depends upon the skill, accuracy and integrity of your optometrist. No divided responsibility. We examine your eyes, we grind lenses and fit them to your eyes all in the same office.

Complete Grinding Plant Just Installed.

SNYDER & LEMASTERS, Eyesight Specialists, Over Bijou Theatre, Clarksburg.



It is only a short time that you can call her mother's baby—soon she will be a school girl and then a young lady—but a portrait of mother and baby keeps for all time, the memory of those happy days. It is none too early to have portraits made for Christmas.

The Amon Studio, Fordyce Bldg. East of P. O.

BATTLESHIPS NOW BUILDING FOR OUR NAVY

Are Believed to Be Heavy Ones in Foreign Navies though Lighter.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Battle-ships now building for the United States navy will carry fourteen-inch fifty-caliber guns which are believed by ordnance experts to be the equal of the fifteen-inch weapons in foreign navies although of lighter weight. In his annual report just made public, Rear Admiral Joseph Strauss, chief of the navy ordnance bureau, says: "With the object of keeping pace with the increased range of modern naval warfare the bureau has increased the power of the fourteen-inch guns for the California, Mississippi and Idaho by increasing the length of the gun to fifty calibers and enlarging its chamber capacity. In order that these latest additions to the navy should carry the highest type of artillery the bureau took the bold step of ordering their guns without manufacturing a trial gun. The bureau's confidence in its design has been fully justified. The first gun proved not only gave the designed velocity and pressure exactly, but its additional longitudinal strength which has been provided for has resulted in these guns having less droop than any guns of large caliber heretofore produced. As it stands, these guns, although of lesser caliber and weight than the fifteen-inch guns now mounted abroad, are capable of penetrating the heaviest side armor at oblique impacts and at the greatest effective battle range, and give us the advantage of flatter trajectory, with greater volume of fire due to the increased number that we are permitted to mount on any ship of equal displacement.

Gun 5 Tested. "In August, 1914, a type sixteen-inch gun of forty-five caliber length, was tested. This gun fulfilled the highest expectations of its design, and the bureau believes it to be as powerful a gun as is in existence today."

The report shows that the navy's armament has been kept well up to date, older types, five-inch guns, having been replaced on all ships of the first line; that anti-air craft rifles of sizes up to four-inch rifles have been designed, and that mounts for the disappearing guns for submarines have been designed, and that mounts for the disappearing guns for submarines have been built. The latter weapons will be given an increased elevation so that they may fire at aeroplanes.

Difficulty has been encountered in placing contracts for a sufficient number of the new armor piercing projectiles for big guns now being used by the navy. The rise in price due to the war is indicated by the fact that projectiles were purchased in 1913 at \$320 each while those contracted for in 1915 cost \$415. Part of the increased cost, however, is due to the new design. Satisfactory eight-inch projectiles have been produced at the naval gun factory and larger shells are now being made there.

As to the value of armor piercing shells the report says experiments during the year have strengthened the view that missiles of this type but carrying high explosive in limited quantities, are superior to high explosive shells that depend wholly upon the force of an outside explosion to accomplish their mission. A French official report is quoted to show that plain shells carrying high explosive in large quantity were "absolutely powerless" against armor of any importance.

Much Powder Made. The Indian Head powder factory turned out 700,000 pounds above its 1914 output last year as a result of improved methods, and with increases authorized by Congress is expected to make 5,000,000 pounds in 1916 and 6,000,000 in 1917, the report states. In this connection the report adds: "Owing to the increase in the output of the Indian Head powder factory, contracts for private manufacture of smokeless powder have been greatly reduced, and at the present time there is only one contract outstanding, amounting to 750,000 pounds, with the Carneys Point plant of the Du Pont Company. The facilities for the production of smokeless powder and other explosives in the United States have been enormously increased owing to the demands of the belligerents for these materials. It has taken many months of time and enormous expenditure of money to develop these facilities, and their conservation for the benefit of the United States government will require the most careful consideration of the department when the European war is over and the present demand from abroad has decreased."

Great strides in the development of the mine planting equipment of the fleet in the last few months are recorded in the report. It says: "The Dubuque has been fitted out as a mine layer and mine instruction ship. Six old torpedo yessels are being equipped for sweeping. A mining division has been formed in the fleet. All capital ships are being provided with sweeping sets. All destroyers are being fitted for sweeping. A mine-sweeping manual has been prepared and submitted to the fleet for comment.

Steam Fishing Vessels. "A list of steam fishing vessels of 100 tons has been prepared and their owners communicated with, and arrangements have been made for their inspection with a view to their utilization as mine sweepers in time of war. These vessels are now being inspected. Recommendations have been made and approved that six gunboats be fitted up for mine sweeping. Portable mine-laying tracks have been ordered for one division of destroyers in each of the fleets. These tracks are to be carried in the destroyer tender, to be shifted to the destroyers when necessary arises. Mine-laying tracks have been authorized for all vessels of the cruiser class. During the summer extensive exercises have been conducted in mine laying and sweeping in the fleet, and in general it may be said that the whole subject has been made active and progressive."

Progress has been made during the year toward gathering many guns at various yards in reserve for use in merchantment in time of war, and instructions have been issued to provide for quick mobilization of weapons loaned to the naval militia should need arise. Inventors have been busy with war materials and the report shows that the special board appointed to examine suggestions dealing with ordnance matters considered 656 proposals.

NORWAY'S LABOR. CHRISTIANA, Norway, Nov. 9.—President labor conditions in Norway are better than they have been in the last five years. The national employment offices in the capital, which has branches throughout the country, registers only 110 seekers for employment for every 100 vacancies. A year ago there was an average of 209 applicants for the same number of vacancies. Wages are higher than ever before.

APPETIZER AT NOON IN PARIS CUT OUT NOW

And No Strong Drinks Can Be Served to Women and Young People.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—"No strong drinks for anyone before noon and no strong drinks at any hour for women and young people of both sexes under 18 years of age." Such is government orderage. "Such is the government order that has finally opened the eyes of wine merchants to the earnestness of the anti-alcohol campaign in France. By "strong drinks" are meant all beverages testing over eighteen degrees of alcohol. They include most of the "aperitifs" or appetizers and all brandies and liquors.

In the opinion of most wine merchants the measure kills the noon appetizer, and the prospect of the loss of a considerable portion of their receipts has brought about an aggressive attitude on the part of the liquor trade. "If we can't pursue our business," they say, "we can no longer pay our heavy rents." As the wine merchants are among the few who have paid their rents regularly their menace has involved protestations from real estate owners.

"Any attempt to suppress the sale of alcohol in wine shops before noon," declares the secretary of the liquor dealers association, "will simply result in a far greater consumption—exactly the contrary of what is desired. The workman who takes a small liquor glass of brandy in his coffee at the wine shop will take his coffee at home and pour into it without measuring the alcohol that he can buy the quart at any grocery store; consequence more drunkenness instead of less."

Distillers who have foreseen further restrictions in the sale of alcohol have anticipated them to a certain extent. One of them who produces a beverage that largely replaces absinthe reduced the strength of his product from forty degrees alcohol to twenty-three. The temperance advocates and government authorities contend that if the strength of such drinks may be reduced from forty to twenty-three degrees without appreciable harm to business it can be further reduced to less than eighteen degrees with great benefits to the public. Many wine merchants also philosophically conclude that the man who drank strong liquors will content himself with milder ones. The attitude of the drinker himself seems to bear out the theory; for the most part he takes it all as a sort of a good joke with no thought of resistance.

Photography has discovered the depth to which the sun's rays penetrate water. Five hundred and thirty feet below the surface darkness was much the same as that on earth on a clear moonless night.

Easy Work Quick Work Wonderful Results with ELECTRIC LUSTRE STARCH Works Wonders Blue package 10c.—At your grocers

SEVERE PUNISHMENT

Of Mrs. Chappell, of Five Years' Standing, Relieved by Cardui.

Mrs. A. N. C.—Mrs. Sarah M. Chappell of this town, says: "I suffered for five years with womanly troubles, also stomach troubles, and my punishment was more than any one could tell. I tried most every kind of medicine, but none did me any good. I read one day about Cardui, the woman's tonic, and I decided to try it. I had not taken but about six bottles until I was almost cured. It did me more good than all the other medicines I had tried, put together. My friends began asking me why I looked so well, and I told them about Cardui. Several are now taking it."

Do you, lady reader, suffer from any of the ailments due to womanly trouble, such as headache, backache, sideache, sleeplessness, and that everlasting tired feeling? If so, let us urge you to give Cardui a trial. We feel confident it will help you, just as it has a million other women in the past half century. Begin taking Cardui to-day. You won't regret it. All druggists.

Write to Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions on your card and 24-page book, "Special Treatment for Women," in plain wrapper. No. 129

Formerly Tyree's S-L Remedy. Not a new preparation—but a new name for an old, tried and successful remedy—prescribed by physicians as the most practical and efficient specific for all troubles arising from disorders of the kidneys, liver and bladder. In TYREE'S BUCHU AND HOPS you have the help nature needs—in a pleasant and palatable form. It acts quickly, relieves permanently. It's laxative principle prevents constipation.

50c a Bottle For sale by E. E. BURKE and FRANK G. BLAND, Tyree & Co., Washington, D. C.

NEW NAMES

(By Associated Press.)

BERLIN, Nov. 9.—The railroad administration publishes a list of fifty-nine names of French stations and their new German names, which must be used in passenger and freight traffic. Some of the stations and their new names are: Courcelles—Kuzel; Ayracourt—Erlangen; Froppes—Schulz; Eschen; Linconet—Linhof; Mestieres—Machern; Vantaux-Yallerres—Wentau; Wallery; Landevillers—Landeweller; Longeville—Lensenheim; Moulins—Muehlen bei Metz; Novant—Neuberg; Anzy—Anzig; Remilly—Remelach.

Australia yearly produces 225,000 tons of cane sugar.

If You are troubled with heartburn, gases and a distressed feeling after eating take

RECALL Dyspepsia Tablet before and after each meal and you will obtain prompt relief. Sold only by us.

Sturm and Wilson.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE

Fadwa Shahady, Admrx. vs. J. In Chancery.

Abraham Shahady, Thomas Shahady, Edward Shahady, Nasif Shahady, Joe Moses, Thomas Moses, George Moses, William Moses, Moses Brothers, Ohio Valley Bottling Company, Ohio Valley Bottling Works, Stroehman Vienna Bakery, Ray B. Newlon, New Alexandria Grocery Company, a corporation; American Commission Company, a corporation; Manhattan Cigar Company, Joseph Casio, Thomas E. Lee, trading as Geo. Cola Bottling Works, Alton A. Stout, Omar E. Hall, Wallace Hardaway & Son, Inc. Co., a corporation, Omar W. Sisker, Hector-Hassard Company, a corporation, and A. J. Fox.

In pursuance of an order entered in this above styled cause in the circuit court of Harrison County, West Virginia, on the 28th day of September, 1915, the same year referred to the undersigned commissioner to take, state and report an account showing:

First, what personal estate the said Abraham Shahady owned at the time of his death, the character and value thereof. Second, what disposition, if any, was made of said personal estate by the plaintiff, Fadwa Shahady, administratrix of Abraham Shahady, deceased, and how much, if any, of said personal estate is now in her hands, available for payment of any debts owing from the estate of said Abraham Shahady, deceased.

Third, a settlement of the administration of the estate of the said defendant by said Fadwa Shahady, his administratrix. Fourth, what debts said Abraham Shahady owned at the time of his death, to whom they are payable, their nature, and their respective amounts and priorities. Fifth, that real estate was owned by the said Abraham Shahady at the time of his death, its quantity, description and location. Sixth, such other matters as any party in interest may require, the same being pertinent or such other as said commissioner himself may deem pertinent, whether so required or not.

The above named parties and all other interested will be required to appear before the undersigned commissioner on the 22nd day of NOVEMBER, 1915, at his office, 223-225 Govt Building, Clarksburg, West Virginia, to proceed to execute said order of reference. Given under my hand this 11th day of October, 1915.

LAFAYETTE C. CRILE, Commissioner.

ROY E. PARRISH, Esq., Solicitor.

Notice to Creditors. To the creditors of Abraham Shaha...

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the County of Harrison, in the State of West Virginia, made in a cause therein pending, to subject the estate of the said decedent to the payment of his debts, you are required to present your claims against the estate of the said decedent for adjudication to Lafayette C. Crile, Esq., Commissioner, at his office in said County, on or before the 22nd day of November, 1915.

Witness, I, Wade Coffman, Clerk of the said Court, this 11th day of October, 1915.

I, WADE COFFMAN, Clerk.

Order of Publication. STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA.

To the Sheriff of Harrison County, Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon John Alfonso Rowan to appear before the Judge of our Circuit Court of Harrison County, at the Clerk's Office of our said Court, at rules to be held therein for our said Court on the first Monday in December, next, to answer a bill in Chancery exhibited against him in our said Court by Goldie Moore Rowan, Plaintiff, and have then there this writ.

Witness, I, Wade Coffman, Clerk of our said Court, at the Court House of the said County this 28th day of October, 1915, and in the 33rd year of the State.

I, WADE COFFMAN, Clerk.

NEFF & LOHN, Counsel for Plaintiff.

WE CAN DO

as quick, neat and cheap job of papering as any one that comes down the pike.

WE KNOW HOW

Clemm's Wall Paper Store

McCarty Bldg., 413 West Main St.

THE GRAND LEADER

Commencing Today We Will Give

DOLL STOCKINGS FREE

To every little girl who brings us one of the tickets found on the top of Burson Hose, stamped with Grand Leader stamp, a pair of Doll Stockings free. Choice of colors, White, Black, Pink and Blue.

LITTLE GIRLS See that mother and big sister wear Burson Hose—and see that you get the Burson Tickets—and remember, tickets are not good for these Hose unless stamped Grand Leader—they will supply dolly with new stockings.

BURSON HOSE SELL FOR 25c PAIR and come in regular sizes. Also out sizes, ribbed and garter top and either light or heavy weights.

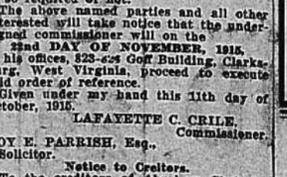
THE GRAND LEADER

THE STORE THAT KEEPS THE PRICE OF DRY GOODS DOWN

206 W. Main St. Between 2nd and 3rd

DETROIT JEWEL

saves half the gas



If money is hard to get, you can save a part of what you have, by using economical gas appliances. We can convince you that Detroit Jewels will do twice as much cooking with 1,000 feet of gas as any other make of ranges.

We are able to show that it will outlast three stoves of the next best make. If we can prove this and we can, you will be able to figure the amount of the ordinary stoves should cost you. Ask to see our list of 700 Clarksburg users.

Robt. Hardware

Order of Publication. STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA.

To the Sheriff of Harrison County, Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon John Alfonso Rowan, Defendant. The object of this suit is to obtain an absolute divorce from the defendant, on the ground of desertion for more than three years and for general relief. And it appearing by an affidavit filed in said cause that John Alfonso Rowan is a non-resident of this State, it is ordered that he do appear within one month from the date of the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect his interests herein. Given under my hand this 1st day of November, 1915.

I, WADE COFFMAN, Clerk.

NEFF & LOHN, Counsel for Plaintiff.