

THE FURNITURE STORE OF QUALITY

The "Rex" Coil Spring

The Rex is a high class spring, for use on either metal or wood beds. It is exceedingly strong. One hundred coil springs are used in its construction.

Your Credit is Good See it at Once.

If we advertise it, we have it The Home Furnishing Co.

Social and Personal

Letters for this department are welcomed. They may be sent or telephoned to the Telegram's editorial department.

BELL-ANS

Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

most part—and the other that had descended from reputable parentage, had given this country some of its greatest men and women.

The Rev. William J. Newton, of Clarksburg, who married into the Swiger family, gave an able discourse, in which he recalled interesting reminiscences of the family.

Ira L. Swiger, principal of one of the Clarksburg schools and Swiger family historian, told of "The Progress of the History of the Swiger Family."

A feature of the afternoon program and which proved a treat to all was the music furnished by the following quartet: John M. Knox, bass; J. Ransel Romine, baritone; W. B. Franz, second tenor; and T. J. Robinson, first tenor.

The old officers were re-elected for the reunion. They are, president, Omar W. Swiger, of Wallace; (no vice president); secretary, Lloyd Griffin, of Clarksburg; treasurer, William E. Swiger, of Shinnston.

Several Swigers in attendance are nearing the octogenarian age. Among those who have passed the three-quarter century mark and were present and enjoying the best of health were William L. and William Ed Swiger, of Lumberport; Cleotha Swiger, Clarksburg; and Amos, Gilbert and J. Allen Swiger, of the Tomline creek section.

Other members further advanced in years, but who were unable to make the trip, owing to the fact that they live too far away from Hepzibah, are John Webster Swiger, aged 93, farmer, of near Sardis; Calvert Swiger, Clarksburg, who is near 96; Israel Swiger, of Brown, aged 87 or 88 years, and Mrs. Harriett Swiger, of Sardis, aged 79.

(Continued on page 5.)

New York requires 400,000,000 pounds of sugar yearly; 45,000,000 pounds of coffee, at a cost of \$11,000,000, and 5,000,000 pounds of tea.

SEEK PROGRESSIVE AND LABOR VOTES ON FALSE CLAIMS

Democrats Posing as the Enactors of Legislation Which the Indisputable Facts Show to Be of Republican Origin.

AUTHORITY ON SOUND SOCIAL LAW CITES 11 GLARING CASES

Organized Labor Resents This Deception and Running True to Form Will In November as at Many Previous Elections Indignantly Smite Those Who Without Justice Lay Claim to Its Gratitude—Even the Much Touted Federal Reserve Law is Based Entirely on the Statistical Research of a Republican Administration.

That "No class is more instant than labor to condemn and punish those who without foundation lay claim to its gratitude" is the assertion of John Williams, ex-commissioner of labor, apropos of certain false claims set forth by Vance McCormick, Democratic national chairman, in behalf of his party.

Chairman McCormick caused to be published in the New York Times, on July 31, an appeal for Progressive and Labor support, based on "twenty measures enacted by congress while President Wilson has been in the White House," and for which he claims credit for the Wilson administration and asks Progressive approbation. Commenting on this statement, the former commissioner of labor says:

"Students and promoters of sound social legislation will do well to examine this list, for it contains a number of items of unusual interest.

"We may well believe that it was with a great deal of pride that Mr. McCormick contemplated the record of his party and that he drew a vivid mental picture of Progressives flocking to the support of Mr. Wilson because of the things claimed on behalf of his administration.

"It is a pity that in the interest of truth, which knows neither Democrat, Progressive nor Republican, we must mar this remarkable statement. Nevertheless it is our duty to call attention to the fact that in his effort to induce support for Mr. Wilson the chairman of the Democratic national committee has fallen into a glaring error. We have no desire to disparage the achievements of the Wilson administration, but we must enter emphatic protest against any attempt to pad the record.

Mr. McCormick claims 'twenty measures enacted by congress while President Wilson has been in the White House.' This claim we dispute. More than one-half are measures enacted under a Republican administration, and were approved by ex-President Taft, and for others the Democratic administration deserves no credit.

"Let any one think that this is a groundless assertion, we herewith furnish the record, which can easily be verified:

"From among the twenty pieces of legislation cited by Chairman McCormick I select the following:

"(1) Eight hour law on government work. In effect March 1, 1913. Signed by Mr. Taft.

"(2) Eight hour provision for post office clerks. In effect generally Aug. 24, 1912.

"(3) Eight hour provision applicable to the manufacture of ordnance for the government. In effect Jan. 1, 1913. Signed by Mr. Taft.

"(4) Children's bureau. In effect April 9, 1912. Signed by Mr. Taft.

"(5) Industrial commission law to investigate industrial relations. In effect Aug. 28, 1912. Signed by Mr. Taft.

"(6) The phosphorous match law. Enacted in 1912, effective as to the importation of white phosphorous matches July 1, 1913, and as to the manufacture of such matches July 1, 1913. Signed by Mr. Taft.

"(7) The department of labor law creating a department with a secretary who shall be a member of the president's cabinet. In effect March 4, 1913. Signed by Mr. Taft.

"(8) The parcel post law. In effect Jan. 1, 1913. Signed by Mr. Taft.

"(9) The federal reserve law, which, while passed during this administration, is based entirely on the vast work of investigation and compilation done by the monetary commission during the Taft administration and closely follows, except in certain details, the legislation recommended by that commission.

"(10) The eight hour law for the District of Columbia was fathered and put through by a Republican, Senator La Follette.

"The anti-trust law antedates the Cleveland administration, although President Cleveland never enforced it. From time to time, as with all great legislative acts, it has been necessary to amend or add to it, and the anti-trust law of the Wilson administration was merely such an amendment, a logical development of the original act.

"(11) The Commerce Court was actually abolished during the Taft Administration, although it has not been demonstrated that its abolition was a wise step.

"Any statement hereafter emanating

Great possibilities for trade are offered by the Caucasus. Most of the merchants, however, are men of small capital.

Six absolute monarchies still exist in the world. They are Siam, Oman, Morocco, Abyssinia, Afghanistan and Monaco.

BONWIT TELLER & CO. The Specialty Shop of Originations FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK. Announce A Fashion Exhibit Women's and Misses' Apparel to be held at the WALDO HOTEL Clarksburg, West Va. September 25th to October 4th Represented by Mrs. R. H. Waters

Hundreds Attend Reunion.

At the historic old Hepzibah church, where a century and a quarter ago a few rugged pioneers, Zacheus Swiger and his children, gathered and worshipped in a crude old church, Sunday 1,500 of the descendants assembled in their second annual reunion, of the Swiger family, renewed old acquaintances, met new ones, and carried out a program fitting the occasion, which made it the most successful affair that has ever been held in this section of the country.

Contrasting Sunday's scene with that of a century and a quarter ago, one has a picture of progress and prosperity that can scarcely be imagined. The Hepzibah Baptist church was the Swiger family's first house of worship. If the records are correct a little log church was built at Hepzibah in 1798, and there, Christopher, John Jacob, Mary, Elizabeth, Lily and Eve Swiger worshipped according to their beliefs.

Like the life of all pioneers, these first Swigers, had their hardships to overcome in establishing their little colony, but with persistence and courage they won. The Hepzibah church was one of the first churches to be built in what is now Harrison county, but later the Swigers were instrumental in establishing a number of Baptist churches in both Marion and Harrison counties. They not alone used his church for places of worship but for school purposes as well. Social gatherings such as the reunion Sunday were frequently held at the little log houses, and farmers for ten and fifteen miles around thought nothing of riding and walking to these places, where they might meet each other, and indulge in a good social time. It was not as easy to hold these affairs or reunions as it is now, for no railroads or trolley lines traversed the region, and the automobile was unknown then, but they were nevertheless held and immensely enjoyed.

Sunday at the reunion Marion and Harrison counties had the largest representations. Several other counties in West Virginia and at least a half dozen states were represented. From every community and section of the counties a number came in automobiles. At least fifty machines were parked in the lot about the church house. The Monongahela Valley Traction Company provided extra accommodations for the crowd, and the train over the Short Line division of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, brought a number of visitors in the evening.

Fully two-thirds of the 1,500 persons in attendance are engaged either directly or indirectly in agricultural pursuits. Practically every profession and trade was represented.

The program started with a sermon by the Rev. J. L. Robinson, whose subject was "Voices," which he handled in a commendable way, and which was heard with pleasure by all who could crowd into the church that was not half large enough for the assemblage. Dinner with plenty of chicken and

the fixings together with delicacies of all kinds, pies, cakes, and the like, was the feature event on the program for many. It lasted from 12 noon until 1:30 in the afternoon. Supper hour, or dinner as some would call it, found many still on the grounds feasting on the good things to eat. All did not leave the grove until 7 o'clock in the evening.

W. A. Amon, Clarksburg photographer, credited with having attended more reunions than any other person his age in West Virginia, was on the job and took a photograph of the crowd at 1:30 in the afternoon.

Carl S. Lawson, superintendent of schools in Harrison county, talked interestingly on "The Importance of a Knowledge of Genealogical History." His address was on the afternoon program and it made a decided impression with all who heard him. He based his argument on "blood will tell," and gave a comparison of two families—one that had descended from criminal parentage turned out for the bad in

THIS SHAWL OF HEAVY ORIENTAL SILK IS MASTERPIECE OF EMBROIDERY WORK



A new heavy silk shawl, beautifully embroidered in the richest floral designs and imported from Canton, China, is the one shown, and it is of the rarest quality. The ornamentation is luxurious and the excellence of the silk is seen in the draping and the gleam in the border. The shawl is 54x54 inches.

LISTON'S

Two Stores Freestone Peaches \$1.50 Fruit Jars, Jar Gums, Par-o-wax, Ceiling Wax Best Prices—Quality

STONE'S CAKES NONE BETTER CHICAGO DAIRY

\$1600

Buy a 5-room cottage with cement cellar, fine well, fruit trees, chicken house all fenced in and 2 level lots at stop 25 in Fair Ground Addition. Rents at \$15 a month.

Glenn B. Waters Real Estate Broker 306 Prunty Bldg.

The Incomparable Flavor---

Obtained by combining with the rich sweetness of whole wheat, the delicious zest of malted barley—is a big factor in the ever increasing popularity of

Grape Nuts

FOOD

It's the always-ready food—just add cream or good milk. Every family should have its daily ration of GRAPE-NUTS.

"There's a Reason"

from Mr. McCormick will be subjected to the closest scrutiny. The errors in his first effort are inexcusable and can only arouse resentment among labor men and social workers. No class is more instant than labor to condemn and punish those who without foundation lay claim to its gratitude.

"Will Mr. McCormick explain his padding of the Record?" (Signed) JOHN WILLIAMS, Ex-Commissioner of Labor, New York State.

THE INCONSIDERATE BEHAVIOR OF A CANDIDATE.

Why does Mr. Hughes insist upon talking about that old fashioned, not to say "iniquitous" doctrine, the protective tariff? For nearly the whole period of its industrial existence the United States struggled along under protection. The Democratic party in 1913 came to the relief of an afflicted and burdened people.

The Republican Administration (not on account of the tariff, it is true) was overthrown. Before talking over the reins of government, and for many years prior to that time, countless Democratic statesmen had vainly tried to persuade the American people that the protective tariff was an iniquity, a veritable contrivance of devils. It fostered the trusts, and it was an elevator of prices even to the thirty-seventh story and the tower. They promised relief. The poor should be no longer oppressed; the cost of living should be reduced—must be, as the sure result of a tariff for revenue—protective only in spots, such as the Louisiana sugar mills and the Carolina cotton factories.

Doesn't Mr. Hughes know what the Administration did which he is now attacking? He ought to know. The Democrats, under the leadership of Mr. Wilson and Mr. Underwood, repealed that iniquity and abomination, the Payne-Aldrich tariff law—that foster mother of trusts and high prices—and enacted in its place the present law. Mr. Hughes knows, of course, as every head of a family in America knows, that the trusts have not yet been dissolved and that the cost of living is higher than ever—that the price of everything has reached an unheard-of height—but what of it?

What of it, indeed? While it is true that a protective tariff never failed under any circumstances to protect American industry and American labor, it is to be considered that the war in Europe has upset the plans of the present low tariff administration.

Now, the obvious thing for Mr. Hughes to do is to give the Democrats a chance to get their tariff on straight. Never mind the patient; let the doctor experiment. That time won't come, of course, until the war is over—according to the Democratic version. In other words, the tariff for revenue doctrine doesn't fit the conditions; the conditions must be made to fit the tariff. So why this disturbance, Mr. Hughes?

Besides, when you discuss a little thing like the tariff, do you not know that Son-in-Law McAdoo and the other statesmen of the Democratic family are likely to repeat their accusation that you are "nettifogging"?—Charleston (W. Va.) Mail.

NOTICE OF BANKRUPT SALE.

In the United States Court for the Northern District of West Virginia. RE: John Erdie, etc., Bankrupt. IN BANKRUPTCY.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned trustee, will on the 25th day of

POPULAR LOGS AND HICKORY LUMBER WANTED

50 cars Poplar Logs, 12 inches and up in diameter. 20 cars 2 inches and 1 1/2 inch Tough Hickory Poles.

Write Conroy-Bushanan Lumber Co., Jamestown, N. Y.

September, A. D. 1916, at the hour of 3 o'clock P. M. at No. 527, Phillip Street, City of Clarksburg, Harrison County, West Virginia, offer, at either public or private sale, the following personal property, to-wit:

That certain stock of merchandise, together with all stores, fixtures including cash register, scales, refrigerator, etc. Also a certain lease upon the said store room and ground at No. 527 Phillip Street, said city and state, which lease bears date the 1st day of March, 1915, and expires on the 1st day of March, 1920.

This sale offers an excellent opportunity for any one wishing to conduct a general

store at that place. Terms of sale: Cash on day of sale. For further information see the undersigned trustee.

Dated this 15th day of September, A. D. 1916. F. O. SUTTON, Trustee, Rooms 2 and 3, Odd Fellows Building, Clarksburg, W. Va.

A blade of witchgrass exhibited by F. L. Yeaton, of Belgrade, Me., measures six feet ten inches in length.

BOYS WANTED

Twenty-five boys and young men for special service a few hours Sunday morning. Residents of Northview, Industrial, Broad Oaks and other suburbs preferred. 50c to \$1.00 an hour commission for hustlers.

Apply to circulation manager, The Sunday Telegram, at the Telegram business office early Sunday morning.

CONDENSED STATEMENT

—OF—

Clarksburg Trust Company

CLARKSBURG, W. VA.

At Close of Business Sept. 12, 1916.

First Began Business Sept. 15, 1914.

RESOURCES

Table with 2 columns: Resource and Amount. Includes Loans and Discounts, Stocks, Bonds and Premiums, Overdrafts, Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures, Cash and Due from Banks, Expense and Interest Paid.

LIABILITIES

Table with 2 columns: Liability and Amount. Includes Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits, Dividends Unpaid, DEPOSITS.

OUR GROWTH

Table with 2 columns: Date and Amount. Shows growth from Oct. 31, 1914 to Sept. 12, 1916.

RATES CHANGED:

Rates on Ford Taxicabs have been changed as follows:

Taxicabs not going beyond Mechanic street south, B. & O. R. E. north, Junction Pike and Main streets, west, and Second street, east, will be 25c for each passenger.

Beyond said streets to city limits fare will be 50c for one or two passengers and 25c for each additional passenger.

Outside city limits Taxicabs will be charged for by the \$2.50 hourly rate.

AUTO LIVERY CO.

Either 819 Phone. Traders Ave.