

SALARIES IN COUNTIES.

The Completed Schedule in the Proposed New Law.

DECISION OF ASSEMBLY.

An Increase of Pay in Some Offices and Reductions in Others.

BLEDSE WANTS REDUCTIONS.

The House Refuses to Adopt His Amendments Relating to Humboldt County.

SACRAMENTO, March 5.—Work was completed on the county government bill this afternoon.

When the county government bill was taken up this morning there was no lack of amendments, but none occasioned any debate till the sections fixing the salaries of Humboldt County officials were reached.

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two miles of any university having not less than 250 students.

Bruse introduced a bill appropriating \$15,000 for the contingent expenses of the Assembly for the month of March.

Huber of Los Angeles introduced a bill over a month ago providing for the establishment of a cannery at the Whittier Reform School, to give profitable employment to the boys and girls, and for other improvements. The bill went first to the Committee on Manufactures. There the cannery feature was stricken out.

Then it went to the Ways and Means Committee, who ruthlessly slaughtered it without the author's knowledge. It was too late to get a substitute, so Huber prepared a new bill, and now wants \$46,100 for the reform school, in place of the \$63,150 asked for in the first place.

The Senate bill doing away with Potter's Home for the Inebriates was passed by a vote of 49 to 6.

Ewing of San Francisco spoke at some length upon the bill and the necessity of a public hospital for irresponsible drinkers. "Is this to have any connection with Potter's home?" inquired Bachman of Fresno.

"I assure you it has not. The new home will be entirely distinct," was the response. This did not seem to satisfy the members. There was some hesitation. Then Powers, the chairman of the San Francisco delegation, asked: "Is Ewing's explanation satisfactory?"

It evidently was not, and Bachman at once arose to inquire, when Powers explained: "The purpose of the bill is to abolish Potter's home."

"Then I am with you," exclaimed Bachman. "Of six votes in the negative only one was cast by a San Franciscan, J. J. Wilkinson of the Thirty-first District."

The bill that had passed the Senate known as the Conlin claim, directing the San Francisco Supervisors to pay John J. Conlin \$61,575, an old street-contracting claim, was refused passage by a vote of 35 yeas to 19 nays.

Senate bills were passed as follows: Providing for the removal of remains from cemeteries in cities having a population of less than 5000.

Amending the law governing cities of the sixth class.

Amending the law relating to reports on estates.

Amending the law relating to letters of administration.

Providing against the adulteration of food and drugs.

Providing for a home for inebriates in San Francisco and repealing the act of 1870, creating the present home.

Providing a stevedore for the San Francisco Coroner.

Providing for a cement floor in the Chico Normal School.

Appropriating \$6000 for tiling the first floor of the Capitol.

Appropriating \$3000 to pay the expenses of the state suits for the thirty-fifth to the fortieth fiscal years, inclusive.

Appropriating \$275,000 to pay coyote scalp claims (refused passage yesterday).

The bill allowing the Controller an extra clerk to be known as revenue clerk was called up out of its order and passed. The place is made necessary by the passage of the bill authorizing the State to buy lands sold for delinquent taxes.

It was not till nearly time for the afternoon recess that bill 653 came up. This is the measure to prevent the Police Commissioners from holding offices for life.

The Assembly favors its passage, but wants to be able to consider it carefully. Therefore consideration was postponed this afternoon and the bill made a special order for to-morrow at 3:30.

Cutter's bill authorizing the formation of drainage districts, which occasioned the disgraceful disturbance of last night, met with some objection at to-night's session of the Assembly. It was passed by a vote of 51 to 8.

Table with columns: CLASS AND COUNTY, COUNTY CLERK, SHERIFF, AUDITOR, RECORDER, TREASURER, TAX COLLECTOR, ASSESSOR, SCHOOL Supt., CORONER, DISTRICT ATTORNEY. Lists salaries for various counties like Los Angeles, Alameda, Santa Clara, etc.

IN THE ASSEMBLY.

THE BILL ABOLISHING DR. POTTER'S "HOME" PASSES.

SACRAMENTO, March 4.—The Assembly Committee on Ways and Means this morning reported on the resolution authorizing it to investigate the affairs of the Sunset Telephone, by recommending the passage of a constitutional amendment taking the assessing of telephone property out of the hands of county officers and giving it to the Board of Equalization. This method is already in practice in regard to railroad property and telegraph lines.

The total valuation of the telephone companies is apportioned by the proposed amendments among the cities, counties and townships in proportion to the number of telephone boxes located in each division. The rules were suspended and the constitutional amendment read the first time.

The rules were again suspended to allow the introduction of bills and five new measures were placed on the files.

Stansell of Butte wants it made a misdemeanor punishable by a \$500 fine and six months' imprisonment to sell fruit which "has been produced, gathered or handled by aliens other than aliens who have declared their intentions to become citizens of the United States." unless the packages in which the fruit is marketed shall have been distinctly marked as having been produced by such aliens.

Meads of Santa Clara wants it to be made a punishable offense to sell liquor within

Belshaw of Contra Costa opposed the appropriation of \$1115 to pay the claim of Major Pico. The House, however, had the bill read a second time.

The second reading of the bill establishing a commission to rearrange the codes and advise the passage of necessary laws caused the discussion of the evening.

Bledsoe of Humboldt and Belshaw of Contra Costa opposed the measure. They denounced it as an attempt to "do politics" and make false places for faithful friends.

Hatfield of Sacramento and Powers of San Francisco showed its value in striking out unnecessary laws and arranging properly the remainder, so that definite information could be readily obtained as to the laws. Spencer also spoke for the bill.

The majority of the House decided to have the bill read a second time.

An interesting row was precipitated by bill 210, providing for State and county veterinarians. A number of amendments were accepted.

Reid moved to strike out section 19 of the bill, which gives the State veterinarian the power to appoint every man in the State in position and to buy everything in the State.

The amendment was carried, and then the bill was killed forever by being laid on the table with such a thud that its author did not venture to give notice of intention to reconsider.

Reception to Senators at Portland. PORTLAND, March 5.—Senator John M. Thurston of Nebraska and Senator George W. McBride of Oregon were tendered an informal reception to-night by the Multiphase Republican Club.

FREE FROM WILLIAM.

Mrs. Alva E. Vanderbilt Secures an Absolute Divorce.

ALSO GETS THE CHILDREN

Now Has Big Alimony and the Right to Marry Again.

GREAT SECRECY MAINTAINED.

Without Delay the Liberated Woman Will Occupy Palatial Quarters at Paris.

NEW YORK, March 5.—Judge Barrett has granted an absolute divorce to Mrs. Alva E. Vanderbilt from William K. Vanderbilt. The utmost secrecy was maintained in the action, and as all the papers were sealed it was impossible to secure any details of the case.

Mrs. Vanderbilt will, it is reported, leave her present residence, and will hereafter live at her Newport houses or in the handsome residence which is said to have recently been purchased by her in this city. She will leave with her children for Europe about the middle of March.

It is understood that the settlement upon Mrs. Vanderbilt includes the marble palace at Newport, the residence on Fifty-second street and Fifth avenue, and money and securities that will make her income \$300,000 a year.

Mrs. Vanderbilt's sister is the former wife of Ferdinand Zyznar, whose present wife returned to the United States last month to secure a divorce. The "woman in the case" is Nellie Neustretter, one of the most beautiful queens of the Parisian demi-monde. Mr. Vanderbilt is alleged to have given her all his winnings at the Grand Prix de Paris. At present Mr. Vanderbilt is cruising on board his yacht Valiant in the Mediterranean with a party of friends.

Mrs. Vanderbilt and her friends have made all their arrangements for sailing for Europe, having planned to occupy palatial quarters at Paris.

It is said that the break between Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt came at the close of the yachting trip to the Valiant last summer, during which it is alleged Mrs. Vanderbilt was subjected to indignities in the presence of her friends that made it impossible to longer defer action. It is alleged Vanderbilt's relations with Mlle. Neustretter were openly paraded by him with the purpose of forcing his wife to take cognizance of them.

Vanderbilt's friends assert that prior to this yachting trip his behavior toward Mrs. Vanderbilt had been considerate and that he conducted himself in an exemplary manner. They assert he had no affection for Mlle. Neustretter and was in no sense fascinated by her. Though the fact had been known for some months that the Vanderbilts were agreed upon the general proposition of divorce it was not known by the public until the decree had been granted to-day that the proceedings had begun.

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Men of the Mikado Declare They Will Not Block the Gulf of Pechili.

LONDON, March 5.—Dispatches from Peking to the Times, which will be published to-morrow, confirm previous dispatches outlining the success of Li Hung Chang at the Chinese capital. They say that after tedious telegraphing through the United States Minister, Charles Denby, the text of Li Hung Chang's credentials as peace envoy have been accepted by Japan.

Li Hung Chang was given an audience by the Dowager Empress of China yesterday in the presence of the Privy Council, who heartily supported the mission upon which the Viceroy is engaged.

Prince Kung, president of the Chinese Foreign Office, and uncle of the present Emperor of China, silenced all opposition by presenting papers showing that the failure of the Chinese to repulse the Japanese was due to the backward policy for which they themselves were to blame, and exonerating Li Hung Chang, who spoke frankly about the condition of the empire.

The powers of Li Hung Chang to negotiate for peace are believed to be complete, and the actual commission being signed, he left Peking to-day for Tientsin, where the Japanese require him to tranship for Hiroshima.

John W. Foster, the American adviser of the Chinese, will join the Viceroy.

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M. Cavaignac, Minister of War, reproached M. Roche for exaggerating the gravity of the situation, maintaining the French army only numbered about 50,000 less than the German army. The debate was then adjourned.

GERMAN HUSBANDRY COUNCIL. Recommendations by Which Trade Conditions May Be Improved.

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"It was an old custom of our forefathers, and they held it a sacred duty to perform their oaths loyally. Just as I, your Emperor and sovereign, devote my every effort and thought to the fatherland, so are you bound to give up your whole life for me. You have taken the oath as Christians, and true servants of God have spoken to you in a Christian spirit. On your war flag you behold the eagle, the noblest bird in the universe. Strong in its youth it soars high in the air beneath the rays of God's sun, knowing neither fear nor danger. So also must be your thought and act."

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