NOTED GERMANS AT THE FRENCH CAPITAL.

CELEBRATION OF THE BIRTHDAY ANNIVERSARY OF EMPEROR WILLIAM.

COUNT MUNSTER'S RECEPTION

THE PARIS EMBASSY A MINIATURE FATHERLAND FOR THE GAY OCCASION.

PARIS, Feb. 8, 1895.—The Germans in Paris celebrated last Sunday the birthday anniversary of their Emperor. There was a banquet at the German embassy, and in the evening the Embassador, Count von Munster, held an official reception, in the

HALL OF THE FOUR SEASONS—GERMAN EMBASSY, PARIS.

course of which was given the Imperial "Song of Ægir," by the German Choral Society.

The German Embassador was assisted in receiving by his daughter, Countess Marie von Munster, who wore a very becoming blue and white toilet. The Countess Marie is one of the most interesting personalities of the diplomatic corps in Paris. As the Count von Munster is a widower the Countess Marie is her father's constant companion—she presides at his table and entertains his friends. She does not care for the gayeties of Parisian life, but never fails in any of the duties which devolve upon her position. The Countess Marie is very fond of pets and is always accompanied by beautiful dogs. Her kindness of heart, her sweet disposition are proverbial. She is a

Count von Munster, German Embassador in Paris.

regular attendant of the American Church, in the Avenue de l'Alma, and much interested in the charitable work of the congregation.

The Countess Marie speaks English without the slightest accent. She is an especial favorite of the Empress Frederick, who, in 1892, spent ten days at the German embassy in Paris. Count von Munster belongs to an old Hanoverian family, and his first services were given to the little kingdom of Hanover. He represented King George at St. Petersburg, when war was declared between Prussia and Austria. Afterward (1866) Hanover was incorporated with Prussia and Count von Munster entered the Prussian diplomatic service. For twelve years he was German Embassador in London, and when, in 1885, Prince von Hohenlohe was named Statthalter of Alsace-Lorraine, Count von Munster was appointed to succeed him at the embassy in Paris. His manner is very agreeable, and by prudence and reserve he seeks to surmount all obstacles. He is conciliatory and pre-eminently a peacemaker. Never has he countenanced the German spies established throughout France, and if war were to be declared between France and Germany Count von Munster would have the satisfaction of knowing he had done all in his power to avoid such a catastrophe.

The German embassy occupies the house 78 Rue de Lille, near the Seine embankment. It was constructed by Napoleon, after the Egyptian campaign, for Eugene de Beauharnais, and is one of the most curious types of French art at the beginning of the century. Over the German escutcheon are two immense eagles, placed there by Napoleon, and in the courtyard is an antrium, supported by heavy columns, representing Egyptian figures. Two serpents coil around the symbolical egg in the atrium, and the lotus-flower twines about Rhameses and Osiris, seated with hands upon their knees.

The magnificent staircase with wrought-iron balustrade and bronze torches, supported by small gilded cupids, leads to the reception-rooms. At the top of the staircase is a splendid picture by Lapite. From an immense hall, furnished in blue and yellow and decorated with mirrors, opens the library, with floor of yellow and white marble. This is used as a waiting-room. Opposite the library three doors lead to the throneroom, but this is preceded by an empire salon, furnished in green and gold. Here, on a console, is a small copy of the Luxor obelisk.

The throneroom is usually called Salon des Quatre Saisons, or Hall of the Four Seasons, because of the panels on the walls. Only for extraordinary receptions is the throne placed in this room. Ordinarily the throne is in a smaller room beside this one, under a baldaquin of crimson velvet, the gold fringe of which fall upon Winterhalter's portrait of William I. Draped in a mantle of blue velvet and ermine, the old Emperor looks severe and warlike.

The Salon des Quatre Saisons is blue and gold, and besides Robert's four allegorical pictures, of which I have already spoken, it is laden with decorations of the purest empire style.

Two drawing-rooms, also used for official receptions, are near the throneroom. The first is furnished in green and gold, the second decorated with marble and jasper. On the doors are bas-reliefs of eagles and swans, medalions of musicians—Gluck, Ramaeu, Zucchini—and everywhere are dolphins, disporting themselves in the midst of little cupids. Passing through two more drawing-rooms—one furnished in red, the other in yellow, both decorated with mosaic mantelpieces—we reach the bedroom of Prince Eugene, now occupied by the Embassador. This is upholstered in blue satin, and the bedstead has wonderfully carved columns decorated with bronze. The curtains at the foot of the bed conceal a large Venetian glass pierced in the center by a cannon-shot. The hole is cut as though by a knife, and the ball remains in the masonry. This dates from the Commune.

When the Emperor and Empress Frederick visited the Paris Exposition of 1867 this was the room assigned them. The oriental dressing-room, attached to this bedroom, is exquisite, and nothing can be more beautiful than the bathroom in Parian marble, surrounded with Venetian mirrors.

On the ground floor are the offices for secretaries and attaches. These have a view on the garden, which borders the Quai d'Orsay, and is planted with trees 100 years old. When Count von Munster gives dinner parties he uses silver and porcelain which dates from Frederick the Great, and his table appointments are considered more magnificent than those used by any other diplomatist in Paris. But since the war of 1870 grand fetes are very rare at the German embassy. In Count d'Arnim's time M. Thiers was the guest of the Embassador. Prince von Hohenlohe entertained the Marechal de MacMahon, and in 1889 President Carnot dined with Count von Munster. That dinner was a memorable one, but in no way was it of political importance. The house occupied by the embassy was that evening most imposing in appearance. Liveried servants were stationed on the grand staircase, and two hallebardiers stood before the atrium. Count von Munster, wearing the decoration of the Red Eagle and the Hohenzollern collar, with Countess Marie and the secretaries and attaches, stood at the foot of the grand staircase to receive the Chief of State and Mme. Carnot. Countess Marie gave to Mme. Carnot a bouquet of red, white and blue flowers, the French colors. Thirty guests were seated at dinner, and the table-cloth was entirely hidden by roses.

After dinner a reception was given to six hundred persons. Mme. Carnot evidently determined to honor the German embassy with her most splendid toilette, for never have I seen a gown more magnificent than hers—of gray, brocaded with silver leaves, the train trimmed with a band of gray plumes. The front of the skirt was embroidered in silver pendants and the effect was bewilderingly beautiful. Count von Munster and his daughter attend the official and diplomatic receptions, but are seldom seen in the salons of French Royalists.

During the winter, almost each day, they give dinners of from six to twelve covers, and to these are invited members of the Government and of the diplomatic

The Atrium—German Embassy, Paris.

corps. The house of Prince Eugene became the property of the German embassy in this manner: After the battle of Waterloo, during the stay of the allied armies in Paris, the King of Prussia lived in this house. When peace was re-established his Majesty remembered its comfort, combined with splendor, and decided to purchase it for his Embassadors. It was bought for the sum of 250,000 francs, but to-day is valued at ten times that amount. BARONESS ALTHEA SALVADOR.

Howard Gould lost over $2000 in a poker game on the steamer that brought him back to New York. It was won by a German baron. The aristocracy of Europe are beginning to revere the memory of the late Jay Gould.

It is computed by a statistician of the curious that Queen Victoria's hand, which is said to be a handsome one, has signed more important state papers and been kissed by more important men than the hand of any other Queen that ever lived. The Queen does a great deal of political work of which the public rarely hears. Every day sealed boxes of documents are brought to her, and in one year she has read as many as 28,000 state papers.

If correspondents neglect to give correct names and addresses they must not be disappointed if there is no answer to the communication. The names are not for publication, but for reference.

Questions will be answered as soon as possible after they are received. Sometimes an answer cannot be had sooner than three weeks after starting the inquiry.

Questions the answers to which will amount to an advertisement of any business or article will not be answered.

Questions asking for the standing of any individual or firm will not be answered.

No questions in arithmetic, algebra or geometry will be answered.

Material for debaters will not be furnished.

Religious questions respectfully declined.

MOTION AND SUBSTITUTE—J. R. S., City. If in an assembly a member makes a motion, it receives a second, is voted upon and is declared carried, it stands, and that is the end of the proceeding unless some one who voted with the majority moved to reconsider it and it is reconsidered. After a motion has been carried a substitute for it is not in order and cannot be entertained, as that is not according to parliamentary usage. When a motion is made, before a vote is taken, an amendment may be offered; and if that is not satisfactory an amendment may be offered to the amendment, but no two amendments to an amendment can be entertained. If the amendment to an amendment is not satisfactory it must be voted down and then a new amendment offered. If, however, a number of these amendments to amendments are not satisfactory a member may move a substitute for the whole, provided the subject of it is germane to the other. There is no such thing recognized as a substitute for a motion just previously offered and regularly carried. A chairman that rules that a so-called substitute takes the place of an unreconsidered motion would do well to read up some of the many books on parliamentary law. A motion to declare the previous motion illegal would certainly be ruled out of order by any presiding officer who knows anything about parliamentary rulings.

OREGON'S SENATOR—C. B. L., Salem, Or. According to the law of Oregon in relation to the election of a United States Senator it appears that a vote is taken in each house of the Legislature and if a majority of each house votes for the same candidate then, at the joint session to be held the following day, these votes are cast for the candidate and he is declared the Senator. If, however, there is a failure of agreement on the one candidate in both houses then, when the two houses come together, at which session there must be a majority of members elected to each house, the members are viva voce to declare their choice for Senator. The candidate who receives a majority of such viva voce votes is declared elected. The quotation from the law, "A person having a majority of all the votes of the said joint assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both houses being present and voting," undoubtedly means that a majority of all the members elected to each house must be present before an election can be had, that all such members present must vote and that a majority of the votes elects the Senator.

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE—I. B. R., Los Gatos, Santa Clara County, Cal. The question, "At what hour on the Fourth of July was the Declaration of Independence signed?" cannot be answered in any other way than to state that it was not signed on that day. The document was adopted in Continental Congress on that day. On the evening of the Fourth President Harrison reported that the declaration, which had been under consideration for several days, had been agreed upon, and it was then adopted. There is no record of the exact hour of the adoption of this important document. On the 19th of July Congress ordered the declaration engrossed, and on the 2d of August following, the instrument having been engrossed on parchment, was presented to Congress and signed, but whether signed by the members in a body or not is not recorded. It is fair to suppose that so important a document was presented at the morning session, which was held at 10 o'clock, and was, without delay, signed.

COFFEE, TEA, TOBACCO—A. J., City. The following statistics relating to the consumption of tea, coffee and tobacco are taken from Mulhall's work: Tea—United States, per each inhabitant yearly, 20 ounces; United Kingdom, 80 ounces; Australia, 88 ounces; Canada, 70 ounces, and Russia 7 ounces. Coffee, tons per annum—United States, 215,000 tons; United Kingdom, 15,000; France, 65,000; Germany, 105,000; Brazil, 75,000; Holland, 40,000; Italy, 14,000, and Russia 8000. Tobacco, number of tons per annum—United States, 85,000 tons; United Kingdom, 23,000; France, 52,000; Germany, 71,000; Russia, 54,000; Italy, 18,000; Spain and Portugal, 18,000; Japan, 38,000. The Bureau of Statistics of the Treasury of the United States for the year 1893 says that the consumption of coffee in the United States during the year was 8.25 pounds per capita and that of tea was 1.32 pounds.

PEDRO SANCHO—S., City. "In playing pedro sancho A, B and C are the players. A has seven to go, B has one to go, and C has five to go. B buys him for seven, which puts A out. B leads the ace of diamonds, A has none, C puts on the four, then B leads the four of hearts and C takes in the pedro of diamonds, which he held in his hand, and claims that he should go out before B, who has the sancho, deuce and seven of trumps, while C has none. Which of the two can go out first, B or C? Ought not B to go out first, he having made his bid good and holding high? Was that not enough to put him out?" This question was submitted to half a dozen pedro sancho sharps and all agree that B goes out with high, having made his bid good.

PARLIAMENTARY LAW—P. R., City. According to the best parliamentary writers if a member of an assembly believes that a motion adopted was not properly carried he may call attention to the fact, and if he was one of the prevailing party, that is one who voted with the party that carried the motion, or changed his vote from the other side to the prevailing side before the vote was announced, he would have the right to move to reconsider the vote by which the motion was carried, and in making his motion would have the right to state his reasons for moving for the reconsideration. If the motion to reconsider is adopted then the whole matter comes up again as if it was new matter.

RIVER BOAT—J. A. G., Sacramento, Cal. If two men have a steamboat 50 feet long with a 15-horsepower engine and wish to engage in the business of carrying freight and passengers between two towns on the Sacramento River they come under the law that refers to steam-vessels used for commercial purposes; therefore the engineer would have to obtain a license, and so would the captain, who could take out a second-class license, which would give him the right to act as pilot and master. For particulars in regard to the examination apply to the United States Local Inspectors of Steam-vessels, which in this case are Messrs. Phillips and Talbot, room 21, Appraiser's building, this city.

BOMB-THROWING—A. A., Golden Gate, Alameda County, Cal. The individual who, during a performance in the Grand Opera-house on the 14th of February, 1887, threw what at that time was claimed to be an explosive bomb at the stage, but which afterward proved to be a bottle filled with turpentine, was Dr. James Hodges. He was arrested for attempt to commit murder and attempt at arson. The last named charge was dismissed, but he was tried in Department 12 of the Superior Court, found guilty of assault with a deadly weapon and was sentenced to imprisonment for two years. His motive for the act never clearly appeared.

BOMBASTES FURIOSO.—J. K., City. The lines

Who dares this pair of boots displace
Must meet Bombastes face to face.

Are from Bombastes Furioso, act 1, scene 4. This is a farce by William Barnes Rhodes and is a travesty on "Orlando Furioso," a play by Robert Green, produced, it is believed, in 1588 or 1589, revived in 1592 and printed in 1594. "Bombastes Furioso" was first produced in 1790. In the play Angelica, beloved by Orlando, discards him for Medoro, a young Moor. On this Orlando goes mad and hangs up his armor on a tree with this distich attached to it:

Orlando's arms let none displace
But such who'll meet him face to face.

COLD FEET—J. D. H., City. The following is given as a remedy for cold feet: "Draw off your stockings just before undressing and rub your ankles and feet well with your hand, as hard as you can bear the pressure, for five or ten minutes and you will never have to complain of cold feet in bed." The following is given as a powder for the absorption of excessive perspiration of the feet: Mix together 7 ounces of carbonate of magnesia, 2 ounces of powdered calcined alum, 7 ounces of orris root and half a dram of powdered cloves. Rub the feet with this powder.

THE BALLOT—F. A. B., Point Arena, Mendocino County, Cal. The purity of election law passed by the Legislature of 1893 and approved on the 23d of February of that year makes it a misdemeanor for any one to intimidate an elector or for an employer to make any threats, expressed or implied, intended or calculated to influence the political opinions or actions of his workmen or employes. The law also applies to corporations, and in case of conviction the corporation forfeits its charter. This particular section of the law is to be found in section 41 of the act.

TO CARPET A ROOM—T. G. R., City. Carpets are measured by the running yard irrespective of width. To determine how much carpet is wanted for a room determine in the first place how you want to lay it, along the greatest length of the room or across the width. This being done measure the length in accordance with the decision reached and then count the number of widths you will need of the carpet you have chosen. Multiply the number of widths by the length and the result will be the number of yards required. Oilcloth is measured in the same way.

PRIVATE ROAD—O. S., Plainsburg, Merced County, Cal. Section 2692 of the codes of the State on the subject of private roads says:

Private roads or by-roads may be opened, laid out or altered for the convenience of one or more residents or freeholders in any road district in the same manner as public roads are opened, altered or laid out, except that only one petitioner shall be necessary, who must be a resident or a freeholder in said road district; the Supervisers may for like cause order the same to be viewed, opened, laid out or altered, the person for whose benefit it is required paying for the damage awarded the landowners and keeping the same in repair.

CAPTAIN KIDD — M. E. C., Visalia, Tulare County, Cal. The old ballad entitled "Captain Kidd," in which occur the lines:

My name was Robert Kidd, when I sailed, when I sailed,
My name was Robert Kidd, when I sailed:
My name was Robert Kidd, God's laws I did forbid,
And so wickedly I did, when I sailed.

Is to be found in a volume called "Our Familiar Songs," by Helen Kendrick. The ballad is made up of twenty-five verses, and is too long for reproduction in this department.

LEGISLATIVE CLERKS—S. J., San Jose, Cal. To what extent some of those who serve in the California Legislature in the capacity of clerks loaf after the adjournment it is impossible to tell, as it is not possible to keep track of them after they get away from the public crib, at which they feed for two months, but it is undoubtedly true that after adjournment quite a number of the useless attaches who during the session drew good pay for not doing anything may be seen on the streets without any visible means of support.

LOWEST RATES—W. A. R., City. It is impossible to give "the lowest rate charged for carrying wheat from San Francisco to Europe since the days of the first shipment," for the reason that in the early days people thought more of making money than of keeping records for future generations, but between 1872-73 and 1879-80 the lowest was £1 10s, that was in the season of 1878-79; between 1881-82 and 1893-94 the lowest average for wood was in the season of 1892-93, 19s 6d; for iron the lowest was in the season of 1887-88, £1 6s 2d.

OUR REPRESENTATIVES—H. J. F., City. The representatives from San Francisco in the Legislature are: Senate—W. J. Dunn, Hugh Toner, T. F. Mitchell, E. F. Bert, W. J. Biggy, P. L. Henderson, C. S. S. Arms, J. H. Mahoney and John Fay. Assembly—W. Healey, J. D. Coughlin, J. O'Day, J. J. Wilkinson, J. T. Twiggs, L. J. Dwyer, M. A. Devine, C. Ewing, J. McCarthy, G. W. Dickson, M. Lewis, H. G. W. Dinkelspiel, S. M. Bettman, F. H. Powers, J. M. Merrill, W. T. Boothby, L. P. Zocchi and J. Devitt.

FENCE LAW—O. S., Plainsburg, Merced County, Cal. The general laws of the State in regard to fences are as follows:

Coterminous owners are mutually bound to maintain:

1. Boundaries and monuments between them.
2. The fences between them unless one of them chooses to let his land lie without fencing; in which case, if afterward he incloses it, he must refund to the other a just proportion of the value, at the time, of any division fence made by the latter.

CRIBBAGE—A. E., City. "In a game of cribbage A has three deuces and a three; B has king, four and two threes. A leads deuce, B plays king, A plays three, making fifteen-two, B plays three and a pair, A plays four with a run of three (run 1), A plays two and claims a run of three (run 2). Does A count? (run 2)." The answer to this is: A has not a run of three (run 2) and does not count, but if B played his remaining cards he would have a run of three.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS—R. S. B., Hay wards, Alameda County, Cal. You can secure a copy of the report of the State Mineralogist by addressing him a letter directed "State Mineralogist, Mining Bureau, 24 Fourth street, San Francisco, Cal." To secure a copy of a map of the mineral belt recently issued by the United States Government write a letter to the Congressman from your district and make known your desire.

BOATS ON THE LAKE—F. C., City. The pleasure boats on Stow Lake in Golden Gate Park are the property of ex-Supervisor Sands W. Forman. The revenue derived from the hire of these goes to the owner, "but," said the secretary of the Board of Park Commissioners, "when the owner of the boats shall have earned the money he expended the boats will revert to the park and the money collected for the use of them will go into the park fund."

LAWFUL INTEREST—A. S., City. Section 340 of the Penal Code of California has the following in regard to the rate of interest a pawnbroker in this State may charge:

Every pawnbroker who charges or receives interest at the rate of more than 2 per cent per month, or, who by charging commission, discount, storage or other charges, or by compounding increases or attempts to increase such interest, is guilty of misdemeanor.

PRISONERS—Mrs. S., City. A convict serving a term in the penitentiary of California is not allowed any pay for work that he performs while a prisoner, but when he is discharged he is allowed a small sum of money to enable him to leave the prison grounds. During his incarceration he is permitted to correspond by letter with people outside of the prison, but all correspondence is inspected by the prison officials.

UNDERTAKING—I. D. N., City. There are two or three places in San Francisco where a young woman can learn to become an undertaker. One place in particular teaches young women how to trim coffins, and others have women who are instructed how to dress and prepare bodies for the tomb, particularly bodies of females. The Query Column, however, cannot advertise such places.

TENBROECK'S RECORD—R. L. D., City. The record of Tenbroeck, the running horse, is: 1877, Louisville, Ky., one mile, 1:39¾; same year, same course, two miles against time, 3:27½; same course in 1876, three miles, 5:26¼; 1876, same course, five miles against time, 7:15¾. In 1876 the animal was reckoned as a four-year-old, and in each race carried 110 pounds.

ATLANTIC CABLE—F. J., City. The laying of the first Atlantic cable was completed in 1858. The first message that passed over the wire was one of greeting from the President of the United States to Queen Victoria. This was on the 6th of August. A few more messages of congratulation passed, after which the cable became useless and was abandoned.

MARRIAGE—A. S., City. No marriage license is required in Dakota, New Mexico, Idaho and Oklahoma. No license is required of residents of New Jersey, but if parties from another State go there to get married they are required to procure a license. In California no one under age can obtain a marriage license without consent of parent or guardian.

TO TAMALPAIS—J. H. L., City. There are two ways to reach the top of Mount Tamalpais, in Marin County, from San Francisco. You take the ferry to Sausalito and from there take the cars to Mill Valley and make the ascent from that place by a trail, or else take the cars to Ross Valley and make the ascent by the old wagon road from there.

A MECHANIC'S TOOLS—A. S., City. Paragraph 4 of section 690 of the Code of Civil Procedure of this State says that "the tools or implements of a mechanic or artisan necessary to carry on his trade are exempt from execution." If the Sheriff cannot levy on such it follows that a landlord cannot legally hold such for non-payment of rent.

NO SUCH RIGHT—C. R., City. The franchises on file in the office of the Board of Supervisors fail to show that the Market-street Railway Company has been granted permission to change its main line from a cable to an electric or a steam line. The company has a right to use electricity on a number of its branches and steam on one.

AN ERROR—M. F., City. The use of the word "or" in the sentence quoted from Chambers' Encyclopedia is certainly incorrect and is no doubt there by neglect to correct a marked proof. The sentence should read, as it does in some other editions of the same work, "hung his own son from a window, in the spirit of Brutus."

NEW FERRY DEPOT—F. C., City. In view of the fact that no contract for building the new ferry depot has yet been let, it cannot be stated how much it will cost nor how long the contractors will be allowed in which to finish it. The cost of the depot will be paid out of the State's earnings along the city front.

THE OWNER'S NEGLECT—A. C., City. The owner of a piece of property in California who neglects the same is likely to learn that it has been sold for taxes. The law requires that property so sold must be redeemed within one year and if not so redeemed the Tax Collector must give the purchaser a title to the same.

A QUESTION OF LAW—L. J., City. The question as to your rights in regard to property on which your late husband loaned money is one that ought to be submitted to a lawyer well versed in land laws, and it is one that cannot be well answered through the columns of a newspaper.

THE INCOME TAX—G. L. R., City. Persons whose income during the year is less than $3500 are exempt from taxation under the provisions of the income tax law. The amount of tax is 2 per cent on all incomes above the amount named.

SINGLE TAX—A. R., City. The taxation theory that Henry George advocates is the single tax. A number of speakers and writers have found grounds to oppose the stand taken by George, but the Query Column has not room to publish them.

FASTEST RUNNING HORSE—R. L. D., City. The fastest running horse in the world is Salvator, whose record is: One mile, four-year-old, 110 pounds, Monmouth Park, August 29, 1894, against time, straight course, time 1:35½.

ALWAYS A PROFESSIONAL—F. B., City. Once a professional, always a professional, is the rule among athletes. An individual who has once taken part in any contest for money is barred from joining any amateur organization.

PARK TO BAY—L. R., City. The distance from the eastern line of Golden Gate Park proper, which is Stanyan street, in an air line to the bay on the east is 18,000 feet, or not quite three and a half miles.

JOHN BROWN—C. B. S., Antioch, Contra Costa County, Cal. If there is a biography of John Brown, who was one of Queen Victoria's household, it does not appear in the catalogues of publications.

GUATEMALA—J. H., City. The United States Minister to Guatemala, also accredited to Honduras, is P. B. M. Young of Georgia, and his address is New Guatemala, the capital of the republic.

THE TERRITORIES—C. W., Antioch, Contra Costa County, Cal. The territories of the United States are New Mexico, Utah, Arizona, Indian, District of Columbia, Alaska and Oklahoma.

LYON TO BEALE—G. O. S., City. The distance from the corner of Lyon and Post streets down Post to Montgomery, across that street, down Market to Beale, is 13,760 feet.

A QUARTER OF 1838—G. S. O., City. Dealers in old coins do not make any bids for quarters of 1838, but they charge from 50 to 85 cents for them.

SOUTH CAROLINA NOTE—H. S., City. A ten-shilling note issued in South Carolina, April 4, 1778, is according to the coin catalogues worth 5 cents.

GEORGE IV—J. M. T., City. George IV of England was born August 12, 1762, and died June 26, 1830. He reigned from 1820 to 1830.

THE REFEREE—G. and M. B., City. Joe Choynski was the referee at the Tommy Ryan-Billy Smith fight recently held in Boston.

SUTRO'S NATIONALITY—F. C., City. Mayor Sutro was born at Aix-la-Chapelle, Rhenish Prussia, April 20, 1830.

DAY OF THE WEEK—J. C., City. The 1st of January, 1840, fell on Wednesday.

NEW TO-DAY—DRY GOODS.

Hale Bros. [INCORPORATED]

Fifty Cases of New Goods Open Monday.

THE new goods are coming so fast now and in such infinite variety that it is impossible to chronicle all of the arrivals in the daily papers. The store looks bright and cheerful with its wealth of winsome Spring Wash Fabrics, Dress Goods and Silks. To-morrow many new lines for the first time.

JUST OPENED.
LACE RIBBON, a novelty for trimming underwear, aprons, etc. Narrow Valenciennes lace inserted in ribbons of various colors, lavender, cream, pink, light blue, black and red; comes in four widths.....8½c to 16⅔c

JUST OPENED.
INFANTS' LONG AND SHORT DRESSES, new designs, beautifully made of Nainsook, lawn and fine cambric, shirred, tucked, ruffled, belaced; see them; they have been priced low.....85c to $5.00

JUST OPENED.
POINT DE VENISE BELTS in lovely patterns; leather belts with waists are out of style; these are just right..... $1.00 Each

JUST OPENED.
BLACK SATEEN SKIRTS, tucked, ruffled (wide), ribbon trimmed; two grades at two low prices.....$1 and $1.50

JUST OPENED.
LADIES' BLACK LISLE-THREAD HOSE, with lace boots, double heels and toes; this lace effect is the newest conceit in hosiery..... 50c Pair

NEW BLACK GOODS.
NOVELTY JACQUARD DRESS GOODS, a dozen patterns, all small and dainty figures, very choice and stylish; the fabric is full 6 inches wider than the $1 25 grade of last year..... $1.25 Yard

Big Features This Week!

A SPECIAL SALE OF FINE SILKS.
ANNUAL SALE MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.
A SALE OF LADIES' WAISTS.

Special Silk Sale!

ON February 6 there was held in New York a great Peremptory Trade Sale of Fine Silks. Our buyer wrote: "Will buy $2000 or $3000 worth if they go cheap enough." They proved to be the biggest silk bargain of the year and he bought nearly $15,000 worth. They are on sale to-morrow. Here's a few of the prices:

ALL-SILK BLACK FAILLE, 19 inches wide, soft, lustrous, beautiful and every thread silk; cheap at 85c or $1; you'll save 25c a yard at least..... 60c Yard

ALL-SILK BLACK ARMURE, 19 inches wide. You know the pretty diamond-shaped pattern, the lusterless black. This special lot is worth 85c anyway..... 60c Yard

ALL-SILK BLACK GROS GRAIN, 24 inches wide, and French Gros Grain at that; it's worth $1 25; we are going to sell it at..... 80c Yard

ALL-SILK BLACK GROS GRAIN, 24 inches wide, French make and a very heavy, desirable quality; the $1 50 kind..... $1.00 Yard

ALL-SILK BLACK LUXOR, 22 inches wide, soft, heavy, well-nigh perfect; worth $1 50 at least; sale price..... $1.00 Yard

ALL-SILK BLACK REGENCE, 21 inches wide; the ribbed pattern which resembles a Bengaline (only this is all silk), runs lengthwise of the piece; it is a magnificent fabric, worth at the lowest $1 50..... $1.00 Yard

ALL-SILK RHADAME, 19 inches wide, in colors only (no black), an excellent quality, only..... 50c Yard

ALL-SILK TAFFETAS, 19 inches wide, 12 styles and 100 color tones, spots, dots, sprays, stripes, fine checks, all the conceits of pattern for 1895; marked now..... 75c Yard

Muslin Underwear Sale!

CONTINUED this week. Everybody exclaims "how cheap," and are surprised at the quantity and assortments displayed on the center tables, counters and in every available place. No botch sewing. Styles pretty and correct. Trimmings good and liberal quantity on each garment. Here's a few sample prices:

LADIES' CAMBRIC DRAWERS, plain except for tucks, cut full, open or closed..... 25c Pair

LADIES' MUSLIN DRAWERS, good heavy muslin, tucked and ruffled, the best for the money you ever saw..... 25c Pair

LADIES MUSLIN DRAWERS, Superior quality, heavy muslin, 9 tucks and 3 inch embroidery trimming..... 50c Pair
Other qualities 35c, 40c, 75c, $1 25, $1 50, etc.

LADIES' MUSLIN GOWNS, V-shaped neck, tucked embroidery, insertion and ruffle-trimmed yoke, only..... 50c Each

LADIES' MUSLIN GOWNS, tucked and ruffle-trimmed yoke, Torchon lace edge, value at least 90c each, sale price only..... 65c Each
Other styles 75c, $1, $1 25, $1 50 up to $4 50.

LADIES' CHEMISE, tucked and embroidered and insertion trimmed, a good quality of muslin and well made, sale price only..... 35c Each
Other styles and qualities up to $2 50.

Embroideries.

Continuation of the big annual sale began last week. All sorts white and colored. Nainsook sets, dotted Swiss sets, Irish point effects, cambric sets, all over effects, etc., etc.
HAMBURG EDGING..... 2c to 50c
EMBR'DER'D FLOUNCING 25c to $4 50
HALF FLOUNCING..... 25c to $2 50

Sale of Ladies' Waists!

A NEW stock of Ladies' Waists, the nobbiest styles and prettiest patterns, and the lowest priced garments of their kind we have ever seen. Calico, percale, gingham, lawn, Madras cloth, etc., in twenty styles. All large sleeves, all made to fit. We've got your size and color now, later the assortment will be broken.

SPECIAL.
100 DOZEN LADIES' CALICO WAISTS, medium and light colors, dots, sprays, stripes, figures, etc. Very special at..... 25c Each

SPECIAL.
50 DOZEN BOYS' CALICO WAISTS, light or dark colors. Ages 4 to 10 years. Very special at..... 25c Each

LADIES' PERCALE WAISTS, laundried collar and cuffs, full front and puff sleeves. Dark and light narrow blue stripes. Sale price... 50c Each

LADIES' PERCALE WAISTS, laundried collar and cuffs. A wavy stripe pattern in several popular colors; pretty and stylish..... 75c Each

LADIES' BLUE STRIPED PERCALE WAISTS with blue and white or all white corded edges. Laundried collar and cuffs..... 85c Each

LADIES' STANLEY WAISTS, full laundried. Very stylish cut; turn down collar; prettiest stripe ever shown, lavender, blue, pink and black stripes (also plain white), a great value at price..... $1.00 Each

LADIES' WHITE SHIRT WAIST, full laundried; pleated front; standing collar; full sleeves; the kind that fit and look swell..... $1.25 Each

LADIES' CALICO WRAPPERS light or dark colors; stripes; full sleeves, pleated backs. Sale price. 75c Each

Hale Bros. [INCORPORATED]

Special Bargains at Every Counter in the Store.

THERE are always some special drives which those who keep themselves in touch with the doings of the store avail themselves of.

In every department something nice,
Bearing the charm of fashion's spice;
Something to please, impress and entice,
With many a slice cut off the price.

Here's a few of them:

BLEACHED TURKISH TOWELS, heavy fluffy grade, 21x42 inches in size, regular price anywhere 20c or 25c, very special at... 13c Each

CHECKED GLASS CRASH, 17 inches, small and medium checks, blue and red, a good grade, extra value at 12½c, special price..... 10c Yard

UNBLEACHED TABLE DAMASK, 58 inches wide, all pure linen, guaranteed good value at 45c a yard, we sell it special at..... 35c Yard

PRINTED SATEENS, black grounds, light grounds, the patterns tiny sprays of flowers in choice color effects, good value at 12½c, special price..... 10c Yard

FLANELETTE OVERSHIRTS for men or boys (sizes 13 to 17) they are in fancy stripes, and a special value at..... 25c Each

LADIES' BLACK COTTON HOSE, German made, Hermsdorf dye, superior quality, high-spliced heels, double soles and toes, sale price less than usual cost to us..... 25c Pair

LADIES' WINDSOR TIES, all silk, good assortment colors, only..... 12½c

BLACK ENAMELED DARNERS, ... 4c Each

PATENT TORCHON LACE, 2½ inches wide..... 5c Yard

STANDARD WORKS OF FICTION, a hundred popular writers, such as Stanley J. Weyman, Sarah Grand, Jerome K. Jerome, Beatrice Harraden, Hugh Conway, Charlotte Breame, W. Clark Russell, Ouida, The Duchess..... 5c Vol

Hale Bros. [INCORPORATED]
937, 939, 941 Market Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.