



WEDNESDAY, APRIL 17, 1895

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF.

In Judge Shack's court the Rossi divorce case was on trial yesterday. The Interstate Coursing Club will hold three days' racing at Caspers' Park. The Supervisors of some counties have refused to appoint game wardens. Miss Edna Groves gave a farewell concert last night at the Y. M. C. A. auditorium. The valley-road engineers are striking camp near Colleyville, nine miles from Stockton. The Grand Chapter of Masons will conclude its election of officers and its business to-day. The North Pacific Coast Railroad will change its freight and passenger service next Sunday. The State Board of Health met yesterday and approved \$250 for the purchase of anti-typhoid.

Fair and slightly warmer weather may be expected to-day, with fresh northerly winds in the afternoon. The Grand Lodge of the Knights and Ladies of Honor began its session in Pythian Castle yesterday. Oscar Bartels, who stole the schooner Star of President from this port, has been sent to La Paz for trial. Judge Sanderson has granted a divorce to Martin A. Flynn from Kate Flynn, on the ground of desertion. Mrs. Fairweather addressed the Equal Rights League, in St. George's Hall last night, on "The Progress of the American Woman."

The Harbor Commissioners are getting tired of the lack of accommodations in their present quarters and are talking of moving. The Barbers' Union proposes to prosecute its members who who employment bureaus in opposition to the employment secretary. In the suit of M. Gianetti et al. against John P. Lysett, judgment was rendered for the defendant, upon his appeal, for \$440. The funeral of the late Admiral Brady took place from old St. Mary's Cathedral yesterday and was largely attended by clergy and people.

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The Attorney-General has written to Fish Commissioner Brewer, advising the Supervisors must not alter the game and fish laws in any particular. The police have been asked to find Mary at Vallejo on Sunday afternoon to visit relatives in this city. Ferdinand Haisch, the carpenter who was arrested for masquerading in female attire, appeared in Judge Shack's court yesterday and will be tried to-morrow.

H. F. Winn declares that he is not a student at Cooper Medical College, and says he has no objection to a statement being made to that effect, now under charge of murder. The pictures "lined" for the coming spring exhibition of the San Francisco Art Association are good and exceed in number any previous art show.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. P. Bush will oppose Colonel W. P. Sullivan in the election for the command of the First Infantry Regiment, N. G. C., which will be held next month. In the divorce case of Mary A. Randolph against William O. Randolph, Judge Hunt ordered the cause be submitted to Court Commissioner F. W. Lawlor to take testimony.

Charles Quintero, an ex-messenger-boy, was arrested last night for having broken into the residence of John J. Daughney, 52 Louisiana street, and stolen diamonds and other articles. Collector Isaacs was suspended from duty yesterday by the Harbor Commissioners because he had reversed the opinion that there was a job in the purchase of uniforms for wharfers and collectors.

In the case of Vincent P. Buckley against the Board of Supervisors, the case was argued by Judge Sewall for the property in question, and George C. Lindington was appointed to defend the Board. The attorney for Manager Vining and Secretary Willcutt of the Market-street Cable Company yesterday interposed a demurrer to the complaint by Mayor Sutro, and the case was continued till next Tuesday.

Dr. Julius Smolinski will deliver a lecture in German this evening at 8 o'clock at Social Hall, in the B'nai B'rith building, 121 Eddy street. The subject is "The German People and the case was continued till next Tuesday." The Chamber of Commerce passed resolutions yesterday that no European power be permitted to absorb territory in southern Russia, and issued an appeal for concerted action to secure the construction of the Nicaragua canal.

David Wentworth, a peddler, aged 28, living at 705 Mission street, was found on the door dead by his wife when she returned to her home last evening at 9-30. He had been sick some time, and it is supposed he died from heart disease. The delegates to the accountants' convention, accompanied by their ladies, some in numbers, arrived in San Francisco yesterday under the guidance of officers from the regular police force. They took in the usual sights and expressed their surprise.

The Brotherhood of Boiler-makers and Iron-fitters yesterday complained to the City Hall Commission that the dome contractors were not properly riveting the ironwork, and that the rivets were driven hot they would become worthless. The following attachments have been levied: George M. Robertson vs. Robert Samish, \$99.25; J. J. Bauer vs. A. J. Smith, \$69; J. J. Bauer vs. William W. Smith, \$69; J. J. Bauer vs. Michael Stevens, \$98.50; J. E. Shain vs. John Schmitt, \$25.70; H. A. Kendall vs. A. Jahn, \$20.

Two favorites met with their usual ill fortune at the racetrack, but two, St. Jacob and Experiment, finishing in front. In the hurdle race, won by St. Jacob, the Judge took all the prizes and the other two were poor sharers. The other winners were Don Carlo, McFarlane, Roma and Mulberry. At the request of many patrons of the Baldwin Theater who wished to witness the production of "The Fencing Master" during the Lenten season, the management have decided to present that opera every evening for the remainder of the week, and return to to-morrow (Thursday) night. "The Bathing Girl" will be given to-night and at the Saturday matinee for the last two times.

The following have declared their intention of becoming citizens of the United States: Carl Wegner, Germany; Jacob Frederick Mohr, Germany; Luke Murphy, Ireland; Robert B. Michael, England; Axel Wetters, Norway; Judge Belcher admitted to full citizenship in the district court, a native of Germany. Michael Thomas, who is struggling under two charges of burglary, has been making madly in his efforts to get the police authorities interested in all manner of ways, and frequently cried out that he was burning up. He was examined by the Commissioners of Lunacy yesterday, and he was promptly declared to sane to be allowed his freedom and was remanded to the care of the police authorities. Charles Quintero, an ex-messenger boy, was arrested last night by Detectives Dillon and Crockett and booked at the City Prison on the charge of burglary. He entered the residence of John J. Daughney, 52 Louisiana street, yesterday by means of a key and stole a quantity of diamonds and jewelry, a lady's watch and chain, a revolver and about \$15 in cash. He had a portion of the stolen articles in one of the coatpockets at the City Hall, where it was found.

John G. Fitzgerald is to be married at noon to St. Dominic's Church, Steiner and Bush streets. The bride is the daughter of Mrs. H. King, of 307 Octavia street. William Pickett is to be the best man and Miss Edna M. Rook and Frank Mahoney. After the wedding reception there will be a short city tour to the south. Mr. Fitzgerald is the best man and will be at home to his friends. Mr. Fitzgerald and his bride will be accompanied by a handsome present will be given by those in the office.

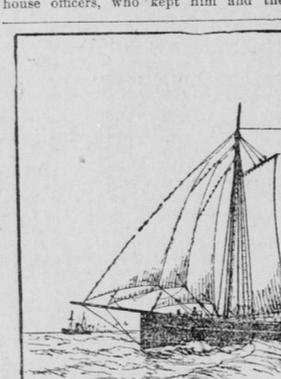
TO SAIL FOR SALVADOR.

Another Freight-Laden Vessel for Central American Ports.

CARGO OF THE ALEXANDER.

Building Up a Sailing Line in Opposition to the Pacific Mail.

The schooner Alexander was towed into the wharf yesterday from section 3 of the seawall, and to-day she will sail for Guatemala and Salvador ports. The vessel had been at the seawall for several months, a man named Scammel having chartered her to go to Central America. Scammel did not make much progress in loading the schooner for it was rumored around the wharf front that he intended to ship arms for revolutionary purposes to Salvador. If the charterer had any idea of doing this his game was spoiled by the Custom-house officers, who kept him and the



THE SCHOONER ALEXANDER OF THE OPPOSITION LINE TO THE PACIFIC MAIL.

(Sketches for the "Call" by Coultter.)

Alexander under the strictest surveillance. Scammel had achieved considerable unpleasant notoriety on the wharf front in connection with Isador boarding-houses, and the Collector of Port having his record on hand kept an eye on him. This fact becoming known to the merchants they refused to ship by the Alexander and Scammel had to throw up his contract. H. D. Bunker & Co. took up the broken charter, and put the Alexander in their Central American line. Apparently the firm has had no difficulty in filling up the vessel for she was loaded to the deck when she went away from the wharf yesterday, and there was still considerable lumber and flour to go on board.

The sailing line of Bunker & Co. has only been established since the first of the year, and it was made possible by the raise in rates of the Pacific Mail Company. The increased tariff in the steamship line put a prohibitory rate on lumber and several other articles, and the Central American shippers only too gladly availed themselves of an opposition line, no matter how small the vessels named. The schooner John D. Tallant, which went away loaded to the guards with freight in January. Within a month the Don Carlos followed in the wake of the Tallant. The schooner Sailor Boy left four days ago, and the Alexander sails to-day.

The big Salvador has been chartered and she will commence loading for Guatemala and Salvador in a day or two. The schooner Volante plying between here and Mexican ports. The Alexander takes away among her cargo 50 tons of assorted furniture, 60 tons of cement, 50 tons of flour, 200 cases of coal oil, considerable mining machinery and a deckload of lumber.

The success of the packet line between here and the Central American coast augurs well for the improvement of trade on the Pacific Slope. Formerly the bulk of business between Central and South America and this country was done with Eastern ports, but San Francisco has begun to assert herself and the result of enterprise is apparent.

SCIENTIFIC COOKING.

Mrs. Emma F. Ewing's Demonstrations in the Art of Preparing Food for the Table.

On Monday morning at 10-30 o'clock Mrs. Emma F. Ewing gave the first of a series of demonstrations on scientific cooking to about 150 of the prominent ladies of the city. The subject was bread-making, and in most comprehensive manner she explained the most interesting branch of the culinary art. She demonstrated the manner in which light, wholesome and nutritious bread should be made, showing that such can be made with very little labor. The second of the course will be given this morning in Golden Gate Hall on Sutter street, and will be devoted to the broiling of meats, a science that many attempt, but which all are not successful in. This will be followed on Friday by a demonstration on the making of pastry, on Monday by one on the use of the chafing-dish, and on the following Wednesday by a demonstration on the making of delicate desserts.

The following demonstrations are given under the auspices of the Society for the Introduction of Scientific Cooking in the Kitchen, and from the interest taken in them by the thinking, progressive women of this city, it shows that they are beginning to desire to make themselves familiar with the best and most approved methods of preparing food for the table.

Mrs. W. B. Harrington, the president of the new society, stated yesterday that after this course closes, another five lessons will be given, commencing on the 26th inst., and will be devoted to breakfast breads, salads, puddings and sauces, roasting, and eggs and omelettes.

SCHOOL CONSOLIDATION.

The Pacific Business College is Absorbed by Heald's Business College. The Pacific Business College, one of the oldest educational institutions of this city, had been consolidated with Heald's Business College and has not failed, as was reported a few days ago. The consolidation was effected for the purpose of doing the same work at less expense. A few months ago the Pacific Business College was bought by Professor J. W. Griffith, an educator of note, who has taught successfully at the

UNIVERSITY OF THE PACIFIC AND OTHER PROMINENT INSTITUTIONS OF LEARNING ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

Professor Griffith succeeded in building up the school considerably. Upon receiving a favorable proposition from Heald's college, the consolidation of the two schools was effected, which will be a benefit to the pupils of both schools.

THEY WANT TO MOVE.

Harbor Commissioners Are Tired of Their Quarters on California Street.

Harbor Commissioner Chadbourne made a move yesterday afternoon at a special meeting of the board which he considers the most important move he has made since he has been a member of the commission. "I move that we move," said Mr. Chadbourne, "and he didn't smile either. We have occupied these rooms for many years, and the proprietor of the building has refused to make the slightest improvement. Now then, gentlemen, I am tired of looking at the faded blue of these walls. I want something more enlivening when I come in here to consider important issues, and I think that the best thing we can do is to get more congenial quarters."

Both Commissioners Cole and Calnon were a unit on the proposition. Since the latter gentleman has assumed the duties of Harbor Commissioner he has been urging the owner at 10 California street to give them a new building. An election will be held in the First Infantry Regiment, N. G. C., early next month, to fill the vacancy caused by the expiration of the term of Colonel William P. Sullivan. It will not be a quiet election, for there are two candidates in the field. Colonel Sullivan will run again for his present office and Lieutenant-Colonel Bush, who for two years has been second officer of the regiment, will run against him.

Behind this dual candidacy for the command of the regiment there lurks a tale of considerable interest, which dates back from the time Colonel Sullivan first started to agitate the plan of getting the regiment all under one roof. This incensed the "Nationals"—Companies C and G of the First—and the candidacy of Colonel Bush is generally attributed to the influence of these two companies.

The trouble between the regiment and Companies C and G began when the new armory on Ellis street was about to be built. Colonel Sullivan opposed the building scheme, because, he said, if at any time he could secure an armory in which all the companies of the regiment could be safely and comfortably housed, the building venture of the Nationals would then become a serious drag on their resources, for they would have to join the remainder of the regiment.

Notwithstanding this edict of authority, the Nationals continued on and built their armory and are now occupying it, but Colonel Sullivan's guest for the matter has not abated, and should he order them into it after securing a suitable place they cannot but obey. For this reason it is plain that the Nationals would sooner have a colonel in power who would allow them to remain in their present quarters unmolested than help to continue in office a colonel who may at any time cause them serious inconvenience.

Lieutenant-Colonel Bush has informed Colonel Sullivan of his proposed candidacy, and the fight is on with a vengeance. There are seven companies in the regiment, each one casting three votes from its officers, and the matter has been decided by the vote of the majors and the lieutenant-colonel and the colonel, making a total of twenty-five votes which may be polled to elect the commanding officer. It is expected that Lieutenant-Colonel Bush will receive the united vote of Companies C and G and the vote of one of the majors, but the remainder seem, at least at this time, to be with Colonel Sullivan.

Lieutenant-Colonel Bush's commission will also expire within a month, and he, too, will have an opponent should he fail in the race for the colonelcy and decide to run again for the position he now holds. It is believed among the officers that Bush is not popular with the men of the regiment, as he certainly is not among themselves. He is considered too officious, and too willing to claim and to assert authority which does not belong to his rank. It is expected that if any one were to vote at the election, and the contest will be a lively one.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. P. Bush enlisted in Company H of the First Regiment in 1861, and then on April 12, 1872, was elected captain. From that position he was in April, 1891, elected to his present position of lieutenant-colonel. In December 3, 1878, in Company H of the Third Infantry, Company H was soon after made Company A of the First. In January, 1880, he was made first sergeant, and in August, 1881, he was elected a lieutenant. On August 1, 1885, he was made captain and regimental adjutant; January 11, 1888, he was elected major; November 12, 1890, he was elected lieutenant-colonel, and April 8, 1891, he was made colonel.

BUGS WILL BE IN DEMAND.

How Adolescent Pupils Will Hereafter Study Natural History.

A Fat Boy With Freckles Makes Capital Out of a Corner In Ants.

If the pupils of the sixth grade of the John Street Grammar school, on McAllister street, do not emulate Audubon and Buffon, Lubbock and Agassiz, it will not be the fault of their teacher. Natural history has taken possession of that section of the institution and bugology reigns supreme. The parents of these budding scientists are at their wits' end. Wide-mouthed bottles are at a premium in Hayes Valley and pure alcohol has risen in price at the corner groceries. Whole families of spiders have moved out West, for the order has gone forth that each pupil must bring one of these insects in a wide-mouthed bottle preserved in spirits. After the spiders, blow flies were called into the educational camp and their anatomy was elucidated by the enthusiastic teacher from the hair on their teeth to the corners on their toes.

Now spiders and flies, and even fleas, may, by the exercise of a little industry, be captured and bottled up. But when the pronouncements that Thursday's scientific bill of fare should be ants was read the class shuddered. A bottle of spiders was easy to procure, though a single ant, and a bushel of blow flies would not weigh in the balance the forequarters of this industrious insect.

Only one among the dazed and indignant scientists smiled. He was a fat boy with freckles and straw-colored hair. He knew of a small ant hill in the rear of his mother's house, on Page street. He had often been tempted to scald them out with water, but now he blessed his forbearance. Indeed, those types of thrift and activity owed their immunity from wholesale extermination to the fact that they often invaded the housewife's sugar, and the damaged article was rejected and fell to Tommy, who had a strong stomach and did not mind ants in his food.

The owner of this now valuable possession elaborated his way into the jangling, warring crowd, and announced that all who presented themselves at his gate between the hours of 7-30 and 8-30 a. m. should be furnished with ants. This was cheerful news, and the children began to look upon him as a philanthropist in disguise. "Bo," added the monopolist, "all of you fellows, and you girls, too, has got to bring along two marbles, else you don't get no ants."

Even as the threats of the traitorous tribune, Junius Brachus, fell upon the ears of Cesar Vitellius, so this marble tax scorched the ears of the erstwhile grateful throng. They remonstrated with him; they showed how his popularity in the class would grow; they contended that the marble season was now almost at a close, and that "laws" and "commoners" were scarce. But Tommy was adamant. He feared no opposition ant hill. None knew the fauna and flora of Hayes Valley better than he, and he held to his point of vantage.

Thursday morning will be a bad day for ants, but a good day for marbles. The pursuit of natural history is a delightful study, but it comes high at times, and the teacher who brought this woe will drop a few dozen pegs in popularity.

THE INSURANCE SUIT.

In the case of Henry Koch against the Commercial Union Insurance Company in Judge Daling's court the whole day was taken up in the examination of Walter Metz. Metz was the proprietor of the burned store. He was the first witness called in the case, and yesterday was his second day on the stand. The testimony dealt with general interest. The searching cross-examination to which he was subjected was for the purpose of showing that on his part in making proof of the loss of \$23,000, when he suffered, according to the insurance men, only to the extent of about one-seventh of that amount.

HE HAD A FIT.

Because he went to Roos Bros., who carry the tailor-made suits of the two leading houses of the world, Brokaw Bros. and Rodgers, Peet & Co. of New York.

RIVALRY IN THE FIRST.

Two Candidates for the Position of Commanding Officer.

AT NEXT MONTH'S ELECTION.

A Lively Time Expected Among the Militia Infantry Officers.

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IT WAS ISAACS' DAY OFF.

The Water-Front Uniforms Get a Collector Into Trouble.

Suspended for Talking Too Much. An Investigation Will Follow.

Collector Alfred Isaacs figured extensively in the deliberations of the Harbor Commissioners yesterday at the regular meeting of the board. Mr. Isaacs had given utterance to statements which were wont to disturb the harmony of the workings of the waterfront, and it was deemed necessary to bring the collector to Main street to a strict accounting for his words.

In an interview in yesterday morning's Call, Isaacs said that he was fussy that the chief wharfinger insisted upon the men going to one tailor. The particular language to which exception was taken was the following expression by the collector: "I don't say that any one is making any money on these uniforms, but I have seen men hanged on less evidence."

The commissioners considered the foregoing a reflection on the integrity of the board, and Commissioner Cole said that if there was a job in the uniform business he wanted to know it. He proposed that Mr. Isaacs be suspended during an investigation, and later in the day Chief Wharfinger Board said the collector's remarks were philosophically, and will make an argument in favor of himself and free speech at the meeting of the board to-morrow afternoon.

The Commission note said that Mr. Isaacs to give vent to his feelings. The North Pacific Coast Railway Company was granted permission to use the ferry slip south of Clay street for an indefinite term at a rental of \$750 a month, and the use of the old belt railroad was fixed at 75 cents a car.

The California Drydock Company was assigned the privilege of the berth at the foot of Spear street, of which they are already occupants at a rental of \$200 a month. The company has two drydocks in the berth mentioned, but formerly paid only \$500 a month. The Cousins Drydock Company was assigned the berth at the foot of Fremont street, the monthly rental being fixed at \$300.

W. A. Rattenberry, who was appointed collector at a recent meeting, filed his bonds, with H. F. Emeric, the newly appointed Fish Commissioner, and W. C. Murdoch as sureties.

TO-DAY'S PROBATE SALE.

Good Auction of Realty by Easton, Eldridge & Co., Yesterday.

The sale of the property of the estate of Michael Bergin takes place to-day at the real estate rooms of Shainwald, Buckbee & Co., in the Mills building. All these properties bring in a good income. This sale is made by order of the Superior Court and is without limit or reserve. In addition to the Bergin estate there are three pieces of property to be offered on the account of a building and loan association. The property has been foreclosed upon and must be sold.

The auction sale of Easton, Eldridge & Co. at their real estate rooms yesterday was satisfactory. The house and lot on the west line of Bourbon, near Ellis, sold for \$2975. The lot and improvements at 25 Haight street sold for \$10,500. Two French flats, 2110 in the Mills building. All these properties bring in a good income. This sale is made by order of the Superior Court and is without limit or reserve. In addition to the Bergin estate there are three pieces of property to be offered on the account of a building and loan association. The property has been foreclosed upon and must be sold.

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The North Pacific Coast Railroad has decided to make a radical change in its time schedule for passenger and freight trains and ferry-boats. At the present time a train schedule is in the hands of the printers, and may be out to-day or to-morrow. But in any case the changes proposed will go into effect next Sunday. We are going to deliver freight at Lombard street wharf instead of at city street wharf, and on his part in making proof of the loss of \$23,000, when he suffered, according to the insurance men, only to the extent of about one-seventh of that amount.

THE CITY HALL DOME.

Complaint Made Against the Riveting Work of the Contractors.

There is friction between the City Hall Commission and O'Connell & Lewis, the contractors for the building of the dome. At the meeting of the commission this fact was pretty well set forth. City Attorney Creswell complained that there was a lack of courtesy on the part of the contractors toward the commission.

The contractors had been treated with special consideration in the matter of extension, and if the present state of affairs continued Mr. Creswell said he would be compelled to vote against any further extensions. The attorney also stated that the contractors were not riveting the iron work on the dome.

A communication was read from the Brotherhood of Boiler-makers and Iron-ship Builders on this same point. It was stated that the bolts did not fill the holes, and consequently became loose, rusty and worthless. The communication urged that the rivets be driven hot. In that case they would fill the holes and rust could not form.

Mayor Sutro stated that F. Marion Wells had submitted a sample of the white metal which he proposed to use in casting the statuary for the dome. It was composed of 13 per cent of zinc and 7 per cent of antimony. Tin was not an ingredient and the material was considered very brittle. It was agreed that something more substantial would be necessary.

The new rooms of the law library will be fitted up at once.

INTERPOSED A DEMURRER.

The Case Against Vining and Willcutt Again Continued.

The case of E. P. Vining and J. B. Willcutt, respectively manager and secretary of the Market-street Cable Company, charged by Mayor Sutro with illegally tearing up O'Farrell street, between Scott and Devisadero, was again called in Judge Low's court yesterday morning.

Attorney Kelly for the defendants interposed a demurrer to the complaint on the ground that it did not set forth the cause of action, inasmuch as it commenced against the defendants, William A. Vining, and then prosecuted the complaint against the Market-street Cable Company. Besides, the ordinance set forth certain conditions, and a penalty was attached of not less than 60 days and not more than 90 days imprisonment for a fine. It was, therefore, impossible to enforce the penalty against a corporation, as in a corporation there was nobody to imprison.

By consent the case was continued till next Tuesday. The defendants are given an opportunity to look up the points made by the attorney for the defendants.

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PICTURES ON THE LINE.

Strong Work Will Be Shown in the Spring Art Exhibition.

AN ARCHITECTURAL EXHIBIT.

More Canvases Sent in This Year Than in Any Preceding Art Show.

The jury, whose duty it was to pass upon the pictures sent to the spring exhibition of the San Francisco Art Association at the Mark Hopkins Institute of Art, completed their labors yesterday, and as a result there will be more pictures in the exhibition this year than there ever were before, and according to several members of the jury the work is strongly in advance of the past exhibition.

When the jury got through passing upon the pictures they began the work of hanging them, which will not be finished until to-day, and to-morrow night will be held the reception of the Art Association. Notices have been sent to all the members, and special stress in the notice is laid upon the rule governing admission. To quote from the notice sent out: "A gentleman's ticket admits the gentleman whose name is written upon it and a lady. A lady's ticket admits the lady whose name is written upon it and an escort, either a lady or a gentleman."

It is deemed necessary for all tickets to be presented at the door, and the exhibition will be open for five weeks after April 18, during the day and every Thursday evening, when there will be a musical entertainment under the direction of Henry Heyman. Any member of the association who desires to invite non-resident guests must present their names at the secretary's office of the Hopkins Institute and tickets will be sent them.

If there is any such thing as encouragement in San Francisco for local art, this year is the year for it. The art show for the same to be shown. Most of the pictures are for sale, most of the pictures are good, and many of them should be sold, else the conclusion will be plain that San Francisco is not so much interested in art or do not appreciate the work of the local artists.

Although all of the pictures in the several rooms are not yet hung, the "line" is made up in most of them. As far as possible the deficiencies in light have been remedied, and taken severally, the various rooms in the institute reflect credit upon the members of the hanging committee.

The pictures on the line are as follows: "A Head," by E. G. Thomson; "A Study in Fowls," William Huback; "Portrait," Carrie T. Rixford; "Alameda Sand-dunes," Amedee Joullin; "Portrait of Sigmund Beel," J. E. Partington; "Flemish Smoker," and "Le Recteur du Voyage," by Vermorek; "Morning in the Redwoods," by Latimer; "Portrait," Mary Curtis Richardson; "The Young Mother," Helen Hyde; "Portrait of Mr. F. Selena Newman," by M. G. Stantton; "A Doubtful Bargain," by Oscar Deakin; "The Beggar," by W. A. Reaser;