

HER DEATH A MYSTERY.

The Evidence Regarding Mrs. Jennie Mathews' Demise Is Conflicting.

WAS THE WOMAN POISONED?

Captain Lees' Theory—Statements Implicating Secretary Crowell Were Not True.

There were several new developments in the matter of the death of Mrs. Jennie Mathews of 502 Broderick street, late last Saturday night, but the case is by no

Mathews was suffering from the effects of strychnine will not be known until the dead woman's stomach and its contents shall have been thoroughly analyzed by the chemist.

Captain Lees' opinion is that death was not caused by strychnine poisoning, but that the woman had not received the right treatment for the illness from which she was suffering; that her illness in the cemetery was really only violent hysteria and that did not require extreme remedies.

Still another theory which was discussed was that of suicide, but what reason she could have had for committing the act is not known and the husband is positive that such could not have been the case as she had never betrayed any such tendencies.

Mr. Winthrop's statement as made to the police is as follows: Yesterday about 2 p. m. I was driving to the western end of the cemetery to look after a grave that was being opened for a burial today.

There were several new developments in the matter of the death of Mrs. Jennie Mathews of 502 Broderick street, late last Saturday night, but the case is by no

walked, with one of us on each side of her and holding her by the arm. We placed her in the buggy, I sent Smith to the other side to get in and placed the buggy in front of me. I drove. During the time Mrs. Mathews was sitting on the bench she expressed a desire to be taken home; that was the reason I sent for the buggy. Just at the time Mrs. Gedge left to bring the buggy two young ladies, the Misses Brown and Miss Jones, who were buried in the lot on the coping of which Mrs. Mathews was sitting, came and were arranging flowers. They were the Misses Brown and Gedge was away, and we left them there when we drove away. On the way to her (Mrs. Mathews) home we wanted to give the buggy a store on the corner of Devisadero and Sutter streets. She insisted on being taken home and her own doctor called. Before we reached her house she took out the key and handed it to me, the child. When we arrived at the house I told her to unlock the door, and returned to the buggy and had quite a little trouble in getting out. She wanted to get out herself and then she wanted Smith and myself to lift her out. After a minute she expressed a desire to be taken home; that was the reason I sent for the buggy. Just at the time Mrs. Gedge left to bring the buggy two young ladies, the Misses Brown and Miss Jones, who were buried in the lot on the coping of which Mrs. Mathews was sitting, came and were arranging flowers. They were the Misses Brown and Gedge was away, and we left them there when we drove away.

Mr. Winthrop's statement as made to the police is as follows: Yesterday about 2 p. m. I was driving to the western end of the cemetery to look after a grave that was being opened for a burial today.

There were several new developments in the matter of the death of Mrs. Jennie Mathews of 502 Broderick street, late last Saturday night, but the case is by no

Mathews was suffering from the effects of strychnine will not be known until the dead woman's stomach and its contents shall have been thoroughly analyzed by the chemist.

Captain Lees' opinion is that death was not caused by strychnine poisoning, but that the woman had not received the right treatment for the illness from which she was suffering; that her illness in the cemetery was really only violent hysteria and that did not require extreme remedies.

Still another theory which was discussed was that of suicide, but what reason she could have had for committing the act is not known and the husband is positive that such could not have been the case as she had never betrayed any such tendencies.

Mr. Winthrop's statement as made to the police is as follows: Yesterday about 2 p. m. I was driving to the western end of the cemetery to look after a grave that was being opened for a burial today.

There were several new developments in the matter of the death of Mrs. Jennie Mathews of 502 Broderick street, late last Saturday night, but the case is by no

Mathews was suffering from the effects of strychnine will not be known until the dead woman's stomach and its contents shall have been thoroughly analyzed by the chemist.

Captain Lees' opinion is that death was not caused by strychnine poisoning, but that the woman had not received the right treatment for the illness from which she was suffering; that her illness in the cemetery was really only violent hysteria and that did not require extreme remedies.

Still another theory which was discussed was that of suicide, but what reason she could have had for committing the act is not known and the husband is positive that such could not have been the case as she had never betrayed any such tendencies.

Mr. Winthrop's statement as made to the police is as follows: Yesterday about 2 p. m. I was driving to the western end of the cemetery to look after a grave that was being opened for a burial today.

There were several new developments in the matter of the death of Mrs. Jennie Mathews of 502 Broderick street, late last Saturday night, but the case is by no

Mathews was suffering from the effects of strychnine will not be known until the dead woman's stomach and its contents shall have been thoroughly analyzed by the chemist.

Captain Lees' opinion is that death was not caused by strychnine poisoning, but that the woman had not received the right treatment for the illness from which she was suffering; that her illness in the cemetery was really only violent hysteria and that did not require extreme remedies.

Still another theory which was discussed was that of suicide, but what reason she could have had for committing the act is not known and the husband is positive that such could not have been the case as she had never betrayed any such tendencies.

Mr. Winthrop's statement as made to the police is as follows: Yesterday about 2 p. m. I was driving to the western end of the cemetery to look after a grave that was being opened for a burial today.

There were several new developments in the matter of the death of Mrs. Jennie Mathews of 502 Broderick street, late last Saturday night, but the case is by no

Mathews was suffering from the effects of strychnine will not be known until the dead woman's stomach and its contents shall have been thoroughly analyzed by the chemist.

Captain Lees' opinion is that death was not caused by strychnine poisoning, but that the woman had not received the right treatment for the illness from which she was suffering; that her illness in the cemetery was really only violent hysteria and that did not require extreme remedies.

Still another theory which was discussed was that of suicide, but what reason she could have had for committing the act is not known and the husband is positive that such could not have been the case as she had never betrayed any such tendencies.

Mr. Winthrop's statement as made to the police is as follows: Yesterday about 2 p. m. I was driving to the western end of the cemetery to look after a grave that was being opened for a burial today.

There were several new developments in the matter of the death of Mrs. Jennie Mathews of 502 Broderick street, late last Saturday night, but the case is by no

Mathews was suffering from the effects of strychnine will not be known until the dead woman's stomach and its contents shall have been thoroughly analyzed by the chemist.

Captain Lees' opinion is that death was not caused by strychnine poisoning, but that the woman had not received the right treatment for the illness from which she was suffering; that her illness in the cemetery was really only violent hysteria and that did not require extreme remedies.

Still another theory which was discussed was that of suicide, but what reason she could have had for committing the act is not known and the husband is positive that such could not have been the case as she had never betrayed any such tendencies.

Mr. Winthrop's statement as made to the police is as follows: Yesterday about 2 p. m. I was driving to the western end of the cemetery to look after a grave that was being opened for a burial today.

istered chloroform, chloral hydrate and bromide of potassium to Mrs. Mathews, he said:

Why, I don't think any strychnine will be found in the woman's stomach. As I understand the action of strychnine it is almost immediate. If the facts are as represented it is quite probable that the woman was killed by the action of strychnine. I think she would have been dead before Dr. Griffith was summoned. I think he mistook hysteria for strychnine poisoning.

If he kept her under the influence of chloroform and gave also bromide of potassium and chloral hydrate it is very possible that these poisons stopped the action of her heart, and if her heart was a feeble one her death would not have been long. I believe that the woman against Winthrop while in a hysterical condition was not the purely imaginary, as similar cases have occurred in this city. There is really nothing to show that Mr. Winthrop was guilty of any wrong act.

Dr. E. M. Griffith, who attended Mrs. Mathews, and whom Captain Lees seems to believe responsible for the woman's death, has gained considerable notoriety before in this city.

In October last he was arrested for brandishing a pistol in a hot temper. A young woman had come to his office, which was then at 1050 McAllister street. She was about to become a mother. Dr. Griffith attended the woman, and on September 20 the lady was born. Eleven days later a messenger boy appeared at the Receiving Hospital with the baby.

It was soon discovered that on the baby's leg the letter E and the figure 1 were indelibly branded. Dr. Griffith was arrested, and admitted that he branded the child, but claimed it was not a cruel act as the baby had not suffered any. The charge against him could not be sustained and he was released. Dr. Griffith created quite a sensation at the time on account of his erratic actions. It was learned that he was heavily addicted to the use of morphine, opium and intoxicating spirits.

MAINTENANCE OF THE DUMPS

The Labor Commissioner's Report to the Co-operative Commonwealth.

Seeking Grounds on Which to Establish a Large Co-operative Farm.

George W. Sells has been appointed manager of the Co-operative Commonwealth, and since he assumed office, last Tuesday, he visited a number of the associations that have in the past interested themselves on behalf of the laboring classes.

At a meeting of the Commonwealth held last evening in the old church building on Geary street, opposite Union square, the manager stated that among those who had been spoken to was Hugh Craig of the Chamber of Commerce, who had declared that an association of which he was a member had raised a large sum of money to help the workingman, and that if the Commonwealth carried out its promises it would again do what he could for the laboring men. He also stated that at a meeting of the Commonwealth held in the afternoon he read an interesting report from Labor Commissioner E. Fitzgerald in regard to laboring men on the dumps.

This was a report of an agent of the Labor Commissioner, sent at the suggestion of the Commonwealth to investigate the dumps. It is as follows:

I spent a day among the inhabitants of the street dumps, and this is what I saw and heard, and this is what any one who will go there almost any day in the year will see and hear. The smell and will keep his eyes and ears open.

They eat the refuse of the dumps and they sleep on the dumps. They are ragged and filthy bits of carpet, oil-cloths, matings and pieces of tin extracted from the dumps. They are filthy and they are dirty. They are ragged and filthy bits of carpet, oil-cloths, matings and pieces of tin extracted from the dumps. They are filthy and they are dirty.

Here are together about 180 or 200 people who live on the dumps. They are ragged and filthy bits of carpet, oil-cloths, matings and pieces of tin extracted from the dumps. They are filthy and they are dirty.

When the steamer Encinal pulled out of the slip yesterday morning it had on board, by actual count, just 700 people in the Iroquois excursion party, as good-looking, as stylishly attired, as pleasant a throng as ever journeyed forth on pleasure bent.

The band played, little knots of singers here and there on the boat carried snatches of popular airs to the morning, guitars and banjos tinkled, and all was merry on the journey to the mountains. Twenty cars made up the train which pulled into the station at 12:10 o'clock and every car appeared to be crowded. The lunch-counters, where so many layers of adipose tissue in an effort to cater to the wants of the clamorous hungry.

Dancers crowded the big floor provided for their accommodation almost immediately after reaching the beautiful Glen and enjoyed themselves for four hours to their hearts' content. There was no set programme; the club merely provided the place, the time of the refreshments, and the big crowd wandered at its own sweet will wither it listed.

It was as perfect a day in the sunlit mountains as one could wish for, and during the four hours' stay at Glenwood every man, woman and child seemed to enjoy themselves.

A small party of pleasure-seekers from Santa Cruz joined the excursionists in the afternoon, as did a contingent of the unaffiliated Democracy from Watsonville. The Santa Cruz people did plenty of missionary work in the interest of the coming water carnival in the beautiful city by the sea and contributed their share to the general enjoyment.

The excursionists broke camp shortly after 5 o'clock, boarded the cars for home, arriving in the City at 8 o'clock, better a hundred per cent each for the sunshine, the ozone, the atmosphere of happiness, in which they had enjoyed their day.

Louis Metzger was chairman of the committee of arrangements and Joe Coffey acted as floor manager. The other members of the committee were: Dr. Bryant, J. J. Flynn, L. M. Meyering, Fred Raabe, John Wall, E. H. Zeman, Mrs. John Kreling, Charles Ames and H. D. Pratt.

SINGLE TAX SOCIETY.

Clitus Barbour and President Reynolds Discuss the Money Question at Length.

Money was the subject discussed by the Single Tax Society last night. Clitus Barbour, the principal speaker, advocated the free coinage of silver, but admitted that it was not the most important issue, the deriving of revenue from land values by the single tax being equally important in his opinion. He urged, however, that it was the duty of all who desired to improve conditions to join in assisting to right the wrong of 1873.

President Reynolds finally took the floor and concluded the discussion with an explanation of the nature and purpose of money, in which he said: "We must draw a clear distinction between money of account, money of exchange and commodity money."

"Money of account is not a tangible thing, but an abstract idea. We call it a 'dollar,' which in the realm of values is like the idea of 'number' in mathematics or that of 'point' in geometry. Our monetary unit only conveys any idea of value when used to express the relation between things in exchange with respect to their comparative values."

"Commodity money is simply the material token upon which the Government has put its stamp of value. The idea of the intrinsic value of the metal or material of the coin is lost, and the

IROQUOIS HAVE A PICNIC.

The Local Democracy Takes Its Outing at Beautiful Glenwood.

EVERY ONE HAD A GOOD TIME.

It Was Much Quieter Than Former Affairs, but Was Thoroughly Enjoyable.

The glad slogans of Democracy resounded through the fir-topped heights of the Santa Cruz Mountains in triumphant peans yesterday; the warriors of the Iroquois Club, their friends, their wives and sweethearts wandered through the beautiful picnic grounds at Glenwood, and danced, and lunched and had the most delightful

arbitrary representative value established by the government is the only thing universally recognized.

"That there is need of a money of 'ultimate redemption' or 'base of issue' is one of the many superstitions that are mixed up with the money question."

"The nearest approach to this of which there is any actual necessity, is the direction of Congress to the Secretary of the Treasury to go and do business for the United States just as business men in their own country do, namely, issue for service rendered or products supplied the Government's memoranda of credit, which, in short, are treasury notes, and receive them again from whomsoever becomes indebted to the Nation."

SHORT SERMONS.

Brief Discourses—A Recent Innovation by Paulist Fathers—The Priest in Confession.

The five-minute sermons which have recently been introduced by the Paulist Fathers at St. Mary's Church on California street is one of the popular features of the service. Rev. Father Arthur M. Clark has been delivering a series of discourses on the "Confessional," always limiting himself to a few minutes, and last night he closed the course. His subject was "The

Four of my friends came along McAllister street and when they saw their confessor, prosecuting attorney and his own lawyer. For the work the priest prepares by a long course of study. He must be a friend of those who need it, kind to all although severe. He must be prudent and careful, and as patient as he knows how to be."

These points were developed at some length. The results have been good which have followed these Sunday evening instructions, as numbers have been led to investigate more closely the doctrines of the Catholic religion.

Father Clark opens a mission for non-Catholics in St. Helena, Napa county, next Sunday, at the invitation of Rev. P. Blake.

Professor Scheel and his band of talented musicians will give a sacred concert at St. Mary's on Tuesday evening, June 4. The remaining and decorating of the old church will then be finished, and the effects under the electric lights, which will be turned on for the first time, will be shown to good advantage.

The famous painting of the Immaculate Conception, brought from Rome by the late Archbishop Alemany, and the points of the Crucifixion and the Blessed Virgin have been reset in the sanctuary walls and stand out in strong relief and harmony.

When daylight broke yesterday morning MacIntosh found one of the masks and a cane on the sidewalk on the opposite side of Leavenworth street, where they had been thrown by one of the footpads. The mask is made out of the black lining of a coat. The under part of another mask was found in the doorway of the house on Leavenworth street immediately above the saloon. These articles MacIntosh handed to the police. He thinks he would be able to identify the shortest of the footpads and the one whose mask was torn. The police are working on the case, but no arrests have as yet been made.

Some idea may be formed of the cost of accessories to a billiard-table when it is stated that it requires the tusks of three elephants to furnish a complete set of balls—namely, sixteen pyramid, twelve pool and three billiard balls.

Funeral Services Over the Remains of Governor Burnett.

There were quite a large number of callers yesterday at the Burnett residence at 1713 Larkin street, to view the remains of the first elected Governor of California. The body had been laid out in the drawing-room and the features were life-like and natural, showing a calm and peaceful end. There were many and beautiful floral tributes from the relatives and friends of the departed pioneer and executive.

The funeral will take place from the family residence this morning. A solemn requiem mass will be celebrated at St. Ignatius Church at 10 o'clock, and the mortal remains of Peter H. Burnett will then be conveyed by a special funeral train to Santa Clara, where the interment will take place in the Catholic cemetery.

Rev. Father Coltell will be the celebrant of the mass and Rev. Father Larkin will act as deacon. Rev. Father Coltell will preach the sermon. A male choir will sing the mass and the solos will be by an especially selected quartet.

The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers: Judge McKinstry, Senator George C. Perkins, Captain James M. McDonald, Dr. C. D. Cleveland, Christian Reiss, Alexander Boyd, W. A. Piper and James A. Kelly.

The gentlemen's sodality of St. Ignatius Church will be present in a body and Governor Budd and staff are also expected to be present. The pioneers will also be represented.

Among the mourners who will accompany the remains to Santa Clara are the following: Mr. and Mrs. Dwight Burnett of Visitation Valley, Mr. and Mrs. John M. Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Ryland of San Jose, Judge and Mrs. William T. Wallace, Miss M. Burnett, Mrs. A. J. Burnett, Mrs. Ryland of Los Gatos, Miss Harriet Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. George Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Sheehan, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burnett, T. Ryland, Jr., David M. Burnett, Mrs. Romie Wallace, A. Burnett, Peter Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. Sprague, John W. Ryland, Miss Sarah Burnett, Miss Margaret A. Burnett and Miss Mary Burnett.

Macaulay had a good mother and revered her memory. He said: "In after life you may have friends—fond, dear friends—fond, dear friends; but never will you have again the incessant love and gentleness lavished upon you which none but a mother bestows."

FOUR BARING FOOTPADS.

John S. MacIntosh, the Saloon-Keeper, Tells of His Experience.

HE WAS GAGGED AND ROBBED.

The Police Have Secured a Revolver, Cane, Mask and Piece of Another Mask.

The hold-up of John S. MacIntosh in his saloon, corner of McAllister and Leavenworth streets, about half-past 1 o'clock yesterday morning was a cool and most daring piece of work. The saloon is close to the City Hall and people are passing it at all hours of the night. There is also a saloon on the opposite corner, which was open at the time of the robbery.

From subsequent developments it is evident that the four masked footpads were acquainted with the interior of the saloon. They were seen by a young man standing against the fence on Leavenworth street, above the saloon, a few minutes before the robbery and he thinks he could identify at least one of them. They were not at that time masked.

MacIntosh had counted his cash receipts for the day and had put \$70-\$85 in gold and \$15 in silver in his pocket. He left about \$2 change in the till.

"I was in the act of placing some cigarette-boxes on the shelves in the window looking into McAllister street," said MacIntosh yesterday, "when I heard some one slip in by the rear door, opening out to Leavenworth street. Thinking it was a customer I continued fixing the till when I was startled by a voice from behind me saying, 'Throw up your hands.'"

"I looked round and saw a short man, wearing a long mask, with a revolver in his hand, and when he saw me he came left and standing at the corner of the counter was another masked man with a revolver pointed at me. This man's mask was torn and he covered the torn part with his left hand, but could see that he was freckled and had a light mustache. At the center of the counter on the outside was a third masked man with a revolver in his hand.

"The two men outside the counter were about the same size—5 feet 7 or 8 inches. The short man behind the counter was, I should judge, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches. "While the two taller men kept their revolvers pointed at me the short man, before I had a chance to yell, showed me a piece of cloth into my mouth to gag me. Then he went through my pockets and took the \$70, besides my keys and a police whistle. He pulled out my watch and said, 'It's only silver here. One of the others said that they did not want it as it was not a gold one. The short man then took the change out of the till. All this time the man standing at the center of the counter kept his eyes fixed on the rear door.'"

"They dragged me into the room leading from the bar and tied me by the wrists to a chair with my face looking toward the wall. They used one of the bar towels. Then with another towel they tied my neck and double-gagged my mouth. "The fourth man, who was also masked, stood outside the front door as a lookout. Four of my friends came along McAllister street and when they saw their confessor, prosecuting attorney and his own lawyer. For the work the priest prepares by a long course of study. He must be a friend of those who need it, kind to all although severe. He must be prudent and careful, and as patient as he knows how to be."

These points were developed at some length. The results have been good which have followed these Sunday evening instructions, as numbers have been led to investigate more closely the doctrines of the Catholic religion.

Father Clark opens a mission for non-Catholics in St. Helena, Napa county, next Sunday, at the invitation of Rev. P. Blake.

Professor Scheel and his band of talented musicians will give a sacred concert at St. Mary's on Tuesday evening, June 4. The remaining and decorating of the old church will then be finished, and the effects under the electric lights, which will be turned on for the first time, will be shown to good advantage.

The famous painting of the Immaculate Conception, brought from Rome by the late Archbishop Alemany, and the points of the Crucifixion and the Blessed Virgin have been reset in the sanctuary walls and stand out in strong relief and harmony.

When daylight broke yesterday morning MacIntosh found one of the masks and a cane on the sidewalk on the opposite side of Leavenworth street, where they had been thrown by one of the footpads. The mask is made out of the black lining of a coat. The under part of another mask was found in the doorway of the house on Leavenworth street immediately above the saloon. These articles MacIntosh handed to the police. He thinks he would be able to identify the shortest of the footpads and the one whose mask was torn. The police are working on the case, but no arrests have as yet been made.

Some idea may be formed of the cost of accessories to a billiard-table when it is stated that it requires the tusks of three elephants to furnish a complete set of balls—namely, sixteen pyramid, twelve pool and three billiard balls.

Funeral Services Over the Remains of Governor Burnett.

There were quite a large number of callers yesterday at the Burnett residence at 1713 Larkin street, to view the remains of the first elected Governor of California. The body had been laid out in the drawing-room and the features were life-like and natural, showing a calm and peaceful end. There were many and beautiful floral tributes from the relatives and friends of the departed pioneer and executive.

The funeral will take place from the family residence this morning. A solemn requiem mass will be celebrated at St. Ignatius Church at 10 o'clock, and the mortal remains of Peter H. Burnett will then be conveyed by a special funeral train to Santa Clara, where the interment will take place in the Catholic cemetery.

Rev. Father Coltell will be the celebrant of the mass and Rev. Father Larkin will act as deacon. Rev. Father Coltell will preach the sermon. A male choir will sing the mass and the solos will be by an especially selected quartet.

The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers: Judge McKinstry, Senator George C. Perkins, Captain James M. McDonald, Dr. C. D. Cleveland, Christian Reiss, Alexander Boyd, W. A. Piper and James A. Kelly.

The gentlemen's sodality of St. Ignatius Church will be present in a body and Governor Budd and staff are also expected to be present. The pioneers will also be represented.

Among the mourners who will accompany the remains to Santa Clara are the following: Mr. and Mrs. Dwight Burnett of Visitation Valley, Mr. and Mrs. John M. Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Ryland of San Jose, Judge and Mrs. William T. Wallace, Miss M. Burnett, Mrs. A. J. Burnett, Mrs. Ryland of Los Gatos, Miss Harriet Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. George Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Sheehan, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burnett, T. Ryland, Jr., David M. Burnett, Mrs. Romie Wallace, A. Burnett, Peter Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. Sprague, John W. Ryland, Miss Sarah Burnett, Miss Margaret A. Burnett and Miss Mary Burnett.

Macaulay had a good mother and revered her memory. He said: "In after life you may have friends—fond, dear friends—fond, dear friends; but never will you have again the incessant love and gentleness lavished upon you which none but a mother bestows."

FOR BUYERS OF TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES, ETC.

GREAT AMERICAN IMPORTING TEA CO.'S STORES.

EXTRA LARGE PREMIUMS GIVEN AWAY TO PURCHASERS OF FIFTY CTS. OR ONE DOLLAR'S WORTH OF OUR CELEBRATED TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES, ETC.

OUR VERY LIBERAL INDUCEMENTS WILL SURPRISE YOU. BUY AT FIRST HAND—AN IMMENSE SAVING.

NO PEPPER'S PROFITS TO PAY. GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

FOR BUYERS OF TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES, ETC.

GREAT AMERICAN IMPORTING TEA CO.'S STORES.

EXTRA LARGE PREMIUMS GIVEN AWAY TO PURCHASERS OF FIFTY CTS. OR ONE DOLLAR'S WORTH OF OUR CELEBRATED TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES, ETC.

OUR VERY LIBERAL INDUCEMENTS WILL SURPRISE YOU. BUY AT FIRST HAND—AN IMMENSE SAVING.

NO PEPPER'S PROFITS TO PAY. GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

52 Market Street, 140 Sixth Street, 1419 Polk Street, 2008 Fillmore Street, 3006 Sixteenth Street, 617 Kearny Street, 985 Market Street, 333 Hayes Street, 218 Third Street, 104 Second Street, 146 Ninth Street, 2410 Mission Street, 3259 Mission Street, 917 Broadway, 333 Park Avenue, 616 E. Twelfth Street, Park Street and Alameda Avenue, San Francisco, Oakland, Alameda.



MRS. MATHEWS.

means freed from the elements of mystery. Through the ravings of the woman prior to her death an injustice was inadvertently done in yesterday's reports to Mr. Crowell, the superintendent of Laurel Hill Cemetery.

To her husband, before she died, she kept repeating the statement that the superintendent of the cemetery had given her a pill which made her sick. It transpires that Mr. Crowell is away in Santa Barbara, and could not possibly have had anything to do with the case.

The person to whom Mrs. Mathews had reference was Oliver W. Winthrop, the assistant superintendent of the cemetery, but the statement that he gave Mrs. Mathews a pill in the cemetery rests only upon her ante-mortem statement and the testimony of her five-year-old child, who was with her at the cemetery. Mr. Winthrop in a statement made to the police

and want you to loan me \$75 to buy a bicycle." I told her I did not know why I should do so. Even if I were willing I could not loan her six bits. Whereupon she said: "You had better give it to me or you will be sorry for it. You can, because you are rich."

She appeared quite angry and said: "Well, give my little girl Mattie a ride." I said I was going to the office, and she said: "Then give her a ride to the office." I thought it an easy way to appease her anger, and took the child to the buggy and I drove to the office. I lifted the child out and told her to go to her mother, she being at or near the grave. She said she was afraid she would get lost and would not be able to find her way back, so I told her to sit down and wait until I came from the office and I would see the way back all right.

I was in the office about ten minutes, when I came out. It occurred to me I had left a Miss Corbett up in the cemetery, who was after netting. Taking the child I went to Miss Corbett, excused myself, and directed her to a man who was pulling nettles, and told her to tell him she was the lady who was to get the nettles. I told her I was going to take or leave the child with its mother. After leaving Miss Corbett we went to the Mathews graves. I saw Mrs.

I found her suffering from some kind of spasms. I could not get to her connectedly on account of the spasms and because Dr. Griffith did not want me to talk to her. When he was out of the room I got most of her statement.

She said Winthrop had come to her when she was at the grave of our two children. They had been buried in one grave. She said Winthrop had told her to take a pill. She did not want to take it, but he took one to show her it was harmless. She said she had a revolver and forced her to swallow the pill. I did not get from her the reason why Winthrop wanted her to take the pill.

My little daughter Mattie, who is nearly 6 years old, corroborates the pill story. She has the pill and she saw Winthrop give my wife the pill and make her take it, saying, "Don't be foolish."

My wife said that about ten minutes after she took the pill she began to feel sick. My wife also said that Winthrop refused to take her from the cemetery until she compelled him to do so. She also told me that Winthrop had caused her to get her life insured in some lodge and that Winthrop had paid the premiums on the policy. I tried to get some particulars from her, but could not do so on account of her condition. My wife was perfectly healthy and had no reason to complain of anything.

We got along very pleasantly and she had no worriment of mind. When our child died about a year ago she was very much affected, but she had gotten over her grief some time ago. Recently she has taken to riding a bicycle, and was out frequently the last few days. She was in the best of spirits when she died at noon yesterday, and I don't believe any sudden change could come over her, even though she visited the grave of our children. I did not know she was acquainted with Winthrop, and never saw him but once. I had no idea she had any insurance on her life or that she belonged to any lodge.

Just before my wife