

MUZZLING THE PRESS

Kaiser William's Course Has a Reactionary Effect.

SOCIALISTS ARE GAINERS

Odium Attaching to Their Faith Lessened by the Vorwarts Episode.

GENEROUS WORDS FOR FRANCE.

Felicitations of German Papers Upon the Anniversary of the Third Republic.

BERLIN, GERMANY, Sept. 8.—The Government's prosecution of the Vorwarts, the leading Socialist organ of Berlin, has had a reactionary effect. The arrest of the editor has elicited from several Socialist leaders not only protests against Governmental interference with the liberty of the press, but a flat denial of the official assumption that the Socialist party ought to be accused of having failed in patriotism. The Vorwarts, in an article replying to the characterization by the Emperor that the Socialists were a band of persons who were unwilling to bear the name of Germans, declares that the best patriots in Germany are those who are aiming to give all Germans the fullest measure of political liberty, genuine equality and sure prosperity by destroying the existing system of exploitation of workingmen.

The Vorwarts refrained from making any defense of its supposed hostility and also of the presumed hostility of the Socialist party to the celebration of Sedan day. This, of course, is to be expected from a newspaper which has been put under the ban of imperial displeasure, but the utterances of the Vorwarts are upheld by speeches delivered by Herren Auer and Vollmar, who voice the sentiments of a large section of the Socialist party. The speeches of these gentlemen have had the effect of greatly lessening the popular odium attaching to the supposed Socialist faith and have also checked the alienation of a great many lukewarm Socialists from the tenets of the sect.

Herr Auer, in a speech delivered at a reunion of socialists at Berlin yesterday, defended the action of the party in refraining from participation in the celebrations commemorative of Sedan day. He takes the ground that it would be impolitic to irritate the French democracy. Pursuing his subject, he said that this did not imply that the German socialists were enemies of the principles of the unity of the Fatherland, nor of the unity of the empire. So long as it was necessary to preserve unity, he said, all socialists were ready now, as they were in 1870, to march against France or any other nation presuming to assail the empire. Moreover, they were ready and willing to fight in defense of or for the protection of the Reichland. These utterances were received by the meeting with prolonged cheers.

Herr Vollmar, in a letter written to a friend in regard to the abstention of socialists from the celebration of Sedan day, says: "Like all Bavarian veterans of the war of 1870 I hoisted the flag of the Emperor upon my villa on Walchense, and I am grateful to be able still to recall the victories of Germany during the period. The truth is that though some extremists have succeeded in divesting themselves of national feelings of patriotism the mass of the socialists throughout the empire retain the sentiments which have been expressed so ably by Herr Auer."

A distinguished American journeying in Berlin who has been an unbiased observer of the series of celebrations, and knowing the German people intimately, said: "Some of the Socialist press gang misrepresent the national sentiments of the workmen—a few of them perhaps unwittingly, but the most of them willfully. Still the military sentiments in a patriotic sense, continue to pervade them. No matter how many socialists may be elected to the Reichstag there is no fear whatever that their patriotism will be lessened or that a revolution similar to that which occurred in France will ever occur."

The Socialist committee of Berlin, which sent a telegram to the Paris socialists on Sedan day proclaiming the solidarity of nations, has not, says the Vossische Zeitung, found sympathy even among its own political friends. The Cologne Gazette, in an article on the same subject, reiterates the assertions of last week that no exceptional laws are contemplated by the Government, the democratic press to the contrary notwithstanding. The Gazette contends that the Emperor's speech to the guards on the occasion of the banquet in the white hall of the palace on the eve of Sedan day cannot be so interpreted. Pursuing the subject the Gazette declares that if the Kaiser had desired the passage of such laws he would have said so clearly and distinctly. Moreover, he would have appealed not to the people, but directly to the Legislature.

The generous tone adopted by most of the German newspapers in their articles commenting upon the anniversary of the third republic of France ought to have helped to compensate the French for the irritation which they experienced through the ebullitions of the Germans in their commemoration of the battle of Sedan. The Vossische Zeitung says that although founded in the hour of France's greatest trial the present republic has saved the national honor and preserved the existence of France against the plots of the reactionists. It has also advanced the economic and military strength of France until she has become a stronger and richer power than she has been at any time since the First Empire. Many other German papers have treated this subject in a similar manner.

A strong force of Berlin detectives has been sent to Stettin to assist the police of that town in preserving order and protecting life and property during the military maneuvers which take place there this week. Additional to many other precautions is an edict which has been issued ordering that any person arriving in Stettin between September 6 and September 13 shall report himself to the police within six hours. Failure to comply with this order will subject the delinquent to the penalties which would be imposed upon a criminal under parole. Excursion trains will run at frequent intervals from Berlin, Hamburg and other cities to Stettin throughout the maneuvers.

Pending the actual maneuvers, sham battles, etc., which will take place during the week, the Emperor has announced him-

self by springing surprises upon the military and civilians as well. On Thursday, Friday and Saturday nights his Majesty kept the batteries stationed between Swinemund and Misdroy, firing against an imaginary enemy supposed to be endeavoring to land on the river bank.

An incident which took place on Friday gives a good idea of the fun the Kaiser is having in other directions than those requiring strict military discipline. After visiting the batteries between Misdroy and Swinemund, he left the latter place on board the dispatch boat Grille, taking command of that vessel as soon as he went on board. Reaching the mouth of the Oder, the Emperor ordered the boat to be sent ahead at full speed. The order was obeyed immediately, and resulted in forcing the water of the river over the banks, which were lined with people cheering the progress of the Emperor. The people were so massed that they were unable to get away from the waves which swept the banks, and they were consequently thoroughly drenched, but perfectly good-natured. The Kaiser was highly amused at seeing the waves roll through the crowd, many of whom were bowled down by the force of the water.

Chancellor von Hohenlohe will return to Berlin on September 15. He is accompanied in his visit to St. Petersburg by his son Maurice. At the Foreign Office it is understood that the Chancellor has been charged by the Kaiser with a commission to formally invite the Czar to visit Berlin in the spring of 1896.

Prince Bismarck has accepted the presidency of the Stettin Krieger Verein (war society). The Emperor sent an invitation to Prince Bismarck to attend the banquet which will take place on September 9, as the representative of the province of Pomerania. The ex-Chancellor declined the invitation, pleading his infirmities and advanced age as reasons for his non-acceptance.

The theatrical season in Berlin has begun. The Rosenfelds of New York made a very successful opening of the Friedrich Theater in Wilhelmstrasse with "A Trip to Mars." Herr Paasch, the new manager of the Berliner Theater, has made a great hit in the production of Kleist's "Penitentiaria."

The Teachers' Union of Stettin serenaded the Emperor in the great vault of the castle last evening. The Emperor told the conductor of the band how gratified she was at the attention paid to the bands accompanying the troops. The Emperor and Empress attended divine service this morning. The colors of the regiments assembled, decorated with garlands of oak leaves, were grouped around the Kaiser's pavilion, where an altar has been erected. The Second Army Corps formed a square around the pavilion, with an opening around the gate leading to the street. The Imperial party drove through this gate and out the avenue at 10 o'clock. The Kaiser called out "good morning" to each brigade as he passed. To a group of officers and foreign attaches the Emperor said, "Good morning, comrades," and the persons addressed returned the greeting.

Captain Evans and other representatives of the German American soldiers sang hymns. Chaplain Kramm preached a sermon, which the Kaiser had ordered not to exceed twenty minutes. The sermon was followed by a prayer and hymns and roll of the drums. The Emperor stood erect throughout the service. At noon the troops marched past the Emperor, and later his Majesty entertained the officers and foreign attaches at luncheon in the military casino. The heat throughout the day was intense.

LEVELED BY HIGH WINDS.

Great Damage Done by a Gale and Rainstorm in Kansas.

Buildings Totally Destroyed or Unroofed and Cellars Filled With Water.

EMPORIA, KAN., Sept. 8.—A very severe wind and rain storm passed over Emporia about 3 o'clock this afternoon and did considerable damage, although so far as can be learned no lives were lost.

The worst damage was done at the State Normal School, the new east wing, which cost \$50,000 and was but lately dedicated, being reduced to a mass of ruins. The north gable end was blown in and the roof rolled up like paper and carried off a half block. The entire inside of Albert Taylor Hall is open to the storm of rain, which still continues. The damage is estimated at about \$10,000, and fears are entertained that the wind may yet blow the other walls out, as it now has a full sweep into a comparatively confined space.

Considerable other damage was done downtown. Clark's wholesale furniture store was partly unroofed and its stock more or less damaged. Basements and cellars throughout the city are flooded. Four inches of water fell in two hours. But meager reports have as yet been received from the surrounding country, where it is feared the damage has been great. At Hartford, twelve miles southeast of here, several houses are reported blown down, and one woman, a Miss Bessie Henry, is dangerously injured.

THREATENED BY REDS.

Prospects of an Uprising at the Rosebud Agency.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. DAK., Sept. 8.—The Sioux at the Rosebud Agency, under the leadership of Hollow Horn Bear, a powerful and influential chief, have warned Indian Agent Wright and his employees to vacate the agency within twenty-one days. They threaten to burn the agency buildings.

A determination on the part of the agency to reduce rates paid Indians for hauling freight from Valentine, Neb., to the agency from 50 to 25 cents a hundred is the cause. The Indians took mortal offense and runners sent to distant camps brought to the agency about 3000 angry and excited Indians. Their wrath was partly appeased by a promise to pay 35 cents per hundred. Crow Dog, the slayer of Spotted Tail, has been lodged in the agency jail for the part he took in the present difficulty.

Fort Niobrara is the nearest military post, but the troops are absent on the regular field exercises. Information from Valentine states that the settlers adjacent to the reservation are becoming uneasy at the attitude of the Indians.

Arrest of a Mining Sheriff.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Sept. 8.—Sigfried V. Nagle, 35 years of age, an alleged mining operator of Gibbonsville, Idaho, was arrested here today. He is wanted in Chicago for obtaining \$10,000 under false pretenses.

Protected by Militia.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Sept. 8.—The Champion Mining Company will start ore crushers to work to-morrow morning under protection of the militia. Colonel Lyons' force of State troops are now divided into three detachments stationed at the most important points, which indicates that he does not apprehend serious trouble from the strikers.

BLUE AND GRAY MEET.

Warriors Gathering for the Reunion at Louisville.

WILL OWN THE CITY.

True Southern Hospitality to Be Extended to the Visitors.

ADVANCE GUARD GREETED.

Preparations Made to Accommodate a Quarter of a Million Veterans.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 8.—The Falls City opened her gates to-day and announced that she was prepared to greet the advance hosts of the Grand Army. At 3 this afternoon Director-General Milliken, who had been wrestling for hours with the final reports of committees innumerable, gave a sigh of relief and congratulated the crowd of prominent citizens that had assembled at headquarters upon the fact that the last detail had been completed and that they now only awaited the coming of the guests for whose welcome and entertainment they had planned and worked since New Year's day.

"Open wide the gates," said he, "and let us give the advance guard of the army such a Southern greeting as will reverberate over the continent," and his hearers cheered the sentiment.

The cherished plan of having the veterans of the blue and the gray meet once more in good fellowship on Southern soil and together eat the fruits of peace and good will that have ripened through three decades that have passed since the stirring days of the sixties is on the eve of realization, and gorgeously has Louisville arrayed herself in honor of the consummation of her greatest ambition. In all directions, from the cabins of the colored folks along the river front to the mansions of the wealthy in the suburbs, the small stores in the market-place and the big business blocks, "Old Glory" in tens and hundreds of thousands is floating triumphantly. Never since the war, in a Southern city, if in any one of the North, have the stars and stripes been more in evidence on a festive occasion.

There were no arrivals of organized posts this morning or afternoon, but some of the Middle States contingents, together with the committee which is to boom St. Paul for the next encampment are expected tonight. A number of representatives of New York and Massachusetts posts, however, have come on in advance to complete the arrangements for accommodations.

The first headquarters opened are those of Lafayette Post No. 140 of New York, and which has sent a courier. The post will keep open house at the Galt House, where General Miles, Rear-Admiral Meade, General Daniel Butterfield, General A. W. Greeley of Arctic expedition fame, and other members of this famous post will be the central figures in a continuous reunion.

an advance of 11 per cent, to take effect to-morrow, with an order for a suspension of work in case the operators refused to grant the demand. At the same time meetings were arranged to be held this afternoon at the various coke plants in the region to choose delegates to the next convention.

At the meetings heard from the men favored an advance union to insist on an increase. The labor leaders say a strike is inevitable unless wages are advanced this week.

ESCAPE ALLEN'S FATE.

Will Be Tried in Missouri on a Trivial Charge.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 8.—Chief Post-office Inspector Johnson, Deputy Sutton, Postmaster Ridgely of Springfield, Ill., and Assistant United States Attorney Graffner of the Western district of Missouri held a conference this evening over what disposition to make of the man under arrest at Springfield, Mo., now identified as the postoffice robber Allen, who recently escaped from the Ludlow-street jail in New York.

Inspector Sutton was in Springfield, Mo., last night, when Allen was examined before United States Commissioner Silsby. He says the identification was thorough enough to satisfy all present that the prisoner is Allen. He gave the name of Tom Hogan when arrested here. He and one Claude Webb were detected in a film-fraud swindle at Ozark, Christian County, Mo., recently, and were arrested at Springfield by City Marshal Hindman, who recognized Hogan as the man wanted in New York. Attorney Graffner was advised by wire to-night that Judge Gibbon of Christian County had called the Grand Jury together Sunday, which body returned an indictment against Hogan or Allen and Webb. This will serve to prevent the United States authorities from getting possession of Allen until the indictment is satisfied. Allen employed counsel, and, oddly enough, selected a brother of Judge Gibbon to defend him.

HOLD HIGH CARNIVAL.

Continued from First Page.

San Francisco this evening. Gilroy Parlor No. 81, N. S. G. W., with the Gilroy Golden State band, were also in line. The "vets" and their lady friends arrived on the regular train at 11:15 o'clock. Immediately upon their arrival Grand Marshal Victor Bassigano formed the procession, and headed by the Fifth Regiment band of San Jose, it marched from the depot up Monterey street.

Representatives from Hollister's Fremont Parlor, San Lucas, Watsonville, Santa Cruz and Salinas parlor arrived in the afternoon train to-day and large delegations of citizens from San Jose and from all the towns of Santa Clara, San Benito, Monterey and Santa Cruz counties, and many hundreds from San Francisco are coming. The hose teams came in this afternoon.

The accommodation committee, composed of Messrs. Herbert Robinson and Mark Lennox, is busy assigning rooms to the many vets and their friends in the private dwellings. The hotels are already crowded.

On Monday there will be a parade in the morning and in the afternoon the hose teams from Hollister, Watsonville, Salinas, Monterey and Gilroy will compete for prizes. First prize, \$200; second prize, \$75.

After the hose races the veteran firemen of San Francisco will give an exhibition of fighting fire with the old hand engine.

The best decorated wheel in line will get \$10 and the club having the largest repre-

BUILDING WARSHIPS.

Work in the American Navy-Yards Being Expedited.

ARMOR IS NOT LACKING.

Officials Kept Constantly Supplied and Ordered to Lose No Time.

HERBERT TIRED OF DELAY.

Wants the Vessels Now Under Construction to Be Placed in Commission Soon.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 8.—Secretary Herbert to-day stated that the published statement that he had ordered work on vessels under construction to be expedited were entirely correct.

The ships building in the navy have been lagging for years. The delay was for want of armor, but armor is now being furnished promptly. The Texas and the Maine, the former of which has just been put in commission, and the latter of which will be in a few days, really ought to have been in service months ago.

Officials at the navy-yards naturally desire to keep a regular force steadily employed, and the disposition is to take workmen from the ships that are building and do repair work with them, putting them back when the repair work is completed. Not only have the Texas and Maine been delayed by this practice, but also the monitors Terrey, the Monadnock and the puritan.

"All these ships ought now to be in commission," said Secretary Herbert, "and I have ordered them to be pushed to completion. Navy-yard officials are sometimes tempted to neglect Government work and use part of the force on the Government ships to do outside work as it comes in. The contracts all provide penalties for failure to complete work in time. Penalties for delay have frequently been imposed upon contractors by the Navy Department, but unfortunately Congress has in almost every instance, when it was asked, voted against the penalties. The effect of such acts is necessarily demoralizing."

"The Department has recently given orders to push all work on all navy-yard ships, and has also been urging the contractors to increased diligence. It is to be hoped that penalties incurred in the future for delay will be allowed to stand."

"There is really nothing about shipbuilding that now renders it difficult in the United States. No good reason can be given why ships authorized by Congress should not be completed with reasonable dispatch, and I am simply insisting on prompt compliance with contract obligations. We have already shown that we can build ships and guns equal to any in the world and I hope our ship-builders who are now looking for contracts abroad will demonstrate to the world that ships can be built not only as well but as rapidly in the United States as anywhere."

"The Holy Father naturally rejoices at the religious progress of the United States and takes a deep interest in our political and social institutions and admires our republicanism when we have authority without despotism and liberty without license, and where our strength lies in the intelligence and patriotism of the people. For eight years the Pope has lived within the walls of the Vatican, except when he takes some recreation in the Vatican grounds. He sometimes retires to those gardens and resides in the summer-house during the heated term."

Comparing the Governments of the United States and France, regarding their attitude toward religion, his eminence thought the result was in favor of this country.

"It is sad to observe," he said, "how the civil authorities of France and some other Catholic nations of Europe studiously avoid all reference to God, to his providence and to religion in their public and official utterances. But I am happy to say that the spirit of religion is still deeply rooted in the great mass of the French people."

WOMEN UNDER SUSPICION.

Supposed to Have Been Implicated in an Adams Express Robbery.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., Sept. 8.—There is no trace of Cashier Farden and Ticket Agent Barnet, further than that they left here on the 1:30 A. M. east bound Big Four train Sunday morning.

Assistant Superintendent Curtis of the Adams Express Company arrived to-day. He said to-night that he could not tell how much money had been taken. He knows of one package of \$16,000 and until the shippers are heard from it will not be known how much Farden took out of the safe.

BIG FIRES IN MICHIGAN.

Heavy Loss of Lumber in Menominee Mills.

MENOMINEE, MICH., Sept. 8.—Dispatches from Hermansville report heavy loss of lumber owned by the Wisconsin Land and Lumber Company by fire. Fire engines from Iron Mountain and Norway are assisting the Hermansville department and it is hoped the factory can be saved. The woods are on fire in every direction and for three nights this place has been enveloped in smoke.

FREIGHT TRAINS COLLIDED.

A Railroad Accident in Which Two Men Were Killed.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, Sept. 8.—In a head-on collision of freight trains on the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific Railroad, near Blainville, late to-night, three engines and four freight cars were derailed and badly demolished.

Fireman Frank Slosker of the south-bound train and a man named Henderson, who was stealing a ride, were killed. Engineer Roberts was badly injured.

Jealousy Causes a Double Tragedy.

HOLLAND, MICH., Sept. 8.—Jake Van Rye, owner of the steamboat Three Sisters, murdered his wife this afternoon and then killed himself. The tragedy took place at the depot at Ottawa Beach. Van Rye had some words with his wife and shot her three times, twice in the back and once in the head, killing her instantly. He then turned the weapon on himself and put a bullet into his head. He was taken to this city for medical treatment but died soon after being taken ashore. Jealousy is said to have been the cause.

Dropped Dead in His Carriage.

ZANESVILLE, OHIO, Sept. 8.—Hon. B. F. Power, a prominent attorney and leader of the anti-Price forces in this section, died of a heart attack this evening while out driving with his wife.

DEATH BY DYNAMITE.

Five Lives Sacrificed by a Boy's Poor Marksmanship.

HIT THE WRONG TARGET.

A Bullet Fired into a Box Filled With a Deadly Explosive.

VICTIMS TORN TO SHREDS.

Their Home Reduced to Splinters and Surrounding Buildings Wrecked.

DUBUQUE, IOWA, Sept. 8.—Five persons were blown to instant death and three injured by an explosion of dynamite at Specht's Ferry, ten miles from this city on the river side, at 7 o'clock this morning.

The dead are: Edward Latshaw, aged 35, of Victory, Wis.; Mrs. Edward Latshaw, his wife; Ray Latshaw, aged 12, a son; Matt Latshaw, aged 6, a son; Hans Bjornstad. The injured are: Mabel Latshaw, aged 15, daughter of the above, still unconscious, but may recover; Matt Faber, quarryman, of Wabasha, Minn.; Ed Bensch, Landing, Iowa, eye knocked out.

LO'S DECLINING YEARS.

Cardinal Gibbon's Tells of His Recent Visits to the Aged Pope.

Still Strong in Mind, Though With the Pallor of Death Upon His Face.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 6.—Cardinal Gibbons told of a large congregation to-day at the cathedral of the impressions made upon him during his second European trip.

"The first subject that naturally occurs to me," said his eminence, "regards several visits to the Pope. Represent to yourself a man in his eighty-sixth year, with a pallor almost of death upon him. His body is more bent than it was eight or ten years ago, but his eye is bright and penetrating."

"His voice is strong and sonorous, his intellect remarkably clear and luminous. His memory is most tenacious. He has also astonishing power of physical endurance, which enables him to hold audiences for several consecutive hours, treating on most important subjects with Cardinals and foreign representatives, as well as with private individuals, and passing with ease and elasticity of mind from one subject to another. He is remarkably familiar with the public events of the day."

"The Holy Father naturally rejoices at the religious progress of the United States and takes a deep interest in our political and social institutions and admires our republicanism when we have authority without despotism and liberty without license, and where our strength lies in the intelligence and patriotism of the people. For eight years the Pope has lived within the walls of the Vatican, except when he takes some recreation in the Vatican grounds. He sometimes retires to those gardens and resides in the summer-house during the heated term."

THE BELGIC ASHORE.

Report That the Big Steamer Ran Aground at Susaka.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Sept. 9.—The Herald's special cable from Yokohama says: The steamer Belgic of the Occidental and Oriental Steamship Company, bound from San Francisco for this port, went ashore this morning at Susaka. No details are yet to hand.

Salvation Army Attacked.

BELLEVILLE, ILL., Sept. 8.—A crowd composed mainly of small boys attacked the Salvation Army with stones and bricks to-night on the public square. The American flag carried by the Army was torn to pieces. John Delsdorf, a bookkeeper, was arrested. He acknowledged throwing a missile at the bass drum carried by one of the salvationists, but emphatically denied that he took part in the destruction of the flag.

China's Latest Rebellion.

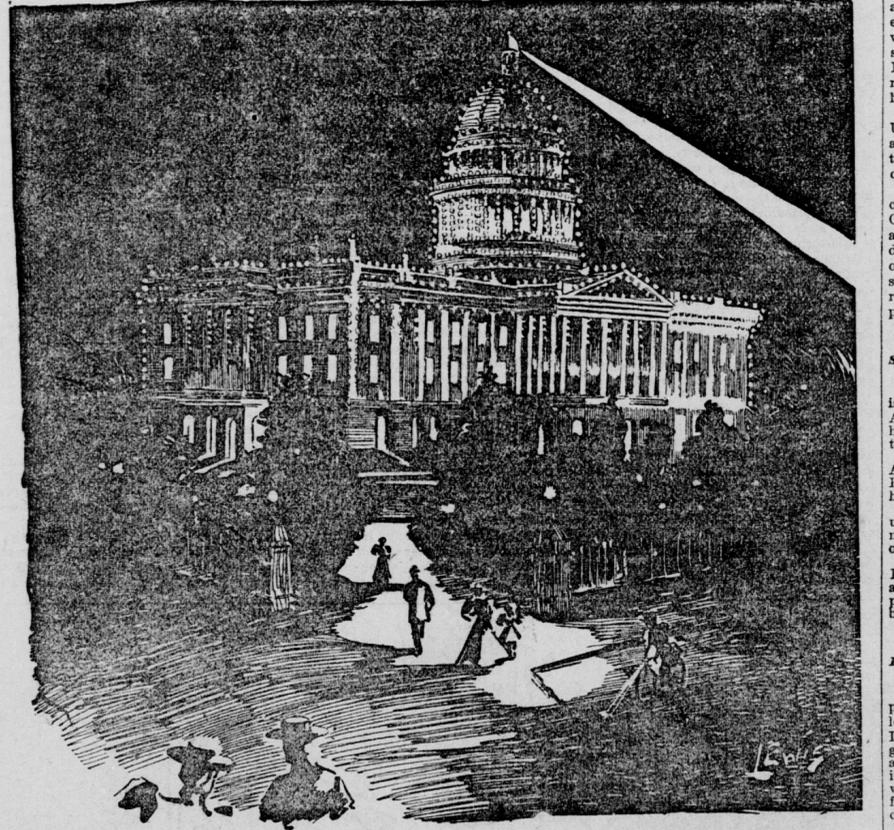
LONDON, ENG., Sept. 8.—A dispatch from Shanghai to the Globe says: A rebellion has broken out in the province of Kansuh, and has assumed a very serious phase. The imperial army has been routed by the rebels, who have captured eleven cities. In official circles in Peking the question is being discussed of asking the assistance of Russia to suppress the outbreak.

A Bomb in Paris.

PARIS, FRANCE, Sept. 8.—A bomb with a partially burned fuse attached was found yesterday upon a window ledge of the Municipal Library in the Temple Quarter. The bomb was taken to the public laboratory, where it is being examined.

Two Thousand Deaths Daily.

ST. PETERSBURG, RUSSIA, Sept. 8.—Vladivostok correspondent of the Novoe Vremya says that cholera is raging in China and there are daily 2000 deaths from the disease in Peking.



THE CAPITOL AT SACRAMENTO AS IT WILL LOOK WHEN ILLUMINATED BY MYRIADS OF ELECTRIC LIGHTS.

[Reproduced from a design furnished to "The Call" by the Executive Committee.]

With the co-operation of Jeffersonville and New Albany, Louisville will be able to entertain this week without discomfort or inconvenience a third of a million visitors, feeding them by day and housing them by night. Most of the distinguished visitors will be the guests of the representative citizens at their homes. The festivities of the week will be inaugurated at 7 A. M. to-morrow, when the citizens' committee with the local Grand Army and ex-Confederate posts will turn out to bid welcome to Commander-in-Chief Lawler and his staff, and to present to them the keys of the Falls City.

Admission Day Races.

SACRAMENTO, CAL., Sept. 8.—A great crowd is expected to attend the races Admission Day. All of the events are for members of the trotting brigade. Great trotting are expected of Zombro in the 2:14 trot, and this will be the feature of the day's programme. The entries are as follows:

Trotting race, free-for-all, four-year-olds—John Bury, Visalia, McZeus, Nellie W, Ravenscroft.
2:14 class, trotting—Bruno, Zambro, Maria P, Boole, George Dexter, Lago, Lago, Stam B.
2:27 class, trotting—Charivari, Potrero, Dr. Puff, Silver Bee, Our Lucky, Anita, Jasper Paulson, Lady Vestal, Edwin.

Of course, I am pushing along the manufacture of ordnance at the same time."

VICTIMS OF A WRECK.

Twenty-Five People Injured in the Monmouth Disaster.

CHEROKEE, KANS., Sept. 8.—There were twenty-five people hurt in the wreck of the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis passenger train near Monmouth, Kans., yesterday afternoon, several seriously. As the train neared the bridge over Indian Creek, one mile west of Monmouth, an axle on the rear coach broke, and when the train had reached the bridge the baggage-car tipped and crashed into the side timbers of the bridge. The structure gave way and the entire bridge pitched into the creek, twenty feet below. The stream had been swollen by the recent heavy rains.

The baggage-car fell first and the front coach fell partially over it, thus preventing the passengers from being drowned. After the train had fallen over the people slightly hurt broke open the windows in the side of the car uppermost and so freed

sentation takes \$10. Best decorated private carriage will get \$10.

The fireman's Daughter, Miss Laura Dewart, has chosen Miss Ollie Rivard and Miss Bessie Casey as maids of honor, and they will appear with the "Daughter" in the fireman's float.

Admission Day Races.

SACRAMENTO, CAL., Sept. 8.—A great crowd is expected to attend the races Admission Day. All of the events are for members of the trotting brigade. Great trotting are expected of Zombro in the 2:14 trot, and this will be the feature of the day's programme. The entries are as follows:

Trotting race, free-for-all, four-year-olds—John Bury, Visalia, McZeus, Nellie W, Ravenscroft.
2:14 class, trotting—Bruno, Zambro, Maria P, Boole, George Dexter, Lago, Lago, Stam B.
2:27 class, trotting—Charivari, Potrero, Dr. Puff, Silver Bee, Our Lucky, Anita, Jasper Paulson, Lady Vestal, Edwin.

It Is Not What We Say

But what Hood's Sarsaparilla does that tells the story. Thousands of voluntary testimonials prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye to-day.



Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary, 425 MARKET ST. Established in 1825 for the treatment of Private Diseases. Lost Manhood. Debility. Diseases of the Head, Heart, Lungs, and Skin. Rheumatism. Dropsy. Consumption. Cholera. Cholera Infantum. Cholera Morbus. Cholera Asiatica. Cholera Sicca. Cholera Trachealis. Cholera Stomachalis. Cholera Intestinalis. Cholera Hæmorrhagica. Cholera Typhoides. Cholera Maligna. Cholera Epidemica. Cholera Sporadica. Cholera Infantum. Cholera Morbus. Cholera Asiatica. Cholera Sicca. Cholera Trachealis. Cholera Stomachalis. Cholera Intestinalis. Cholera Hæmorrhagica. Cholera Typhoides. Cholera Maligna. Cholera Epidemica. Cholera Sporadica.