

VICTORIES FOR BOTH.

FURIOUS BATTLES BETWEEN CUBAN INSURGENTS AND SPANISH.

AT THE HOTTEST POINT.

HARDLY AN HOUR PASSES WITHOUT SOME KIND OF AN ENGAGEMENT.

NATIVES FIGHT LIKE HEROES.

GENERAL CAMPOS AWAITS RE-ENFORCEMENTS BEFORE GOING FORTH IN PERSON.

BOSTON, MASS., Oct. 28.—According to dispatches received by a morning paper from Santiago de Cuba, the rebellion is now practically at its hottest point, and hardly a single hour passes without some sort of an engagement. With the arrival of the re-enforcements from Havana, the regulars have been able to make some advances, and during the week have succeeded in forcing the insurgents to relinquish nearly all the advantageous points which they had taken in the vicinity of the city.

The latter were obliged to take this course owing to the strength of the Spanish field batteries, which proved very destructive. But beyond this slight success, the Spanish have not been able to make any advances and the insurgents still practically have the control of the whole east and are pushing forward more rapidly than ever toward the west. The one great evil which the regulars have to face at present is the action which the insurgents have taken in putting a stop to all railroad traffic by means of bombs and mines. The dispatch says that nearly every day a train is blown up with great losses, and that railroad service has practically been discontinued.

Word is also received of another severe battle fought in the vicinity of Santiago de Cuba on the 23d. The Cubans, who had been obliged to vacate the strong earthworks which they had established a little north of the city, took refuge in the woods near the river Pintos. They were followed by a large force of Spanish cavalry and a general engagement was brought on. The cavalry re-enforced by 1500 regulars, but it was impossible to bring up any of field batteries.

Without these they were practically at the mercy of the insurgents, who fought with desperate bravery and who had the odds of position. The Spanish line repeatedly charged, but suffered heavily by the rifle fire of the insurgents. Toward night they retreated across the Pintos, but renewed the struggle early next day, when they were once more driven back and forced to retreat to their headquarters at Santiago de Cuba. Their loss was very large. General Campos has not as yet taken the field, but will do so as soon as re-enforcements are received from Spain.

HAVANA, CUBA, Oct. 28.—General Gasco reports from Bayamo that, having been advised that the rebels under Maceo and Rabi in force had strongly fortified Los Negros, he ordered Lieutenant Colonel Redon with 650 soldiers of all arms on October 6 to attack them. The rebels attempted to prevent the column from crossing, but after charges executed with great gallantry were made by the Spanish troops the rebels were driven off. The Spanish column continued its march toward Jiguani and again met the same bands of rebels at Cruz del Yarey, and a fight ensued which lasted an hour, with the result that the rebels were completely dispersed, leaving on the field twenty killed and sixty wounded. The Government had one killed and twelve wounded, including four officers.

The condition of the director of the Diaro de La Marina, who was seriously wounded by a negro who attacked him on the street with an iron bar Saturday night, is improving.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Oct. 17 (via Key West, Fla.).—A party of insurgents, aided by several of the residents of the village of Hogoloso, twelve miles from Cobre, set fire to Honro on the 12th inst., after seizing all the arms and ammunition they could find in the place. The volunteers went with the rebels.

On the banks of the Bayami River between Corajo Santa Barbara, a short distance from the city of Bayamo, there was a short but bloody encounter on September 22 between part of the followers of the rebel leader Rabi, under his command, and a strong Spanish column, 800 in number, under Colonel Tovar. The rebels were lying in ambush on the right and left of the road, along which the Spaniards were advancing. They allowed the vanguard, 200 in number, to pass unmolested, as well as a section of guerrillas, but when the main body of the column arrived, 300 of Rabi's men, armed rifles, opened fire from their positions and almost destroyed the main column.

After the fire had lasted an hour Colonel Tovar, seeing that he was losing many men, ordered his vanguard to be re-enforced and ordered the use of the bayonet. Rabi lost no time, but with 250 of his famous cavalrymen attacked the Spanish center and rear guard. The Spanish commander could not resist the attack and ordered a hasty retreat, leaving on the field forty killed and wounded whom his men were unable to carry with them. The rebels had five killed and ten wounded and captured a quantity of arms and ammunition abandoned by the Spaniards. This engagement proves how untrue was the report that Rabi and many of his men were about to surrender.

JUST A PLAIN "FAKE."

No Truth in a yarn About Two Women Being Cremated.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 28.—The story of two young married women being burned to death at Mount Winans last night, as reported by the Chicago Associated Press, was read with a great deal of interest today by the women whose charred remains were said to be reposing under tons of ashes and debris of one kind and another. It was a thrilling story: "The husbands were away from home; the unfortunate females were asleep in the second story of the building, a small frame residence, which caught fire from a kitchen-stove; the women were burned to death."

There was an element of truth in the Chicago Associated Press story. A little blaze did light up a section of Mount Winans last night, a cottage was burned, but the only living thing in it was a homeless cat, whose plaintive notes of protest against being driven out in the cold world

excited the sympathy of the neighborhood, but did not in the opinion of any residents give sufficient foundation for the Chicago Associated Press report that two women had been burned to death.

ALL THREE FATALLY INJURED.

Farmer Rutherford, His Wife and Daughter Badly Hurt in a Runaway Accident.

NEVADA, Mo., Oct. 28.—This afternoon George Rutherford, wife and daughter were thrown from their wagon by a runaway team and all were fatally hurt. Mr. Rutherford is a farmer residing about five miles east of town, and was on his way home with his family. In driving off Cherry street the wheels of his farm wagon slipped along the street car track, throwing him out and the wheels passed over his body. The team then ran about a block farther. Mrs. Rutherford was thrown out, her clothing catching on a wheel and she was whirled around two or three times. The daughter, a grown young woman, jumped after the team had run another block and was knocked senseless. No bones were broken, but it is thought all three received internal injuries that will prove fatal.

GREATEST OF DEMOCRATS.

SENATOR HILL INTRODUCED AS SUCH TO AN OHIO AUDIENCE.

THERE SHOULD BE NO PUBLIC TAXATION, HE SAID, EXCEPT FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, Oct. 28.—Senator David B. Hill of New York addressed a meeting in Sangerfest Hall to-night. Fully 12,000 people were present and great enthusiasm was manifested. Ex-Congressman Foran introduced Senator Hill as "the greatest living Democrat."

Mr. Hill devoted a great part of his address to an exposition of the distinguishing differences between the two great political parties.

Mr. Hill opened his discussion on the tariff with the statement that this was not a paternal Government, as Republicans understand it to be, and that it had no constitutional right to enter into partnership with individuals to promote their business interests.

"The Democratic position on this subject can be readily understood by every man, woman and child; it is there should be no public taxation except for public purposes."

Before addressing the Cleveland meeting the Senator spoke at Elyria this afternoon.

WITH A CARGO OF TURTLE SOUP.

Result of the Cruise of a Schooner in Southern Waters.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Oct. 28.—Loaded up to her deckbeams with cans full of green turtle soup, pompano and game jelly, the little two-masted 19-ton American schooner Gracie T anchored in the upper bay yesterday after a cruise of six months in West Indian waters. A curious feature of this very curious cargo is that it was all manufactured on board the schooner and therefore is not supposed to be subject to duty.

Therein lies the secret of the original expedition planned months ago by Benjamin Wood of Pine street and his associates. They expect to undersell the importers.

When the Gracie T left New York on April 10 last she was fitted up as a floating cannery. A chief was taken along to overlook operations and the rest of the party consisted of six expert canners and a regular crew of the vessel, under Captain Wilber. One hundred and fifty thousand empty cans were put aboard, the vessel was provisioned and her sails were spread and she started on her queer errand. She carried a small cargo of calico and cheap goods to exchange for guavas or cheap wherever a profitable trade could be arranged, though Captain Wilber relied mostly on the crew for the cargo the Gracie T was to obtain.

ANTI-TOXINE FOR LOCKJAW.

Williamsburg Physicians Interested in the Experiment.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Oct. 28.—Williamsburg physicians are watching with great interest the result of anti-toxine administered in a case of lockjaw. The victim is Joseph Revere, 12 years old, of 38 Metropolitan avenue, and he was still in a critical condition yesterday from tetanus, or lockjaw, due to blood-poisoning, the result of a kick by a horse two weeks ago.

Late Saturday night when it was thought the boy was likely to die in one of the frequent spasms which attacked him a bottle of anti-toxine, specially prepared for cases of tetanus, was procured from Dr. Gibber of the Pasteur Institute in this city. It was at once administered with hypodermic injections of morphine, and yesterday the spasms had become less frequent. The attending surgeons from St. Catherine's Hospital had some hopes of saving the lad's life.

After the accident the child was taken to St. Catherine's Hospital, where the wound was dressed. Thence he was sent to his home. On Friday last the spasms began and on Saturday, when water was offered him, the boy foamed at the mouth and acted so wildly that a number of physicians were called in. They determined on the use of anti-toxine as a last resort.

CAPTAIN BECK VICTORIOUS.

Acts of His Indian Police Sustained by a Court Decision.

LINCOLN, NEBR., Oct. 28.—Judge Shiras in the United States District Court of down his decision to-day in the case of the Indian police, near Peck, Nebraska, Indian Agency, near Peck, Nebraska. The Indian police were employed by Acting Agent Beck in evicting the settlers on the Flournoy lands. They arrested William H. Garratt and John F. Myers, and application was made for a writ of habeas corpus for the release of these men on the ground of illegal arrest. The judge held that these Indian policemen were strictly United States deputies, but as the writs had been placed by the agent in their hands for service he held that their arrest in arresting Myers and Garratt were legal and hence the application for the writ was denied. This is another clear victory for Captain Beck.

Suicide of a Veteran.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Oct. 28.—Dr. J. B. Carpenter, one of the whitest citizens of Governor and a brother-in-law of ex-Governor Flower, locked himself in a closet this morning, shot himself in the side and died instantly. He had been in poor health for years, and it is thought he became temporarily insane from suffering. Dr. Carpenter was a veteran of the war,

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

FLINT URGED TO CONTEST FOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORSHIP.

MAY MAKE THE RACE.

CONSIDERING THE PROPOSAL TO BE SWORN IN BY A SUPERIOR JUDGE.

BUDD AT THE CITY OF ANGELS.

MOUNT LOWE RECEIVES A VISIT FROM THE EXECUTIVE AND HIS PARTY.

LOS ANGELES, CAL., Oct. 28.—Governor Budd has entirely recovered from the fatigue of his journey to Los Angeles, although he is not a well man by any means. To-day the gubernatorial party was driven over the city, and this afternoon was at Mount Lowe. The Governor may go in the morning to San Diego, he having been invited to make a visit. He



HON. THOMAS FLINT, PRESIDENT OF THE CALIFORNIA STATE SENATE. [From a photograph by Hodson.]

will return to San Francisco by steamer. The Governor will discuss no State business.

A dispatch from Fresno Saturday night to the effect that the Governor had been upbraided by Senator Pedlar and others during his stay there because of the appointment of Jeter is denied. Fresno people this morning sent the following message to the Governor by wire:

The reception to Governor Budd was most cordial. He and his wife were recipients of handsome floral tributes, and the discussion on public matters was in every way most friendly.

Prominent Republicans are urging Hon. Thomas Flint to take the oath of office as Lieutenant-Governor before one of the Superior Judges of this county, but he has not yet acted. Should he do so there will be two men claiming the office of Lieutenant-Governor. He refuses to be interviewed on the matter, but the feeling here is such that his friends may eventually force him into some such action.

OIL FOR THE STANDARD.

The Big Corporation Forced to Buy From Local Producers.

LOS ANGELES, CAL., Oct. 28.—The Standard Oil Company has at last made a move in this field and succeeded in purchasing a large amount of oil. W. C. Miller, the Pacific Coast manager for the corporation, to-day made a purchase from the Oil Exchange at a very profitable figure for the producers, and it is a matter of congratulation to the oil men here that they are in such a well-organized shape that, notwithstanding the enormous capital and influence of the Standard Oil Company, no individual producer could be induced to break over the lines, and the company was forced to go to the Exchange to get its oil. The sale was consummated at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

One instance of the widespread interest in the Los Angeles oil fields is exciting interest shown by the following letter received to-day by Secretary Willard of the Chamber of Commerce from Morgan Brothers' Company, founders, machinists and boiler-makers of Seattle, Wash.:

"We understand you have a large amount of crude petroleum for which you are hunting a market. We contemplate using such for fuel in heating furnaces in our shipyard, provided we can lay it down here at a reasonable figure. Will you kindly put us in correspondence with the proper people in this line? We should like some information as to the value of your oil or fuel as compared with the best coal."

HOW LAWSON WAS KILLED.

Testimony of Witnesses in the Trial of Murderer Kennett.

LOS ANGELES, CAL., Oct. 28.—The prosecution opened this morning in the Kennett murder trial with Deputy Sheriff Dennis Kearney on the stand. Mr. Kearney was a brother-in-law of Detective Lawson, and was in the office at the time of the shooting. He testified to having heard the shots, when he rushed into the rear office door. Kennett opened it, brandishing a pistol in his hand and surrendering himself, admitting that he had killed Lawson. Kearney then lodged him in jail.

A. B. Lawson, a son of the deceased, testified that he was in the office at the time of the shooting. He saw Kennett enter the rear office. He was in a jovial mood and sat joking with some of the young men in J. W. Kemp's office. His father came in and Kennett asked to have a few moments' conversation with him. Lawson replied "Certainly" and the two stepped in the outer office. Kennett had his right hand in the pocket of his coat

and closed the door with his elbow. The door snapped with a spring lock. A minute afterward the shooting occurred. There was no loud talk preceding this, only some mumbling, which he took to be Kennett's voice. Two shots came close together, then a single shot. He heard a deep groan, and when he opened the door his father was dead.

SURRENDERED HIS CONTRACT.

Main Street Will Not Be Paved by the Union Paving Company.

LOS ANGELES, CAL., Oct. 28.—The Union Paving Company, through its president, E. M. French, to-day notified the City Council that it would not fulfill its contract by paving Main street. The reasons given by the company were that the proceedings were faulty and incomplete and that the outcome of the case which is now in the Supreme Court is uncertain. Under this State of affairs it contends that the assessment made to pay for the work could be resisted. The company asked that the proceedings be abandoned. The Council thereupon ordered all proceedings abandoned and instructed the clerk to advertise for new bids. This was the largest paving contract ever awarded on the coast, involving an expenditure of over \$150,000.

MANAGER FRAWLEY'S VICTORY.

Lady Douglas Not Enjoyed Upon Her Appearance in Los Angeles.

LOS ANGELES, CAL., Oct. 28.—The evening papers were full of the impending injunctions that were to be served on Manager Frawley and Lady Sholto Douglas to prevent the latter's appearance at the Burbank Theater to-night. As a consequence the theater was packed to the doors.

Manager Frawley, anticipating trouble, advertised Lady Douglas to appear between the third and fourth acts, smuggled her ladyship early in the evening through the

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

PEACE QUICKLY RESTORED IN THE COEUR D'ALENE COUNTRY.

MILITIA NOT NEEDED.

DISTURBING ELEMENTS COWED BY AN IMMEDIATE SHOW OF FORCE.

CONFLICTING STORIES TOLD.

UNION MEN DENY THE CHARGE THAT THEY THREATENED NON-UNION MINERS.

SPOKANE, WASH., Oct. 28.—The threatened trouble in the Coeur d'Alenes appears to have been nipped in the bud. All is quiet now and the citizens in the mining towns seem to think that trouble will not result. Public sentiment is strong in favor of crushing out any lawlessness and the officials declare that the time has come when men must be protected in honest work.

When the special train from Mullan reached Warden last night 300 armed men responded to the bugle blast and waited for the order to march to the mines. As there was no trouble the order was not given. Colonel Morrow mustered in a company of militia at Mullan to-day, many being miners.

Members of the Miners' Union declare that their committee did not order the men in the Hunter mine to join the union or leave the country. Citizens declare they did and that the threat was not carried out because of the prompt show of resistance on the part of the officials. It is believed this will have a salutary effect, by showing that the first attempt at violence will be immediately put down by armed forces. Superintendent Curran of the Hunter mine said to-day:

"A committee called upon me on Friday and wanted to know if I had any objections to its members talking with men employed in the mine. I told them no. They then went up to the mine. The next day, while I was away on business, the committee went up to the mine again. When I returned I went up to the mine and told them that the mine was of low-grade ore and I could not afford to have the men kept on their work and that I thought the one visit granted them was sufficient to transact their business. I then ordered them off the premises.

"On Saturday afternoon Mr. Boyce called on me and asked if I had any objections to my men joining the union. I replied that all the men employed in the mine were free to act for themselves, as any free American citizen should be—that I had no strings on them."

State Senator Edward Boyce, National organizer of the Federation of Miners, who accompanied the committee from the Miners' Union that waited upon the men in the Hunter and Morning mines, made the following statement to-night:

"The members of the committee, seven in number, called upon the miners at the Hunter mine on Friday and solicited them to join the union. At that time Superintendent Curran ordered them off the premises. On Saturday the committee, accompanied by myself, went to the Morning mine. I asked Superintendent Larson if he had any objections to our interviewing the men, and he said he had nothing to say one way or the other. We then solicited them to join the union, showing them the benefits of organized labor and telling them we would keep the hall open from 3 o'clock to 8:30 p. m. on Sunday, in order to give both the day and night shifts an opportunity to join. We then returned to town, where we heard that Superintendent Curran would not allow any of his men to join the union. I went to interview Mr. Curran, and he said that any of his employees who joined the union would be discharged, and I asked him if it was so. He said: 'I don't give a damn what they join.' That ended the interview."

"On Saturday evening, after the interview with Curran, we talked with the men again. They said that on Friday he had told them that if they joined the union they would be discharged, and on Saturday had informed them he would not work a mixed crew, but wanted them all to join the militia, as he could get plenty of guns from Governor McConnell. The best of good nature prevailed, and some of the members of the committee took dinner with the workmen at the Morning mine. Of the committee of seven all nationalities were represented. We are going to repeat this action right along, peaceably soliciting men to join the union, and this is the only warfare we intend to wage."

A man named Edlund was found on the railroad track a short distance from the Gem last night badly beaten and bruised. He said he met some men who asked him where he was going. He told them he was from Montana and was going to get work in the mines. They asked if he was a union man and he said no. They said he must join the union if he expected to get work. They went away, and in a few minutes returned and beat him, robbing him of all he had. There is no proof that the robbing was done by union men except the man's own statement.

MAJOR ORR'S SHORTAGE.

Bondsmen Desire a Further Experting of the Books.

STOCKTON, CAL., Oct. 28.—There have been no new developments to-day in regard to the recent discovery of the defalcations of Major Orr, secretary and treasurer of the State Insane Asylum Board. H. H. Hewlett, one of Major Orr's bondsmen, is quoted as saying:

"The Major is so muddled that he does not know where he stands. We do not know yet how much he is short, as no expert has yet made an examination of the books in his behalf. When we are satisfied from the report of some expert appointed by us, no doubt the bondsmen will pay whatever shortage is found to exist. The bondsmen have not had any consultation regarding the matter."

Attorney Loutitt's legal adviser of the asylum board, is waiting for further instructions from Attorney-General Fitzgerald before taking any action in the matter of authorizing the demand to be made upon the Treasurer. These instructions he expects to receive to-day.

Company B Election.

STOCKTON, CAL., Oct. 28.—Company B, Sixth Regiment, Captain Simpson, held an election for lieutenants this evening,

JUST WHAT TO DO.

People at This Particular Time.

How many people we meet who plainly show that they are not in the best of health, and who experience many unpleasant symptoms which denote a weak spot in the system. They feel the need of something to restore their lost strength and vitality, but yet are at a loss to know what to do. They know they ought to take some remedy, but which one to take is a question they cannot decide. To all such people the following statements, based on personal experience, cannot fail to be of the greatest benefit:

Mr. E. B. Toole of 432 De Kalb avenue, Brooklyn, recently said: "I formerly suffered a great deal from nervous debility, and tried many tonics with little or no success, until I began taking Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. I have now used it for about two months and my physician and friends are all astonished at my improved appearance. I have gained both in health and flesh and no longer look haggard and worn, as I did before."

Mr. W. C. Wilcox of Utica, N. Y., says: "I have been using Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey for some time for indigestion and shortness of breath. I am happy to say that I have been greatly benefited. I have also induced my friends to try it, with equally good results. Such evidence as this speaks for itself. It proves beyond question that for increasing the strength and vitality Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is unsurpassed. It never fails to act as a general restorative in overcoming all symptoms of weakness. Its high reputation is due to merit alone. Do not let your druggist or grocer attempt to substitute something which he may claim is 'just as good.' Be sure to get what you ask for and accept no inferior imitation."

PORTLAND'S BAD DUELIST.

DR. AUSPLUND ON TRIAL FOR THE SHOOTING OF DR. HOLMES.

DETAILS OF THE AFFAIR OF HONOR RELATED FROM THE WITNESS-STAND.

PORTLAND, OR., Oct. 28.—Dr. A. Ausplund, who on August 16 engaged in an impromptu duel with Dr. H. H. Holmes in which both were wounded, the affray growing out of malicious gossip concerning a woman doctor, is being tried in the criminal court charged with a felonious assault.

On the witness-stand Holmes related in detail the facts of the shooting. Ausplund came to his office in the Dekum building and wanted a retraction of certain statements alleged to have been made by the witness reflecting upon Ausplund. Holmes showed the position of the two when the shooting began. He said Ausplund had the drop on him and held his revolver in his lap, half-concealed by a paper.

Dr. Holmes, in answer to questions of the jurors, described his sensations on receiving the bullets. He thought at first he had been shot through the heart. One bullet struck him above the knee, and it felt as though the bones between the knee and ankle had been shattered by the charge. Holmes testified that he bore no personal animosity toward Ausplund, such as would lead him to shoot.

The trial will be proceeded with tomorrow.

Advertisement for Cigar Ashes Estrella. Text: "Cigar Ashes Estrella. Should be left on the cigar as long as possible—they make it burn straighter, last longer and taste better. Speaking of taste—if yours is cultivated or if you want to cultivate it, smoke La Estrella. A high grade, ALL HAVANA Key West Cigar. New Crop—light, bright colors. Prices: 2 for 25c., 10c., 3 for 25c. ESBERG, BACHMAN & CO., S. F. WHOLESALE AGENTS."

Advertisement for Dr. Sanden Electric Belt. Text: "DR. SANDEN ELECTRIC BELT. Why Men Are Weak. THE WEAKNESS, OR LOSS of manly vigor, in men is a subject worthy of deep consideration. The knowledge that you are not equal to the demands of nature in your vital powers—that your physical manhood is waning—is a knowledge that should urge you to prompt action; it should force you to adopt the only scientific means of recovering your strength; your manhood. This means is through the daily application of Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt. It infuses the natural basis of all animal life—Electricity—into your impoverished nerves, and in a few months restores complete manhood. Dr. Sanden's celebrated book, 'Three Classes of Men,' should be in the hands of every man who is not perfect in manhood. It gives reasons for your weakness, and explains to you a quick and positive cure. It is free. Send for it. SANDEN ELECTRIC CO., 632 Market Street, San Francisco, Cal."

Advertisement for Money's Worth. Text: "Get Your Money's Worth. —which means the most and best your money will buy. In shirts that call for STANDARD. The shirts will prove it. Remember, too, they are a home product. NEUSTADTER BROS., Mrs., S. F."

Advertisement for Brooks' Kumyss. Text: "BROOKS' KUMYSS CURES DYSPEPSIA. 119 Powell Street."

Advertisement for Radam's Microbe Killer. Text: "RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER. IS THE ONLY KNOWN REMEDY THAT will destroy the Microbe in the Blood without injury to the system. Millions of people testify to its wonderful cures. BY REMOVING THE CAUSE—IT DESTROYS ALL HUMAN DISEASES. Price, \$1 per Gallon Jar. \$1 per Bottle. Advice free. Write for pamphlet. RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER COMPANY, 1330 Market St., San Francisco."

Advertisement for Scientific Optician. Text: "SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN. BERTELENG 427 KEARNEY ST. IS THE VERY BEST ONE TO EXAMINE YOUR eyes and fit them to spectacles or Eyeglasses with instruments of his own invention, whose superiority has not been equaled. My success has been due to the merits of my work. Office Hours—12 to 4 P. M. THE OFFICE OF THE UNION IRON WORKS IS REMOVED To No. 222 Market Street, Near Front."