

over the next event, judging between three teams in class 34. They were Walter Hobart's Autocrat and Aristocrat, which he drove himself in a T cart, his Peacock and Gamecock in a phaeton, driven by a groom, and George Pope's Romulus and Remus, driven by Alex, a coachman, who was formerly in Hobart's employ. Hobart would have given several blue ribbons for this one. Alex had gone East for Pope and bought the horses which he drove, and he was seeking revenge for losing his place in the stables of Prince Fortunatus. Many of his friends among the grooms gathered about the arena to cheer and encourage him, and Prince Fortunatus received many counter cheers from the boxes. The teams were well matched, and the judges took a long time to come to a conclusion, but finally awarded the blue ribbon to Alex, and as he drove off he received an ovation from his friends.

Class 35 was then judged, the blue ribbon going to A. B. Spreckels, the red to W. S. Hobart's Ruth and Piggott and the third to Joseph Clark's Sultana and Pasha. The Burlingame favorites of the polo field and their ponies, fourteen in number, excited the interest of the ladies in the boxes as they came on to be judged. Hobart was unfortunate again, for first and second prizes went to John Parrott's Black Beauty and H. H. Hinshaw's Katrina. Hobart took third prize and a yellow ribbon with McNair and Pitton.

It was getting quite dark as the high steppers of class 40 came to be judged. Hobart's luck was changing, for he took all the prizes awarded, the blue ribbon going to a brown gelding, unnamed, the red appropriately to Cardinal and the yellow to May Day. The white ribbon, for third prize, was not awarded, as no horse was considered up to the standpoint for the class except the first two. This was the last event before dinner.

**THE EVENING EXERCISES.**  
Many Features Pleas'd the Occupants of the Boxes—Around the Ring.

In the evening the boxes filled up even slower than they did the night before. Troop A of the National Guard, under Captain Sims, first interested the audience for half an hour with some prettily executed evolutions and good jumping over hurdles.

Captain Thompson and his squad of six mounted park policemen came in and gave an exhibition of good old-fashioned Western riding. They sat their horses too easily and were too natural to suit the taste of the imported grooms from Burlingame, but all the same they pleased the audience. With three at one end of the arena and four at the other, Captain Thompson gave a signal and they all charged forward, passing each other's line, the first movement in the lancers, so closely that their stirrups rapped. At the second passing Tom Kennedy was hurt and left the field, but was not seriously injured.

After giving a number of exhibitions of short stopping and quick turning they left the arena, giving place to six high-steppers in goggart—three of Hobart's, one of Jo Grant's and one of J. M. Cunningham's. Hobart again carried off a blue ribbon with Highflyer, a red ribbon with Peacock and a white one with Cadet. He had only three horses in the class. Jo Grant got the yellow badge with Music.

Cadet became nervous and the groom who drove him was unable to get him to take his paces and Carman took the ribbons and gave the audience an idea of what the first whip in America can do. He soon had the horse in good temper and drove him around the ring amid the plaudits of the multitude.

A baker's dozen crack stallions of class 6, including McKenney and Diablo, the closest rivals of the whole show, and who were next paraded in the arena, merely for exhibition.

The first time the audience has been stirred up during the show was when the fire engines came in. Engines 2 and 12, with three-horse teams, and the patrol wagon of the San Francisco department came in first all finely decorated with flags and flowers and were cheered again and again; but when the single Oakland engine with a pair of magnificent grays came charging in the audience went wild. Few knew that they were making Oakland a favorite, but this they did, and it was all owing to the horses, for the engine was undecorated but ready for business. They have been for several years the pride of the Oakland Fire Department. The engines and patrol wagon went around the arena a number of times in a business gallop.

**TO-DAY'S EXERCISES.**  
Trooper Drill and Rough-Riding by Troops From the Presidio.  
The following is to-day's programme:  
7:30 to 8:30 A. M.—Horses may be led or ridden in the ring, under the supervision of the ringmaster.  
9:30 A. M.—Parade of hackney classes 20 to 29.  
9:35 A. M.—Judging five standard-bred mares trotting, class 9.  
10:15 A. M.—Judging twelve roadsters and best-appointed "road rigs," class 18.  
11 A. M.—Judging five ponies in harness, class 50.  
11:30 A. M.—Judging seven pacers, class 19 A.  
12 noon—Parade of all horses entered for exhibition only, not for competition.  
1:30 P. M.—Horses may be led in the ring under the supervision of the ringmaster.  
2:30 P. M.—Parade of all draught stallions, class 33.  
3 P. M.—Judging fourteen pairs of carriage horses, class 33.  
3:30 P. M.—Judging two pairs of ponies in harness, class 49, and one pair of ponies in harness, class 53.  
4 P. M.—Exhibition of six-in-hand driving.  
4:30 P. M.—Parade of the Kern County Land Company's exhibition.  
4:45 P. M.—Exhibition of hurdle-jumping and practice for all jumping classes.  
7 to 7:30 P. M.—Horses may be led or ridden in the ring for exercise under the supervision of the ringmaster.  
8 P. M.—Military quadrille by the mounted troops of the Presidio.

8:15 P. M.—Trooper drill and rough riding by Presidio troops.  
8:30 P. M.—Judging thirteen carriage horses, class 15.  
9 P. M.—Judging polo pony competition for the Henry J. Crocker cup.  
9:15 P. M.—Judging four high-school horses, class 55.  
9:30 P. M.—Judging eleven four-in-hand teams, class 46.  
To-day's musical programme is as follows:  
AFTERNOON.  
March, "The Priests"..... Mendelssohn  
Overture, "Zampa"..... Herold  
Valse, "Sous le Palmier"..... Bizet  
Selection, "English Ballads"..... Mendelssohn  
Arranged by Noah Brand  
Havana No. 2..... G. F. Root  
March, "Queen of Sheba"..... Grand  
Overture, "Bronze Horse"..... Auber  
Scherzo, "The Merry Widow"..... Strauss  
Galop, "Danse Marseillaise"..... Riviere  
Spanish dance, "La Maitresse"..... Koutan  
EVENING.  
March, "Radezky"..... Strauss  
Overture, "Die Frrahrt ums Glock"..... Suppe  
Grand march, "Serenade"..... Schubert  
Selection, "El Puritano"..... Bellini  
Waltz, "Artist's Life"..... Strauss  
as they emit violins by day, another has pink rays in its stones. The third is of diamonds as yellow as topaz, and the fourth is of flawless white stones. Each set has a targa of necklace, pendant, brooch, earrings, from four to six bracelets and some finger rings, all of the same style or make and of corresponding stones. In addition to these Mrs. Stanford has some genuine black diamonds, cut pear-shaped, and numerous other diamond ornaments in a variety of styles. A necklace, not belonging to any of the sets above named, is valued at \$100,000 and its pendants at \$30,000.

**MRS. STANFORD'S JEWELS**  
Revival of the Report That They Are to Be Sold in New York.  
Diamonds Worn by Queen Isabella of Spain May Be Placed Under the Hammer.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Dec. 4.—A jeweler of this city is making arrangements to offer at public sale some time in January the collection of jewels and gems owned by Mrs. Leland Stanford, widow of Senator Stanford. The value of the collection is variously estimated at from \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000. Stanford bought four sets of diamonds for his wife when the jewels of Queen Isabella of Spain were sold in Paris and paid \$900,000 for the four sets. One set is of the stones known as "blue diamonds," as they emit violet rays by day, another has pink rays in its stones. The third is of diamonds as yellow as topaz, and the fourth is of flawless white stones. Each set has a targa of necklace, pendant, brooch, earrings, from four to six bracelets and some finger rings, all of the same style or make and of corresponding stones. In addition to these Mrs. Stanford has some genuine black diamonds, cut pear-shaped, and numerous other diamond ornaments in a variety of styles. A necklace, not belonging to any of the sets above named, is valued at \$100,000 and its pendants at \$30,000.

**OF INTEREST TO THE COAST.**  
One of the New Battleships Likely to Be Built in San Francisco—Deep-Water Harbors.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 4.—Senators Perkins and White and Representative Loud were at the Navy Department this morning and saw Secretary Herbert about the contract for the new battleship, which they hope to secure for the Union Iron Works. While Secretary Herbert did not give them any positive assurance, they judged from the tone of his conversation that he would allow the San Francisco bidders to compete for the contract, and doubtless he is willing to accept the contract with this concession, it is very probable that one of the new battleships will be constructed on the coast.  
Senator White is endeavoring to secure from General Craigbill, chief of engineers, an approval of Colonel Benjard's report recommending an expenditure of \$39,000 for dredging the inner harbor at Wilmington. When he has secured General Craigbill's approval of this project Senator White will endeavor to have this amount appropriated in the river and harbor bill, which expenditure will increase the depth at low tide from eight to eighteen feet.  
This project, Senator White says, is distinct from the outer harbor work, concerning which there is a controversy between the Southern Pacific and the people of California. Huntington's engineers protesting against any improvements of San Pedro's outer harbor, but wanting the work done at Santa Monica, to cost several million dollars. This project has not been broached in Congress yet, but doubtless it will be when Representative McClachlin introduces his bill, which will be referred to the River and Harbor Committee.

**INJURY TO THE TEXAS.**  
Steering Gear Breaks Down While the Battleship Is at Sea.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 4.—Another mishap has befallen the battleship Texas, which recently met with trouble through the buckling of its frames while in the drydock at the Brooklyn navy-yard. The Texas left Brooklyn this morning for a preliminary test of her engines at sea. This afternoon a message was received at the Navy Department saying that its steering gear had broken down and that the vessel was at Tompkinsville. No particulars were given.

**FILE IN A SWEATSHOP.**  
Spread of a Conflagration Through Tenement-Houses Narrowly Averted.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Dec. 4.—Fire broke out this morning in the six-story building at the corner of Attorney and Irvington streets, occupied as a sweatshop. On each side of the burning building were tenement-houses crowded with tenants. The fire spread rapidly in the sweatshop building and the whole place was soon a mass of flame. It was only by the hardest kind of work that the firemen prevented the flames spreading to the neighboring buildings. The building in which it broke out was completely gutted. Loss, \$45,000. The fire caused a panic among those living in the burning building and in the adjacent tenements, but it is believed there was no loss of life. A dozen men were obliged to drop to the roofs of the adjacent houses, through which they could escape to the street. Many women and children were carried to the street by the firemen.

**CALIFORNIA'S NEW BISHOP.**  
Rev. Mr. Johnson Not Yet Prepared to Accept the Bishopric.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 4.—Rev. Joseph H. Johnson, rector of Christ Episcopal Church of this city, who was yesterday elected Bishop of the Diocese of Los Angeles, Cal., says that he is not able now to say what his decision will be as regards accepting the bishopric. He says he knows nothing of the field there, and it would be almost like going to a foreign country. He now has charge of a large and important parish, and he will not decide upon the course he will pursue with reference to the appointment without a careful review of his work here. He feels that it is God's will that he change his field of service, he will obey the summons.  
**Arranging for the Encampment.**  
ST. PAUL, MINN., Dec. 4.—The next encampment of the G. A. R., as fixed by the administrative council to-day, will be held September 1 to 4 of next year. The naval parade will occur on the opening day, on September 2 the regular grand parade of veterans and societies, and on the last two days the regular sessions for business will take place.

**AMERICA SHOULD ACT**  
Recognition of the Cubans Urged in the Senate Chamber.

**VIEWS OF STATESMEN.**  
Foreign Policy of the United States Declared to Be Too Vacillating.

**AFFAIRS IN TURKEY TAKEN UP.**  
Cleveland Requested to Produce All the Information in His Possession.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 4.—The Senate spent an hour and a half in session to-day, the proceedings winding up with a speech by Allen, the Populist Senator of Nebraska, in favor of recognizing the Cuban insurgents as belligerents and aiding them "in all lawful ways" to secure the independence of the island and to establish a republic there. No action was taken on his resolution, offered on Tuesday, to carry out his views; and it went upon the calendar, where it will remain unless taken up by a vote of the Senate.  
Call (D.) of Florida, who was to speak in support of a somewhat similar resolution offered by him on Tuesday, postponed his speech until to-morrow. So did Cullom (R.) of Illinois.  
Petitions for the recognition of the independence of Cuba were presented from the States of Ohio and Florida and were referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations. Resolutions were offered by Hoar (R.) of Massachusetts pledging the support of the Senate to the President of the United States "in the most vigorous action he may deem fit to take for the protection and security of the American citizens in Turkey and to obtain redress for injuries committed upon them"; and calling upon the President for all information received by him or the State Department on that subject, and as to whether American Consuls in Turkey have been interfered with in the performance of their duties. The first of these resolutions was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations; the other was agreed to.  
The question of the disputed senatorship from Delaware was brought up in the Senate to-day in the shape of a formal claim (in writing) of Henry A. Dupont to be admitted as a Senator under an election by the Legislature of Delaware on the 29th of May, 1895. The paper was presented by Mitchell (R.) of Oregon, with evidence in support of the claim, and the matter was referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections—Mr. Dupont being in the meantime admitted to the privileges of the floor.  
Chandler (R.) of New Hampshire presented petitions from various counties in Alabama alleging the commission of election frauds and asking that Congress should secure to that State a republican form of government; and they were referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.  
An memorial from the Legislature of Wyoming for the establishment of a National park in "The Switzerland of America" was presented by Clark (R.) of Wyoming, and was referred to the Committee on Public Lands.  
Sherman (R.) of Ohio presented a petition from the citizens of Ohio for recognition of the independence of Cuba. It was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.  
Squire (R.) of Washington, in introducing a bill to provide fortifications and other coast defenses, alluded sarcastically to patriotic speeches to be delivered to the Senate in favor of Cuban independence and other such subjects, "As if we were able to carry a chip on our shoulders"—the fact being, he declared, that of the twenty-eight coast cities of the United States, only one of them, New York, had any adequate defense, and even New York had only one system of means of defense that she ought to have.  
Hoar (R.) of Massachusetts offered the following resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:  
Resolved, That the Senate will support the President in the most vigorous action he may deem fit to take for the protection and security of American citizens in Turkey, and to obtain redress for injuries committed upon such citizens there.  
Resolved, That the President be requested to make known to the Government of Turkey a strong feeling of regret and indignation with which the people of America have heard of the injuries inflicted upon persons of the Christian faith in Turkey, and that the American people cannot be expected to view with indifference any repetition or continuance of such wrongs.  
Hoar also offered a resolution, which was agreed to, requesting the President to send to the Senate all information received by him or the State Department in reference to injuries inflicted upon the persons or property of American citizens in Turkey and in reference to the conditions existing there as to oppression or cruelties practiced on the Armenian subjects of the Turkish Government; also to inform the Senate whether all the American Consuls in the Turkish empire were at their posts of duty, and if not, to state the circumstances that have interfered with the performance of their duties.  
The resolution offered yesterday by Allen (Pop.) of Nebraska for the recognition of the Cuban revolutionists was taken up, and Allen addressed the Senate in support of it. He spoke of the importance of the island, both in a strategic and commercial point of view, and declared his belief in the propriety of promptly recognizing the revolutionists of Cuba and assisting them in all lawful ways to secure their independence and to establish a republic. He would not have the United States Government plunge headlong into a needless quarrel with the Spanish Government, but he believed it to be the true policy and doctrine of this Government that wherever a people showed themselves desirous of establishing a republican form of government upon adjacent territory they should receive American encouragement and support. He believed that the time was speedily coming when not only the people of Cuba would be free, but when the people of all the adjacent islands would have established a republican form of government or would have become integral parts of the United States.  
Allen did not favor greed for territory or the glories of conquest, but he did believe that the sober, candid, thinking, patriotic people of the United States fully

realized the necessity of promptly taking steps in that direction, to secure their country against foreign invasion and to extend the interests of their commerce. He also believed in the Monroe doctrine and believed that the people were dissatisfied with the foreign policy pursued for the last twenty-five years. He believed that it had been dilatory, if not absolutely trivial and contemptible. It had been a hiss and a by-word among the people of the United States.  
In this connection Allen referred to the case of Mrs. Maybrick, charging that she had not been given a fair trial in England, and to that of ex-Consul Waller "hanging in a French prison for the alleged crime of treason to a Government to which he owed no allegiance." "He did not believe in a 'brilliant foreign policy,'" but in a sensible and efficient one that would command the respect of the entire civilized world and would draw to its support citizens regardless of political alignment.  
No action was taken on the resolution, which thereupon went to the calendar, and, as Call (D.) of Florida, who was to speak on the same subject, preferred to postpone his speech until to-morrow, the Senate proceeded to executive business and at 1:30 adjourned till to-morrow.

**BILLS IN THE SENATE.**  
Squire Asks for a Heavy Appropriation for Coast Defenses.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 4.—Bills were introduced in the Senate to-day as follows:  
By Sewell (R.) of New Jersey—Amending the pending pension act of June 27, 1890, extending the benefits of sections 2 and 3 from the date of its passage to acting assistant contract surgeons who actually performed the duties of assistant surgeon or acting as assistant surgeon with any military force in the field, and to their widows, minor children, etc.  
By Gray (D.) of Delaware—To authorize effect the recommendations of the international American conference by the incorporation of the International American Bank.  
By Lodge (R.) of Massachusetts—At the request of the Immigration Restriction League, with headquarters at Boston, amending the immigration laws by adding to the classes of aliens, those who are admitted on all persons between the ages of 14 and 60 years who cannot both read and write the English or some other language.  
By Cullom (R.) of Illinois—Providing that no person shall be eligible as assignee or receiver of a failed corporation engaged in interstate commerce, who shall have been a director, officer or employee of such corporation at any time during the three years next preceding such bankruptcy.  
By Perkins (R.) of California—Providing for the appointment of a non-partisan commission to collect information and to recommend legislation to meet the problems presented by labor, agriculture and capital.  
By Lodge (R.) of Massachusetts, by request—For an appropriation of \$100,000 to be given to the person who within the next year shall demonstrate the practicability of safely navigating the air at a speed of not less than thirty miles an hour with a weight of 500 pounds.  
By McMullin (R.) of Michigan—His bill of last session to establish in the Department of Justice a bureau for the identification of criminals.  
By Quay (R.) of Pennsylvania—Appropriating \$25,000 for the use of Franklin University of Philadelphia and Purdue University of Lafayette, Ind., for the purpose of determining the quantity of the "so-called" hammer blows of locomotive driving wheels in use on American railroads and the effects produced thereby.  
By Peffer (Pop.) of Kansas—Providing for the establishment of postal savings depositories, to be operated under a plan to be determined by the postmaster-general for that purpose. Deposits are to be free from taxation, and bear interest at the rate of 3 per cent if outstanding six months or longer, and 4 per cent if less than six months.  
By Voorhees (D.) of Indiana—Making the minimum pension for disability (or to widows of soldiers) under the law of 1890 \$12 per month.  
By Sherman (R.) of Ohio—For a uniform system of classification and grading of wheat, corn and other cereals.  
By Perkins (R.) of California—Appropriating \$500,000 for a public building at Oakland, Cal.  
By Squire (R.) of Washington—Appropriating \$27,000,000, to be expended under the direction of the secretary of War in determining recommendations of the Board of Fortifications in fortifying the ports of New York, San Francisco, New Orleans, Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore, Portland (Maine), Key West, Charleston, New London, Savannah, Galveston, San Pedro de Macoris, Wilmington (N. C.), San Diego, New Bedford, Portsmouth (N. H.), New Haven and the ports on Puget Sound and the great lakes. One million and a half is to be available next July; \$5,500,000 on July 1, 1897, and \$8,000,000 each year thereafter.  
By Shoup (R.) of Idaho—Directing the Secretary of War to prepare a roll of all persons who served in the military telegraph corps during the late Civil War, and to issue to each suitable certificates of honorable service therein, and to the length of their service, their decorations and other vessels in the employ of the Government.  
By Voorhees (D.) of Indiana—Defining contempt of the United States courts and fixing the maximum punishment therefor at a fine not exceeding \$500 and imprisonment for not more than three months. It also gives, under certain conditions, the right of trial by jury and an appeal to the Supreme Court.

**GOLD FROM THE BANKS.**  
Western Institutions Fropping the Treasury Reserve.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 4.—Since Secretary Carlisle's offer to pay express charges both ways for gold deposited to build up the gold reserve, slightly over \$500,000 in gold has been deposited. Many millions of gold have been offered by National banks with conditions attached such as Carlisle declined. Gold of a face value of \$700,000 was offered by Louisville (Ky.) banks. The gold was light weight, but the banks wanted it accepted at its face value, not its bullion value.  
Many banks in western sub-treasury cities have offered to deposit gold if given credit in New York. The terms of the original offer precludes this, as it was not the intent of the treasury to assume the expense of exchange for National banks.

**POPULISTS TO STAND ALONE.**  
Will Vote Solidly Upon All Questions in the Upper House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 4.—The Populist members of the Senate held a conference yesterday afternoon for the purpose of consulting about the situation in the Senate, and, as Mr. Peffer said, strengthening their political acquaintance with each other. There were present Senators Peffer, Allen, Kyle, Butler, Jones (D.) and Stewart.  
It was agreed they should stand together as a political party and vote solidly—at least up to such time when it is demonstrated what the Republicans and Democrats intend to do. No effort will be made by the Populists to organize the Senate.

**Introduced to the President.**  
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 4.—Mr. William R. Castle to-day presented to the President his letter of resignation as Italian Minister to the United States and Mr. Francis M. Hatch, his successor, was formally introduced to Mr. Cleveland. The ceremony, which was very quiet, took place in the room of the White House. Mr. Castle and Mr. Hatch were accompanied by Secretary Olney.

**RUSHING FOR CLAIMS.**  
Reported Gold Strikes in Three Sections of Colorado.

**NEW TOWNS SPRING UP.**  
Hundreds of Prospectors Are Seeking Fortunes in the El Dorado.

**BOOM IN ALL MINING STOCKS.**  
Prices Continue to Rule Firm on the Denver and Colorado Springs Exchanges.

DENVER, COLO., Dec. 4.—Besides the Cripple Creek mining and mining stock excitement Colorado has three reported new gold fields to interest the public. West Creek, northeast of Cripple Creek, is now a bustling camp with a postoffice called Pemberton and a number of prospect holes. In Gilpin County a tellurium belt is alleged to have been traced by miners from Boulder across to the forks of Clear Creek, below Blackhawk, where a hundred prospectors are now staking out claims. Reports have come from that district before. Near Salda specimens of float carrying free gold have been picked up and a local stampede to lay off claims has ensued.  
The stock market was lively to-day, with prices firm. The Golden Fleece, an old and rich gold mine near Lake City, has been listed on the local exchanges. Starting at \$1, it was advanced to \$1.30 under spirited bidding. The Golden Fleece has been paying very heavy dividends during the past year. Outside orders are growing rapidly in aggregate amounts. The railroads cannot handle without delay the great amount of freight moving into Cripple Creek and the passenger traffic is very heavy.  
Negotiations for mining property not only in Cripple Creek but in other well-established camps appear to be unusually active just now. Mining experts are all busy examining properties for Eastern investors. The shipments from Cripple Creek average 700 tons per day.

**COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., Dec. 4.**  
The feature of to-day's trading in mining shares was Golden Fleece, a newly listed Lake City stock, which advanced from \$1.15 to \$1.30 bid. The higher priced Cripple Creek stocks were very strong and in good demand. The total sales for the day in this city were 2,074,881 shares. The Golden Fleece Company has declared its regular monthly dividend of 2 cents a share.  
L. V. DeForest of New York Consolidated Exchange is at present in Cripple Creek. He has expressed himself as greatly surprised and much pleased with what he has seen, and regards the listing of the best Cripple Creek stocks in New York as altogether probable. A large amount of the listed shares are finding their way to the East, and not a small proportion are going over to Europe.

**MISSOURI ROAD AGENTS.**  
Raid Upon a Country Town by Three Bold Outlaws.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 4.—A special from Birch Tree, Mo., says that a series of sensational highway robberies occurred at Monett, Mo.  
About 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon three men rode into the village. Two of them went to the store of Charles McClelland, which also contains the postoffice, while the other stationed himself on the street to keep guard. One of the robbers in the store pointed his rifle at those present, telling them to turn out their pockets, which they promptly did, while his companion gathered up the proceeds. They robbed the postoffice of the cashbox. One of the men covered the bystanders with a revolver, while the others took possession of McClelland's horses. They fired two shots while in the store, and then left in a southerly direction. They were well mounted and armed.  
From the conversation, it is thought, that they intended to hold up the west-bound passenger train, due at 11 p. m., but so many people being in town, they were afraid to try. A posse has organized and started in pursuit.

**SUE FOR A SEPARATION.**  
Branch Railroads Which Would Be Divorced From the Santa Fe.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 4.—Bondholders of the St. Louis and San Francisco and the Atlantic and Pacific railroads yesterday appeared simultaneously in the Federal courts of St. Louis and Topeka, Kans., with a petition, which, if granted, will be a decisive step in the direction of severing those roads from the control of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe. There is an intervening petition to determine their rights to participate in the purchase of the Santa Fe, the election of hostile boards of directors, the alleged unnecessary issue of bonds, the appointment of joint receivers for the three roads and the recent failure of the petitioners to secure separate receivers. General John W. Noble is senior counsel for the petitioners and is working to secure legal separation from the Santa Fe and indemnity for alleged losses consequent to the joint receivership.  
**One Wreck Causes Another.**  
CENTRAL CITY, W. VA., Dec. 4.—Freight train 68, south bound, on the Norfolk and Western railroad, was wrecked at Breeds last night. A wrecking crew was sent from Kenova, and the train conveying the party left the track at Patrick Creek, and Fireman Gauze was fatally injured and several others seriously hurt. Traffic was delayed for several hours.

**Reimburses His Victim.**  
NEW YORK, N. Y., Dec. 4.—Old Bill Vosburgh, thief, burglar and confidence man, now awaiting sentence for having bunked Anton Cimfel of Nebraska on the

**Nervous**  
Troubles are caused by impure and impoverished blood because the nerves, being fed by the blood, are not properly nourished. The true way to cure nervousness is to purify the blood by taking

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
The One True Blood Purifier.  
Hood's Pills are mild and effective. 25c.

green-goods game, sent \$100 to the District Attorney with the request that he be given to Cimfel. Vosburgh said that he couldn't stand Cimfel's hopeless expression, especially when he learned that his acts had driven Mrs. Cimfel insane.

**MANY TIMES A MURDERER.**  
Horrible Confession Made by John C. Stone, Confined in the Indiana Penitentiary.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Dec. 4.—John C. Stone, alias Vinson, has made a confession to Sheriff Clausmeier, detailing a life of horrible crime. He was arrested with John Duffy, alias "Fingers," and William Walrath, for attempting to kill Deputy Sheriff Harrod, May 28 last. Walrath was shot and died in Hope Hospital. Stone is under a ten-year sentence, and Duffy's case went to the jury last night.  
Stone tells that he and Walrath were members of Bill Dalton's Western gang of bank and stage robbers. He says he, Duffy and Walrath killed a man at Kansas City in 1883, robbed him, and later gave the loot to Henry Donnelly, a policeman, for protection. He also tells of a murder committed by himself, a Mrs. Stewart and her son Clarence, in Cleveland, Ohio. The body was cut to pieces and thrown into Lake Erie. The next morning Clarence and Stone killed a boy in the Big Four yard in Lima, Pa.  
Harry F. Lawrence, a pickpocket, and Stone worked Chicago for months and finally the latter stole a tray of diamonds from a State-street jeweler and left the city. In Buffalo Stone, Walrath and another Burns, a saloon-keeper, killed a wealthy Western farmer who was looking for a good time. His money was divided and Stone and Walrath returned to Chicago. Stone and Walrath were committed to the State Prison at Joliet, Ill., for the murder of a father and a son named Prunty. Three men are now serving life sentences in Joliet for the crime, but Stone was not arrested.

He then tells of a murder at Dunkirk, N. Y., where Duffy stabbed a pal, "Buffalo Jack," four times and buried him in the woods. Another murder was committed at Union City, Pa., the victim being an old man named Horton, or Norton. Another murder was committed at a restaurant near Youngstown, Ohio, the victim being a resident of Ashtabula.  
The last murder committed by Stone, Duffy and Walrath was on April 29, 1895, in the murder of a father and a son named Prunty. Three men are now serving life sentences in Joliet for the crime, but Stone was not arrested.

**WILL OBSERVE THE ECLIPSE.**  
Mission of a Party of American Scientists to Japan.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Dec. 4.—D. Willis James' schooner yacht Coronet, which is to take a party of ten scientists, headed by Professor D. P. Todd of Amherst College, to Japan, to observe a total eclipse of the sun on April 9, 1896, did not sail from Erie Basin, Brooklyn, yesterday as was expected. She will not be ready for sea until to-morrow, and may not sail before Saturday. Captain Crosby is looking after her provisions, and Mr. Thompson is attending to the stowing of astronomical instruments aboard.  
The scientists will join the Coronet at San Francisco.

**ENGINEERS ELECT OFFICERS.**  
James W. Dickie of San Francisco Placed Upon the Board of Managers.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Dec. 4.—The American Society of Mechanical Engineers commenced the second day of its sixteenth annual convention this morning.  
The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, John Fritz of Bethlehem. The list of vice-presidents includes Jesse M. Smith, Detroit; M. L. Holman, St. Louis, and George W. Melville of Washington, D. C. Among the new board of managers are John G. Bennett, Buffalo; R. L. W. Ranshaw, Detroit; Charles A. Bauer, Youngfield, Ohio; E. D. Mier, St. Louis, and James W. Dickie of San Francisco. The old treasurer, William H. Wiley of this city, was again re-elected.

**BARK LIKE A DOG.**  
Two Children Suffering From Violent Hydrophobia.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 4.—Clara, aged 6 years, and Jacob, aged 4 years, children of Albert Lissner, a picture frame manufacturer at 1423 Franklin avenue, are suffering from hydrophobia as a result of being bitten a few weeks ago by a strange dog with which they were playing. The symptoms of rabies are violently pronounced, the children bark like a dog, attempting to bite, and going into convulsions at the sight of water.

**RAILWAY RECORD LOWERED.**  
Fifty-Three and One-Third Miles an Hour on a New York Road.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 4.—The Empire State express on the New York Central railroad, after two futile attempts to reduce the running time between New York and Buffalo, succeeded to-day in making out all previous records by making the schedule time 53 1/3 miles per hour and arriving at the Grand Central depot in this city with five minutes to spare.

**Low Water in the Mississippi.**  
ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 4.—The water in the Mississippi River here is the lowest on record for twenty years. Navigation is entirely suspended.

**CORRECT HINTS FOR THE HORSE SHOW.**

**"PRINCESS"**

**BOUDOIR LAMP**

WITH COLORED GLOBE FOR THE DRESSING TABLE FROM

Swell topcoats \$12.50 to \$35. Also Paddocks and Surtouts \$20 to \$40. The latest in Full Dress Suits \$25 to \$45. Prince Alberts \$18 to \$45.

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The Hotel "Par Excellence" Of the National Capital. First class in all appointments. W. D. WILLY, Prop.

**NOTARY PUBLIC.**  
CHARLES H. PHILLIPS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW and Notary Public, 633 Market St., opposite Palace Hotel, Residence 1520 Fulton. Telephone 670.

**RIVALED HETTY GREEN.**

Death of Mrs. Anna Aspinwall, the Eccentric Pittsburg Woman.  
She Had Sailed for Europe to Escape Being Besieged by Callers.

PITTSBURG, PA., Dec. 4.—A cablegram received in Pittsburg announces the death in Edinburgh, Scotland, of Mrs. Anna Aspinwall, widow of George R. Aspinwall of this locality. Mrs. Aspinwall leaves behind her a record of a life as unique in every respect as that of Hetty Green of New York, and it is thought that for eccentricity it would even surpass that of the notorious New York woman.  
Mrs. Aspinwall's strict seclusion shut out all intercourse with the public, so that she was not known to a great many, even by reputation. The act that recently brought her into unsought prominence in Pittsburg was her donation of a tract of valuable real estate to the West Pennsylvania Hospital. To escape being besieged by callers, Mrs. Aspinwall sailed in June last for Europe. On this trip a fall caused by a lurch of the ship inflicted injuries that resulted in her death last Monday.  
Mrs. Aspinwall's estate is worth more than half a million in bank accounts and investments, while her land possessions are in value exceeding \$2,000,000. Her maiden name was Annie Coleman, she being a member of the wealthy Coleman family in the East, prominent in mining interests. She married Captain George R. Aspinwall of the family which controlled the Aspinwall line of ocean steamers and through him came into large possessions.

**NEW TO-DAY.**  
"Didn't they guarantee satisfaction?"  
"Oh, yes! But when I took the coat back they said it was all right as THEY got the satisfaction."  
That's one way.  
Our way of taking satisfaction is first to give it—cost what it will.  
Perhaps the most satisfaction giving thing in our store just now are our BLUE KERSEY OVERCOATS, marked \$10, \$12, \$14, \$18 and \$20.  
There's only one kind of overcoat we don't keep—the kind that 're not fit to wear.



**Roots Bros**  
27-29-31-33-35-37 N. BERRY ST.  
You can order by mail just as well.

**HOLIDAY HINT NO. 2.**  
Hint No. 1 to to-morrow's "Chronicle"

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