



CHARLES M. SHORTRIDGE, Editor and Proprietor.

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EDITORIAL ROOMS: 517 Clay Street.

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WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8, 1896

THE CALL SPEAKS FOR ALL.

Congress spoke loudly for Cuba, but not forcibly.

Harrison will soon be ready to talk politics again.

A 5-cent streetcar fare to the suburbs is worth working for as a road improvement.

There can be no doubt that Greece is moving. Those Olympic games are hot stuff.

The Cuban filibusters are forcing the fight just now, and seem to be able to land at every lick.

In the way of legislation at present there seem to be as many snags in the Senate as Senators.

If the war does not go beyond resolutions the Spanish Cortes can show itself as powerful as Congress.

Concurrent resolutions are a good deal like fireworks—they make a brilliant flash, but that is the end of them.

Grover's sole remaining defender in the Senate is David Bennett Hill, and he is a political hole in the ground.

If Carlisle knows what he meant by his letter on the Presidential nomination it is more than any one else does.

Cooks Inlet is wide open for those who seek Alaskan gold fields, but there is no great outlet in sight for them.

The best thing Congress can do with the debts of the Pacific roads is to do nothing and let the law take its course.

It is not enough for the California delegation to keep an eye on the refunding scheme. It should keep a foot on it.

Once more the Spaniards have been surprised at the telegraph wire, and the Cubans have got in a report of a victory.

Bradley of Kentucky is another of those favorite sons who cannot hold their own with both hands and a hammer-basket.

So many Democrats are retiring from politics in these days there will soon be more of them in the woods than in the field.

The only way for a Democrat to get out of faction fights this year is to set up as an independent and then vote the Republican ticket.

Leaving California to hunt gold in Alaska is another illustration of the way some men drop the substance to grab for the shadow.

Senator Wolcott was right in saying civil service reform is an acquired taste, and he might have added it is sometimes a perverted one.

The San Pedro appropriation contest will have to be fought out in the Senate, and let us hope the good fight will lead to victory as well as glory.

It is now certain that Americans will win many of the contests at the revived Olympic games, and can come home to rightly claim the title of world-beaters.

There are many instances of communities losing one improvement because they demanded two, but Los Angeles seems to have lost two ports by demanding only one.

It is as sure as shooting that the recent wedding was not the only occasion in which Benjamin Harrison has found a happiness in the absence of his son, Russell.

Cleveland ignored the concurrent resolutions on Armenia, and it is likely he will ignore those on Cuba. Ignoring Congress and the country has become a fad with him.

It was safe enough for Senator Allen to call Cleveland a mugwump, for there is no mugwump in the Senate to hurl back the charge with scorn and make him apologize.

The funding bill fight might as well be brought off at this session as any other. The people are ready for it and would be glad to see the vote taken in time for them to revise it at the fall elections.

All the votes in Congress against the Cuban resolutions came from the original thirteen States, and yet it is just from those States we should have expected the fullest sympathy with any American country struggling for independence.

Hepburn's objection that the appropriation bill carries no pork for his district was valid enough to base a kick on, but all the same he should have made his kick before the committee when he might have saved his bacon.

Catchings is a Democrat, but he admitted that the appropriation bill of this Republican Congress is the most scientifically drawn of any bill of the kind ever submitted to the country in his time. Hepburn of Iowa, though opposing the bill, also conceded its scientific character, but he did not express it in that way. He said "it has distributed the pork with evenness."

The proposal to make the Southern Pacific Company of Kentucky responsible for the debt of the Central Pacific under the refunding scheme is absurd. The Southern Pacific owns nothing except railroad leases and could very soon juggle those out of reach of the Government. If a surety is required it should be demanded from the private estates of the directors of the road.

LOS ANGELES ROUSED.

The resolutions adopted by the Free Harbor League of Los Angeles denouncing the withholding of an appropriation for the improvement of San Pedro harbor make some interesting assertions. Among them is one to the effect that Mr. Harrison owned and controlled the route of the Atlantic and Pacific road bonds, and that this explains the failure of that line to enter the reorganization scheme of the Santa Fe.

This puts a new light on the case. One of the points made in the resolutions, that the progress of Northern California has been checked by the oppression of the Southern Pacific monopoly, shows the importance of the estimate which Los Angeles has placed on the competition it has enjoyed in the past. It is a familiar fact that much of the prosperity of the southern end of the State was promoted by the Santa Fe, by reason not alone of its competition with the Southern Pacific, but also of the intelligent advertising which it did in the Atlantic States within the influence of its Eastern terminus.

It was a great surprise to Northern California that the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce should recently have passed resolutions approving the funding bill. That measure will operate just as seriously against that section as the neglect of San Pedro in favor of Santa Monica, and for the same reason. It is difficult to see how the action taken by the citizens under the call of the Free Harbor League can be expected to prove effective in Washington so long as the resolutions of the Chamber of Commerce are allowed to stand.

It is an acknowledged fact that San Franciscans are the greatest streetcar patrons in the country in proportion to population. They spend about \$4,000,000 a year in indulging their disinclination to walk. In other cities where the mileage of the respective streetcar lines is no more than that of the lines operated in this city, a fare lower than 5 cents has been made, and has been found to pay. Commutation tickets entitling to fifteen rides have been sold for 50 cents and those entitling to thirty-two rides for \$1.

What has been done in cities where the riding population is less in proportion than here can certainly be done in this city, even though one important factor to the desired end is absent—competition. The franchise under which the street railroads are granted the use of the most desirable portions of the most important thoroughfares has been given without cost to the beneficiaries on the ground that they are public or semi-public institutions. Being thus aided by the municipality they are certainly subject to regulation within reason and fairness.

The Board of Supervisors claim the authority to determine the rate of fares for streetcars, but they should certainly have the right, under proper restrictions, to exercise the same power over the street railroads. There is little hope of the railway company making any reduction on the strength of arguments for demands from private organizations. The present agitation, to result in anything tangible, should be directed toward securing the necessary legislation to compel a reduction in rates. The returns from the traffic will certainly permit of lower fares without unjustly curtailing the income of stockholders.

THE DEBRIS APPROPRIATION. No alarm need be felt over the suggestion that the \$250,000 appropriated by the California legislative act of 1893 for the construction of the debris restraining dams in the Sacramento and Feather rivers has already been expended, and that hence the State cannot avail itself of the appropriation of an equal amount by Congress to be added to the State appropriation. Attorney-General Fitzgerald has given the opinion that the State appropriation is available. The only danger, since the House has passed the appropriation, is that an effort will be made to defeat it in the Senate or to induce the President to withhold his approval. It is evident that the exhaustion of the general fund, into which the State appropriation was placed, could not extinguish the appropriation, which is still charged to the fund and is available every time the fund is replenished.

In fact, the assurance is given that no hitch will occur. The appropriation means a great deal to California. The restraining dams and the general scheme of drainage provided for should be welcomed by the valley farmers as putting an end to the wash which is constantly occurring without the aid of hydraulic mining, and which is steadily filling up the rivers, destroying their value for navigation and creating the danger of annual inundations of the raising of the rivers above the contiguous lands. It will be welcomed by the hydraulic miners as permitting the rehabilitation of their industry without doing harm to the interests of others. The total State and Government appropriation of \$500,000 is a trifling sum in comparison with the security assured to farming lands and the rich output of gold from the hydraulic mines.

As the miners will be required to pay 3 per cent of their gross earnings annually for the expenses of maintaining the works, the burden will not rest upon taxpayers at large, and as the

acts governing the case make both the State and the Government responsible for the wise, fair and able management of the matter, there need be no fear that any but good results will ensue. Thus one of the most important events in the history of the State is about to be accomplished. A vast amount of locked-up wealth is soon to be liberated for the benefit of all.

AN IDLE MISSION.

Whatever may have been the cause that provoked the anti-Semitic movement in Germany there is no evidence that they exist in the United States. The Jews of this country are an intimate part of the body politic. While their religion and the fact that most of the older Hebrews speak the German language tend to make them a class to a certain extent in purely social matters, in business and politics they stand shoulder to shoulder with the gentile population and represent a very important element in the strength and prosperity of the Nation.

AROUND THE CORRIDORS.

Among the arrivals at the Occidental yesterday was G. Barrere, of Columbus, Ohio, a wealthy banker, who has for most of his life been conspicuously identified with leading banks in Columbus, Cincinnati and other Ohio cities. He has now retired from work in the banks, though he yet retains large interests. For several years he has been traveling in different parts of the country. Mrs. Barrere, Misses Mary and Jean and George N. Barrere are with him.

He is for McKinley for President, as he says most of the men of his State are. "I think he will undoubtedly go into the convention at St. Louis with a larger vote than anybody else," he continued, "but whether he can hold them, and add to them is the question." Grant and Blaine both had the biggest vote of anybody at the opening of the conventions, but they failed of nomination, nevertheless. But I am a Republican and protectionist, and naturally I feel like doing what I can for my Ohio friend. It looks to me as though it would be the best thing for a man to do who wishes to be remembered, is to write both words and music like Stephen Foster. Otherwise there cannot be any real certainty for him with posterity.—Philadelphia Times.

England Wheeling Into Line. —Even the people of Great Britain are wheeling into the protection column, and many of

AN IMPORTANT MEETING.

The State convention of Supervisors to be held at San Jose on the 11th inst. will be the first of a series of annual meetings from which valuable results should be made to flow. The need of a uniform policy among the minor divisions of the State government is recognized by the statute requiring annual conventions of teachers in order to secure that result in popular education, but that does not by any means cover all the needs of the State. State conventions of County Assessors have already begun, but in the practical affairs of county government through Boards of Supervisors there has always been an injurious divergence of policies. It is impossible to frame a county-government law that will operate uniformly throughout the State.

The need of a better understanding has at last been recognized by the Supervisors, and without legal requirement they are going to make a praiseworthy effort to correct existing inequalities. The principal matters to be brought before the approaching convention are those concerning roads and indigents. These are broad subjects and require wisdom in their treatment. The most important is that of roads. The State Bureau of Highways is steadily getting the matter into intelligent shape. It is presumed that one or more members of the body will be present at the San Jose convention and give their views. These have already been expressed desultorily at the casual meetings held throughout the State, and the members of the bureau have outlined a scheme which they propose to urge before the next Legislature for systematizing the matter. This should be presented to the assembled Supervisors and carefully considered, as their decision will be a necessary step toward the passage of any law applying to the case. Good roads is one of the most pressing needs of the State.

A DUCK-DRYING FACTORY.

There are very few duck-drying institutions in California, and those are in the swamp lands about the bay. The largest is just a mile or so beyond Point San Bruno, and it is owned and operated by Henry Wilson. About two acres of land are devoted to the business, and a most ill-smelling one it is. There is a shanty in the middle of the drying yard, and Wilson lives in it and does all the work of cleaning and preparing the ducks for drying. During the duck season there are thousands of birds hung on lines that are stretched across the yard on posts about five feet high.

Wilson established his yard last October, and since that time he has dried his ducks. But he is not particular as to how long it would buy ducks, and in a short time



Duck-Drying Yard on the Bay Shore Near Pinole. [Sketched by a "Call" artist.]

he had all he could do to prepare those brought to him. Wilson did not pay the best price, but then he was not particular as to how long the birds had been killed. There is little doubt but that many of the birds he dried last winter were sent to him after they had been on sale a week in San Francisco. The process of drying the ducks is a simple one. Wilson makes no secret of it and anybody is at liberty to enter his laboratory at any time. The birds are plucked of all feathers and cleaned, the head being left on the body. They are then hung up to drain an hour or so and then filled with salt that has been heated and made as dry as possible. This is shaken off and the birds are hung up to dry. The first few days they have to be taken in when there is any sign of rain, but when the flesh has remained outside in all kinds of weather until wanted. In six weeks they are ready for shipment, and it is said they will keep an indefinite period after that. All of the ducks dried by Wilson are sold to Chinese merchants in this city. Numbers of them are consumed, but the larger quantity are sent to China. The ducks in the process of drying at first turn brown and then gradually become darker until they are almost as black as a piece of coal.

THE AUTHORSHIP OF SONGS.

As the author of "Kathleen Mavourneen" lies dying in Baltimore, kindly efforts are being made to soothe his last hours, and his immortal melody rises to all lips. Now, almost too late, the world is recollecting Crouch; but, though the recollection is tardy, the justice to the question, who is the author of a song? and his melody together. He will stand as the author of "Kathleen Mavourneen."

Yet this acknowledgment does injustice, too, for it forgets Anne Crawford, who wrote the ballad over a century ago; and this gives rise to the question, who is the author of a song? Of course in the ordinary case the composer gets the credit. Or sometimes, where composition seems more or less defined by circumstances. Crouch, for instance, is the author of "Kathleen Mavourneen," though Anne Crawford wrote the words. John Howard Payne, on the other hand, is the author of "Home, Sweet Home," though Sir Henry Bishop adapted the music. "Jesus, Lover of My Soul,"

is far better known as Wesley's than as Pleyel's hymn. "From Greenland's Icy Mountains" is Bishop Heber's hymn; the composer is well-known organist. "Sweet and Low" is by Tenby; but the "Last Chord" is by Sullivan. And so we might continue.

Perhaps the only test in these cases is whether the song owes its chief vitality to words or music. "Kathleen Mavourneen," unmet, would not have been thought to surpass many other similar poems. "Home, Sweet Home" no matter if a tune had never been found for it, would have still remained immortal. Yet there are instances in which, as in "Sweet and Low," the tune is at least equal to the words; here the fame of the poet comes into play. On the other hand, there are traditional folk songs superior to any words that have been set to them. But this is a special case.

The reversers are also covered with black lace. The vest was of white satin, the stock front of frills being of black satin. The ruche in the back was of the silk, a straight stripe, stuffy crimsoned, and laid in side pleats. A waist of brown mohair had a vest of white chiffon with a frill of lace down on either side. The reversers were of white satin covered with a spangled net. A waist of black-colored batiste had a vest of white chiffon. A stock collar of violet velvet finished the neck. A band of the same was worn at the belt, and a gold chain encircled the sleeves. The deep belt was omitted in front. The vest extends to the waist line, so the wide belt is not used if unbecoming. The belt at the back may be also omitted without spoiling the effect. The collar is a plain fitted one, which may be adorned in any way, a plain stock collar of ribbon being chosen by most women. The sleeves are the melon shape, cut in six sections.

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT.

J. J. Hawes of Boston, now 88 years old, thinks that he is the oldest active photographer in the United States.

Sir Francis Scott, commander of the Ashantee expedition, has taken luncheon with Queen Victoria since his return to England, and is now one of the lions of London.

The late Russian General Tcherewin was the founder of the Okhrana or Czar's bodyguard, composed of men of high rank or great wealth who were sworn to protect the person of Alexander III.

Lieutenant Andre, the Swedish officer who is to attempt to go to the north pole in a balloon, has received applications from more than a score of Swedish women who wish to join him in his perilous trip.

A French newspaper publishes the following advertisement: "M. Emile Zola of Plambou, inventor of the spring nippers, notifies his customers that he has nothing in common with his namesake, Emile Zola, the writer."

When Count Herbert Bismarck telegraphed to his father, Prince Bismarck, that his latest baby was a girl, the Prince telegraphed back: "Have patience! Marie was only a girl." Marie was the Prince's first born, and then came two sons.

Pope Leo XIII has presented to the Queen Regent of Spain the Palazzo Attempo in Rome, which he purchased recently for 1,000,000 francs. The palace was formerly a monastery, and was rebuilt and decorated by Cardinal Marco Attempo.

Speaker Reed, when he was at Bowdoin Col-

lege, was a tall, lanky boy, who worked his way through college by teaching school during vacations. He was one of the foremost debaters in college, and won many victories for the Bowdoinian Society, to which he belonged. His graduation oration was on "The Fear of Death," and it won for him the first English prize.

PERSONAL.

George Pearce of Santa Rosa is in town. Dr. A. M. Gardner of Napa is in this city. H. S. Stephenson of Chicago is at the California. Dr. and Mrs. Thomas Flint of San Juan are at the Grand.

L. Horton, a ranch-owner of Livermore, is at the Grand. T. F. Crary, a business man of Ogden, Utah, is in this city.

Dr. Joseph W. Yard, of Guadaloupe y Calvo, Mex., is at the Palace. A. J. Dryman of Redding, Clerk of Shasta County, is at the Russ.

O. A. Lowe of Woodland, cashier of the Bank of Yolo, is at the Grand. J. W. Wood, a merchant of Pasadena, is among recent arrivals here.

Dr. Black of Sacramento, State Superintendent of Schools, is at the Palace. Joseph D. Lynch, the journalist, of Los Angeles, arrived here yesterday.

The Rev. Father F. J. Jeram, president of the Eden Valley Colony, is at the Russ. A. J. Mass, a prominent merchant of Kansas City, is staying at the Cosmopolitan.

J. S. Sedam, a wealthy resident of Denver, is in the city, accompanied by his wife. J. N. Seaton, the general merchant and politician of Arbutic, arrived here yesterday.

William M. Hamilton, representing a leading house of Chicago, is at the Cosmopolitan. Scipio Craig, editor of the Redlands Chronograph, is in the city, accompanied by his wife.

Among the recent arrivals here is George Ohleyer of Yuba City, proprietor of the Sutter County Farmer. M. Young, a mining and business man of Silver City, N. M., was among yesterday's arrivals at the Palace.

Captain C. T. Church of the sloop X. Ray of Moro Bay, San Luis Obispo County, is at the Cosmopolitan on his way to Cooks Inlet, where he joins the Ducey party, which sails on the steamer Albion on the 14th.

John White of New York, a noted copper ore buyer who trades among the mountain States and Territories, is among the recent arrivals here. Copper has advanced so materially lately that the mine of it is prized as highly as gold mine, and the demand for copper is heavy.

Ed A. Treadwell, the superintendent of the Red Hill gold mine, Nevada City, owned by a company at Glasgow, Scotland, is at the Occidental. He brought down with him a large quantity of the principal of protection. Since Japan has entered the race as a manufacturing nation, with cheap 10-cent-per-day labor, England fears for its own manufacturers, and self-protection being the first law of nature, she is wheeling into the protection line.

LADY'S WAIST.

The waist with vest or blouse front that admits of a combination of fabrics, and of variety, because this vest is removable, is a great favorite; and when it is combined with the coat back like the one shown here, it possesses another special feature of the season. The skirt back may be made separate, sewn to a band, which admits of more variety in the same waist, as without this it is a charming round waist.



Answers to Correspondents. "THE KERNEL"—W. L. City. "The Kernel" severed his connection with THE CALL in 1892. Cannot give you his present address.

THE BROOKLYN—M. E. G. City. The ship Brooklyn, that was owned by Samuel Brannan, arrived in this city on the 31st of July, 1846.

QUEEN VICTORIA—W. L. City. The height of Queen Victoria is about 5 feet 6 inches; the Prince of Wales is about 5 feet 8 1/2 inches in height.

CONSUL TO SYDNEY—W. L. City. The United States Consul to Sydney, N. S. W., is George W. Bell, appointed from the State of Washington.

REDUCTION OF POSTAGE—M. M. City. The postage was reduced from 3 to 2 cents by an act passed March 2, 1883, and which went into effect in October of that year.

DIGESTION—C. J. S., Veterans' Home, Yountville, Cal. It takes two hours to digest raw eggs, three hours when they are soft-boiled and three hours and a half when either fried or hard-boiled; roast or stewed oysters or clams from three hours and a quarter to three hours and a half.

BARBER-SHOP LAW—Barber, City. The law requiring barber-shops to close at 12 o'clock, noon, on Sundays and holidays has been tested in the Police Court and the case, in which the law was upheld, is on appeal in the Superior Court. It has never been brought before the Supreme Court of this State.

THE NAVAL BATTALION—J. K. City. The Naval Battalion is part of the National Guard of the State of California, and the same rule apply to joining a battalion as those which govern the other branches of the service. The first requisite is that the party desiring to join shall be a citizen of the United States and he is physically fitted for the service. If you desire to join, send your application to the commander of one of the companies.

AN ATTORNEY'S DUTY—J. D. City. If a person engages an attorney, entrusting to him his business, gives him information in regard to a case he has pending in court, becomes dissatisfied with him, pays him for services rendered, and then hires another attorney, the first attorney would not have the right to go into court and divulge the information he received in a professional way, and would not dare to do such a thing unless he wanted to be disgraced for unprofessional conduct.

CURSE OF SCOTLAND—J. City. The nine of diamonds is called the curse of Scotland because there are several explanations of this. 1. The nine of diamonds, in the game of Pope Joan, is called the Pope, the anti-Christ of the Scotch reformers. 2. In the game of nine of diamonds introduced by Queen Mary, the nine of diamonds is the great winning card, and the nine of diamonds is the curse of Scotland because it was the ruin of the Scotch nation. The word curse is a corruption of cross, and the word cross is so arranged as to form a St. Andrew's cross. But the name of hearts would do as well, this explanation is not tenable. Some say that

it was on the nine of diamonds that the "Butcher Duke" wrote his cruel order after the battle of Culloden; but the term appears to have been in vogue at that period, as the ladies nicknamed Justice Clark Ormiston "The Nine of Diamonds" (July 15, 1755). It is also said that it refers to the distasteful entertainment in Scotland toward John Dalrymple, first Earl of Stair, on account of his concern in the resignation office in 1765. The heraldic bearing of this individual was "or, on a saltire azure, nine lozenges of gold." These lozenges resemble the nine of diamonds, hence the popular phrase, "the curse of Scotland."

HUMOR OF THE HOUR.

"They need more men for the American navy," said Mr. Dukane to a man who had told him a story of misfortune, "and I think you ought to enlist as seaman on one of the steel cruisers. You are particularly adapted for such a life."

"You are so accustomed to hard ships,"—Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph.

She—Why, Charles, how can you call Miss James plain? I wish I was only half as good-looking.

He—You are, Hattie, and you know it.—London Tit-Bits.

Witherby—I understand that you had a birthday party at your house the other night. Who was there?

Punkington—Two doctors and a nurse.—New York Truth.

New York—I tell you, Jones is just coining money out in Omaha.

Traveling Englishman (overhearing and writing in notebook)—Counterfeiting is so extensively practiced in the United States that the citizens openly speak of it on the street.—Puck.

CALIFORNIA glace fruits, 50c lb. Townsend's.

SPECIAL information daily to manufacturers, business houses and firms, which he gets from the Press Clipping Bureau (Allen's), 510 Montgomery.

How to Secure Protection. San Jose Mercury.

The sugar-planters of the South want protection, and it remains to be seen whether they will vote for the party that will give it to them.

"I have found Hood's Pills unequalled. I always keep them in the house and recommend them to my friends." Mrs. Vernon Upton, 735 Pine st., San Francisco, Cal.

Take the Northern Pacific to all points East. Lowest rates to Minnesota and Dakota points. Upholstered tourist-cars, Pullman palace and dining cars on all trains. Two fast through trains daily; time to Chicago shortened six hours. For tickets and information call on T. K. Stetler, 698 Market street, San Francisco.

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" Has been used over 50 years by millions of mothers for their children with teaching with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures Wind Colic, regulates the Bowels and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. For sale by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. 25c a bottle.

CONADO.—Atmosphere is perfectly dry, soft and mild, and is entirely free from the mists common further north. Round-trip tickets, by steamship, including fifteen days' board at the Hotel del Coronado, \$80; longer stay \$2.50 per day. Apply 4 New Montgomery st., San Francisco.

He Bought the Seed. Bakersfield Californian.

His mightiest Secretary Morton has at last been discovered into contracting for \$70,000 worth of seeds for free distribution. It is dollars to doughnuts, though, that he will find some way of showing his innate meanness before he gets through with the business.

NEW TO-DAY.

MONEY SAVING PRICES Money-Saving Dishes. 5c MONEY SAVERS.

Lunch Buckets, Coffee Pots, Cream Pitchers, in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. 25c a bottle.

10c MONEY SAVERS. Berry Dishes, Milk Pails, Meat Dish, Dish Pan, Mustard Pots, Vegetable Dish, Salad Dish, 10c each or 3 for 25c.

TEA SETS. 44 Pieces complete for 12 Persons Pure White, Delicate Blue, Brown and Rich Gold Party Decorations.

Money-Saving Prices, per set 2.25, 2.50, 2.85, 3.00, 3.75, 4.15

DINNER SETS. 60 Pieces complete for 6 Persons Pure White, Delicate Blue, Brown and Rich Gold Party Decorations.

Money-Saving Prices, per set 3.65, 4.25, 4.85, 5.00, 5.85, 6.50

DINNER SETS. 100 Pieces complete for 12 Persons Pure White, Delicate Blue, Brown and Rich Gold Party Decorations.

Money-Saving Prices, per set 5.50, 6.50, 7.25, 8.00, 9.50, 10.50

Great American Importing Tea Co.'s 1344 Market st., S. F. 965 Market st., S. F. 517 Kearny st., S. F. 1419 Polk st., S. F. 821 Montgomery ave., S. F. 148 Ninth st., S. F. 2008 Fillmore st., S. F. 2510 Mission st., S. F. 3006 Sixteenth st., S. F. 3282 Mission st., S. F. 522 Market st., S. F.

MONEY-SAVING STORES: 917 Broadway, Oakland. 1053 Washington st., Oakd. 414 San Pablo ave., Oakd. 115 E. Twelfth st., Oakland. 1355 Park st., Alameda.

TRY OUR Money-Saving Prices AT OUR Money-Saving Stores 100 In MONEY SAVED EVERY DAY. NO SPECIAL RAY.

If you want a sure relief for "rains in the back, side, chest, or limbs, use an

Alcock's Porous Plaster BEAR IN MIND—Not one of the host of counterfeiters and imitations is as good as the genuine.

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