

AS TO DUELS AND DISHONOR.

German Nobles Stirred Up Over the Latest Shooting.

COURT OF ARBITRATION.

Attempts Will Be Made to Settle Disputes and Prevent Fatal Encounters.

BARON VON SCHRADER EXPIRES

Count von Kotze and the Seconds Expect to Be Confined in a Fortress.

BERLIN, GERMANY, April 11.—The annual congress of the German Adelstag (the nobility) was convened to-day.

Among the questions discussed of special interest to the aristocracy of Germany was that of the duello apropos of the incidents which are now exciting society and the general public alike.

The Emperor's prohibitory order against dueling has utterly failed to lessen the practice; indeed dueling has been more frequent since the issuance of the Kaiser's decree than ever before.

The duel which was fought between Liebrecht von Kotze and Baron von Schrader near Potsdam yesterday furnishes an instance of the difficulty of getting a quarrel settled by means of a court of honor.

The Emperor at this juncture intervened, urging Baron von Schrader to refuse to accept the decision of the courts of honor, while near relatives of both the disputants entreated them not to engage in a duel for fear of the social odium that would attach to the encounter.

The Vossische Zeitung, in an article on the subject, says:

"When high courts set an example of law-breaking it is mockery to ask the people to unite in a struggle to defend religion and morality. Von Kotze has more affairs of the same kind on hand. Must there be more victims and nothing done to prevent these sacrifices? Can the supporters of dueling believe that the issue of such an encounter proves that one combatant is right and the other wrong? It is a barbarous reference to the ordeal and disgraceful to modern ideas, making the aristocracy contemptible in the eyes of the social democracy."

The celebrated Professor Langerhaus, medical director of the Moabite Hospital, who startled Berlin by causing the following announcement to be published in the papers on Wednesday, "Our darling Ernest, aged 21 months, died suddenly in perfect health in consequence of an injection of Dr. Behring's diphtheria serum," followed up his statement by a repetition of the publication together with an announcement giving the date and place of the funeral, all of which was printed in large type.

The publications created a degree of excitement which has reached beyond medical circles, and a lively discussion of the matter is now going on in the press. The body of the child is still in the possession of the authorities, who at once seized it after the father's announcement. Immediately after the death of his son Professor Langerhaus sealed a phial containing the serum used in giving the alleged fatal injection. The professor states that his son was in strong health and was inoculated with serum merely as a precaution, a household in the family having diphtheria, and he having lost two children in 1895 from the same disease. The adherents of Dr. Behring ask for a suspension of professional judgment and a calming of the public mind until the cause of the death of the child is proved.

It is learned from an inner course that the Emperor's desire that the Prince of Fuerstenberg shall accept the office of Chief Marshal of the imperial court is associated with his intention to appoint him in succession to Prince Hohenlohe, the Imperial Chancellor. This is taken as a sign that the latter's influence is waning.

The Hamburg Correspondenz alleges that a difference exists between Chancellor von Hohenlohe and Dr. Miquel, the Prussian Minister of Finance, over the conversion of the Prussian Cabinet agreed to the conversion as he proposed. Dr. Miquel is aware that the attacks which are being made upon him emanate from underlings in the Foreign Office, and he treats them as harmless.

Hon. Edwin F. Uhl, the newly appointed United States Ambassador, is greatly annoyed and highly indignant at seeing in

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Five

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We'll show up a remarkably swell line of Blue and Black Cheviot Suits, in single and double breasted sacks, for just a short period at

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These Suits at \$5 are wonders. They're cleverly tailored garments, tailored right in the height of fashion; they'll cost double the money in other stores. Nothing ails 'em whatsoever; it's only a desire on our part to see how ridiculously low we can quote a price and how big a crowd we can get in our store.



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You've heard of the seven wonders?

This is one of 'em. \$7 is really a very small price for a choice Suit, but we're going to give you an awfully large pick from a very swell line of Suits.

This offer at \$7 contains all those very pretty Blue and Black Serge Cheviots in single and double breasted sacks, also in cutaways.

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There's garments in this assortment that double the price won't touch 'em in other stores. We know it; we believe you know it too.



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Our statements are plain. We utter that which we know to be the truth and the truth only. False statements can never get into our columns of advertising.

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No doubt you'll appreciate this offer at \$10, as it contains some of the very swellest garments we have ever shown since the big store opened.

These fine Clay Worsteds, for which your tailor charges \$10, in either the sack or that very dressy and swell cutaway style. Then there's no end of those pretty Spring Suits in light and medium colorings, high-class fabrics, high-class styles, high-class garments, high in everything but price.

The assortment is bewildering and never have such high garments been sold before at anything like the price.



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SLOW ADVANCE IN THE SOUDAN.

English Forces Hampered by Poor River Service and Forage.

ABSORBS THE RESERVE.

Egyptian Funds Will Be All Consumed Before Contact With Dervishes.

BUILDING FORTS IN THE HILLS.

Active Operations Cannot Be Started Before the Middle of July.

LONDON, Eng., April 11.—As far as it has gone, the Soudan expedition is disappointing to the War Office and the Government. Dispatches are sent daily from Cairo praising the rapidity of the movements at the front and the completeness of the preparations.

Lord Cromer, the British diplomatic agent at Cairo, advises that it will be necessary to draw upon the Egyptian treasury for £1,000,000 in addition to the £500,000 already drawn, and this fact renders it probable that the entire reserve of the Egyptian debt commission will be ultimately absorbed in preparations before there is an actual contact with the Dervishes.

Until September the only forward movement from Akasheh that is likely to be made will be to Firket, ten miles up the river. This will be merely due to the discovery that Akasheh is a bad strategic point. The place is surrounded by low hills commanding the camp, and for this reason it has already been found advisable to form a chain of forts in the hills.

That no operations of importance are intended during the summer is evident from the fact that General Sir Redvers Buller is reported to have been nominated for the chief command of the expedition. He will not leave England until July, when the campaign will be fairly entered upon.

the British forces, has decided against a march across the long stretch of desert between Suakim, the Red Sea and the Berber.

Kruger and Chamberlain. LONDON, Eng., April 11.—The communications that are passing between Chamberlain and President Kruger, will, when published, be found to be models of frank and direct statement on the part of the former and of diplomatic finesse, veiled with an air of simplicity, on the part of the latter.

The representative of the United Press is able to predict, on thoroughly reliable information, that Mr. Chamberlain will come out of the negotiations with a high reputation. Throughout the communications he has not budged from his public declarations to adhere to the Anglo-Boer convention of 1884, while respecting the internal independence of the republic.

Whether the country will ultimately confirm Chamberlain's policy is doubtful, but it is impossible that the developments will show him to have been duped by President Kruger. The present clause empowers the Transvaal to conclude treaties with foreign powers, subject to the veto of Great Britain.

EXPULSION OF KNAPP.

Great Secrecy Was Maintained by the Turkish Officials.

LONDON, Eng., April 11.—The Sun publishes a Constantinople dispatch to a news agency here stating that the Turkish officials at Bitlis received orders from persons in high authority to expel the Rev. G. P. Knapp, the American missionary, from that place. The dispatch further states that but for Mr. Hampson, the British Consul at Bitlis, the expulsion of Knapp would not have been known until he had reached Alexandria.

Examinations for Promotion. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11.—By direction of the Secretary of War Lieutenant-Colonel Evan Miles, First Infantry, and Major Tully McCrea, Fifth Artillery, are detailed as members of the examining board convened at the Presidio, San Francisco, to relieve Captains Charles Morris and Ellbridge R. Hills, Fifth Artillery, during the examination of Captains Constant Williams, Seventh Infantry; Edward G. Mathey, Seventh Cavalry, and Erasmus C. Gibreth, Eleventh Infantry.

Fatal Collision of Torpedo-Boats. WILHELMSHAVEN, GERMANY, April 11.—Two torpedo-boats collided off this port this afternoon. One of the boats sank almost immediately and five of the crew were drowned. The other boat was badly damaged. The boats were making trial trips when the collision occurred.

OPERATIONS OF THE INSURGENTS.

Aggressiveness of Patriots Who Are Fighting for Freedom.

MANY TOWNS ATTACKED

Spanish Troops Trying to Prevent Maceo From Crossing the Trocha.

SAY THE LEADER IS DOOMED.

Nevertheless the Daring Cubans Enter Havana Province When They Please.

HAVANA, CUBA, April 11 (via Key West, Fla., April 11).—The insurgent forces operating in many parts of the island have been aggressive the past week. Half a dozen towns in Havana province alone have been attacked. The troops invariably remain safely cooped up in forts, allowing the rebels full swing.

A score of small parties of insurgents united with Lacrete's column and others from the east have gathered on the Havana side of the line with the apparent intention of aiding Maceo to cross. The Spaniards are satisfied that Maceo is doomed. The Cubans say he can cross when he pleases. The Spaniards have 25,000 men along the line. Maceo has 10,000 in his column; 5,000 others are west and about 5,000 east of the line.

Aside from these operations 3,000 insurgents have appeared fifteen miles east of Havana. Their purpose is not clear. Gomez is reported in the vicinity of the Puerto Principe line. One object of his march east is to receive arms and ammunition landed on the recent trip of the Commodore on the north coast of Camaguey.

Reports received from reliable sources state that General Melgizo, Colonels Motina and Tort and others continue killing peaceable Cubans. Melgizo is said to have killed nine employes on estates in the vicinity of Campo Florida. Afterward, boasting of the deed, he said: "The pacificos are the worst kind of rebels. All should be swept off."

General Prats' column operating against Lacrete had a skirmish with the rear guard of the rebels on April 2 on Nievez estate near Limonar, Matanzas. The estate belongs to a French citizen, M. de Freville. The rebels retired without losses. Colonel Prats, son of the general, was wounded on the Spanish side. The troops took four men, colonists on the estate, from the houses and shot them through the bodies. The cane fields were fired. They also burned the residences of the

Vaga Lantigue Lopez colonies, causing over \$3000 damages to the estate. The men killed were peaceful, unarmed citizens. Their names were Jose Quintana, 65 years; Juan Pino, 70, both leasees of colonies; Enrique Quintana, 16, and Cecil Oliver, 22 years, cartmen.

General Prats was in personal command. His official report says: "Insurgents were dislodged from their positions in the hills of the Nievez and Saratoga estates after one hour's firing, causing five deaths and capturing eight horses and effects. Our force had no losses."

BURNED BY THE REBELS. Damages Asked for the Destruction of an Estate.

HAVANA, CUBA, April 11.—The Moraitos estate, the property of Manuel Anton Morales, an American citizen, has been burned by the rebels and the owner has filed a claim with the United States Consul for damages in the sum of \$200,000.

ASKS FOR MORE TROOPS. Weyler Has Not Ended the War by Any Means.

MADRID, SPAIN, April 11.—Captain-General Weyler has asked for the immediate dispatch of 5,000 cavalry to Cuba, and the Minister of War is arranging to send them at once. The War Office is also considering the question of employing balloons in the military service in Cuba.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11.—The State Department this morning received an official dispatch from Consul-General Williams of Havana, and therefore inferred that the rumor that he had been killed yesterday was unfounded.

ASHORE ON YOKANE POINT. The British Ship Carnarvonshire Will Be a Total Wreck.

LONDON, Eng., April 11.—The British ship Carnarvonshire, Captain Hughes, from San Francisco December 11, for Queenstown, is ashore on Yokane Point, near Castletownsend, on the Irish coast. The ship will probably be a total wreck. The crew were saved.

COMMERCIAL UNION. What Colonial Leaders Think of Chamberlain's Suggestions.

LONDON, Eng., April 11.—The Statist has sent letters to the various Colonial leaders asking their opinion of the recent

speech of Mr. Chamberlain, Colonial Secretary, advocating a commercial union of the colonies. In reply to this letter J. Hofmeier, leader of the Afrikaner party, has cabled from Cape Town expressing his opinion that the proposal embodies an excellent idea, but he fears that fiscal reasons will render it impossible at present in South Africa and many other colonies.

C. C. Kingston, Crown Advocate of South Australia, cabled merely that the subject ought to be courteously and carefully considered, and Prime Minister Turner of Victoria declined to express an opinion.

Spread of Glanders at Liverpool. LONDON, Eng., April 11.—A committee of the Health Board of Liverpool which has been making inquiries into the subject alleges that the spread of glanders among horses in that city is due to the importation of Canadian horses. The committee is about to urge the Government to take restrictive action upon the importation of such animals. The allegation of the Liverpool committee is emphatically denied by Canadian officials.

The blind are generally possessed of a singularly acute sense of hearing.

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