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"STOCK JOBBING IMPERIALISM."

Sir William Harcourt Talks Bluntly of Transvaal Affairs.

ALL VERY REVOLTING.

The British South Africa Company and the Raid of Jameson.

CHAMBERLAIN SHIELDS RHODES

Harmonious Settlement of the Rights of Uitlanders Was His Dearest Object.

LONDON, Eng., May 8.—The House of Commons was crowded with members, and the press and strangers' galleries were filled with visitors to-day upon the occasion of the presentation of the colonial estimates.

Sir William Harcourt, the leader of the opposition, reminded the Government that an inquiry had been promised with the object of ascertaining whether the British South African Company was in the hands of fit and proper persons to be entrusted with the administration of the affairs of the company's territory.

From the telegrams which had been interpreted and published he declared that it was obvious that the whole affair had been conducted between Johannesburg and Cape Town by the principal and responsible director of the British South African Company.

Sir William said that the whole story was an inexpressibly revolting, sordid and squalid picture of stock-jobbing imperialism. He admitted that Mr. Chamberlain had been surrounded by difficulties and had shown courage and decision worthy of his position, but the question was what was the Government going to do.

Mr. Chamberlain, Colonial Secretary, said the deplorable result of Jameson's raid had been to jeopardize English predominance in South Africa, and it had also delayed the concord of the two races, which was England's main policy. He was faulted, he said, that there had been faults on both sides, but until they had got to the bottom of the matter the Government could not properly judge the merits of the case.

Mr. Chamberlain further said a harmonious settlement of the question of the rights of the Uitlanders had long been Mr. Rhodes' dearest object. If he could only have found a co-worker in President Kruger the results would have been beneficial in promoting the federation of the South African States wherein local rights would have been fully regarded.

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and dishonored the high tradition that British Ministers did not make money from their positions.

Mr. Labouchere concluded by declaring that he regretted the decision of Mr. Chamberlain, who was fettered by the Cabinet. The debate was adjourned.

REVELATIONS OF THE RAID.

It Was Intended to Start a Revolution in the Transvaal.

LONDON, Eng., May 8.—The morning papers will give prominence to two stories of impending revelations at Pretoria of the Transvaal trouble. They seem to be a rebash of the evidence given early in the trial of the members of the Johannesburg reform committee. The Volksstem, according to the stories, discovered that the British South Africa Company paid \$70,000 in connection with the raid into the Transvaal, and intended to start a revolution.

The Times to-morrow will publish a dispatch from Pretoria, giving further telegrams connected with the reform movement in Johannesburg from October to December, but they contain nothing that is more striking than is contained in the cipher telegrams recently published.

One dispatch refers to Colonel Rhodes, brother of Cecil Rhodes, drawing a draft for £17,000 on the British South Africa Company on December 20. On December 28 Dr. Harris, secretary of the company at Cape Town, telegraphed to Dr. Jameson at Pitsani, saying: "It is all right if you will only wait. Captain Henry comes to you from Colonel Rhodes to-day."

The Times also publishes extracts from Major White's notebook, which, however, it does not verify. An entry on November 30 summarizes a dispatch from Colonel Rhodes announcing the co-operation of a number of wealthy persons in the movement and adding that all the arrangements of the entire government must be placed in the hands of Cecil Rhodes. Other entries relate to the preparation and payment of troops. An entry on December 29 says: "Received a dispatch from Colonel Rhodes to move immediately on Johannesburg."

BERLIN, GERMANY, May 8.—The Neuste Nachrichten forestalls that President Kruger will publish a proclamation in which he will state that in the event of the success of the revolutionary movement in Johannesburg Charles Leonard was to be President in the new Government, Lionel Phillips Secretary of State, and John Hays Hammond Attorney-General.

LOVE LEADS TO TRAGEDY

Young Terbutt Follows His Common-Law Wife and Tries to Kill Her.

Because She Fies With a Handsomer Man He Seriously Stabs Her.

NEW YORK, N. Y., May 8.—Charles H. Terbutt of 128 West Thirty-fifth street went over to Newark last night to find his common-law wife, who had left him on Sunday night. He found her and stabbed her. He is locked up, and doctors were trying to save the young woman's life all night.

Terbutt is 29 years of age and is an agent for a bicycle company in Grand street. Last June he met Stella Downey, 19 years of age, and after a flirtation induced her to take a trip to Asbury Park. When they returned the pair went to live together as man and wife. Miss Downey was an orphan and had been living with her uncle, Henry Downey, in Hoboken. She was a native of Evanston, Ill., and just returned from a convent at Stratford, Ont., and was innocent of the world and its ways.

In the same house with her and Terbutt lived Frederick West, a married man. He became acquainted with the young woman, and after both had disappeared on last Sunday Terbutt learned that West had a brother, William, living in Newark. He went over there last night, climbed the back fence, went into the house, and finding Stella there, drew a knife and tried to cut her throat. He made a gash from her left ear to the breastbone. Another lunge drove the knife into the back of her head an inch. The girl grasped the knife and struggled for its possession until she broke the blade.

When Terbutt ran out of the house. A boy followed him and pointed him out to an officer, who took him in charge. Terbutt declared that he loved the girl, and said that when she ceased to love him he went over to Newark to kill her. Police Surgeon Clark took charge of the wounded girl. The stab in the back of the head is the most serious one. Her recovery is doubtful.

RAGE OF A JILTED FARMER.

Shoots a Young Woman and Her Successful Suitor and Then Commits Suicide.

WILLIAMSPORT, Ind., May 8.—Yesterday Charles Harrison, a young and prosperous farmer living in the northern part of this county, shot Ida Welch and Harry Smith and then killed himself. The shooting took place in the home of Miss Welch.

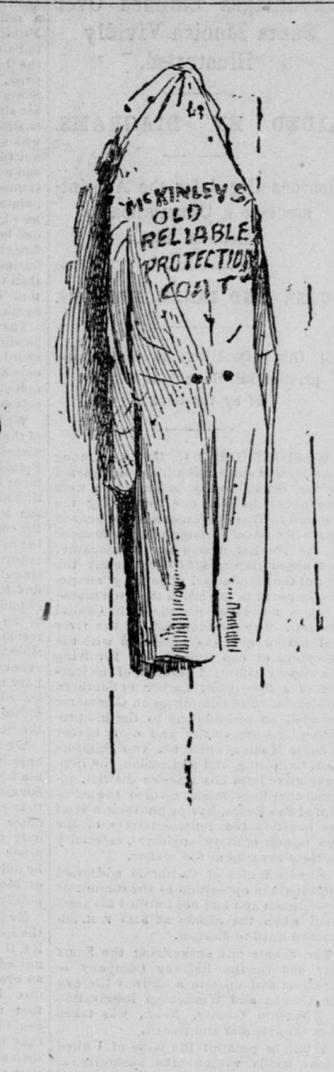
Harrison and Smith were rival suitors. Miss Welch accepted Smith. Yesterday morning Harrison saw Smith enter the Welch home, and knowing that Mr. and Mrs. Welch were away, he went into the house, got his pistol and went to the Welch home. He was admitted by a younger sister.

Without making any inquiry Harrison went into the sitting-room, where Smith and Miss Welch were engaged in a conversation. Without a moment's warning he opened fire, discharging three shots at Smith and Miss Welch, who each sank to the floor seriously injured. Thinking that his aim had been fatal Harrison placed the weapon to his temple and fired, the ball taking effect in the brain, death resulting almost instantaneously.

Smith was shot in the right breast and his recovery is doubtful. Miss Welch was shot in the right arm and also just above the pit of the stomach, and while she is resting easily the extent of her injury has not been ascertained.

All Records Broken.

FOWLER, Ind., May 8.—Mrs. Fritz Heinznit, who lives about a mile north of here, gave birth last night to six infants, four boys and two girls. All are doing well. Two years ago Mrs. Heinznit gave birth to triplets.



THAT EXPENSIVE MISFIT TARIFF.

DEMANDS THE DEATH PENALTY.

Prosecutor Suarez Asks a Harsh Fate for the Filibusters.

PRISONERS ARE GUILTY.

Admit the Part They Took in Connection With the Schooner Competitor.

TRIED BY A COURT-MARTIAL.

Mr. Williams, as Consul-General, Had Entered a Protest Against the Proceedings.

HAVANA, CUBA, May 8.—At 8 o'clock this morning a court-martial opened at the arsenal here for the trial of the men who were captured by a Spanish warship on the alleged filibustering schooner Competitor, belonging in Key West. The prisoners were Alfredo Laborde, born in New Orleans, Owen Milton of Kansas, William Kinlea, an Englishman, and Elias Bedia and Theodore Ruiz, both Cubans.

Captain Ruiz acted as president of the court, which consisted of nine other military and naval officers. All the accused pleaded not guilty.

Several witnesses admitted that when the men were captured they were not armed and offered no resistance. Despite this fact, however, the prosecutor, Lieutenant Suarez, asked the court-martial to convict the prisoners of filibustering and to impose the death sentence upon all of them.

Counsel for the defense made a long review of the evidence, and demanded the acquittal of Maza. He argued eloquently against the others being sentenced to death, and declared that the evidence showed that mercy should be extended to them.

The court-martial has as yet rendered no judgment. It is said its findings will be submitted for approval to the Government at Madrid.

During the course of the proceedings a letter was read from the American Consul-General, Ramon O. Williams, protesting against the trial. Mr. Williams abstained from attending the court-martial.

General Linares reports that his command has succeeded in dislodging the forces of Jose Maceo from the entrenched camp occupied by them in the province of Santiago de Cuba. In the fighting that took place before the rebels retreated seventeen of the insurgents were killed. The troops, according to the report, lost only two killed and seven wounded.

ESCAPED THE WARSHIP.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., May 8.—Word was received here this afternoon of the arrival at Trujillo of the steamer Bermuda. She merely touched there and then cleared for Puerto Cortez, Honduras, where she is expected to drop anchor in the course of a day or two.

The Bermuda, after clearing from Philadelphia, sailed from Jacksonville, Fla., on April 28, presumably with a cargo of arms and ammunition for the Cuban insurgents. Her arrival at Trujillo indicates that she escaped from the Spanish war vessel which it was reported had chased her. It is believed that the arms and ammunition were safely landed.

KIRKLAND TO COMMAND

Will Succeed Captain Howison at the Mare Island Navy-Yard.

Other Changes Among Naval Officers Include the Retirement of Kutz.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 8.—Several important changes in the duties of naval officers were made at the Navy Department to-day. Rear-Admiral W. H. Kirkland, now on waiting orders, was directed to assume command of the Mare Island Navy-yard, California.

Commander O. W. Farenholt was detached from his duty as an inspector of the Thirteenth District, Portland, Or., and placed on waiting orders.

Other orders were issued as follows: Lieutenant N. G. Sargent, Petrel, ordered home and instructed to be ready for sea duty; Ensign H. G. Macfarland from the Concord to the Bennington; Passed Assistant Paymaster E. B. Webster from the Concord, and granted two months' leave; Passed Assistant Paymaster J. S. Phillips from the Bennington, and granted three months' leave; Assistant Paymaster P. V. Mohun from the Petrel to the Bennington; Passed Assistant Engineer W. S. Smith from the Newark, ordered home and granted three months' leave; Assistant Engineer E. H. Pollock to the Newark.

Passed Assistant Paymaster E. B. Webster, who arrived in San Francisco on the Concord on Sunday last and who was alleged to be in trouble with the Navy Department concerning a deposit of \$2500 said to have been given in his care as surety for Mr. Tobin, his clerk, was detached from the Concord to-day and granted two months' leave. This indicates that Paymaster Webster is free from any displeasure of the department, and that if an allegation concerning Tobin's collateral has been officially made it has fallen to the ground.

Orders were issued by the Navy Department to-day detaching Chief Engineer G. F. Kutz from the Mare Island Navy-yard June 26 and directing his retirement the next day. The retirement is at the request of Mr. Kutz under the forty years' service law.

The resignation of Ensign W. B. Franklin, U. S. N., has been accepted by the President.

CHICAGO HOLDS THE CONVENTION.

Assurances Given to the Democrats That Funds Are Ready.

ANNOUNCED BY HARRITY

At the Conference Behind Closed Doors All Obligations Are Complied With.

MONEY IS NOW FORTHCOMING.

So the Work on the Big Coliseum Will Be Pushed Rapidly to Completion.

CHICAGO, ILL., May 8.—The Democratic National Convention will be held in Chicago, and at the Coliseum, in accordance with the original programme. This was the decision announced by National Chairman Harrity this evening, at the close of the second session of the special meeting of the sub-committee on convention of the National Democratic Committee.

The evening session was given up to a conference with Treasurer Donnersberger, Judge Goodrich, Jacob W. Richards, R. W. Spangler and other members of the local finance committee.

The conference was held behind closed doors, and at its conclusion Chairman Harrity stated that all the obligations under which the convention had been voted to Chicago had been complied with. The obligations in question provide that \$30,000 should be placed to the credit of the national committee by this date and that \$10,000 additional should be forthcoming by the 4th of July.

With the exception of Senator Gorman, every member of the sub-committee reported at the Hotel Wellington. Even Chairman E. C. Wall of the Wisconsin State Central Committee, who has been at death's door for months, came down from the Cream City. His associates were Chairman Harrity, Colonel J. G. Prather of St. Louis, T. H. Shirley of Louisville, Ben T. Cable of Illinois and J. S. Shearin of Indiana, secretary of the National Committee. With these were Architect Canda of New York and John J. Martin of St. Louis, who was selected sergeant-at-arms at the last meeting of the committee.

During the afternoon Messrs. Prather, Shirley and Martin visited the Coliseum, and expressed themselves as satisfied at the progress that had been made on the structure. When the sub-committee reconvened this evening and the conference with the local finance committee had been concluded, the sub-committee went into executive session and appointed the following committees:

On press and telegraphic accommodations and facilities—S. B. Sherin, Logansport, Ind.; E. C. Wall, Milwaukee, Wis.; John C. Prather, St. Louis.

On decorations and music—Thomas H. Shirley, Louisville, Ky.; Ben Cable, Chicago; U. C. Wallace, Washington, D.

C. The latter was also selected as a member of the committee on arrangements to succeed Senator Gorman of Maryland, who had notified the committee of his inability to serve.

The committee adjourned to meet again in this city May 29. Subsequently Chairman Harrity gave to the United Press the following announcements:

"No tickets for admission to the convention will be issued until July 6."

"Applications for press tickets should be made to S. P. Sherin, chairman of the sub-committee on press and telegraph, Logansport, Ind."

"Applications for appointment as assistants to the sergeant-at-arms, doorkeepers, pages, etc., should be made to Colonel John I. Martin, St. Louis, Mo."

The interior arrangements of the Coliseum will be made under the supervision of F. E. Canda of New York, architect and engineer to the committee, assisted by Sergeant-at-arms Martin, with the cooperation of the committee on decorations and music.

The railroad companies centering and tributary to Chicago will be asked to furnish transportation to delegates and others at reduced rates. The usual practice has been to grant a round trip for one fare.

Chairman Harrity leaves in the morning for a week's trip among the northern lakes. The remaining members of the committee took trains for home to-night.

TO CONSIDER MCKINLEY.

Important Topics Before the Supreme Court of the A. F. A.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 8.—The meeting of the supreme council of the American Protective Association in this city on the 12th inst. will be the most important event in the history of the order. Chief among the matters which will come before the meeting will be the election of officers for the ensuing year, an exhaustive discussion of the attitude which ought to be assumed with reference to financial questions and what part, if any, the order shall take in the Presidential and Congressional elections of next autumn.

It is understood that William H. F. Traynor of Detroit will not be a candidate for re-election as president. Among the candidates for this office will be Judge J. H. D. Stevens of St. Louis, Dr. J. W. Ford, a Baptist minister of Troy, N. Y., and Colonel Bowers of Iowa, the founder of the order. The present secretary, C. T. Beatty, is understood to be again a candidate for re-election without any opposition apparent.

The charges formulated against Mr. McKinley of Ohio that he discriminated in his appointments as Governor against the order will be considered.

Mathews a Candidate.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 8.—Colonel James K. Riecke, a member of the Bland executive committee, to-day received a letter from Hon. C. C. Matson of Greencastle, Ind., announcing that Governor Claude Mathews of Indiana would be a candidate before the Chicago convention for the Presidential nomination.

Missouri's Prohibition Ticket.

SEDALIA, Mo., May 8.—The Prohibition Convention adjourned this afternoon, after having nominated the following State ticket: Governor, H. P. Farris of Henry County; Lieutenant-Governor, J. M. Richey of Newton County; Secretary of State, E. E. McLaughlin of Pettis; Auditor, J. O. Riddle of St. Louis; Treasurer, Rev. I. T. Hull of Green; Attorney-General, J. C. Hughes of Ray; Supreme Judge, Lewis Adams of MacDonald; Railroad Commissioner, W. E. Sullivan of Buchanan.

BEEF TRUST INVESTIGATION.

No One Indicted by the Chicago Grand Jury Because Witnesses Were Lacking.

CHICAGO, ILL., May 8.—The beef trust-railroad investigation by the Federal Grand Jury came to an end to-day, so far as the existing jury is concerned. It may come up again before the October jury or before a special jury if the emergency warrants such extraordinary action on the part of the Government. The District Attorney and his special counsel could not indict anybody without more witnesses than they had been able to attach with a subpoena. The special jury may be called in case the much-wanted eight witnesses from the stockyards and railroad offices return within the jurisdiction of a United States writ. An investigation of railroad rate-making at the instance of the Commerce Commission depends upon the railroad officials' future compliance with the law.

SUICIDE OF A WOMAN.

Shot Herself in a Room at the Colonnade Hotel in New York.

Left a Note Saying That Insanity Was Hereditary and That She Had No Relatives.

NEW YORK, N. Y., May 8.—A handsome, well-dressed woman, about 28 years old, who registered at the Colonnade Hotel, 38 Lafayette place, Wednesday afternoon, as Mrs. Everett of Boston, shot herself in her room to-day. The bullet entered her head through her left ear. She was found dead in bed fully dressed. She left the following note unsigned and not addressed to anybody:

"Hereditary insanity. Please cremate and pay landlord for damages, etc. Have no family, so beg that my wishes be observed."

The letter was in a hotel envelope, in which also was \$89 in bills. The woman's clothing was of the finest quality. The neck of her dress was caught by a gold and enameled brooch studded with nine diamonds. She wore two plain gold rings on the little finger of the right hand, one wedding-ring. On an undergarment were the initials "K. B." Her eyes and hair are jet black.

Suicide of Two Men.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 8.—The body of A. C. Hogan, for many years superintendent of the canning department of the Standard Oil Company in this city and at Whiting, Ind., was found to-day in an unfrequented part of Lakeview Cemetery. He had committed suicide by shooting. His health was the cause.

B. F. Whipple, one of the oldest and most prominent Odd Fellows of Cleveland, also committed suicide.

TRAGIC DEATH OF A BIGAMIST.

J. F. Mitchell, a West Point Miner, Killed by His Mother-in-Law.

IS RIDDLED WITH SHOT.

The Theft of Money Followed by a Most Sensational Homicide.

SYMPATHY FOR THE WOMAN.

Her Victim Had a Wife From Sonoma When Compelled to Wed a Second Time.

SAN ANDREAS, CAL., May 8.—Messrs. details of a fatal shooting affair which occurred at West Point yesterday reached here to-day. The principals of the affair were Mrs. C. Halladay and her son-in-law, F. J. Mitchell, alias Frewick. A bad feeling has existed between the two for some time past and it ended yesterday by the mother-in-law killing the man.

As near as can be learned the trouble was brought about by Mitchell taking a sum of money belonging to Mrs. Halladay in the morning prior to his going to work. When the woman learned of her loss she determined to recover the coin, and seizing a double-barreled shotgun started for the Granite mine, where Mitchell was at work. Reaching the place she sought Mitchell and demanded the return of the money.

Mitchell promptly handed over the money. When the woman had it she offered him one-half the amount if he would leave the country and never return. Mitchell thought he saw a chance to get it all and made a grab for the gun.

Mrs. Halladay got it first and turning the muzzle toward him, pulled the triggers, sending both charges of shot into his body and killing him instantly.

So far as known the woman has not yet been arrested, and it is hardly probable that she will be. Sympathy seems to be on her side, as Mitchell was a worthless fellow.

The first trouble between them was caused about a year ago, when Mitchell commenced making love to Viola Beck, Mrs. Halladay's daughter. The old lady objected to him. One day she discovered the couple in a room in a hotel and she then resolved that he should marry the daughter. She accordingly brought the couple to this place to have the ceremony performed. While at the clerk's office getting the license she was compelled to step out to get the Justice. Before leaving she told the clerk not to let Mitchell get away and to watch him close as he was a slipper fellow.

When the couple were married she left for San Francisco. Here Mitchell met a woman who claimed to be his wife, and promptly had him arrested on a charge of bigamy. It seems that prior to coming to Calaveras he was married in Marin County, where he lived under the name of Trewick. At his examination he was bound over to appear before the Superior Court. When this trial came up the Judge dismissed him, claiming the case was out of his jurisdiction, one marriage having been performed in Marin County and the other in Calaveras. While Mitchell was awaiting trial his wife worked in a hotel in the city, but was taken sick, and her mother went down and brought her up to West Point. As soon as Mitchell was released he returned to her, and has been living there since. Part of the time he worked, but the major part did nothing. He was about 35 years old.

GALA DAY AT FERNDALE.

Magnificent Pythian Castle Dedicated With Impressive Ceremonies.

FERNDALE, CAL., May 8.—This was a gala day at Ferndale. The magnificent castle of Aurora Lodge No. 51, Knights of Pythias, erected at a cost of many thousands of dollars, and the most magnificent structure in Northern California, was dedicated to-day in accordance with Pythian ceremonies. The town was exquisitely decorated with the triple colors of the order. Every lodge in Humboldt of this order was in the line of parade, and thousands of people were present. Enthusiasm and enjoyment characterized every feature. The parade and dedication ceremonies were never surpassed in the State. Headed by the Ferndale band and the uniform rank delegations of all lodges in the county, the procession was very imposing. The dedication services, under the direction of Colonel J. H. Gyster, were the most impressive ever listed to in this section. The address of welcome by S. D. O'Neil, and the reply by A. J. Monroe were good. F. A. Cutler, in an eloquent speech on the principles of the order, told the lessons of the glorious trinity of principle, friendship, charity and benevolence. He dwelt clearly upon the origin, growth and development of the order, its past and its achievements. State Senator Frank McGowan, supreme representative of the Knights of Pythias, concluded the exercises with one of those masterly addresses characteristic of his ability of that celebrated orator. He dwelt upon the great institution of Pythianhood as one of American origin, created and founded at a time when internal strife rent this country in war and the necessity of an order for fraternal feelings. He showed that the primary principles of the order were devotion to a democratic form of government, and gave incidents of Pythian martyrdoms to friendship.

Dog Mangles a Grass Valley Child.

GRASS VALLEY, CAL., May 8.—This morning a large Newfoundland dog attacked the four-year-old child of W. N. Webber, who lives at Indian Springs, ten miles from Grass Valley, and fearfully mutilated the face of the child. The youngster had been in the habit of playing with the dog and was engaged in such pastime when the brute suddenly sprang at him and caught the right eye and took the child and chewed away until the dog's teeth met. The sight of the eye is entirely destroyed.