

RESULTS ONLY IN A FLAT FAILURE

What Correspondent Curtis Says About Bryan's Tour in New York.

DIDN'T WIN ONE COUNTY.

One Big Bet to Show How the Straws Are Blowing in the East.

CALLERS HEADED FOR CANTON.

Business Men of Broadway Unfurled the Flag of Protection and Prosperity.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 4.—Chairman Hanna did not arrive in Chicago this morning as had been expected.

W. E. Curtis, the well known newspaper writer, who has just arrived from New York, was quoted at National headquarters as saying that Bryan's tour through that State which was expected to be effective among the farmers, has been so flat a failure that a bet of \$1000 was made that Bryan would not carry a single county in the State.

John D. McVey of Lake City, Iowa, called at headquarters to-day. He said that Iowa will give 50,000 to 75,000 majority for McKinley.

General R. A. Alger of Michigan came over from that State to-day and spent some time in conferring with leaders at headquarters.

CANTON, Ohio, Sept. 4.—The delegations from Pennsylvania promise to be so large to-morrow that Major McKinley has decided to make two speeches instead of one, as it was at first contemplated doing.

This evening two more delegations wired Major McKinley, asking him if he could receive them. The commercial travelers of Pittsburgh and vicinity have asked to come on September 19, and the Republican clubs of New Albany have notified Major McKinley that they have arranged to come that day.

Among Major McKinley's callers to-day was Colonel W. A. Stambaugh of Kansas, who is making a few Republican speeches in that State.

Editor L. P. Hunt of Mankato, Minn., was another caller. He recognized the fact that the Republicans have no walk-over in Minnesota, but assured McKinley that the sound money sentiment was gain-

ing ground every day and that it would prevail. The following dispatch received this afternoon was read with satisfaction by Major McKinley:

New York, N. Y., Sept. 4. Hon. William McKinley: The business men of Broadway from Seventeenth street to Twenty-third street will unfurl to-day an American flag bearing the names of McKinley and Hobart on every block.

WILL HELP MCKINLEY. That is Chairman Hanna's idea of the Indianapolis Nominations.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 4.—M. A. Hanna, chairman of the National Republican executive committee, spent to-day in this city. Asked his views of the ticket nominated by the sound-money Democrats at Indianapolis, Mr. Hanna said:

Mr. Hanna thought the nomination of General Buckner would also help the Republicans. Regarding the Vermont election Mr. Hanna said it indicated that the people as a whole will repudiate the Chicago platform.

Speaking of the fight in California between Colonel Otis of the Los Angeles Times and the Typographical Union, Mr. Hanna said in answer to the demand of the union that Otis be given no recognition by the Republican executive committee, said: "I have not recognized Colonel Otis in any way since the St. Louis convention. I appointed Mr. Lindley to take care of our interests in Southern California, because I knew he represented the labor interests of that section. I refused to make Colonel Otis conspicuous in the support of Mr. McKinley because of his antagonism to labor unions. I want to say that the stamp of the Typographical Union is placed on every piece of campaign literature that we have sent out."

FAILURE OF A MONTANA BANK. The First National of Helena Suspends, but Promises to Pay Depositors in Full.

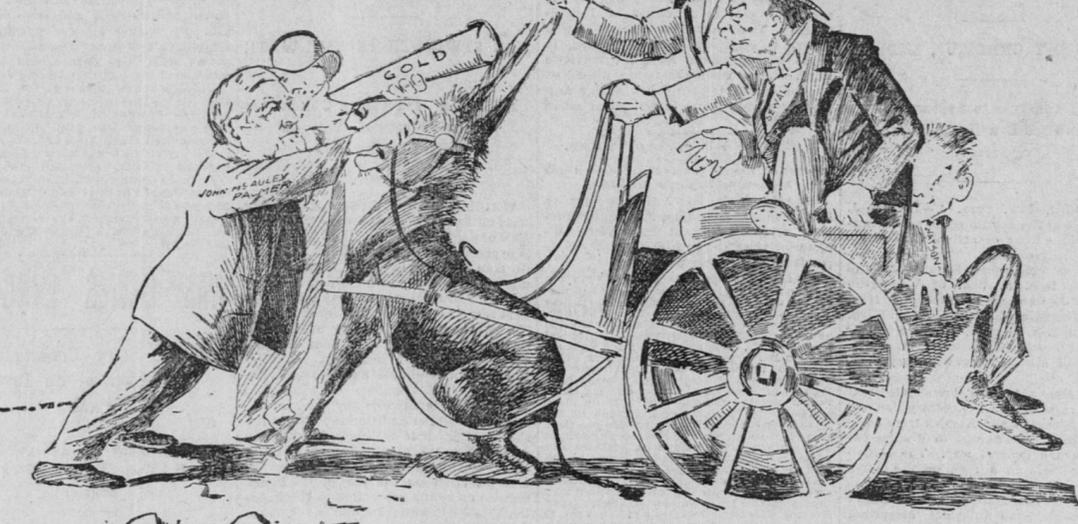
HELENA, Mont., Sept. 4.—The First National Bank of this city failed to open to-day. A notice posted on the door said that heavy withdrawals had caused the suspension, and that the depositors would be paid in full. The bank has a capital stock of \$1,000,000, and was reorganized after the panic of 1893, when it was forced to close.

President S. T. Hauser of the bank is in New York, but Manager E. D. Edgerton says it will pay all depositors in full and a dividend to stockholders. The suspension caused little excitement. There was no run on the other banks, and they did only an ordinary business. The statement of the bank issued July 11 showed liabilities of \$3,500,000 and assets of \$4,100,000.

The failure was not a surprise to all, for it was current talk on the streets last night that the bank would not open to-day. The officials had tried to suppress the rumors, hoping that the bank might open, and if it did they wanted to avoid a run.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 4.—Professor Cyprian Wilcox of the University of Georgia died to-day at Athens. He was 84 years old and has been a member of the faculty many years.

This Paper not to be taken from the Library. + + + +



A DEMOCRATIC HOLD-UP.

WRECKED BY LIFE BEHIND THE BARS

Dr. Gallagher Returns to New York With Mind a Blank.

MET IN DEEP SORROW

Relatives Go to Receive the Exile, but He Does Not Know Any of Them.

BITTER TEARS FREELY SHED.

Instead of Speech-Making and Jollification There is Pathetic Disappointment.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Sept. 4.—Dr. Thomas Gallagher was a passenger on the St. Paul, which arrived to-day from Southampton. Dr. Gallagher is much broken in spirits and his mind is totally unbalanced. His health, however, is fairly good, and he appears to have much vigor. He was welcomed at quarantine by a number of his old friends, who had come down in the special boat Annex, but he failed to recognize them. General O'Beirne

BOMBS THROWN ON THE TROOPS

Armenian Anarchists Kill Turkish Soldiers in Galata.

TRIALS ARE COMMENCED

Forty-Three Indictments Against Those Connected With Recent Riots.

SEVERE PUNISHMENT AHEAD.

Constantinople Police Will Also Be Prosecuted for Not Checking Murder and Pillage.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Turkey, Sept. 4.—The Porte has informed the various foreign representatives that the trials of the revolutionists arrested in connection with

were committed and order prevails throughout the empire.

LONDON, Eng., Sept. 4.—The Daily News to-morrow will publish a Paris dispatch saying it is expected that the Armenian revolutionists will arrive in Marseilles to-day and will be embarked for New York.

MARSEILLES, France, Sept. 4.—Seventeen Armenian revolutionists who took part in the recent rioting in Constantinople, including Garo who threw the first bomb at the Ottoman Bank, were landed at Marseilles to-day. They will be detained in the St. Pierre prison, pending orders from the Government regarding their disposal.

The Turkish Government has made a demand upon the French authorities for the extradition of the prisoners, but it is not likely that it will be granted. The refugees declare that they only left Constantinople upon receiving safe conduct out of the country. It is their desire to emigrate to the United States or some other foreign land.

California Fruit Sale in London.

LONDON, Eng., Sept. 4.—Five thousand half cases of California fruit were sold at Covent Garden market to-day. The consignment generally was in good order, and the average of prices was 2s higher than the last sale, though this advance was mainly due to the scarcity of fruit in the market. A lot of Clairgeau pears were included in the consignment, but as they were small and hard they fetched only 3s 3d. Peaches realized 4s 6d to 5s 6d; plums, 7s 3d and pears 3s 9d to 5s 6d.

Italy's Quarrel With Brazil.

VIENNA, Austria, Sept. 4.—In response to inquiries made at the Brazilian embassy to-day a representative of the

LI HUNG CHANG AT THE CAPITAL

Wonders of Washington Are Displayed to the Diplomat.

IGNORANCE OF HISTORY.

It Causes the Viceroy to Ask Why Grant Was Not at Burgoyne's Surrender.

TALKS WITH MANY OFFICIALS

Courtesies of An Eventful Day Followed by an Elaborate Dinner at Night.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 4.—After breakfast this morning Li Hung Chang announced that he did not feel like hanging around his superb apartments all morning receiving officials, as had been mapped out in the programme, but would like to see the Capitol if he had time before keeping his appointment at the Chinese Legation. Carriages were ordered and the party drove to the Capitol.

The entire Capitol was undergoing its summer renovation; the new floors and ventilating system was being put down in the Senate chamber, and a visit would have been more impressive at another season, but the Viceroy too, a deep interest in everything. His first question was asked in the President's room, which was unusually bare of furniture. He wanted to know whether the President was there every day, and was much astonished when told that the President used it but once for a few hours annually. He left his chair and went around examining the historical paintings minutely.

He became deeply interested in the story of Pocahontas, which had to be related to him in full. The first military subject he happened to strike was the surrender of Burgoyne, which led him to ask if Grant was in it, and when told that he was not he wanted to know where Grant was at the time. In the library he viewed the stacks of books with evident interest, and when introduced to Librarian Spoford took a great fancy to him. He asked him how old he was.

"Seventy," replied the librarian. "You must have many books in your head," declared the Viceroy. "But many more out of it," the librarian replied. "But you must be a very wise man," persisted Li.

"No, I know comparatively little." The chair was moved out on the Capitol portico, where the magnificent panorama of Washington was spread out. The Viceroy was charmed with the scene. Presently he began asking about the monument—what it cost, how they built it, how did it compare with the other high structures and ended by declaring that he should go up to the top to-morrow and see for himself if all that was told him was true. After he had a smoke the party was led through Statuary Hall, where the statues of distinguished Americans did not interest the Viceroy after he found Grant's was not there. He wondered why there was no statue of Grant anywhere in Washington, but when told there was a fine painting of him at the White House he said he would not go away without seeing it.

In the House of Representatives the gorgeous gallery over the Speaker's desk attracted his attention, and when told it was reserved for the press he laughed and said that it was finer than those of the President and diplomatic corps. He was asked if he wanted to go over to the library, which was probably the finest building in the country, but when he found that it was unfinished and had only 600 Chinese books in it he said he was too old to learn to read English, and thought he had better go to the Legation, where he was due.

After transacting a certain amount of business, and partaking of an elaborate Chinese luncheon at the legation, the statesman returned to the hotel.

At 3 o'clock he had an appointment to go to the top of the Washington monument, but at that hour Major-General Miles, General Beck, General Ruggles, General Greely and others called to pay their respects. The Viceroy asked General Miles how old he was, and when the general told him he had served with Grant, the Viceroy became deeply interested and asked numerous questions about Grant's army life. After this interview, ex-Secretary Foster took the Viceroy, Lord Li and Dr. Mark to call on Secretary Carlisle at the latter's residence. The visit turned out to be the most important of the day, and resulted in the complete demolition of the afternoon programme. The Viceroy spent over an hour in a discussion of finance and tariff with Secretary Carlisle. He was amazed with the Secretary's knowledge of the Chinese system, and the firm grasp and clear perception he had of different subjects. When the discussion had continued until 4:30 o'clock, the Viceroy drove to Secretary Lamont's, where he left his card, repeating this courtesy at the residence of General Miles and Secretary Francis.

At 7 o'clock he sat down to an elaborate dinner, tendered by ex-Secretary Foster. Besides the host and the Viceroy the following guests were present: His Excellency Li Ching Fong, first son of the Viceroy; Secretary Lo Fung Luh; Li Chang Sou, second son of the Viceroy; Dr. Irwin and Dr. Mark, medical attendants; the Chinese Minister, Yang Yu; the Mexican Minister, Senor Romero; Secretary Carlisle, Secretary Lamont, Secretary Francis, Justice Harlan, Governor Lowndes of Maryland, General Miles, General Ruger, Assistant Secretary Rockhill, E. B. Drew, General James H. Wilson of New York, Dr. W. W. Johnston of Washington.

During the repast the United States Marine band gave a serenade. At the conclusion of the dinner General Foster made



ABDUL HAMID, SULTAN OF TURKEY.

STRUGGLE FOR THE STARS

Strife Among Iowa Guardsmen Over the Election of a Brigadier.

Adjutant-General Wright Displays Peculiar Tactics to Favor His Candidate.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Sept. 4.—The Iowa National Guard is torn up by the latest developments in the Prime-Guest brigadier contest. Last spring an election was held by the First Brigade, and John B. Prime was on the face of the returns elected brigadier.

Adjutant-General Wright had favored James A. Guest for the place and declared there had been fraud in the election. He ordered another, and again Prime was elected. Wright refused to issue the commission, and Prime brought action in mandamus to compel the issue of the commission. This is still pending in the courts, and to-day it is announced that Wright will to-morrow issue the commission of Guest. If this is done it will produce a huge row, and Prime and his friends will carry the case to the courts and fight it to the last resort.

It was developed after the first election that Wright had telegraphed to several companies to vote solid for Guest and had otherwise used his influence against Prime.

OWES OVER FOUR MILLIONS.

Receivers Appointed for the J. B. Watkins Land and Mortgage Company of Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kans., Sept. 4.—United States District Judge to-day upon the application of the Girard Life Insurance and Annuity Trust Company of Philadelphia placed the J. B. Watkins Land and Mortgage Company of Lawrence, Kans., in the hands of M. Summerfield and J. B. Watkins of Lawrence and John F. Switzer of Topeka as receivers.

The liabilities are \$4,500,000, consisting chiefly of debenture mortgages on Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa and Texas farms. The particular claim upon which suit was instituted was for \$88,000 debenture bonds, upon which the interest has been defaulted since 1875. Sam Bishop of Lawrence, attorney for the company, says the assets will very nearly cover the liabilities.

the recent disturbance upon charges of pillage and killing peaceful people will be begun without delay, and that the most severe penalties will be imposed.

The court met for the first time to-day. One hundred and forty-three indictments have been found, the indicted persons including both Moslems and Armenians. The police will receive exemplary punishment for failing to put a stop to the massacres and pillaging.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 4.—The Turkish legation has received yesterday's date the following dispatch from the Sublime Porte:

"The imperial authorities handed to the Government attorneys all documents in connection with criminal acts of both Christians and Mussulmans. "The Armenian anarchists threw bombs on the troops passing through Galata. One officer and a few soldiers were killed. "Since then, however, no criminal acts

United Associated Presses was informed that Signor de Martino, a former Minister to Brazil, whom the Italian Government has arranged to send to Rio de Janeiro to demand satisfaction of the claims made by Italy, will not be the bearer of an ultimatum, but will make further efforts to effect a peaceable settlement of the Italian claims.

No News of Dreyfus' Escape. PARIS, France, Sept. 4.—No information has reached the French Government regarding the report of the escape of Captain Dreyfus, formerly of the French army, who was publicly degraded and sentenced to life imprisonment in a fortress upon conviction of having sold to a foreign government War Department secrets.

In response to inquiries provoked by the report of Dreyfus' escape the Colonial Office has received a cablegram from the Governor of French Guiana, saying, "No change in position of Dreyfus."

