GERMANY'S EYES UPON THE SULTAN

Popular Sentiment Curbed by the Government's Policy.

AUSTRIA ALSO CHAFING

But No Decisive Step Can Be Taken Without Russia's Approval.

ENGLAND'S DYNAMITE SCARE.

Said to Be a Political Device to Operate Upon the Sensibilities of the Czar.

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BERLIN, GERMANY, Sept. 20.—Before starting for his chateau at Alt-Aussee, Styria, Prince Hohenlohe, the Imperial Chancellor, paid a visit to Count von Munster-Ledenburg, German Embassador to France, who is spending his holidays at his estate in Hanover. Count von Munster will return to Paris on October 5, and it is needless to say that as the result of the visit of Prince Hohenlohe he is fully primed as to the attitude he is expected to observe throughout the sojourn of the Czar at the French capital, which, it is understood, is to keep in the background and watch events. Prince Hohenlohe will remain in Styria for a fortnight, but he has his plans for the conduct of international matters during his absence from Berlin fully mapped out, and everybody concerned is fully instructed in his line of procedure. Baron Marschall von Bieberstein, German Minister of Foreign Affairs, is now in Baden, but his leave of absence will end on October 12.

In view of the absence of the chief Ministers of the Government for the next three weeks the Foreign Office certainly cannot be very greatly concerned over an immediate crisis in the East. What little diplomatic activity exists now centers in Vienna.

The Hon. Michael Herbert, First Secretary to the British Embassy at Constantinople, who so efficiently acted as the substitute of Sir Philip Currie, the British Embassador to Turkey during the recent absence of the latter in England, is on his way to England on leave of absence. He remained four days in Vienna, leaving there on Friday. While he was staying in the Austrian capital Mr. Herbert had three interviews with Count Goluchowski, the Austrian Minister of Foreign Affairs, who is very plainly showing his desire to make for himself a historic name as a statesman by taking the initiative in dealing with the Sultan. Only time can decide whether he is a fussy intermeddler or a far-sighted politician.

Mr. Herbert, according to reliable advices which have been received here, advised Count Goluchowski to disregard the oft-repeated Turkish menaces of a general massacre of Christians in Turkey. If the powers collectively, or England alone, should send a fleet to Constantinople, Mr. Herbert does not believe that the Sultan possesses the power to effect a general slaughter of Europeans in the Turkish capital city, and he so expressed himself to Count Goluchowski. Mr. Herbert has also been permitted to repeat to the Austrian Foreign Minister his estimate, which he sent to the British Foreign Office, of the forces on land and at sea which would be necessary to keep order at Constantinople in the event that the Sultan should be deposed.

Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria presided over a ministerial council in Vienna on Friday, at which Count Goluchowski, Minister of Foreign Affairs, Count Badeni, Prime Minister, Baron Banffy, Hungarian Premier, and Baron Kallay de Nagy-Kalle, Chief of the Imperial Financial Department, were present. This council is the last that will be held before the Emperor starts on his programme, his work beginning with the Galician military maneuvers and the Hungarian maneuvers inaugurating the iron gates of the Danube canal and his visit to Bucharest. Since the council was held the semi-official press of Vienna have continued their attacks upon Lord Salisbury without abatement. The Berlin official circle seems to have got an inkling of the change in the Austrian policy, which is less pro-Russian than formerly. Probably a factor influencing Count Goluchowski in deciding upon the change was the declaration made by Baron Banffy at the council that the dissolution of the Hungarian Parliament had been fixed to take place in October and that the new parliamentary elections would be held in November. These events, he said, must not be accompanied by the reproach that Hungary had been made a tool of the Czar.

The anti-Turkish meetings which have been held in the various populous centers throughout Germany show a rapidly increasing concern in the massacres of Christians in the Sultan's dominion. The Catholic clergy have not as yet taken so active a part in the agitation as the Protestant clergy have, but the Catholic laity are subscribing liberally to the Armenian relief funds and the Centrist newspapers urge the necessity of dealing with the Sultan promptly, vigorously and finally. Dr. Lieber, the leader of the Centrist party in the Reichstag, proposes to demand that the Government adopt an unequivocal policy in regard to the Turkish massacres of Christians just as soon as the Reichstag resumes its sittings in November.

The Reichsbote, a Conservative organ, pours out torrents of wrath at the alleged German apathy in the matter of the slaughter of Christians, but the question is whether or not Germany is apathetic. It is true that the Government suppresses any tendency on the part of the semi-official press toward public excitement against the Porte, yet from every quarter of the empire come signs that the great political parties, the Conservative, Centrist, National, Liberal and Freisinnige, are waking up and will make it impossible for the existence of a Government having no distinctive German policy in regard to Turkey, merely saying "ditto" to the Russian or Austrian policy.

The English so-called dynamite plot is suspected here, where police dodges are possibly better known than in England, as being a trick upon the Czar. The National Zeitung in an article upon the subject says: "The English newspapers have made a tremendous commotion over the affair, their articles being obviously aimed at operating upon the sensibilities of the Czar.

The Vossische Zeitung, however, expresses belief that there really is, or was, a Fenian-anarchist conspiracy, though the paper is not aware how widely divergent Fenianism and anarchism are.

The Vorwaerts, organ of the Socialists, views the matter naturally as a police plot, and assails Chief Inspector Melville of the Scotland Yard police as the foster-father of the Berlin anarchists.

The Neuste Nachrichten and many other newspapers express hope that at last England will rouse herself to energetic action against the anarchist pestilence which nurses at her bosom and join the Continental Governments in the adoption of measures for its total extinction.

The first international woman's congress was opened here Saturday in the great hall of the Berlin city buildings, and its sessions will last a week. Six hundred women delegates are present, and the women are in attendance as representatives of the women of Buda-Pesth. The proceedings yesterday were restricted to mere formalities and to-day was devoted to a reception of the delegates. The matters of international importance to be discussed are the woman's rights question, upon which Mrs. F. C. French of Washington and Mrs. Wright Sewall of Indianapolis will speak, among others. The following days will be devoted to the discussion of questions affecting the protection of children, early education in female schools, employment of women, wages, hours and kindred subjects.

In the discussion upon the subject of working women's clubs Mrs. Thomas Kirkbridge of Philadelphia and Mrs. Ormiston Chant of London will speak, and these ladies with others will address the congress upon the fight of women against alcohol, and other themes, including woman suffrage and provision for the orphan poor. It is quite plain that the congress will have a big field to traverse. The socialist executive committees have placed upon the Agenda book of the congress demands for woman suffrage and equal legal rights for women with men. A meeting of female socialists has appointed special delegates to the congress.

The Kreuz Zeitung announces that the Conservatives of Germany are beginning to share the indignation of the people of England at the Sultan's inhuman Government, but do not favor the English demand for the deposition of the Sultan. The best scheme to be followed, the paper thinks, would be the formation of a European commission to control the Sultan and his Ministers by making the appointment of the latter, as well as the appointment of territorial governors, subject to the approval of the Embassadors.

The Czar and Czarina are timed to arrive at Darmstadt on October 10. The Kaiser will not go to Darmstadt to meet them.

The rupture between the editors of the Vorwaerts and Herr Liebknecht, the Socialist leader in the Reichstag, continues. Fischer, one of the participants in the quarrel, urges a halt, representing that the display of the Socialist dirty linen in public would only be to play into the enemy's hand, and he promises a private settlement of the differences between Herr Liebknecht and the editors.

The socialists have gained five seats in the Prussian Landtag in the recent elections.

Baron von Ketteler, first secretary of the German embassy in Washington, has sailed for New York on board the steamer Normannia.

Liberecht von Kotze, the court chamberlain and master of ceremonies, who is still a prisoner in the fortress at Glatz, where he is confined for participating in the duel which resulted in the death of Baron von Schraeder, has resigned his office of master of ceremonies, but the Emperer has permitted him to retain his office of court chamberlain and also to hold his military office of captain in the reserve cavalry.

BALL-PLAYER'S SUICIDE.

Edward N. Crane, the Famous Pitcher, Takes a Dose of Poison.

His Brilliant Career on the Diamond Field Followed by One of Dissipation.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Edward N. Crane, who was in his time one of the finest baseball pitchers in the country, ended his life at Congress Hall last night. He had been drinking heavily of late and became despondent. An empty bottle of poison on the dresser this morning tells the story.

Edward Crane has for twelve years been prominently identified with the National game. He first sprang into prominence in 1887, when he pitched a phenomenal series and won the international championship for Toronto. He was eagerly sought after the next year and went to New York for a princely sum. He won the championship of the world for the New Yorks over the St. Louis Browns, the champions of the American Association. He duplicated his phenomenal work the next year. Since that time he did some steady playing, but for the past two years his work has been ragged.

Last year he was released by Toronto and played the season out with Rochester. This year he began with Providence, was thrown to Springfield and was left in the lurch. He was engaged as an umpire by President Pat Powers, but did not give satisfaction. Since then he has been given over to dissipation.

The body of the dead man will probably be taken to Boston for burial. He leaves a widow and one child. An inquest will be held to-morrow.

McKINLEY HAS A VERY BUSY WEEK

Meets and Greets Over a Hundred Thousand Persons.

ENDLESS DELEGATIONS.

Assured of Success in Illinois, Minnesota, Wyoming and Colorado.

ALSO NEBRASKA AND IDAHO.

The Public Clamor for the Major's Printed Speeches Is Beyond All Precedent.

CANTON, OHIO, Sept. 20.—Major McKinley closed last night the most arduous week of the campaign. He remained at home all day to-day and in the evening received a few personal friends. There were no callers of a National or political reputation.

Major McKinley has shaken hands with upward of 60,000 people during the past week and has had in the aggregate about 100,000 visitors. This week he will have delegations every day after Monday and will have to make as many formal speeches as he did last week. The speeches which Major McKinley made in August, together with some account of the circumstances which called them forth, have been printed and bound and will be ready for distribution this week. The demand for his speeches made between the day of his nomination and the 1st of August and his letter of acceptance, is unabated. The published speeches now number sixty, but the additions for September will bring the total up to more than 100.

Major McKinley was in excellent spirits to-day. He thinks the situation is improving daily. Several callers to-day from the far West have told him that Wyoming, Colorado and Idaho have been thoroughly canvassed and that there is ample foundation for the belief that he will carry them all, but with small pluralities.

The news which Major McKinley had to-day from the Pacific Slope is reassuring. He is informed that if the present exertion which Republicans are making there be continued every State on the Pacific Coast will be carried by the Republicans.

Senator Cullom assured Major McKinley that Illinois would give him 100,000 plurality, and Congressman McCleary of Minnesota said that the sound-money idea would prevail in his State and that it was growing stronger every hour.

Senator Thurston is confident that the Republicans will carry Nebraska and told Major McKinley that he need have no further apprehension on that score.

C. L. Kurtz, chairman of the Republican State Committee, wires to-day that Senator-elect J. B. Foraker will take the stump this week in Ohio, and devote all the rest of the campaign to the work of making political speeches. He has been asked to make a trip to the Pacific Coast. Mr. Kurtz expects to have five speeches from Thomas B. Reed of Maine in Ohio within a short time.

Among the telegrams received to-day were the following:

CHEYENNE, WYO., Sept. 20.—McKinley and Hobart Club, 900 members organized, send greetings and assurances of support. Wyoming Republicans for protection and sound money.
JOHN G. BAIRD, President.

FLAGSTAFF, ARIZ., Sept. 20.—Republicans of Coconino County, Arizona, send greetings and assurances of unanimous indorsement in the convention yesterday of the Republican nominations and platform throughout.
R. B. BURNS, Chairman.

Telegrams were received notifying Major McKinley of the formation of a large number of Republican clubs.

BRYAN'S QUIET SABBATH.

The Nominee Occupies Lincoln's Old Pew at Church Services.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 20.—Mr. Bryan's plans for this evening were rather hastily changed in order to permit him to make the necessary railroad connections to fill his engagement in Dover, Del., to-morrow. Instead of remaining here until to-morrow morning, he left to-night over the Pennsylvania Railroad for Baltimore at 10 o'clock, and will leave that city to-morrow at 6:10 for Dover.

The Sabbath day was occupied by the candidate in securing a much-needed rest. He retired last evening at midnight immediately upon his return from Baltimore, and slept until 8 o'clock this morning, when he arose much refreshed. He remained quietly indoors until 11 o'clock, when he attended service at the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church.

The announcement of this fact attracted to the church a number of persons not accustomed to worship there, but the edifice was by no means crowded. Mr. Bryan was not a stranger to the members of New York Avenue Church. During his Congressional career, and while Rev. William Bartlert was pastor, Mr. Bryan was a frequent attendant upon the services. He usually escorted his father, a tall, striking looking man, with heavy gray locks, who was blind or nearly so. To-day Mr. Bryan had a seat in the pew occupied by President Lincoln who attended the church under the pastorate of Dr. Gurley. Rev. Dr. Radcliffe, the pastor, had no knowledge of the intended presence of the Presidential candidate until he reached the house. There was only the slightest reference in any part of the service to the pending political struggle.

In his prayer the preacher asked that in this time of commotion the Lord would be with the people and that the President whom they might select would be one of the Lord's own choosing, giving the country "peace and honor." Dr. Radcliffe's text was taken from the story of Solomon's dream: "Ask What I Shall Give You." At the close of the services Mr. Bryan went forward to the pulpit, as had been his custom, and spoke a few words to the preacher. Many of the congregation took advantage of the opportunity to press forward and pay their respects. As he left the church there was slight cheering by the crowd that waited for his appearance.

GERMAN CATHOLICS CONVENE.

An Effort Will Be Made to Unify the Various Societies.

DETROIT, MICH., Sept. 20.—Delegates to the conventions of the Roman Catholic Central Association, the German Young Men's Union, the German Priests' Association and the Familien Verein, which commenced in this city to-day, are here in large numbers. The leading convention of the quartet is that of the Central Association, which has attracted 250 delegates representing 50,000 members. The proceedings of the Central Association will be secret, but it is declared to be the intention to bring about a union of all the Catholic German-American societies and eventually of the societies affiliated with the church, for mutual counsel and protection against anti-Catholic movements. To-morrow evening a torchlight procession with 15,000 people in line will be the event in honor of the convention.

BURGLAR KILLED.

Shot Through the Heart While Fleeing From Policemen.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Early this morning Officers Becker and Carey saw three men, John O'Brien, William Walsh and a third whose name is unknown, leave a cigar-store at 1135 Broadway. Supposing that a burglary had been committed the officers called to them to halt, but they broke into a run through West Thirty-fifth street. The policemen gave chase and captured Walsh. O'Brien was a considerable distance ahead and one of the officers fired twice. The first shot missed O'Brien, but the second hit him in the back and passed through his heart, killing him instantly. The third burglar escaped. A bundle that O'Brien had thrown away contained six boxes of cigars. O'Brien's body was taken to the Morgue.

Indiana's Gift to Her Namesake.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Governor Claude Matthews of Indiana, accompanied by several members of his staff, a committee of leading citizens of Indianapolis and a number of ladies, arrived here yesterday en route to Tompkinsville, S. I., where on Monday at 2 P. M. they will present the new battle-ship Indiana with a handsome silver service raised by subscription. Governor Matthews says he thinks Bryan will have the biggest majority Indiana ever gave.

Sallie Alberson's Long Life Ended.

DENISON, TEX., Sept. 20.—Mrs. Sallie Alberson, aged 115 years, died near Colbert this morning. Mrs. Alberson was the wife of Chief Alberson, who was in the Creek war with Jackson in 1812. She was the oldest person in the Nation and has great-grandchildren who have passed the half-century mile post.

Wooden-Dish Factory Burned.

TRAVERSE CITY, MICH., Sept. 20.—Fire to-day caused a loss of about $50,000 to the Oval Wooden-Dish Company, whose factory is the largest of the kind in the world. Two hundred men are thrown out of work temporarily.

SCOTLAND YARD'S SENSATION DIES

The Dynamite Scare Fails to Create a Popular Panic.

A SUBJECT OF DERISION.

Dubious Methods Employed by the Sleuths to Startle the World.

NICHOLAS IS VERY NERVOUS.

Every Precaution Is Taken for His Safety When He Lands on English Soil.

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LONDON, ENG., Sept. 20.—The London newspapers made most frenzied efforts to invest the capture of Tynan and his colleagues with tremendous importance, and they have really given more space and wilder headlines to the affair than the actual dynamite explosions used to get a dozen years ago; but all their clamor failed to create anything like a popular panic. Indeed, so far as I can see, "the man in the street" is deriding the whole thing. Scotland Yard gave its case all away at the very outset, in its eagerness for newspaper flattery, by explaining how it had been warned from America that these terrible conspirators were coming, and by telling how it had shadowed all of them every hour since they had landed. Upon reflection people do not find this such an extraordinary feat, and, moreover, they have been growing suspicious about the relations between Scotland Yard and the Clan-na-Gael ever since Le Caron's revelations. In this present case, for instance, it is asked how we can be sure that the very spies who sent the warning of Tynan's coming, did not furnish the money for Tynan to come with. Aside from this there is the fact that none of these criminal idiots have done anything except get drunk and proclaim desperate resolves to barrooms full of strangers.

The chances are twenty to one against either Tynan or the two fellows arrested at Rotterdam being handed over to England, and it is a matter of grave doubt if the English officials ever expected or desired such action. There is, indeed, probably enough evidence to put Ivory on trial, possibly to convict him, and this, with the reclame of the seizures at Boulogne and Rotterdam, will give Scotland Yard a sufficient advertisement. It is noteworthy that in Ireland, Tynan, Kearney and Haines are everywhere repudiated as frauds of the lowest order. Naturally, Ivory's presence in Scotland associated the plot at once with the impending visit of the Czar. Yet nothing could be more unlikely than that they had any connection, for the physical force group of Irishmen always have cheers for Russia in her assumed capacity as the enemy of England. Still, the deduction seems to have been taken seriously by the Czar himself, or at least by those responsible for his safety.

Not only have precautions at Leith and on the route to Balmoral been increased until all that part of Scotland is in something like a state of siege, but the exact time of the Czar's arrival in Leith harbor and all the subsequent timetables by rail are still kept unsettled. It is probable that he will reach Leith on Monday, but not even that is officially decided.

The police of Paris are stirred by this sensational outcry into making domiciliary visits all over the city, and I am advised from the Foreign Office that not only will new passports be needed by strangers who visit France to see the reception of the Czar, but it will be well also to go and register one's name at the Bureau of Foreign Residents.

The Paris papers are having great fun over the question of a uniform in which President Faure can properly receive the imperial guests. This notion was started as a journalistic joke, but President Faure took it seriously and had his tailors make and submit a lot of designs.

It is understood that the Ministry vetoed this pleasing project, but M. Faure got out of the dress schemes submitted the basis of an idea for a distinctive uniform to wear while reviewing the troops, and this uniform he has been wearing all the week at the Angouleme maneuvers. It is a riding costume consisting of a black hussar jacket, heavily braided, tight mouse-colored trousers, worn inside vandyke boots, a low black slouched hat, with a curling brim and a short nut-brown overcoat, cut rather like a cavalry officer's hooded cloak. Thus attired M. Faure has ridden about on a light chestnut steed, followed by an Elysee groom in a French blue coat and a silk hat with a tri-color cockade on it. The effect of this on the army has not been reported, but the boulevards are still holding their sides with merriment.

One of the favorite pleasantries is to the effect that the peasants of La Charente all firmly believed that the groom was the president. This jesting seems to be all good-natured enough, but none the less ridicule is a sharper pointed weapon in France than in some other lands, and if M. Faure were to show that he resented this chaffing he would be made to suffer at once. Fortunately, he has a very cheery temperament and displays such naive ecstasy in being President, even when he is called the "shop-walker of the republic," that it is to the genial side of the popular mind that he irresistibly appeals.

HARALD FREDERICK.

BRUTAL WIFE MURDER.

The Woman Dragged to the Woods and Her Throat Cut.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, Sept. 20.—The citizens of Bedford, twelve miles south of this city, are horror-stricken over a highly sensational murder which took place there late this afternoon.

James McMillan, who had separated from his wife, decoyed her from her father's house, kidnaped her, drove to a dense wood, and there hacked her throat with a jackknife. Pursuers frightened him away. He stole a horse and buggy and started across the country, pursued by half a dozen men in buggies. If they capture him there is apt to be another death.

NAMES OF BATTLE-SHIPS

California, Alabama and Pennsylvania Will Probably Be Selected.

Numerous Suggestions Are Made as to Names for the Six New Gunboats.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 20.—For fully three months the question of naming not only the new torpedo-boats, but the six composite gunboats and the three newest battle-ships, has been before Secretary Herbert. In some cases the plan has been to allow the Secretary under the administration in which the vessel is launched to choose the name rather than the one under which she has been planned or which has made the contract for her construction; but there are also cases in which the name has been given when a vessel's keel has been laid. This last appears also to be a familiar practice in England and other foreign countries, especially in cases of large ships a long time under construction. It is probable, therefore, that Secretary Herbert will avail himself of his privilege to name the new battle-ships when the contracts for them are given out, or soon afterward. Indeed, it has been intimated that the three States selected are California, Alabama and Pennsylvania.

The first of these names is presumably suggested in part by the fact that one of the ships, as in the case of the Oregon, will be built on the Pacific Coast. Alabama is the Secretary's own State, and, although there is already a Montgomery in the navy, it is not unlikely that he will make this selection. Pennsylvania is a good name for a battle-ship, and the fact that the Cramps have built so many of our vessels would be an additional reason for its selection.

As to the six gunboats, the applicants for standing sponsors to them are numerous. Such names as Allegheny, Birmingham, Bridgeport, Chattanooga, Chelsea, Germantown, Gloucester, Lexington, Kenesaw, Marietta, New Bedford, New London, Norfolk, North Point, Niagara, Tacoma, Vicksburg and Wheeling will suggest the variety of applications and there are others, like Albany, Cleveland, Omaha, Pittsburg and St. Louis.

The board which is planning a reserve fleet system for the navy is understood to be considering three yards from which to select a station for laying up ships in ordinary on the Atlantic coast. They are the Brooklyn, the Portsmouth and the League Island yards. Each has points in its favor, and it is possible that two of them will be used. Each of these has the advantage of being situated directly at a great manufacturing and commercial city, where there is not only plenty of labor at command, but ship building material of all sorts, with abundant supplies. When a ship is laid up in reserve, it is with the intent of having her ready to be put in commission at short notice.

Soon a similar station will be selected for the Pacific Coast.

Torpedo boats will be laid up in reserve like cruisers, monitors and battleships, but for them sheds will be constructed, and it is not unlikely that they may be found at several navy yards along the coast, since these craft are essentially for local defense and should be ready to act promptly, and each section of the coast have its share of them.

Lieutenant William F. Hancock, Fifth Artillery, is relieved from the completion of shipment of Government property from the University to Rock Island, Ill. He will then proceed to join his battery.

SAN JOSE MARKSMEN WIN

Empire Gun Club of Oakland Beaten in a Shooting Contest.

The Garden City Cyclers' Team Takes the Match—Preparing for the Tournament.

SAN JOSE, CAL., Sept. 20.—The inanimate target contest between the Empire Gun Club of Oakland and the Garden City Cyclers' Gun Club of this city took place to-day and attracted a large crowd to the Cyclers' Club's new shooting grounds on the Polhemus tract. The visiting team was accompanied by many members of the club and a number of ladies. The scores made were very poor, but this was accounted for by the poor light due to the cloudy day and the fact that the blue-rocks were thrown low. The match was won by the Garden City Cyclers' team, with a score of 208 to 192 for the visiting team. The marksmen with their respective scores were as follows:

EMPIRE GUN CLUB.		GARDEN CITY CYCLERS.	
F. L. Judd	17	F. E. Coykendall	16
F. Stewart	14	H. Lion	16
A. Winning	14	W. G. Flint	15
W. Andrus	14	C. A. Hall	19
B. H. Kads	10	W. Lipsett	11
H. Menuenhall	21	W. B. Hobson	14
L. Hauxhurst	8	A. M. Barker	18
F. King	17	F. Holmes	20
G. Billington	20	G. H. Anderson	22
H. Newton	18	R. Coykendall	20
W. S. Sears	12	N. Metcalf	16
F. Howe	17	J. Carroll	21
Total	192	Total	208

The Cyclers' team is making extensive preparations for the California Inanimate Target Association meet, which will be held in this city on October 4 and 5. Twenty-four clubs have already entered for this contest, and at least thirty are expected. Over 200 participants will indulge in the sport. Fifty thousand bluerocks have been purchased, and are now in a tent on the grounds. Five electric traps will be operated during the match. It is estimated that this will be the biggest inanimate target shoot ever held in this State, and sportsmen from many sections will be present. Several of the gun clubs will have two or more teams contesting for the prizes.

Next Sunday the Cyclers' Gun Club will have a match shoot against the Olympic Gun Club of San Francisco on the same grounds.

ON EASTERN DIAMONDS.

Standing of the Clubs and Scores of the Games Played in the National League Yesterday.

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Baltimore	87	37	.701
Cleveland	77	45	.631
Cincinnati	76	49	.608
Chicago	71	57	.554
Boston	70	56	.555
Pittsburg	64	60	.516
Philadelphia	61	64	.488
New York	61	64	.488
Brooklyn	56	69	.448
Washington	56	69	.448
St. Louis	38	89	.299
Louisville	35	90	.280

ST LOUIS, MO., Sept. 20.—McFarland's home run in the ninth inning, with Cross on first base, won the game for St. Louis. Score: St. Louis—3, 9, 2; Chicagos—2, 7, 2. Batteries—Hart and McFarland; Donahue and Griffith. Umpire—Lally.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, Sept. 20.—With the exception of the first two innings Louisville could not hit Rhines with any effect, and in only one inning, the sixth, were the locals able to bunch their hits off Hill. Attendance 3500. Score: Cincinnatis—4, 5, 2; Louisvilles—3, 9, 1. Batteries—Rhines and Vaughn; Hill and Dexter. Umpire—Foreman.

Stockton Scores a Winning.

STOCKTON, CAL., Sept. 20.—To-day's baseball game was one of the best of the season. It was the first played by the Stockton team since it re-entered the league formed by the Imperials, San Franciscos, Oaklands and Stocktons. The game was snappy from start to finish, the local men winning by timely fielding and good work with the stick. Cooney and Lochhead for San Francisco and Stockton made three base hits. Two base hits were made by Iburg and Chase. The great fielding of the day was done by Monahan of San Francisco. The score by innings were as follows:

Stockton	2	1	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	—8
San Francisco	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	—4

NEW TO-DAY.

ROOS BROS.'

Not the kind you hear so much about and see so little of, but a legitimate offering by a legitimate house.

500 Boys' Combination Suits 1 Coat, 2 Knee Pants, 1 Cap, all of same material. The entire outfit for $2.

200 Children's Overcoats with Capes. Neat and stylish. For ages 2½ to 12. Our special price is $2.

150 Boys' Long Pants Suits in neat shades, this season's styles, for ages 13 to 19, $7.50.

Remember, we are the only house carrying fine imported as well as domestic styles.

See our Kearny and Post street windows.

Peep in the Hat and Cap Department—a money-saver for you.

Roos Bros. 27-29-31-33-35-37 KEARNY ST.

Mail orders have every attention.

Have You Noticed Your Loss?

You ought to check the secret waste that is threatening your physical constitution; you can see by the failure of your vital forces, your memory and intellect that you are losing your manhood. It is worse than foolish to let it go on, for each day it grows worse, and in time will undermine your system; then you cannot be cured. Every man should know himself, therefore study your own case and you will understand that something is sure to give way unless this waste is checked.

It can be stopped in from two to six weeks by Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt. The contractile effects produced by the electric current from this belt check all unnatural drain quickly and give back the strength and vigor that is needed to make manhood perfect.

In justice to your future happiness act now, while there is yet a spark of vitality left you. Dr. Sanden's Belt develops the vital spark to vigorous power.

Read about it in "Three Classes of Men," which will be sent free on application closely sealed. Call or address

SANDEN ELECTRIC CO.,
630 Market Street, San Francisco,
Opposite Palace Hotel. Office hours: 8 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.; Sundays, 10 to 1.
Consultation Free and Invited.
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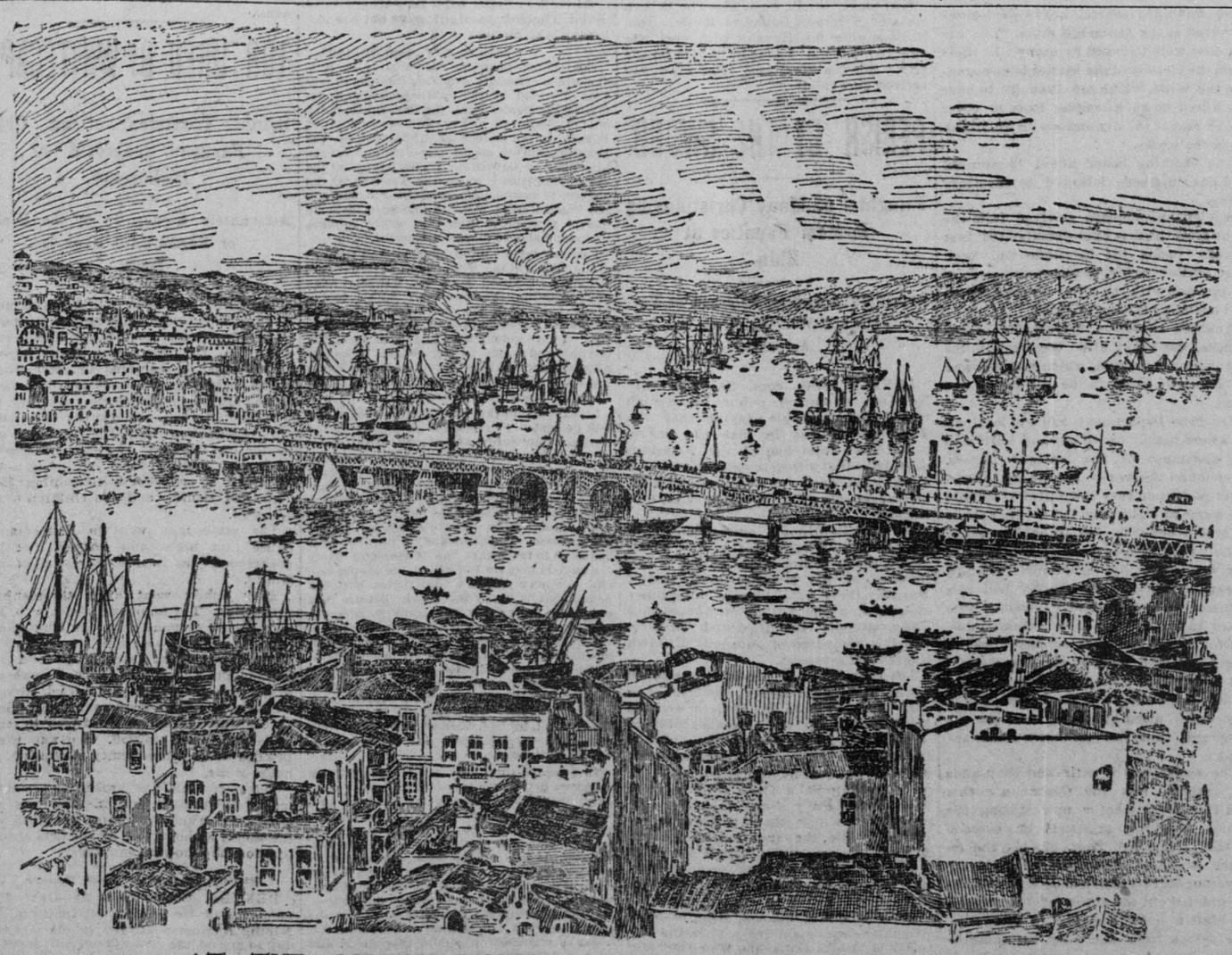
LOS ANGELES, CAL. 204 South Broadway. | PORTLAND, OR. 258 Washington street.



AT THE GOLDEN HORN. A VIEW FROM CONSTANTINOPLE.

The capital of the Ottoman Empire is now a point upon which the eyes of the leading diplomats of European powers are turned. Anxious as England and Germany appear to suppress the slaughter of Armenians, both nations are loth to act except in concert with Russia.