

PUBLIC MEN DROP IN ON MCKINLEY En Route to Washington, They Call to Pay Respects.

Many Subjects Are Discussed, but There Is No Cabinet Making. Senators Sherman and Thurston Want Nothing, but Oregon Desires Recognition.

CANTON, Ohio, Dec. 3.—Major McKinley discussed many questions with many men to-day. His first extended interview was with Senator J. M. Thurston of Nebraska, who told him about the situation in the West and described at length the probable course of Congress this winter.

Major McKinley then had a pleasant chat with Mr. Charlton, a member of the Canadian Parliament, who had some interesting observations to make on the subject of reciprocity and of the establishment of closer commercial relations between this country and Canada.

Hon. W. E. Mason of Chicago was the next man to gain the attention of the President-elect. Mr. Mason's visit was a purely personal one and he stated to Major McKinley that he was a candidate for the Senate of the United States and only asked fair treatment from his opponents.

Mr. Thurston and Mr. Mason took a drive with Mrs. McKinley, and upon their return for lunch they found that Nelson A. Dingley of Maine and his son, E. N. Dingley, had arrived. Major McKinley had a very long talk with Mr. Dingley this afternoon and Senator Thurston also participated in a part of the conference.

Late in the afternoon Senators Mitchell and McBride and Representative B. Herndon of Oregon called on the President-elect and had pleasant chats with him. Mr. Dingley is suffering from a cold and Dr. Phillips, the McKinley family physician, was called in to see him. Upon the advice of the physician Mr. Dingley will remain over night in Canton. He is a guest at Major McKinley's home. Senators Thurston and Mitchell left for Washington this evening. Mr. Dingley expects to set out for the capital at 1:30 o'clock Friday afternoon.

General Stuart L. Woodford stopped off on his way to Chicago to pay his respects to the President-elect and dined with Major and Mrs. McKinley to-night. Representative R. W. Taylor of this district arrived from Washington this afternoon and called on the Major. He said the opinion prevalent at the capital that Senator Sherman had decided to become an active candidate for re-election to the Senate. Another caller bound for Washington to-day was Representative M. M. Johnson of North Dakota.

There was no cabinet meeting to-day. Major McKinley talked with the visitors whom he took into his confidence upon questions of public and party policy. Senator McBride of Oregon thinks his State is entitled to recognition, and calls it the banner commonwealth of the Pacific slope, but neither he nor Senator Mitchell made any cabinet suggestions to the President-elect.

Senator Thurston of Nebraska said he would not accept a place in the Cabinet if one were offered him.

Some of the Grand Army men talk of urging their commander-in-chief, J. S. Clark, for a cabinet position, but it is not at all likely that Nebraska will be recognized in this way.

INTERVIEW WITH HANNA. Is Going to Washington to Arrange for the Inauguration.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Dec. 3.—Mark Hanna this afternoon returned from a two days' conference with Major McKinley. He was asked: "Mr. Hanna, has it been settled whether you are to be the next Secretary of the Treasury, or the next Senator from Ohio to succeed Senator Sherman?"

"Never mind what it will be. You newspaper fellows are smart; but I will fool you yet."

He refused to throw any light on what he meant by the remark, only to add that he knew what he was talking about, and that it would all come out in due time.

When asked about his proposed Washington trip, he said: "I will leave for the Capital Friday noon via the Pennsylvania, going direct. One of the chief objects of my visit will be to arrange for the inaugural ceremonies. If present indications sugar anything I believe the pomp and splendor attending McKinley's inauguration will be the grandest ever seen."

"Will you hold any important conferences?"

"I will hold several consultations with leading Republicans. I will likely meet Senators Sherman, Quay, Proctor and others. I cannot say who the others will probably be."

"Has McKinley determined to call a special session of Congress?"

"Not yet. It is a little early to decide definitely on that point. There are too many other matters to be decided before reaching any definite conclusion on that score. I do not know whether a special session of Congress will be called or not."

HOW SUFFRAGE WAS LOST. Rev. Anna Shaw Tells of the Influences That Defeated the Women in California.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Dec. 3.—The Rev. Anna Shaw spoke in Memorial Hall last evening to the woman suffragists of Brooklyn in the California woman suffrage campaign. "It was not a Waterloo, it was a Bunker Hill," said she. Miss Shaw gave a full and vivid description of the work done in California during the campaign. She told how a woman suffrage plank was inserted into every party platform except that of the Democratic party, and even there the woman suffragists got a large enough splinter for many of the most prominent Democrats to stand independently upon.

She told of the promises of support that came to them from every side, until it seemed to her that it was going to be so easy to win that actually they had nothing to fight for. This sentiment she expressed to one prominent politician, who rather dampened her enthusiasm by telling her that those men did not intend to do what they had promised.

"Everything looked as if the Populistic party would carry California," said Mrs. Shaw, "until ten days before the election, when the Democrats began to brighten. About this time the Liguor dealers' association, the only organized combatants they had in California, came

HOPE FOR THE SIGHTLESS.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 2.—Dr. Heber Roberts, whose varied and successful experiments with the X-rays have attracted wide attention, recently directed his experiment to benefiting the blind. The result of these experiments called forth an adverse criticism from Nicola Testa, which will shortly appear in the Electrical Review. This criticism was shown to Dr. Roberts to-day and he replied:

"Professor Testa is wrong in stating that I have promised sight to the totally blind. I claim, however, that progress has been made. Interviews have already been printed with me in which I disclaimed the possibility of making practical use of the X-ray on the totally blind with our present knowledge. We know of no material that will reflect the X-ray. The ray must be focused upon the optic lobe if we get the conception of forms, but this is not necessary to get the impression of the X-ray and the change in influence created by passing opacities.

"I cannot state at this time what, if any, beneficial results may be obtained from the use of the X-ray with the nervous and hemorrhagic blind. Long, persistent use alone can tell."

While Dr. Roberts was talking a number of students from the Missouri School for the Blind came into his office. One of them was named Smith. He is about 18 years of age and cannot see anything. To prove his assertion, Dr. Roberts put the boy's face to the fluoroscope and turned on the current. Between the Crooke's tube and the fluoroscope the little ball to which the leaden letters A B C were pasted, was adjusted. Smith recognized them. Another student from the blind school named Louis Smith was then tried. He can see lights and shadows, but cannot make out letters. In a bright electric light he could not read the leaden letter on the board. With the fluoroscope he could read and distinguish them.

"Professor Testa says you can't see those letters with the X-ray any better than without," said the doctor to the boy. "Professor Testa does not know," he answered. "I know what I see without the X-ray is all a blur."

"All that has been done so far," said Dr. Roberts, "is merely ground work. If no advance is made from now on, what has been so developed will be utterly worthless from a practical standpoint. We must simply keep on working in the hope that future discoveries may utilize and make it of practical value."

IOWA SOLDIERS' HOME TROUBLE Serious Charges Against Commandant and Trustees.

Warrants to Be Issued for Their Arrest in a Few Days. All Kinds of Mismanagement and Violation of Federal Statutes Is Alleged.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Dec. 3.—C. D. Fullen, Federal attorney for the Southern District of Iowa, to-day announced that he will next week swear out warrants for the arrest of the commandant and trustees of the Iowa Soldiers' Home at Marshalltown on charges of violation of the Federal statutes for the protection of pensioners in their rights to their pensions.

The officers against whom informations will be sworn out are: Commandant J. R. Katekin and trustees S. B. Evans of Ottumwa, J. Russell of Jefferson, A. T. Birchard of Marshalltown, C. L. Davidson of Hull, L. B. Raymond of Hampton and John W. Morton of Washington. They will be charged with the violation of sections 4747 to 4749 of the Revised Statutes.

Nearly two years ago the management of the home determined that it was unfair to the State to maintain a home for soldiers who received pensions and unless the pensioners paid a part of their pensions to the institution. Accordingly, in the interest of discipline and of justice to the State, a rule was adopted requiring that all pensioners pay to the home all their pensions in excess of \$6 per month. The pensioners were required to deposit their pension certificates with the commandant.

The inmates took the matter to court and the Marshall County court held against the home. The Supreme Court of the State reversed this and upheld the rule. Then the matter was taken before the Legislature and an attempt was made to enact a law overriding the rule. This failed and the rule is now being enforced, the money raised being turned over to the support fund of the institution.

Attorney Fullen discovered that the rule seems to be a violation of the statutes referred to, which make it a misdemeanor, punishable by fine and imprisonment, to hold or attempt to enforce any lien against a pensioner. He will swear out informations under the name of the State Soldiers' homes of several other States, and if the court decides against the Iowa institution it will apply to all alike. The only exception made by the Federal statute is in the case of the National Soldiers' homes of Iowa, which are allowed to hold trust for pensioners all their pensions above \$5 per month, to be turned over to them at their discharge, or to their heirs in case of death. No part of it can be confiscated.

PERILOUS PERIOD PASSED. The Mayor of Chippewa Falls Thinks the Town Is Now Out of Danger of a Flood.

CHIPPEWA FALLS, Wis., Dec. 3.—At midnight Mayor Landley believes the town out of danger. The water has been falling slowly but steadily since 4 o'clock this afternoon and the only danger now is from possible breakers of dams above.

The Little Falls dam is reported to-night in a very safe condition. River experts and loggers have made a thorough investigation of the gorge and claim the water will have fallen sufficiently by noon to-morrow to permit merchants to move back into their places of business.

The Government engineer who is here examining the situation believes the gorge will not go out suddenly, but is not prepared to say whether or not dynamite can be used. It is believed he will not authorize such an attempt to be made.

The bustle of excitement of yesterday was followed by a day of comparative inactivity. The only business transacted was such as the flood made necessary. The freight and passenger depots of the Wisconsin Central and Milwaukee roads are in a sadly demoralized condition. The Milwaukee freight depot stands at an angle of forty-five degrees, and the fact that it is tied to the railroad tracks with strong cables alone prevents it from falling into the river. The water eddied around it all day, slowly eating its foundation.

Mayor Landley has received numerous telegrams proffering assistance in case aid is required, but replied that no good was needed, and that the city was in good condition yet so far as danger to life is concerned.

A heavy snowstorm has set in and more ice is forming. Reports from the farming country are distressing. Hundreds are homeless and all their personal effects were swept away by the relentless waters. The total damage done to the city to date is estimated to be \$100,000.

WILLARD B. PERKINS WILL. Handsome Gifts to Religious and Educational Institutions.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Dec. 3.—The will of Willard B. Perkins has been filed for probate at Colorado Springs. The Lawrence General Hospital gets \$50,000 and

STANFORD'S FAIR ATHLETES. Co-Eds Practicing for an Intercollegiate Basketball Game.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY, CAL., Dec. 3.—The co-eds have no intention of giving up their share in athletics and are already practicing for an intercollegiate game of basketball should the Berkeley girls challenge them. Inasmuch as they defeated the Berkeley team last year, it lies with Berkeley as to whether another game will be played this year. The Stanford co-eds are expected to challenge and are taking time by the forelock in order to be ready for a game should it be desired by their fair rivals. If any game does take place this college year it will not come off until next spring, and it will probably be after the holidays before the Stanford girls can learn whether Berkeley desires a match.

At the present time there are twenty-five or thirty girls playing here and many more who would enter into the game if it should be decided to get up a team. There are several basketball teams in the neighborhood with which games will probably be arranged later.

TURFEN ON STRIKE. Light Purges Cause a Tie-Up on Von der Ahe's Track.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 3.—Chris von der Ahe's racetrack at Sportsman's Park was the scene of a unique strike to-day. The purses offered have undergone a series of reductions for several days and the best offered is \$125. This morning all the owners on the day's programme called on "the boss" and asked him to increase the purses. This was refused and the owners refused to allow their horses to run. The track was idle to-day, and when entries for to-morrow were called for there were no responses. A compromise may be made to-morrow.

Stanford's Tennis Champions. Stanford University, Cal., Dec. 3.—Arnold '95 and Koetzel '96 won the championship double in the men's tennis tournament by defeating Hill, '98, and McNeil '98. The score stood 6-4, 5-7, 9-7. But three sets were played on account of their length. All were closely contested and "duces" points were the order of the match. Von der Fisher '98 and Freeman '99, who hold the championship of last year, see fit to challenge Arnold and Koetzel the latter gentlemen will be regarded as the champions.

Stud Purchases by Haggin and Mackay. Lexington, Ky., Dec. 3.—At the Eastern sale to-day it was reported Canadiana, the 13-year-old brooder of St. Blaise, was sold to J. B. Haggin of California for \$15,000. Mr. Haggin also bought imp. Order for \$26,000. W. S. Barnes of this city was the contending bidder. Victorine, aged 9 years, the dam of Oranston, was bought by John Mackay of California for \$10,000. Mr. Mackay also bought Calvier, a 14-year-old stallion by Prince Charlie, for \$4,000.

Winners on the New Orleans Track. NEW ORLEANS, La., Dec. 3.—Six furlongs, Domingo won, Montell second, Belle of Fordham third. Time, 1:29 3/4. Six furlongs, Robert Bonner won, Ivory second, Tommy third. Time, 1:29 3/4. Five furlongs, Dooftul won, Dava second, Henric third. Time, 1:08 1/2. Seven furlongs, Linnette won, Mrs. Bradshaw second, Peck third. Time, 1:39 3/4. Six furlongs, Frank Junbert won, J. H. Gratton second, Sammie Young third. Time, 1:22 3/4.

TO OPEN THE HELLESPOINT. European Powers to Consider a Project That Will Solve the Turkish Problem.

LONDON, Eng., Dec. 3.—The Daily News will to-morrow say that the powers will shortly consider a project having for its object the occupation by Russia of the northwest corner of Turkey, formed by the Bosphorus, which, together with the Hellespont, will become entirely free to the vessels of all nations. The forts along the Hellespont will be dismantled and the powers will assume the protection of the Hellespont and Constantinople. The paper adds that the project provides for the Sultan retiring from the rulership of Turkey.

WEYLER'S MONETARY DECREE. Gold Bills to Be Called In and Replaced by Silver Notes.

HAVANA, Cuba, Dec. 3.—The official gazette issued yesterday contained the decree of Captain-General Weyer, ordering the redemption of the present gold bills within fifteen days and a new issue of \$20,000,000 in silver bills to replace them. The decree also increases the duties upon imported goods 5 per cent. The new silver bills are receivable for the payment of all taxes except customs duties.

An Invalid's Lady's Fatal Leap. NEW YORK, N. Y., Dec. 3.—Eliza Cummings, a widow 55 years old, of Hillsboro, Ohio, who came here to be treated for nervous prostration, committed suicide this morning by jumping from the fifth floor of the Hotel Empire.

BRITISH EMPIRE LEAGUE MEETING

London's Lord Mayor Presides Over a Notable Gathering.

Absolute Unity Is Urged by Several Distinguished Speakers.

Plans Discussed for the Protection of All Possessions From Foreign Naval Attacks.

LONDON, Eng., Dec. 3.—The Duke of Devonshire, addressing the British Empire League, to-day at a meeting of that organization at the Guildhall, said that the idea of imperial unity was progressing in some of the colonies as a practical movement, though those engaged in the movement were in some degree disappointed. Lord Salisbury and Mr. Chamberlain, he said, were in sympathy with the idea, but probably the time had not yet arrived to settle the proposals of the Ottawa conference. Still the developments were tending toward unification.

R. R. Dobell moved that the meeting proceed to the election of officers for the league for the ensuing year, and the motion was carried. The Duke of Devonshire was elected president. A. J. Balfour and the Marquis of Dufferin were among the vice-presidents chosen, and R. K. Dobell, J. McDonald, Sir Donald A. Smith and Sir Charles Tupper were chosen among others as members of the council. All the elections were unanimous.

Mr. Dobell delivered a speech in which he said that Great Britain stood in the glorious position of having discarded all attempts at a retaliatory policy. Canada, he declared, was second to none of the colonies in her loyalty to England. Canada admired the wonderful success of the United States, but had a greater admiration for the forbearance and generosity which this country has shown toward the United States for the last twenty-five years. There was great reason to hope, he said, that these sentiments had not been thrown away, and the time was coming when the United States would appreciate them.

The Duke of Devonshire said that the merchants of London might suggest the means of establishing a better understanding between the home Government and the colonies. Through the agency of the league great progress had been made in recent years for colonial defense. The colonies knew exactly what the Government would undertake in case of an attack, and also what would be expected of themselves.

The Government attached the greatest importance to the renewal in some form or other of naval arrangements with Australia. He hoped that the time would soon come when another conference would be held to consider that arrangement and extend it to the old colonies, and expressed the hope that the opportunity would be taken to reopen the discussion of the whole question of colonial defense.

The Lord Mayor, who presided, said that the most fitting manner in which to celebrate the sixtieth anniversary of the reign of Queen Victoria would be to lay at the feet of the first lady of the world a great scheme for the absolute and perfect unity of the British empire. [Great cheering.]

The Duke of Devonshire, in the course of his remarks, said that the colonial defense committee, consisting of representatives of the war, colonial and admiralty offices, had desired him to make public to colonial citizens the principles upon which the plans of the colonial defense committee was based. He proceeded to explain that the plans consisted of the maintenance of Great Britain's supremacy at sea upon the basis of a system of imperial defense against attack from the sea at all places likely to be attacked. The committee, he added, would advocate the creation of adequate fixed defenses and troops sufficient to cope with any possible enemy.

ENGLAND AND EGYPT. No Probability that the British Troops Will Be Withdrawn.

LONDON, Eng., Dec. 3.—The Daily Standard, commenting on the decision rendered at Alexandria in the famous case of the cause of the Egyptian debt and the Government, will say to-morrow the absurd decision will not have the faintest effect upon the Egyptian policy of the British Government. Should Great Britain be asked to pay the amount necessary to satisfy the judgment, the Standard says: "Her position in Egypt will be greatly strengthened and her renown there prolonged. If the matter be arranged in any other manner the political maneuvers involved in the decision will be baffled. Egypt is the only portion of the Turkish empire for which humanity

SCENES IN THE REICHSTAG.

Herr Liebknecht's Fierce Discussion of Leading Questions Meets With Repeated Approval.

BERLIN, GERMANY, Dec. 3.—In the Reichstag to-day Herr Auer, Social Democrat, severely criticized the action of the Hamburg employers in refusing to submit their dispute with the striking dock laborers to arbitration.

Dr. Von Boetticher, Imperial Secretary of State for the Interior, said that the terms of the proposal justified the employers in refusing to accept it. He added that Tom Mann, the English labor agitator, had expressed his dissatisfaction because the strike had been premature. As a matter of fact, a concerted strike of the dock laborers at every port in Europe had been planned.

Herr Auer and Liebknecht had previously denied that the English agitators had fomented the strike. In the course of the discussion of the question Herr Liebknecht, Socialist, severely criticized the remarks of Admiral Von Hollman, the Secretary of the Navy, concerning the conduct of the sailors of the German cruiser Lissa, who cheered for the Kaiser as the ship went down with nearly all hands off the coast of China.

The speaker declared that the Lissa was unseaworthy and that the sailors who were lost showed no more courage than thousands of miners in the course of their work.

The president rebuked Herr Liebknecht for his remark, detracting from the bravery of the sailors.

Herr Liebknecht said he had heard that the Reichstag might be dissolved if the naval estimates were not passed. There was a certain person behind that threat, he said, who would do one thing to-day and another to-morrow, nobody knowing what he might take into his head to do.

This condition of things was unworthy of the Reichstag. The President again called the speaker to order.

Assuming his remarks Herr Liebknecht declared that the trial of the editors now in progress for alleged libel against Baron Marschall von Bieberstein and others showed that base intrigues were on foot in the higher circles. Concluding, he said that the socialists would vote neither men nor money for militarism or navalism.

TRIAL OF BERLIN EDITORS. Prince Hohenlohe Takes the Witness-Stand and Throws Light on German Journalistic Methods.

BERLIN, GERMANY, Dec. 3.—The trial of the editors—Baron von Leitow and Herr Foellmer, Lecker and Berger—charged with libeling Count von Eulenberg, Freiherr Marschall von Bieberstein and Prince Alex von Hohenlohe, which was begun here yesterday, was continued to-day.

Prince Hohenlohe was called to the witness-stand and in answer to a question said that the assertion that the defendant (Lecker) had interviewed him meant nothing at all. Under the pretense that he had an important disclosure to make Lecker had forced his way into the official e-chamber at Breslau and accosted him (Prince Hohenlohe) at the door, asking a question upon some matter or other of a wholly trifling nature.

It was possible, he said, that Lecker had asked if Count Kappist would succeed Prince Lobanoff as Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, to which question he received the answer that the witness knew nothing about Prince Lobanoff's successor and had no time to waste. The whole incident, he added, was utterly insignificant.

Baron Marshall von Bieberstein was called to the stand. He said he was not acquainted with either Baron von Leitow or Herr Lecker.

Under the supposition that he had been approached by a reporter at Breslau, who was unable to take notes in French, he said he had written out the German text for him, which was verified by a Russian official. The wrong version of the toast, he said, was due to the mistake of a reporter. Afterward it appeared that Baron von Leitow was the author of the assertion that the false version had emanated from the Foreign Office.

DECLINE TO ARBITRATE. Employers Satisfied With the Status of the Dock Laborers' Strike.

HAMBURG, GERMANY, Dec. 3.—The striking dock laborers held several meetings this forenoon to discuss the matter of the refusal of the employers to submit the dispute to a board of arbitration, and it was decided to ask the strikers' committee to declare a general strike.

The Employers' Association has written a letter to Senator Hachman in justification of its refusal to arbitrate the differences with the strikers, taking the ground that the strikers are being supported by foreign assistance and becoming weaker in their position, while their work is being satisfactorily performed by constantly arriving foreign workers at the old rates of pay. They also object to the composition of the proposed board of arbitration, in which the strikers would have been in the majority.

Collided With a Floating Wreck. QUEENSTOWN, IRELAND, Dec. 3.—The Wite Star Line steamer Germanic, which arrived here from New York, reports that she signaled the British steamer Glendower, Captain Honeyman. The Glendower sailed from New York November 14

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need not blush, and it is a crime against civilization to ask Great Britain to evacuate the country, but she would consider it a crime if she should consent to withdraw.

French Opposition to American Pork. PARIS, FRANCE, Dec. 3.—A mass-meeting of the Farmers' Union was held at Lyons to-day, at which the dealers in salt meats resolved in favor of the exclusion of American pork products, in view of the fall in the price of swine.

Archbishop Fabre Critically Ill. MONTREAL, QUEBEC, Dec. 3.—Archbishop Fabre, whose ill health caused his hurried return from Europe a few days ago, is in a dangerous condition and his worst is feared. He is suffering from liver complaint.

NEW TO-DAY

THAT LUMP in a man's stomach which makes him irritable and unfit for business or pleasure is caused by indigestion. Indigestion, like charity, covers a multitude of sins. The trouble may be in stomach, liver, bowels. Wherever it is, it is caused by the presence of poisonous, refuse matter which Nature has been unable to rid herself of, unaided.

In such cases, wise people send down a little health officer, personified by one of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, to search out the seat of trouble and remove the cause. One little "Pellet" will remove a very big lump and act as a gentle laxative. Two "Pellets" are a mild cathartic. A short "course" of "Pellets" will cure indigestion permanently. It will cure constipation. After that, your pills act so violently as to derange the system, and in its disordered state, digestion will not go on without a continued use of the pills. That's the worst feature of most pills. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets never make slaves of their users.

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Whenever they are tried, they are always in favor, so a free sample package (4 to 7 doses) is sent to any one who asks. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

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FACTS SPEAK VOLUMES. READ THIS LETTER.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 25, 1896. J. Mrs. Anna Feely, living at silver Heights, San Francisco, desire to say that I brought my child, Angus, 12 years of age, to the office of Dr. F. L. Sweeney, 727 Market street, San Francisco, who has been afflicted with a malady of the right eye, but previously taken her to our family doctor, who said he was a loss to say what the precise trouble was or how to remedy it. Doctor Sweeney at once stated my child's case to be one of keratitis. My child was treated in this eye at the first visit, September 18, 1896. Now, on September 25th, my child has been cured of this eye. I heartily appreciate the rapid cure of this serious eye affection, a great matter for a child anxious for their comfort and to have offered me a testimonial so much on behalf of the kindness and skill so effectively rendered by Dr. Sweeney.

Silver Heights, City. MRS. ANNA FEELY.

Doctor Sweeney also treats and cures NERVOUS IRRITABILITY, all the worst forms, also ALL DISEASES OF MEN AND WOMEN.

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