

The San Francisco Call. SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1896. CHARLES M. SHORTRIDGE, Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES—Postage Free: Daily and Sunday Call, one week, by carrier, \$0.18. Daily and Sunday Call, one month, by mail, \$5.00.

EDITORIAL ROOMS: 517 Clay Street. Telephone: Main-1874.

BRANCH OFFICES: 227 Montgomery street, corner Clay; open until 4:30 o'clock.

OAKLAND OFFICE: 508 Broadway. EASTERN OFFICE: Rooms 31 and 32, 34 Park Row, New York City.

THE CALL SPEAKS FOR ALL. See the winter exhibition. Home art makes a good show for all.

While everything else is moving the cobblestones should be made to go. There are twenty-five improvement clubs in San Francisco and room for more.

In recent pugilism it is not so much the fighter as the referee who takes the cake. Pugilism in San Francisco will now retire to a back seat and stay there a long time.

Merchants and bicycle men are taking the lead in municipal development and doing it well. The airship mystery has thrown a light in a good many places but never in exactly the right place.

Cleveland has evidently started up his foreign policy to show a good shirt front when Congress meets. Once more the critical moment appears in Cuba and once more the chances are it will postpone itself to some other day.

Instead of exerting himself in punching a bag the boxer of the future will simply push a button and the referee will do the rest. The only proper settlement of the debts of the Pacific roads is to make the defaulting companies fulfill their contracts and pay up.

Improvement clubs are good things in themselves, but all the same they are signs of something wrong in the City government. The silver leaders declare they want newspapers, but the depression prevails that they need most is ability to run those they have.

In making your Saturday purchases keep a lookout for home products. Money expended for them is money which will come back to you. If there is to be any fight for the funding bill made this winter it will probably begin early, and we may have it to warm our blood right after Christmas.

Up to Wednesday there were nine Californians named for a place in McKinley's Cabinet. Now there are ten. The newcomer is Elwood Cooper, and he is a good man, too. Santa Rosa is rejoicing in the near prospect of an electric railway to tidewater, and the prospect, moreover, has a movement that promises to bring it to a speedy realization.

The argument for abolishing the duty on alcohol imported for use in arts and manufactures is fairly good, but why not use American alcohol and help the manufacture of that? The Chicago robber who shot four men in that city for the sake of getting away with a dollar must be regarded by the Two-million Club as the most reckless desperado on earth.

The amendments suggested to the Wright irrigation act are numerous enough to furnish stuff for a new one, and perhaps that would be the best way to satisfy everybody. The route of nearly every Congressman on his way to Washington seems to lead through Canton this year. The place is rapidly becoming the greatest railroad center in the country.

The Spanish government evidently has no intention to surrender Cuba, for it has just appropriated over \$500,000 to build a dock at Havana, and it would hardly do that if it had any thought of getting out in a hurry. As the Rev. Anna Shaw declares the defeat of woman suffrage in this State was not a Waterloo but a Bunker Hill, it is clear she considers herself on rising ground and thinks the lost battle worthy of a monument.

The proclamation of retaliation on the part of our Government against German charges on American shipping in their ports has the possibility of developing serious results. The Kaiser may regard it as an insult to his uniform. In reply to a question as to what place he was to have in the coming administration Mr. Hanna is reported to have said: "Never mind what it will be. You newspaper fellows are pretty smart, but I will fool you all yet." Here is a chance to exercise your guessing ability. What did Hanna mean?

American retaliation against Germany might justly be carried much further than the President has done in his proclamation. Our fruits and meats have been excluded from German markets on the pretense that they are unhealthy and this has more or less injured the sale of them in other countries. It is about time the whole of this long discussed subject were dealt with thoroughly and the present opportunity for doing so should not be allowed to pass without profiting by it.

THE DISPUTE WITH GERMANY.

The President's proclamation of retaliation against the Germans for charges levied on American vessels trading at the ports of that country ought to have the effect of bringing to a crisis the whole of our long dispute with that country. It is full time that this should be done. For years past the German Government has endeavored to check the import of American goods into that country by means which are so unfair as to furnish us with a just cause for complaint and retaliation.

The abuse with which the President deals in his proclamation is small compared with others which have been inflicted upon our commerce with Germany. The President confines his complaint to the trade and vessels of the City. By all means let the property-owners along those blocks join heartily in the movement of the Merchants' Association for the absolute extermination of this relic of a bygone era.

In to-morrow's issue of THE CALL will appear a weekly feature. The story of "Six Little Heroes in the Battle of Life" is one that will appeal to all hearts. The tale that is told is not one wherein fiction claims the major part, nor is it a story of real conditions, and every word of it is true.

The heroes are, generally, poor and friendless. From San Francisco's mansions of luxury and ease will certainly come a response that will render the pathetic longings of these brave children not in vain. Of heroes on fields of war, of noble deeds on sea and shore, the books are full; but fame knows not the names of the heroes of whom Jean Morris tells in THE SUNDAY CALL.

The gracious Christmas time is nearing, and there is no telling how much pain and gloom may be driven out of young lives by even such trifling remembrances as tiny dolls, or toy drums, or wooden soldiers, or picture-books, or candy. It will make fortunate mothers ever happier at Yuletide to know that their offerings on the altar of pitying kindness will bring smiles to faces that were almost born to sadness and joy to souls that can hardly bear their overweight of woe.

In addition there are some odd and peculiar sketches apropos of the season of Advent, and Culver has illustrated them in his characteristically clever way. Few occupations in life offer more thrilling experiences than that of the railroad engineer, and the "Stories of the Engine-cab" will be eagerly read, the more so because they are written by old engineers themselves.

An exciting account of a bicyclist's wild ride, whirling along through space in the teeth of a gale and making the fastest mile on record, will interest everybody and especially the devotees of the bike. The page devoted to "Childhood's Realm" is more than usually entertaining this week. Ours is the only children's page published on the Pacific Coast which is almost entirely edited by the children of California themselves.

The female Jack Tar of the Barbary Coast is the subject of a very readable sketch, and there is a large amount of other capital Sunday matter, ably written and well illustrated. The different departments are fully up to their usual standard of excellence, and as far as news and dispatches are concerned THE CALL, as in the other instances, is far in the lead of its contemporaries. Nobody should fail to get THE SUNDAY CALL. It is a veritable library of literature and news of the day, and all it costs is 5 cents.

THE BRITISH LEAGUE. The proceedings of the British Empire League at the meeting on Thursday were of a nature widely different from those which have usually been taken in such assemblies. The talk on Thursday was of war and colonial defense, instead of the well-worn theme of commerce and the federation of the empire.

The Duke of Devonshire, who made the principal address, devoted his attention almost wholly to the progress which has been made in recent years for colonial defense. This progress he attributed mainly to the work of the league, and spoke of it as an essential element in the bond which holds together the widespread empire of Great Britain.

In former meetings the discussion of the league has been directed mainly to the extension of British commerce and the endeavor to formulate some means by which Great Britain could retain almost all the trade of her colonies. These discussions have always proved futile. The more important colonies of the empire have long since set up for themselves in their commercial affairs, and imposed tariff duties to protect their home industries against British competition. It has been in vain that efforts were made to bring about a general agreement for absolute free trade between all the colonies of the mother country. The difficulties in the way seem to be insuperable, and it appears now that attempts in that direction have been at least temporarily abandoned.

The new policy of the league as outlined by the meeting is to develop a military unit throughout the empire, instead of a commercial one. The league proposes to confirm the loyalty of the colonists by demonstrating to them what England is prepared to do in their defense in case of any possible war. Devonshire declared that the British Government attaches the greatest importance to the renewal of some form of naval arrangements with Australia, and expressed the belief that the opportunity would soon be taken to reopen the whole question of colonial defense.

The Lord Mayor, who presided at the meeting, seems to regard the new policy as much better than the old. He spoke of it at any rate as "a great scheme for the absolute and perfect unity of the British empire." Like the Duke of Devonshire, he appears to esteem the plan of promoting loyalty by an appeal to the military spirit as even more effective than the former attempts to devise commercial treaties.

All the speakers at the meeting expressed a sanguine belief that the British Government would carry out the plans devised by the league, and it seems probable therefore that Great Britain's expenditures for war purposes will be much larger in the future than was expected by the taxpayers of the country when Parliament made its last appropriation for the increase of the navy.

STREET IMPROVEMENT. The celebration which the merchants and property-owners of Sixth street have devised for this evening will serve to some extent as a general celebration by the whole City of the beginning of a new era in the work of street improvement. What has been accomplished on Sixth street is very little in comparison with what should be done throughout the City, but at any rate it is a distinct step in advance and to that extent is well worthy of commendation.

The work which merchants and improvement clubs are doing for San Francisco is much greater than is generally supposed. It appears small only in comparison with the vast amount of work which ought to be done. Our streets need improvements of all kinds. They should be better lighted, better paved, better swept, better sprinkled, better constructed and better sewered. Where so much is required even an important improvement like the electric car is not to be considered as a mere luxury.

How has the mighty fallen! Niagara has now taken the place of the meek and despoiled carbide, and is hauling streetcars in abject submission to human control. The practical expediency of this is not to be questioned, but death and destruction to romance.

NIAGARA FALLS. Baltimore Fallers. How has the mighty fallen! Niagara has now taken the place of the meek and despoiled carbide, and is hauling streetcars in abject submission to human control.

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PERSONAL.

N. B. Colt of Seattle is in the City. M. Girard of Paris arrived here last night. John W. Hepburn of Chicago left the Palace.

Dr. C. A. Devlin of Vallejo is at the Baldwin. D. Hache of the Chino ranch is visiting the City. J. G. Jacobs, a merchant of Hanford, is at the Russ.

J. W. Snowden of Willows is paying this City a visit. George Spalding of Stockton is at the Occidental. J. Jerome Smith of San Joaquin County is at the Grand.

J. A. Whiting of Mount Pleasant, Iowa, is at the Palace. Frank A. Law of Washington, D. C., has arrived here. C. A. Campbell, a merchant of Red Bluff, is at the Grand.

Dr. M. J. Barlow of New York is registered at the California. A. C. Cusby of London, Eng., is among yesterday's arrivals. Librarian C. Nash of Stanford University is at the California.

E. S. Churchill, the banker, of Napa County, has come to the City. E. H. Coyne of the rising gold camp of Angels has arrived here. Among the arrivals here yesterday was J. E. Herrington of Pittsburg.

W. A. Cook, a business man of Monticello, Napa County, is in town. G. Coleman of the Iron Mountain mine, Shasta County, is in town. John A. Ritchie, a mining superintendent of Plumas County, is in town.

George B. Katzenstein of Sacramento County is a late arrival in the City. James J. France of New Zealand is among the arrivals at the California. Edwin Taylor, proprietor of a general store at Railroad Flat, is at the Russ.

L. G. Nesmith, cashier of the First National Bank, San Jose, is at the Palace. Mrs. L. M. Hicks of Emeryville, Cal., is at the Hamilton Hotel for the winter. Dr. L. C. Leonard and Mrs. Leonard of Juneau, Alaska, arrived here yesterday.

Mrs. E. A. James of Lodi came down yesterday and is registered at the Cosmopolitan Hotel. J. W. Read, an extensive land-owner of Delano, is in town and staying at the Cosmopolitan Hotel. G. W. Scott, the extensive wool-grower and farmer of Madison, Yolo County, is in the City on a business trip.

C. B. Rustin and C. P. Treat, old and wealthy residents of Omaha, are among the recent arrivals in the City. Superior Judge E. J. Hudson of Lakeport, Lake County, came down from the north yesterday. He is at the Grand.

E. G. Leszynsky of Chicago, one of the owners of the Venus gold prospects in Calaveras County, is among the arrivals here. J. Wycliffe Wilson, William Wilson and Miss R. C. Wilson, of England, are among late visitors here. They are at the Occidental.

William Stethler, a real estate man of Greenwood, is in town on business and has taken rooms at the Cosmopolitan Hotel. M. Davis and C. H. Hays, wealthy business men of London, who are en route to Australia, are in town and quartered at the Palace. Samuel McMurtrie, the wealthy railroad contractor of Lompoc, who built considerable of the Southern Pacific toward Santa Barbara, arrived here yesterday.

E. W. Devara of New York, who has been on a bicycle tour of the world and who recently crossed China and other countries, has arrived and will remain some days before going East. Frank A. Kimball, owner of the great Kimball ranch, lying between San Diego and the Lower California boundary, and founder of National City, is at the Grand. Mr. Kimball for some years has been in the banking business.

CALIFORNIANS IN NEW YORK. NEW YORK, N. Y., Dec. 4.—At New York hotels: Manhattan, W. Ralston; Gilsey, G. C. Baldwin. A WISH. "He told me the sun would cease to shine if I sent him away from me. He said his life would be wasted unless his helpmate I would be. "He swore that the silvery moon would fall from her noble place above him. Unless I renounced the world for him. And gave him love love love. "I gave him my hand and I gave him my love—the sun in a faded ball. "He said he would love me, how I wish that I had let 'er fall." —Exchange.

THE LARGEST MAJORITY. Philadelphia Times. Galusha A. Grow, the veteran Congressman-elect from Pennsylvania, maintains his position as the man with the largest majority against all comers. He won the position in both the elections of 1893 and 1894, even extending his majority to the election of 1895. Although Grow voted the public service as a Congressman before any other member of the present House he is yet one of the most vigorous and ablest members of the body, and of course among the oldest in experience.

STRONG hoarhound candy, 15c. Townsend's. CREAM mixed candies 25c. Townsend's. The Philadelphia papers give appreciative sketches of the life of Robert Adams, an inventor who recently died in that city. He was born in slavery in Charleston, S. C. He came to Philadelphia early in life and went into the furniture business, in which he remained until his death.

SEND your friends Townsend's California fruits, 50c a pound; in handsome baskets. SPECIAL information daily to manufacturers, business houses and public men by the Free Clipping Bureau (Allen) 8, 150 Montgomery. Holiday Goods. Christmas cards, calendars, leather goods, pictures, frames, album rollers, case, covered crestware, bohemian glassware, decorated china, banquet lamps, onyx tables, gold and fountain pens, clocks, perfumery, traveling sets, silver, stationery in fancy boxes, Bibles, prayer-books and silver novelties for the holidays are now invitingly displayed at Sanborn & Vail's, 741 Market street. Everybody welcome.

Manma-Johnny, I fear you were not at school yesterday. Johnny: I'll bet the teacher told you. A woman can never keep a secret.—Boston Transcript. Phillips' Rock Island Excursions. Leave San Francisco every Wednesday, via Rio Grande and Rock Island railroads. Through tourist sleeping-cars to Chicago and Boston. Manager and porters accompany these excursions to Boston. For tickets, sleeping-car accommodations and further information, address Clinton Jones, General Agent, Rock Island Railway, 30 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Through Car to St. Paul and Minneapolis. An elegantly upholstered tourist-car leaves Oakland every Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock for all points in Montana, North Dakota and Minnesota. No change of cars. Dining-cars on all trains. Come and get our rates if you expect to make a trip to any Eastern point. T. K. Staisler, General Agent Northern Pacific Ry. Co., 638 Market street, S. F.

MR. STAZLER, General Agent North Pacific Railway, has received a message from Portland stating his line is open and in good condition from Portland to St. Paul and all trains are running on time. Dr. SIBBERT'S Angostura Bitters, the most efficacious stimulant to excite the appetite, keeps the digestive organs in order.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are a simple and efficient remedy for Bronchitis, Affections and Coughs. Carry them in your pocket. EVEN the hair suffers from modern ways by growing and falling out. Dr. J. C. Ayer's Hair Restorer brings new hair with the old color and life. Don't let your child struggle with whooping cough; try a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and can be had for a dollar.

NOGUCHI AND HIS CRITIC.

A Japanese View of the Alleged Plagiarisms of the Poet. To the Editor of the San Francisco Call:—I request the courtesy of THE CALL for the use of your columns to expose our opinion about the articles in which Rev. Jay William Hudson attacked Mr. Yone Noguchi. Dear sir, I need not necessarily ask your courtesy for the defense of our young Japanese poet on a charge of plagiarism but for a reason which shows so often the difference of standards for the plagiarist. Our oriental land seems approaching at present to the conclusion of the question of plagiarism, being so old a country that so many poets suffered with that charge and so tired now with that gossip; but at least this question is always worthy enough to illustrate the genius of the so-called plagiarist and the possibility to produce the same in exactly the same words—the matter of interesting coincidence.

The ancient Chinese poet, "Kayu," has some lines quoted thus: On the waterside, dim and dim, the stork hops. Among the summer trees the yellow bird chatters. And the certain famous poet at the same age, "O-Ji," who sang his poetry of the same thing in almost the same words with the same words to the public his lines, which quoted thus: On the waterside, dim and dim, the stork hops. Among the summer trees, gloomy and gloomy, the yellow bird chatters.

After them the ambitious Chinese poet, whose name is written with the spell "Choyoku," wrote his poetry with a few changes, thus: I see just on the waterside the white stork hops. I hear now among the summer trees the yellow bird chatters. Some among these poets ought to be the plagiarist. If the old person could claim its originality on the foundation that any other poet did not sing before such thought with the same words the other poets, "O-Ji" and "Choyoku," must be charged as the shameful plagiarist; but, being not so in our oriental country, the people compare ever who can be praised as the highest genius among them. Mr. O-Ji, elected as the foremost poet, leaves his name to our future age. Why, this is the question of poetry.

Mr. Noguchi's poem, entitled "Lines," being fortunately compared with "The Sleeper," a poem of the late Alan Poe, who has so many devoted admirers in this world, and was acknowledged as the first poet ever the American could produce perhaps suffers from the plagiarist at present. I wonder why the people compares not which poetry has more foundation as the originality and expresses more poetical and profound in one expression, which person has more genius of the poetry. We never claim the poem of the young Japanese poet more superior than the Poe's production; but, for instance, Mr. Noguchi stealing the lines from the exoteric American genius: I dwell alone. Like a dove of moan, And my soul was a stagnant tide. If the young Japanese poet made out his "Lines," which sing thus: I dwell alone. Like a dove of moan, In frightened, darkness, willow threads, In word of moan, My soul is stagnant down— Finally rushes down with the strength of thundering gourd, asking what he may has— I dwell alone. Like a dove of moan, In frightened, darkness, willow threads, In word of moan, My soul is stagnant down— I am compelled to admire and love his talent.

For the second article of Rev. Jay William Hudson the Examiner shared her editorial column, defending the young poet. There's no necessity to expose again the certain preacher's foolishness. T. WATABE, Jackson street, San Francisco.

LADY'S LONG CLOAK. A graceful shape of extreme simplicity and elegance is shown above. Cloth, silk or velvet are employed in making these garments. One in gray lady's cloth, with trimmings of moufflon fur and braiding in gray and gold, was very handsome.

One of our best and black matelasse, with collar of Persian lamb, was fastened down the front with frogs of black braid. Black velvet, with the collar covered with lace, had lace set on to simulate a yoke in front.

PARAGRAPHS ABOUT PEOPLE. The Earl of Warwick has agreed to accept the majority of Warwick for the third time. D. L. Moody, the evangelist, is to begin a series of revival meetings in Boston on January 1. It is said that Archbishop Temple is the first teetotaler who has occupied the see of Canterbury.

Mulhall, the noted statistician, spent over forty years in accumulating the material for his one volume of statistics. General Crespo of Venezuela has given instructions to have his racehorses trained according to American methods.

The King of Sweden has subscribed the sum of 500 Kroner for the Salvation Army special welfare fund in Sweden, which took place October 25-31. By using electric light during the daytime Professor Bailey has produced lilies fully two weeks before the plants grown under the natural conditions flowered.

The Countess of Derby recently laid the foundation stone of a new hospital for Liverpool, toward the building of which the David Lewis trust has given \$300,000. Representative Boatner of Louisiana says that "there are very few men in Congress from the South who honestly believe in the theory of free coinage of silver, and the majority of their constituents do not believe in that theory."

Miss Juliet Corson, the "Mother of Cookery," is incurably ill. She is able to endure life only through the daily use of opiates, administered under her physician's directions. Her mind is clear, and she understands her physical condition exactly. Her trouble is from a wound received by the contractor in the side by a ball thrown by a careless boy.

A SIGNIFICANT NUMBER. Hartford Post. The number 23 is identified with Major McKinley's progress. He will succeed the twenty-third man who has held the office of President of the United States. Major McKinley will come to the office with the electoral vote of twenty-three States. In the war Major McKinley served in the Twenty-third Ohio Regiment, a regiment which has the honor of having given to the country the name of the chief magistrates—Hayes and McKinley.

THE BARBERS' CONVENTION.

New York Sun. There are 60,000 barbers in the United States and their representatives in this State are to hold a convention at Syracuse in January for the purpose of preparing a bill for submission to the Legislature to remedy their grievances.

It appears that these grievances have grown to be many and various. The rudimentary education of some barbers is woefully neglected. The pay of journeymen is insufficient in amount and irregular in collection. Much demoralization has followed the pernicious system of "tips," and worse than all, the severity of the trade and the emoluments of dexterous and competent barbers are put in peril by the intrusions of newcomers advertising "5-cent shaves." The teaching of the barber art in what are known as "the barber schools" is described as imperfect. The convention accordingly is expected to decide upon a bill providing for the establishment of a "State Examining Board for Barbers," with the right to summon witnesses and call for books or papers, to impose fines, exact fees, grant, amend and revoke barbers' licenses, and prosecute civilly and criminally, but more especially criminally, those who attempt to act as barbers without suitable credentials.

A precedent for the barbers has been established in the law adopted for the horse-shoers, which requires that every man who shoes a horse must have a license from the Board of Examiners of Horse-shoers. Who is there who will say that if the hoofs of the horse are to be saved by statutory enactment from unskillful, unpracticed and improper hands, the head of a man, the seat of his intelligence and the abiding place of his knowledge and philosophy, if he has acquired his knowledge in a school, is to be left to the mercies of uneducated, unsophisticated, incompetent, ignoble and de-vastating barbers? Why, ask the barbers, should not the profession of the "honorable art" be restored to the position of honor and distinction which it occupied in the old days, where, in many places, surgeon barbers took rank with duly licensed physicians, and the hairdressers of some monarchical courts took precedence of cooks and maintained the cabals of statesmen and the conspiracies of politicians?

If the State takes the barber business "into its own hands," as the journeymen propose, may not an end be put to the vexatious competition of the "5-cent shave" establishments, and may not the unsuspecting patron who gives a diligent and efficient barber a "tip" soon find himself face to face with the law and prosecuted, perhaps by no less a functionary than the attorney for the State Examining Board of Barbers? These matters will come up for settlement when the barbers from all over the State assemble for sage deliberation at Syracuse next January. Let us hope that the more progressive and enlightened barbers of the town will not withhold their active support from the movement to raise the standard of the barbers' business by a more rigid apprenticeship.

It is to be hoped that the temptations to loquacity which many journeymen barbers now find it nearly impossible to resist will not combine to unduly delay the proceedings of the January convention; and that the rule of "next," the watchword of the barber-shop, will be rigorously applied to debaters under the five-minute rule. Moreover, no claims of tones or hair-dyes should detract the attention of the delegates from the more important work of attempting to stamp out the 5-cent shave shops, conducted, some of them, there is reason to fear, by journeymen who have greater knowledge how to wield an ax than to manipulate a razor. Harmony and union among the barbers are prerequisites to a successful convention in January. Let there be no unseemly contention, no razors displayed and none concealed!

WHAT ONE GIRL DOESN'T DO. She doesn't claim to know it all. Though a woman may be a success in modern slang. She doesn't ride a speedy bike. Nor manly try to be. Nor wear the bloomers hold. The reason why she doesn't is she's only one year old. —New York Tribune.

NEWSPAPER PLEASANTRY. He—I always keep my word. She—Won't anybody take it?—Town Topics. She—You were well off before you were married, were you not? He—Yes, and I didn't have anything, either. Puck. Victim—Say, you have filled my ear plumb full of lather. Barber—I was wondering what had become of all the lather.—Indianapolis Journal.

"It is said we shall all pass away as a tale that is told." "That sounds all right, but tales that are told don't pass away—they are forever being told over again."—Chicago Record. She—Charlie, the engagement ring you gave me has "E. C." engraved on it. I hope you were never engaged before? He—Never, darling. E. C. stands for—um—er—well, that means eighteen carat.—Tit-Bits.

Editor—Mr. Faber—in speaking of the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Spatts you may say something graceful with the congratulations. New Reporter—How would it do to say, "We trust that their married life may be interrupted only by little spatts"?—Buffalo Times. "I am really delighted at the interest my boy Tommy is taking in his writing," said Mrs. Barby. "He spends two hours a day at it!" "Really? How strange! How do you do it?" "Oh, as for that, I told him to write me out a list of everything he wanted for Christmas, and he's still at it."—Harpers' Bazaar.

NEW TO-DAY. EXTRA Gifts—Free! Free! CROCKERY, CHINAWARE, GLASSWARE? We Give It Away Free With TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES. EXTRA BIG OFFER FOR CHRISTMAS. YOUR CHOICE FREE: 1 Sauce Boat, decorated. 2 Tea Spoons, 10c each. 1 Large Majolica Pitcher. 1 Fancy Ice Cream Dish. 1 Water Goblet, hand. 1 Cake Stand, crystal. 1 Cheese Dish, crystal. 1 Sugar Goblet, hand. 1 Butter Dish, crystal. 5 Claret Glasses, hand. 4 Ale or Beer Glasses. 1 Roast Plate, tannoy. 4 Champagne Flutes, decorated. 2 Fancy Fruit Plates. 1 Pitcher, decorated. 5 Majolica Cuspidor. 1 Fancy Mustache Cup and Saucer. 4 Fancy Tumblers engraved. 3 Hand-Lemonade Glasses. 1 Half-gallon Water Pitcher. 1 Chocolate Cup and Saucer. 1 Cake Plate, fancy china. 1 Berry Dish, crystal, large. 2 Fancy Cups and Saucers, A. D. 1 Cardstock, Bisque. 1 Bisque Figure Dancer. 1 Vase, fancy Bohemian. 1 Cooling Tray, decorated. 3 Soap Plates, decorated. 8 Salt or Pepper Shakers. 1 Vegetable Dish, decorated. 3 Oyster Bowls. 8 Fruit Saucers.

ONE FREE WITH EACH 50 Cts Teas, Spices, BAKING POWDERS. EXTRA DOUBLE PRESENTS EXTRA DOUBLE TICKETS. THIS OFFER HOLDS GOOD UNTIL NEW YEAR. CHINAWARE, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE. AT BIG CUT PRICES! Fancy Chinaware and Glassware. Tea, Chocolate, Coffee Cups, Fancy Plates, Berry Dishes 10, 12 1/2, 15, 20, 25, 35, 50, 75c each. Chocolate, Ice Cream, Berry, Lemonade and Water Sets 50, 65, 75, 85, 1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 1.85, 1.95, 2.25, 2.50 per set. China, Bisque, Fancy Vases, Figures and Ornaments 10, 12 1/2, 15, 20, 25, 35, 50, 60, 75, 1.00, 1.25 each. CUSPIDORES—20, 25, 35, 40, 50, 75c each. Genuine Delft China. Trays, Olives, Butter Plates, Cups, Cream Pitchers, Salads, Plaques 15, 20, 25, 35, 40, 50, 60, 55, 85, 1.00, 1.25, 1.50 each. Tea Sets, complete for 12 persons. Pure White 2.25 Light Blue 2.75 Gold Trimming 3.50 Fine China Heliotrope 5.25. Dinner Sets complete for 6 persons. Pure White 3.50 Pretty Gray Colors 4.75 Gold Handle Trimmings 6.00 Superior China Heliotrope 9.50. Dinner Sets complete 100 pieces. Pure White 5.75 Light Blue 7.75 Wind Flower Gold Handles 9.25 Bohemian China, 17.50. Quality Best, Made by Best English Makers, Newest Shapes and Designs. PRICES AWAY UNDER. STORES, 100 IN NUMBER. Great American Baking Tea Co.

140 Sixth St. 1344 Market St. 2810 Mission St. 617 Kearny St. 212 E. Second St. 331 Montgomery Ave. 338 Hayes St.

OAKLAND STORES: 1053 Washington St. 616 East Twelfth St. 181 San Pablo Ave. 917 Broadway. 1855 Park St., Alameda. HEADQUARTERS SAN FRANCISCO, 52 MARKET STREET.

146 Ninth St. 218 Third St. 2008 Fillmore St. 966 Market St. 312 E. Second St. 1044 Sixth St. 3285 Mission St.

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