

Immediately upon the announcement of the vote by Speaker Reed there was some applause from opponents of the bill. The Speaker pronounced the perfunctory sentence required that the House decline to order the engrossment and third reading of the measure, and considerable confusion followed caused by the exchange of congratulations among members.

Powers (R.) of Vermont wanted the bill recommitted to the Committee on Pacific Railroads. He said that every member wanted something done about the matter. Dockery (D.) of Missouri made a point of order against this. He held that intervening business made the motion out of order.

After some desultory debate Speaker Reed disposed of the matter by saying he would like until tomorrow to look into the question involved before rendering an opinion.

A bill providing that officers who served in the regular army during the war of the Rebellion be permitted to wear the uniform of their highest rank was passed.

A bill for the relief of L. W. W. late captain Thirty-eighth Ohio Volunteers, was also passed.

On motion of Curtis (R.) of New York the House went into committee of the whole for the consideration of the military academy appropriation bill. He explained that it carried \$489,000, or \$10,000 more than the bill for the current year. This increase was caused by a provision for new buildings.

After a short discussion, in which little interest was manifested, the bill was reported to the House and passed. The House bill to reduce the cases in which the penalty is death, with Senate amendments, was taken up, and the amendments concurred in and passed.

Senate bill providing that vessels of over fifteen tons burden, propelled by gas, fluid, naphtha or electric motors, shall be subject to the laws of the United States with regard to steam vessels, was also taken up and passed.

Under the call of committees the following bills were also passed: To amend the act authorizing appointment of receivers of National banks; to amend the act for the organization of National banks so as to provide that no National bank shall be organized in cities of 50,000 inhabitants with less than \$200,000 capital, in cities of 30,000 with less than \$100,000, in cities of 10,000 with less than \$50,000, and in cities of 5,000 with less than \$20,000.

A House bill to better define the rights of aliens to hold real estate in the Territories was passed by a vote of 45 to 4, but a point of no quorum was made, and then on motion of Loom (R.) of California, the House at 4:12 o'clock adjourned until tomorrow.

STYLE IT A VICTORY.

Judge Maguire and Senator White Talk About the Defeat of the Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 11.—The defeat of the Powers bill was not a surprise to Judge Maguire or any other of the Californians. Grove L. Johnson, the only California Representative in Congress who supported Huntington, admitted to a call yesterday morning that he was morning that in his opinion the bill was doomed to defeat. John Boyd was downcast on Saturday night after speeches in the House by opponents of the bill had been greeted with applause from both sides of the chamber, while the arguments of the proponents of the bill were given "a frost."

Ten days ago Judge Maguire was anxious about the outcome, but since the debate commenced on Thursday he has been encouraged. The Call correspondent predicted a week ago that the bill would be defeated, and this prediction was based upon interviews with leading members of Congress who had made a careful canvass of the House. Mr. Huntington worked like a Trojan yesterday, assisted by his corps of lobbyists. The old gentleman is always an early riser, but he broke the Sabbath at an earlier hour than usual yesterday morning. His apartments were soon thronged with his lieutenants, and, after giving them orders, they were sent scurrying in all directions. He had half a dozen ex-members of Congress in his employ, including Philip B. Thompson of Kentucky and Payson of Illinois, who are the regular attorneys here of the Southern Pacific Road.

These men are admitted to the floor of the House as ex-members and the abuse of this privilege has been the source of comment for the past few days. The attention of the officers of the House was called to the matter, but the brazen impudence of these ex-Congressmen in going upon the floor to lobby for Huntington was allowed to pass unnoticed. Nor was this the only outrage permitted by the officers of the House, some of Friday were undoubtedly working in Mr. Huntington's interest. John Boyd, the chief lieutenant of Huntington, was permitted to enter the vestibule of the Speaker's lobby, a privilege which should be jealously guarded by the doorkeepers.

One of the House employes admitted to the Call correspondent that several of his colleagues had been offered money by Mr. Huntington's agents. The nation's magazine enlisted the services of several newspaper men of Washington who were supposed to have influence with Congressmen. Many members of Congress who have not yet returned from their Christmas holiday and who were known to be favorable to the refunding bill were telegraphed for on Saturday night by Huntington's agents and on hand this morning.

The Call correspondent is reliably informed that Mr. Huntington's lobbyists also enlisted the services of a corps of female lobbyists. In former times the female lobbyist was a familiar figure about the Capitol and the petticoats were important factors in shaping the legislation of Congress. The gallery adjoining the press reservation in the House has for the past week been occupied by women, who were, professedly, "newspaper women," and it was observed that they frequently sent cards from the gallery to members of Congress. This in itself would not have been suspicious but for the fact that these same women were frequently seen in conversation with Mr. Huntington's lobbyists. It may seem incredible to many that Mr. Huntington himself would resort to such tactics, but from personal observation THE CALL correspondent has no doubt that these women were employed by Mr. Huntington's agents.

When the House convened at noon to-day there was a large attendance of members on the floor. Both sides had summed up its full strength. The galleries were unusually well filled. The press gallery was crowded with correspondents who expected a lively and acrimonious debate between Judge Maguire and Grove L. Johnson, but in this they were disappointed. Judge Maguire was "loaded" for Johnson, and would have sought to punish him for his speech, some of Friday, but Speaker Reed declared that Johnson's allusions to Judge Maguire in the debate of that day were not sufficient to entitle the latter to recognition as a matter of "personal privilege." Maguire was thus

shut out again and Johnson was saved from a roasting.

The Congressional Record will, however, contain to-morrow morning Judge Maguire's "roast." Under the rules of the House members are permitted to "extend" his remarks in the Record.

When the funding bill was defeated to-day there was only a faint demonstration of applause, for the result had been predicted. Nevertheless, the opponents of the bill were very much elated, and Judge Maguire was soon surrounded by a throng of friends and admirers, who congratulated him upon the successful outcome of his gallant fight. Judge Maguire said to THE CALL correspondent to-night:

"The large majority against the funding bill was a surprise to both sides. We had canvassed the situation very carefully, and although we were confident of defeating the bill, we placed our majority at thirty votes. We lost four men on whom we had relied, but gained a number from members who were not only counted against us last week, but who told me they were for the bill. Then of the number who were absent when our canvass was made a large majority voted with us to-day. It was a great victory—greater than we hoped for."

General Harmon is absent from the city to-night, but I will see him immediately upon his return and endeavor to press forward the legislation he requests, giving jurisdiction over the whole matter to the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, and enabling that court to stop all proceedings in other courts that would interfere with foreclosure, and to transfer such scattered suits as may be pending in the Circuit courts to the Court of Appeals. The chances are to-night more favorable for a competing transcontinental road to San Francisco than they have been for thirty years. I intend to consult with Senator Morgan to-morrow about urging the passage of the Attorney-General's bill."

Senator White said to-night: "I think the people of California are to be congratulated on the result. The Senate will not have to waste its time now in a protracted discussion of this bill. I do not think it will be resurrected again in this Congress."

Senator Gear, Chairman of the Pacific Roads Committee, said to-day that his committee would in a few days consider the advisability of framing a new and more acceptable bill. Senator Frye, however, is willing to let the whole matter go to pot.

Chairman Powers of the House committee said to THE CALL correspondent to-night he could not determine whether a new and more acceptable bill would be brought forward at this session. Possibly it would, but he would first await the decision of Speaker Reed on his motion to recommit the bill, against which motion a point of order was raised by Dockery.

Assistant Attorney-General Russell, when seen by THE CALL correspondent to-night, said foreclosure suits would be instituted as soon as possible. "In my opinion Congress can legally declare forfeiture of the land granted and property of the roads on the ground of 'condition broken,' the companies not having met their bonds at maturity, thus violating the acts of 1862 which made the grants."

IT IS BEST FOR ALL.

Union Pacific Receivers Talk About the Fate of the Powers Refunding Bill.

OMAHA, NEBR., Jan. 11.—The defeat of the funding bill in the House of Representatives to-day is the best for all concerned," said Frederic R. Couder, one of the Union Pacific receivers.

"I suppose," he added, "that the President will now foreclose the mortgage and the mortgage committee will set an upset price on the property and buy it in. The Government will be paid what it should receive, thereby taking the load from the shoulders of the Government and getting the United States out of the railroad business so far as the Pacific roads are concerned. The defeat of the bill will make it very much easier for the reorganizing committee to work and will result in a better and more speedy settlement of the Pacific roads difficulties."

Receiver E. Elery Anderson of the Union Pacific Railroad system when asked for his opinion of the defeat of the Powers funding bill said this afternoon:

"I was not favorably impressed personally with the bill. We have now spent ten years taking over a settlement of the debt and nothing has been accomplished. I think the Government should take some steps looking to the foreclosure of its mortgages. It should try to arrange for a satisfactory bid, which I think could be successfully done. The parties holding the first lien will, I believe, be willing to make a reasonable agreement to prevent the property leaving their hands. I don't mean that the Government's lien should be broken, but that it should be first mortgage bondholders' offer, but use that as an upset price. I think the President should take steps to exercise his power to foreclose."

INTERESTING DISCLOSURES.

Enormous Sums Paid to Northern Pacific Attorneys.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 11.—Colonel James McNaught, for some time president of the Northern Pacific and Manitoba Railway Company, general counsel for the Northern Pacific Railway Company and counsel for Receivers Payne, Oakes and Rouse, has filed suit in the United States Court against the Northern Pacific Railway company, the new corporation, to collect a balance due to him for services rendered in the interest of the receivers and for the proceeds of a note given to secure him for services in securing the passage of a bill in the North Dakota Legislature for the amount in the first instance being \$4000 and in the latter \$11,743. There are two petitions, and one of them discloses some interesting facts relating to the investigation of Receiver Oakes.

ALL READY FOR THE BATTLE

Continued from First Page.

soon as the United States Senator is elected the members will settle down to the hard work of the session. The number of appropriation bills already introduced and the number in process of hatching will give the Finance Committee of the Senate and the Ways and Means Committee of the House an opportunity to make a record for the protection of the treasury.

Assemblyman Sig Beitman was circulating a petition in the Assembly to-day asking signatures in favor of the appointment of Major Stearns as Revenue Collector for the San Francisco district.

NONE FAVOR PERKINS.

Democrats and Populists Hold a Union Caucus, but Fail to Make a Selection.

SACRAMENTO, CAL., Jan. 11.—There have been attempts to get the minority, consisting of Democrats and Populists, to agree upon a joint candidate for United States Senator. The first joint conference was held on January 7, in Department 2, Supreme Court room, with twenty-four members in attendance. The meeting was called to order by Senator Langford, chairman of the minority, and, on motion of Assemblyman Caminetti, Assemblyman Dryden (Pop.) of San Diego was elected chairman. W. T. Hamilton, clerk of the minority, was elected secretary. After discussing a proposition to hold a union caucus to try to agree upon one candidate it was finally agreed to have the secretary circulate a call for a union conference to be held January 11 at 5 p. m., and the meeting adjourned.

The second meeting was held in Department 1, Supreme Court room, at 5 p. m. to-day, when the following thirty-three members were present: Senators La Rue, Doty, Seawell, Chapman, Braunhart, Dryden, Hahn and Prisk; absent—Langford, Feeny and Toner. Assemblymen Houghton, Foreman, Aldridge, McClellan, Boone, Ead, Elliott, McCandless, Shanahan, Sanford, Rubell, Landsborough, McLaurin, Cartwright, Toland, Dryden, Keegan, Burnett, McGrath, Bridgford, Dolan, Allen, Lacy, Mahoney, Mulreany and Godfrey; absent—Caminetti, Treacy, Emmons, Gately, Fowler and Ryan.

Assemblyman Dryden was elected chairman and W. T. Hamilton secretary. Assemblyman Shanahan (Pop.) was the first speaker. He took the ground that it was not possible, he thought, to agree upon one man on the first ballot, as the Populists would undoubtedly vote for T. V. Cator, while the Democrats would want to vote for a Democrat. He thought it possible after the first ballot there might be a union on one man. There was an animated discussion participated in by Dryden, Keegan, Toland, Mead, Mahoney, Boone, Houghton, Cartwright, McClellan, Seawell and others, some favoring an informal vote on candidates and others opposing it.

On suggestion of Assemblyman Keegan, chairman of the Populist caucus, the twelve Populists decided to withdraw, and the conference adjourned. The twenty-one Democrats remained and organized by electing Seawell chairman and W. T. Hamilton secretary although he protested that he was a Populist. A motion was unanimously adopted to hold a caucus of the Democratic members of the Senate and Assembly at 9 a. m. to-morrow, to try to agree on a silver Democrat as a candidate for United States Senator.

Good feeling prevailed throughout the debate in joint conference, but it was clearly manifest in Mr. Caminetti's absence that Assemblyman Keegan voiced the feeling of both Democrats and Populists that no one could think of voting for Senator Perkins under any circumstances after he had ridden in the procession here with Congressman Grove L. Johnson, and had spoken in his favor at the meeting afterward, and now had the support of the railroad Record-Union and the Examiner. Caminetti does not seem to be warmly supported in his suggestion at the meeting on January 7 that under certain contingencies he might be willing to vote for Perkins. At a meeting of the Populist caucus held at 11 o'clock to-day at the State House Hotel a strong sentiment against Perkins was fully expressed. He is not likely to receive a Populist vote under any circumstances.

ARE FOR SHORTRIDGE.

Strong Feeling in Oakland That a Younger Man Than Perkins Should Be Elected Senator.

OAKLAND, CAL., Jan. 11.—There is a strong feeling here that it would be better for this district if Senator Perkins were succeeded by a younger and more energetic man. During the past few years several measures that have passed the House have been lost somewhere in the Senate and it is generally felt that if good work had been done in the Senate, Oakland would have at least a good postoffice by this time.

"I know of no better man in the whole of California to represent this State in Congress than Samuel M. Shortridge," said Lin S. Church to-night. "I am not alone in my judgment. Many hundreds of people are of the same opinion in this county. Mr. Shortridge is young, able, eloquent and fearless. He has proved his ability to come to the front and make himself be noticed."

An attempt was made to-day to make it appear that Assemblyman Breiling had been guilty of treachery because he stated he is under no obligations to Senator Perkins. Prior to election several interviews from the leading men in his district were published, stating that if he pledged himself to Perkins he could not have been elected.

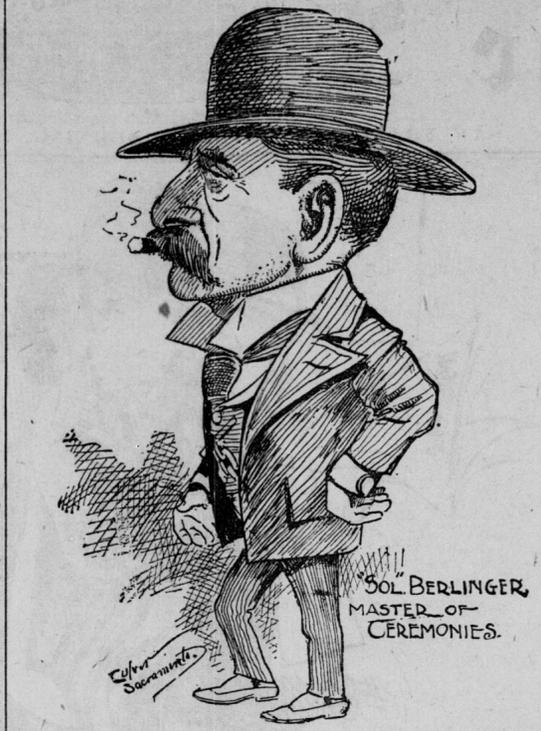
The same is true of Assemblyman Leavitt. The manner in which the Perkins people indecently treated Leavitt, because he had a plan to improve the water front, will be remembered for a long time, and whatever the young Assemblyman may do no one can claim his vote on the Senatorial question.

There are many who believe that Assemblyman North will not vote for Perkins on a second ballot. Mr. North expressed great dissatisfaction with Perkins' breach of faith in the Frick-Hilborn contest, and it would not be a surprise if he concluded he had paid his debt to Perkins by voting for him on the first ballot.

IN THE SENATE.

Adoption of a Resolution Asking for Protection on Sugar, and Appointment of Committees.

SACRAMENTO, CAL., Jan. 11.—In the absence of Lieutenant-Governor Milard to-day morning, President Flint called the Senate to order. A resolution by Senator Shine, instructing the Secretary of State



to purchase forty-five copies of the Code of California for the use of Senators, was passed.

A joint resolution, introduced by Senator Jones, directing the United States Senators and Congressmen from this State to secure adequate protection for the best sugar industry, was adopted.

Articles of Horticulture, Viticulture and Viticulture—Senators: Shippee (chairman), Andrews, Beard, Shine, Linder, Luchsinger, Jones, Langford, La Rue, Doty. Atische's Contingent Expenses and Mileage—Holloway (chairman), Withington, Trout, Feener, Hall. Banks and Banking—Frank (chairman), Denison, Bert, Gillette, Langford, Henderson, La Rue. City and County and Town Government—Gillette (chairman), Bert, Holloway, Bulla, Morehouse, Stratton, Feeny, Prisk, Dwyer. Claims, Retrenchment and Public Expenditures—Bulla (chairman), Andrews, Smith, Denison, Langford, Doty. Commerce, Harbors, Rivers and Coast Defenses—Gleaves (chairman), Mahoney, Denison, Simpson, Aram, Gillette, Luchsinger, La Rue, Braunhart. Constitutional Amendments—Bert (chairman), Bulla, Voorries, Henderson, Braunhart. Corporations—Dickinson (chairman), Mahoney, Simpson, Aram, Beard, Shippee, Smith, Pedlar, Dickinson, Trout, Chapman, Prisk, Frank, Toner. Counties and County Boundaries—Linder (chairman), Mahoney, Simpson, Boyce, Trout, Gillette, Toner, Doty, Hill. County Government and Township Organization—Smith (chairman), Voorries, Withington, Shine, Stratton, Dickinson, Toner, Prisk, Dwyer. Education and Public Morals—Boyer (chairman), Pedlar, Mahoney, Morehouse, Trout, Henderson, Langford. Elections—Stratton (chairman), Smith, Voorries, Shippee, Bulla, Seawell, Chapman, Pedlar, Dickinson, Jones, Seawell, Frank, Toner. Federal Relations and Immigration—Wolfe (chairman), Beard, Jones, Feeny, Dwyer. Finance—Voorries (chairman), Linder, Frank, Smith, Wolfe, Luchsinger, Henderson, Langford, La Rue. Forestry, Yosemite Valley, Mariposa Big Trees and Fish and Game—Luchsinger (chairman), Pedlar, Dickinson, Trout, Chapman, Prisk, Frank, Toner. Hospitals—Aram (chairman), Pedlar, Frank, Gleaves, Dwyer, Prisk, Feeny. Irrigation and Water Rights—Andrews (chairman), Mahoney, Aram, Shippee, Linder, Frank, Smith, Wolfe, Luchsinger, Henderson, Langford, La Rue. Mines, Drainage and Mining Debris—Thiner (chairman), Voorries, Gleaves, Boyce, Toner, Prisk, Chapman. Military Affairs—Pedlar (chairman), Andrews, Dickinson, Trout, Chapman, Hall, Feeny. Miscellaneous Buildings other than Prison Buildings—Denison (chairman), Shine, Morehouse, Voorries, Andrews, Wolfe, Linder, Shippee, Dwyer, Toner, La Rue. Public Printing and State Library—Trout (chairman), Andrews, Jones, Seawell, Prisk. Public and Swamp and Overlooked Lands—Aram (chairman), Gillette, Luchsinger, Langford, Doty. Roads and Highways—Beard (chairman), Gleaves, Shine, Holloway, Dickinson, Jones, Langford, Chapman, Braunhart. Rules and Revision—Withington (chairman), Dickinson, Seawell. Sites, Parks and Prison Buildings—Mahoney (chairman), Denison, Gleaves, Holloway, Bulla, Boyce, Doty, Braunhart, La Rue. Executive Communications and Nominations—Wolfe (chairman), Holloway, Seawell.

MILITARY ATHLETIC CARNIVAL.

Gotham Society Lavishly Patronizes the Opening of a Brilliant Tournament at Madison Square.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Jan. 11.—A military athletic and bicycle tournament to aid the raising of funds for the endowment of a hospital ward for National Guardsmen was opened to-night at Madison Square Garden amid much splendor and enthusiasm.

Long before 8 o'clock fully 5000 persons were in the amphitheater and a constant stream of humanity continued to pour in. Society patronized the affair lavishly and in the boxes many well-known society leaders were noticed.

Shortly after 8 o'clock Lieutenant-Governor Woodruff and the members of Governor Black's staff in full uniform entered the garden. Closely following came Governor Cook's staff from Connecticut and the New Jersey staff in escort to Brigadier-General Spencer. In some of the boxes were prominent military men of National and local fame, including Generals Miles and Ruger, United States army.

After the athletic and track events, mostly participated in by National Guardsmen, came the military programme. The first event was the appearance of Lieutenant Butts' crack company from the Thirtieth Regiment, United States Army regulars.

To the tune of a march by the Twenty-first Infantry band the crack infantry men came upon the scene at double quick. They made a beautiful movement and lined up in a column before Lieutenant-Governor Woodruff's box.

The Lieutenant-Governor responded to the pretty compliment by a neat speech.

Mr. Woodruff in a few well-chosen words stated the object of the great carnival and warmly thanked the people.

Bryan Confers with His Publishers.

CHICAGO, ILL., Jan. 11.—William J. Bryan arrived in this city this morning for the purpose of holding a conference with the publisher of his forthcoming book. He immediately repaired to the Clifton House, where he had breakfast. At 10 o'clock Mr. Bryan left for the office of his publisher, leaving word at the hotel that he would be engaged the whole day.

Suits for \$1,500,000.

PEORIA, ILL., Jan. 11.—The Chicago Refining Company commenced suit in the Federal Court to-day against the American Glucose Company for \$1,000,000 damages, and against the Peoria Grape Sugar Company for \$500,000, for alleged infringement of patents covering improvements in the process of treating corn in the manufacture of starch, glucose and other products therefrom.

HANNA TO BE HONORED.

Accepts an Invitation to Attend the Hamilton Club's Banquet.

CHICAGO, ILL., Jan. 11.—Chairman Hanna of the National committee has accepted an invitation to be a guest of honor at the seventh annual banquet of the Hamilton Club at the Auditorium Hotel to-night, but at the time of his acceptance he overlooked an important business engagement in Cleveland to-day, which prevented his presence.

STRONG PLEA FOR LUIS SOMELLAN

Incisive, Forcible Argument of Counsel for the Prisoner.

For Three Hours He Makes a Vigorous Effort Against Conviction.

Consul-General Lee Is Present and Watches the Proceedings Closely.

HAVANA, CUBA, Jan. 11.—The trial of Luis Somellan, the naturalized American citizen, who is charged with conspiring against the Spanish Government, was continued to-day, the court opening at 1 o'clock this afternoon, the usual hour.

Consul-General Lee, who was prevented by official business from being present at Saturday's proceedings when the prosecution closed its case, was in attendance to-day closely watching the proceedings in the interest of the accused.

Counsel for the defense made a speech that occupied three hours. It was full of incisive, forcible arguments to prove that Somellan's innocence had been demonstrated by the testimony of the witnesses.

He declared emphatically that the charge against the prisoner was groundless and contended that it had been conclusively shown that he had no connection with the Cuban junta or with any of the rebels.

Nothing had been adduced at the trial to justify the assertion that the cipher message on which the charge was based was intended for Somellan personally. Counsel contended that even if his client's guilt had been admitted, which had not been done, the law provided that he be sentenced to eight years' confinement and not to imprisonment for life, as the prosecutor had asked.

Though lacking in eloquence the speech was vigorous, and created the impression that the case is one of mistaken identity. The court then adjourned to consider its verdict.

Captain-General Weyler has issued an order ordering the formation of zones of cultivation around the towns in the province of Matanzas similar to those recently ordered in the provinces of Havana and Pinar del Rio.

A large and enthusiastic crowd cheered the Marquis Apeztegui, the leader of the Constitutional party, as he was leaving for Spain yesterday. He was escorted to the steamer by General Weyler, the local authorities, citizens and local organizations.

MONEY RETURNS FROM CUBA.

Convinced That Spain Can Never Suppress the Insurrection.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 11.—Senator-elect Hernandez de Soto Money of Mississippi, who has just returned from Cuba, says that the rebels will win. Money says:

"I went there to personally inform myself of the situation, and I am a member of the House Foreign Affairs Committee, as to the condition of things in the island. The accounts have been so conflicting and the reports from Havana so diverse, that I concluded to make a personal discovery of the matter myself. There is nothing that I learned which the public should not know."

At the very outset I will say that everything I saw and heard taught me that Spain is unable to cope with this insurrection, and she will never put it down. Spain will never end this war with victory to herself.

I asked General Weyler what his opinion was of the attitude of the United States. He answered, "that the people of the United States sympathize with the insurgents, but with the administration at Washington there can be no complaint. It has kept faith with Spain."

"You have then no complaint to make of the action of the Government as a friendly neutral in this contest?" was asked.

"No complaint whatever," was the reply. "It is in conformity with the interest of the United States that the insurrection be ended and Spanish supremacy in Cuba restored as soon as possible, as the commerce of your country with the island has suffered a great deal, and all the United States has suffered from the war was the sale of a battle-ship armor."

In explanation of what Weyler intends, touching the provinces of Havana and Matanzas and the cleaning out of the insurrection he was preparatory to his concluding that they are "pacified." I will say that he is at once arranging to withdraw some 25,000 to 30,000 of the 40,000 soldiers from his troops and send them to other provinces. They are expected to drive out the rebels.

Consul-General Fitzhugh Lee has sent the following message to Secretary Olney:

I am more firmly convinced than ever that Spain cannot put down the insurrection, and that every day it continues means loss of life and property, without the remotest encouragement to the insurgents. As I long since said, the insurrection will succeed. My judgment to that effect receives daily confirmation.

United States Minister Taylor at Madrid has warned Spain that unless there are clear and reasonable terms as the basis of peace in Cuba before President Cleveland goes out of office, the question of local self-government on the island would soon disappear from American politics, and the only question to remain would be the immediate and unconditional recognition of the independence of the Cuban republic.

DRUNKEN BOBOS CHOKED A WOMAN ALMOST INTO INSANESITY.

COLUSA, CAL., Jan. 11.—A band of drunken hobos entered the home of Constable S. Smith at Arbutuck last night and finding Mr. Smith alone choked him almost into insensibility, after which they stole three gold rings, a pair of her shoes and a part of a hog that had just been butchered. Next they made a raid on the American Hotel, and succeeded in getting away with a sack of sugar, a sack of flour and an overcoat. They left town and proceeded to the city of Berkeley, where they were arrested and became so abusive that Sheriff Heamer, with the assistance of several of his workmen, arrested them, took them back to Arbutuck and lodged them in jail.

CHICO CHILD'S HORRIBLE DEATH.

CHICO, CAL., Jan. 11.—The three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Overton, who live three miles north of here, fell into a boiler of hot water yesterday and was scalded to death. She lived but a few hours after the accident and suffered untold agonies.

FROM PLEASANT PEOPLE.

Come Kind Words That Smooth the Pathway.

In a letter from Mrs. Chas. Knickerbocker of Jackson, Mich., whose connection with the celebrated cook book entitled "Gleanings from Home and Field" is well known, she was kind enough to say by letter to the Postum Cereal Co., Lim., of Battle Creek, Mich.: "I have finally found something to ease the place of coffee in your Postum Cereal. You have a good thing that thousands of people have been needing and wishing for, a drink to take the place of coffee, which is both a poison, though not so vicious and so hard to give up. I speak from experience."

"Mrs. Glass of Spencer, Iowa, writes: 'Our grocer has ordered the Postum Cereal from Postum Cereal and we like it well, and many are trying it.'"

"It is most and drink to our bodies and satisfaction to our souls and conscience, because it really is not only harmless, but is nourishing."

Why grocers sometimes work in cheap imitations of Postum Cereal coffee if the customer will stand it.

cerning it. Color is given the rumor about Mr. Smith by his well-known standing with the President, and it is recalled that he came by invitation to Canton several times during the campaign. Major McKinley expressed admiration for Mr. Smith's speeches and writings on financial topics, and doubtless heard many good reports of his work on the stump during the campaign. It is believed to-night that Mr. Smith is the foremost possibility for the treasury portfolio.

ROBBERY AT ARBUCKLE.

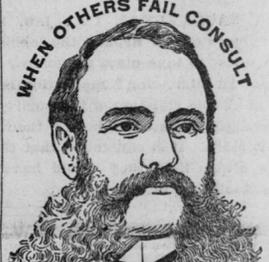
Drunken Hobos Choke a Woman Almost into Insensibility.

CHICO CHILD'S HORRIBLE DEATH.

NEW TO-DAY.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL CONSULT

DOCTOR SWEANY, A physician whose reputation is established by ten years of successful practice at 737 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.



LOST AND ALL THE ATTENDING AILMENTS OF MANHOOD NERVOUS DEBILITY OF YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN, INDICATIONS OF YOUTH, EXCESSES OF MATURE YEARS, DRAINS WHICH SAP THE VITALITY, FAILING STRENGTH, ACHING BACK, DISEASED KIDNEYS, INFLAMED GLANDS, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, DIZZINESS OF THE HEAD, GLOOM AND DEPRESSED, POOR MEMORY AND A WANDERING MIND.

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES. All blood taints from whatever, eczema, etc.

BLADDER. Irritability, cystitis, stricture, etc.

RUPTURE. New method, sure cure, painless treatment, no detention from work, no experiment, no knife, no truss. A positive, certain and permanent cure.

LADIES Will receive special and careful treatment for all their many ailments.

WRITE if away from the city. Book "Guide to Health," a treatise on all organs and their diseases, free on application.

Call or address F. L. SWEANY, M.D., 737 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.

For Catarrh May-Fever Gold in Need



ELY'S OCEAN BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 65 Warren St., New York City.

TAMAR INDEN GRILLON

33 Rue des Archives, Paris. Sold by all Druggists.

BLOOD POISON

Have you Core Tarsus, Pimples, Coppery Flakes in Mouth, Hair-Falling, Writhe Oozing, Itching, etc. Sufferers from Blood Poison, write to ELY BROTHERS, 65 Warren St., New York City. Send for free literature.