

The San Francisco Call
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1897
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Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES—Postage Free:
Daily and Sunday Call, one week, by carrier, \$0.15
Daily and Sunday Call, one month, by mail, 60c
Daily and Sunday Call, six months, by mail, 3.00
Daily and Sunday Call, one year, by mail, 5.00

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San Francisco, California.
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117 Clay Street,
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THE CALL SPEAKS FOR ALL.

If Victoria wishes to make sure of ending her reign in peace she had better abdicate at once.

The Folsom-street paving did not turn out as bad as was expected, so we may count it good.

It is said the czar is an imbecile and the Kaiser is crazy, but they still count in the game of diplomacy for as much as any other pair of kings.

If the Senate does not hurry up its work on the tariff bill it will be in order for boards of trade and other commercial bodies to push it a little.

The subscription to the boulevard fund have been liberal and San Francisco has a right to be proud of this new evidence of the public spirit of her people.

The Senate was rather slow in protesting against the possible execution of Rivera, but not too slow. Rivera is still alive and the protest may help to save him.

Let us hope the French Government does not intend to reserve that mysterious plan for settling the Cretan crisis to amuse the Parisians with a guessing contest.

If the Grand Army of the Republic undertakes the erection of a monument to Lincoln at Golden Gate Park we can count on the success of the enterprise. The veterans have never known defeat and have a habit of victory.

The application of a woman for work on the boulevard calls attention to the fact that many self-dependent women in this city are out of work and need it as much as the unemployed men. We must consider the claims of these also.

If the people who have been washed out in the Mississippi Valley would protest in the warning and make their homes in California they might find in the end that it had been a flood of prosperity for them and borne them out to fortune.

Senator Elkins has done well in calling the attention of Congress to the importance of taking immediate steps to promote American shipping. It is time that American commerce was carried on everywhere under the American flag.

To determine what is a lithograph a British court summoned to the witness stand the distinguished Mr. Whistler and several other artists, but without getting the information. It would have been cheaper to have consulted a dictionary.

From the way the spirit of Greek nationality is growing in the Greek islands it appears that England will have to surrender Cyprus about the time Turkey surrenders Crete, and perhaps that is the reason why the British are siding with the Turks.

According to Senator Elkins the people of the United States pay \$500,000 a day to foreign ship-owners for carrying the goods which they might find in the end that it would be worth while to send something to build ships of our own.

The claim of the powers that their blockade of the Greek ports is "pacific" may be allowed to pass so long as six great nations combine to apply it to a little one, but, all the same, if either of the powers should attempt to try it on any other it would mean war in short order.

When King Humbert in his address to the Italian Parliament spoke of the continuance of peace his words were received coldly, but when he spoke of the effectiveness of the army and the navy he was loudly cheered. We have thus another straw to show the way the European breeze is blowing.

The newly organized Farmers' Club in this city ought to have a strong support, for many people residing here are owners of farms and have large interests in agricultural affairs. There is also much work which can be done by a city club to help the practical farmer in the country, and thus the organization may be made among the most beneficial in the State.

The clause of the Dingley bill putting the new tariff into effect from April 1 may have the good result of compelling the Senate to act more promptly on the bill than it otherwise would. The clause as it stands renders business uncertain, and every merchant will feel himself impelled to urge the Senators to end the uncertainty as speedily as possible.

The Turkish Government has granted to Armenians living in that province exemption from military service and taxation for two years, but these grants constitute but a small atonement for the wrongs done in the last two years. That which the Armenians desire is not exemption from civic duties, but a just government, and the Sultan should be compelled to give it or surrender the country.

The Oregon young man who sued an heiress for breach of promise will of course get nothing for his pains. If there is any principle of our law firmly settled, even beyond shaking by a Supreme Court, it is that engagements for matrimony are binding only on the man. Woman has a right to sue them for breach of promise, and moreover after having broken one she can still obtain damages from the man if he takes her at her word and seeks another match.

OUR MERCHANT MARINE.

The speech of Senator Elkins on Monday presented the argument in favor of discriminating duties on imports for the purpose of advancing the ship-building industry in this country in a clear, forcible and impressive manner. It served to bring the issue fairly before Congress and the country and there can be little doubt that the subject will be taken up for definitive action as soon as the tariff bill is out of the way.

As the Senator pointed out, a country so large as the United States, with its 8000 miles of seacoast, its numerous fine harbors and its immense productive capacity, situated midway between Europe and Asia and carrying on a commerce with both, ought certainly to be one of the greatest, if not the very greatest, of the nations of the world. It has every inducement to build up a vast fleet of merchant vessels, inasmuch as its foreign trade is enormous and there would be ample work for the ships in both the Atlantic and the Pacific oceans in carrying the goods which the American people buy and sell.

According to statistics quoted by Senator Elkins the people of the United States pay \$500,000 a day to foreign ship-owners for carrying what the American people send abroad or bring home for their own use. This enormous sum could be saved to the American industry by the adoption of legislation which would prohibit the use of any ship-building and the extension of a merchant marine owned and manned by Americans, sailing under the American flag and extending American commerce. The cost of constructing such a fleet of merchant vessels would be comparatively little as contrasted with the enormous expenditures now paid for the foreign service, and it would be, therefore, an economy in every sense of the word to promote the ship-building industry.

To the argument that discriminating duties on our part would lead other countries to retaliate, the Senator set up the example of the only country that rival whom we have to fear in Great Britain, and that she could not retaliate without abandoning her free-trade policy and imposing duties on American products carried to England in American ships. The products we send to that country are almost wholly the raw materials out of which she manufactures her goods, or the food supplies on which the English people live. A discriminating duty would be a tax on British industry and the British home. Such a tax is not likely to be imposed, and the threat of retaliation therefore is a bugaboo of which we need not be afraid.

The argument proposed by Senator Elkins is one of great importance to California and the Pacific Coast generally. Our ship-owners cannot at present compete with the subsidized ships of England and of Japan. Some protection must be given them; and while the proposed discriminating duties may not be satisfactory to all, they will certainly be better than nothing. It really matters little whether our merchant marine is built up by direct discrimination in duties or by direct subsidies. The main thing is to promote the construction of the ships and to give them an equal chance with the merchant vessels of other nations. That is the object of the Elkins bill, and the sooner it can be passed the more gratifying will it be to the people.

THE RIVERA RESOLUTION.

The Senate has acted so much slowly in adopting resolutions of protest against the possible execution of Rivera, but nevertheless it has acted in time and the protest will undoubtedly have some effect on treating the captured patriot as a common criminal and sentencing him to death.

The form of the resolution is such that it can give no just cause of offense to the Spanish authorities. It recites that the Senate that General Rivera is to be tried by court-martial and shot, therefore in the judgment of the Senate it is the duty of the President of the United States, if such information is found to be true, to protest to the Spanish Government against such a violation of the rules of civilized warfare.

It is strange that such a resolution should have met with any opposition at all. The objection urged against it by Senator Hoar, that it is founded on rumor and hearsay, is certainly not a valid one. The Senate must necessarily act on news which comes to it on hearsay, inasmuch as it is not possible for the Senators to be informed of actual events as actual witnesses who are going on as actual witnesses that the reports of the intention of General Weyler to have Rivera shot were sent out by reliable correspondents of the press, taken in connection with the well-known severity of Weyler's administration in Cuba is sufficient to justify the Senate in adopting a resolution of protest. Had the Senate waited much longer it is possible that Rivera might have been executed before our Government would have entered a protest or taken any steps to prevent it.

The adoption of the resolution is significant of the interest which the American people take in the affairs of Cuba. The capture of Rivera and his fate in the hands of his Spanish captors are but incidents in the great struggle. They are important because they have afforded the opportunity of giving a new expression of the American sympathy with the cause of the Cuban patriots. They are therefore have an effect beyond that of saving Rivera from the cruel death which Weyler would have sentenced him had he not been prevented.

The resolution will carry encouragement to the struggling people of Cuba and will be a warning to the Spanish authorities that they must not go too far. The Government of the United States is watching the progress of events in Cuba, and the interference, which is now limited to a protest, may eventually become a recognition of the independence of the island and a summary warning to Spain that the Cubans must be treated as belligerents and granted all the rights of civilized war.

TREASURY INSTRUCTIONS.

Secretary Gage has acted promptly in aiding Congress to carry out the clause of the Dingley tariff which declares the new rate of customs duties shall go into effect on April 1. He cannot act under that bill, of course, for it has not yet been passed, and the work of the act is to be done under an existing statute for the adoption of a policy which will be as effective as if the Dingley tariff were already on the statute-book.

The instructions of the Secretary are that the customs officers shall liquidate until further orders final liquidation of entries of goods at our ports arriving after April 1. Payment of duties may be made tentatively, but samples of goods are to be kept and the certificates of payment of duties are to be marked "subject to change of rates if required by law." The instructions also provide that goods arriving after April 1 which were purchased and directed to be shipped prior to that date. To all other imports, however, they serve

THE EASTERN ELECTIONS.

The elections in Eastern cities show considerable Democratic gains. The vote cast in November. This, of course, was not unexpected. The tremendous victory of the Presidential election had the usual effect of rendering the Republicans over-sanguine while raising the opposition to make united and vigorous efforts to prevent a delay in their apparent success. In several cities the Republicans were divided, and in others the winning party was not so much a Democratic as a fusion ticket.

These divisions on the one side met by combinations on the other really account for the seeming Republican defeats and dispirited and disappointed a number of voters have become dissatisfied with the ballots which they cast for the Republican ticket in November.

While some cities have shown Democratic gains, such State elections as were held have been won by Republicans. In Michigan the Republican candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court was elected over the fusion candidate opposed to him and the Republican candidates for regents of the State University were also successful. It is to be noted, moreover, that the hitherto strongly Democratic city of St. Louis has gone Republican by a good majority.

The most notable result of the elections was the defeat of the Pingree ticket in Detroit. Pingree has been hitherto considered invincible in that city. An earnest reformer who had sufficient business ability and executive force to accomplish great benefits for the people, he succeeded in being re-elected time and again against all opposition, and when candidate for Governor last year was elected by one of the largest majorities ever given in his State.

The defeat of the ticket which he advocated in Detroit has been attributed, it seems, to the use of bribery, but it is hardly necessary to look to that to find a sufficient cause for the result. There are times when people grow weary of incessant agitators even when directed toward reform. This has probably been the case in Detroit. Governor Pingree has met the fate of men who become too powerful and arouse opposition simply because of their strength. The American people object to anything that resembles a boss, and it is more than likely that the Republican ticket was defeated in that city simply because it was known as the Pingree ticket.

Taken altogether there is nothing in the result of the elections to give encouragement to the Democracy as a National party or to dispirit the Republicans. City elections turn mainly on local issues, and it is not at all likely that the vote of Monday and yesterday foreshadows in any way the vote that will be cast by the people in the Congressional elections of next year.

GOLD MEDAL FOR ASTRONOMERS.

Miss Catherine Wolfe Bruce of New York City, to whom astronomy all over the world is indebted for liberal and intelligent benefactions, proposes to found a gold medal to be awarded not oftener than annually by the Astronomical Society of the Pacific for distinguished services to astronomy. The medal is to be inscribed in character, and may be given to citizens of any country and to persons of either sex.

The design for the obverse of the medal is the face of the Astronomical Society of the Pacific.

WITH YOUR COFFEE.

Judge-Officer, did the prisoner offer any resistance? Officer—Only ten dollars, yer Honor.—New York Evening World.

"That woman over there looks as if she were pained." "So, that is my wife."

"If that is a business matter upon any contract, obligation or liability founded upon an instrument in writing executed in this State."

—Dear me, what a stylish hat you have! Julia—Yes, I attended a bargain-counter sale yesterday, and when I came home the hat had been crushed into just the shape I have been looking for everywhere.—Washington Times.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS. CORBETT-FITZSIMMONS—H. G. L. City. Corbett and Fitzsimmons never fought together before the Carson fight.

LIMITATION—Subscriber, Santa Cruz, Cal. The code of this State says: "An action must be commenced within six months after the date of the breach of the contract, obligation or liability founded upon an instrument in writing executed in this State."

TO PEEBLE—C. R. M., City. If you wish to peddle notions, tawares and the like in the several counties of the State you will have to procure a separate license for every county. Information as to such can be obtained from the County Clerk of each county.

BRYAN'S VOTE—J. L. B., Reno, Washoe County, Nev. At the last held election for President of the United States William McKinley received 5,474,000 votes, and Bryan received 4,752,000. In his own country in that State Bryan received 5674 votes, McKinley 6486. Bryan carried his State, but not his own country.

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS—L. B., Reno, Washoe County, Nev. In the United States Army a private for the first year of his enlistment is paid \$12 a month, non-commissioned officers, for the first year, from \$15 to \$45 a month, according to rank and branch. If it were increased by a company and there is a gradual increase in pay.

FITZSIMMONS' PARENTS—The answer given in this department in relation to the nativity of the parents was based on information furnished by the publicist's brother-in-law. A friend of this department writes to the effect that while the mother of Fitzsimmons was born in Cornwall, Ireland, and the father a native of Cavan, Ireland, and the writer claims that he knows whereof he writes.

MUST BE AN AMERICAN CITIZEN—G. W. R., City. "An Englishman holding an official captain's certificate" is not eligible for an officer's position on my vessel, that flies the American flag. He must be an American citizen. If it were an English flag, an English vessel could hold a commission on such a vessel.

"THE CALL SPEAKS FOR ALL."

Letters From Our Readers on Topics of Current Interest.

The Streets of San Francisco.

To the Editor of the San Francisco Call:—We have had enough dearly bought lessons in street paving to arouse all honest, intelligent and public-spirited officials to a keen interest in the subject. We will be foolish if we do not heed the costly lessons of the past and profit by them and the experience of other municipalities.

The City of San Francisco, with the admiration of the world because of its progressive spirit and the excellence of its street management. Upon the subject Professor Albert Shaw says in "Municipal Government in Continental Europe": "Experiments made until 1882 were disappointing. But an English company at that time offered an improved process and agreed to assume all the risks of failure. Accordingly, the company afterwards transformed into a Franco-English company with headquarters at Paris, obtained concessions for the paving of a number of the most important streets."

However the tax upon our concrete streets to construct wooden-block pavements on a proper cement foundation and to keep them in perfect repair for a term of years, receiving in payment an annuity of about 25 francs per square meter for the original cost and a further amount for the maintenance of the pavement through the period of the contract."

The greatest barrier to the Paris of America is the present condition of our streets. The population and wealth. It behooves our heavy capitalists especially to bestir themselves if they wish to preserve the fortunes which man and nature have showered upon them. Other men in other cities by greater energy are likely to draw still more than they have done from the trade and commerce and profit derived from the pressure-seeking portions of the world. However the tax upon our concrete streets and the whole community is so great, because of bad streets, that trade with the interior is seriously being lessened. Bad pavements are very costly indeed. The wear and tear upon man and conveyance and the public spirit enough to take hold of the community at a disadvantage. The economy of good roads and good streets is too well known to admit of much comment.

What are the organizations which have paraded before the public as reform bodies doing? What are those who regularly call upon their members for monthly dues doing to earn credit? And how do all these organizations do? They are certainly not doing the best that can be done for anything in the nature of a permanent benefit. As long as we are satisfied with mediocrity and temporality with enthusiasm with the present and the future, San Francisco will in this respect be behind the times and subject to all the disadvantages and disagreeableness which such conditions entail.

Let us have the best of streets, or cease to strive for a place among the cities of our class. Let us have the best of streets, or cease to strive for a place among the cities of our class. Let us have the best of streets, or cease to strive for a place among the cities of our class. Let us have the best of streets, or cease to strive for a place among the cities of our class.

PERSONAL.

Dr. W. A. Trafton of Dixon is in town. Dr. J. C. Gilman of Carson is in the City. I. P. Conrad of Watsonville is at the Lick. Bart L. Smith of Portland is at the Palace. A. Evans of Reno, Nev., is a recent arrival here. H. A. Ramsey of London arrived here yesterday.

Albert Peri, a business man of Marysville, is in town. Mrs. F. J. Folsom of Auburn is at the Cosmopolitan Hotel. Edward H. Wagner of New York arrived here yesterday.

L. E. Monahan, the big grain farmer of Colusa, is in the City. W. J. Stockton of Los Banos is among the arrivals at the Lick. C. L. Conner, a business man of Bakersfield, is at the Occidental.

A. J. Eberhagen, a mining man of Good-year Bar, is in town. S. J. Hasegawa, a merchant of Portland, is at the Cosmopolitan Hotel. Dr. D. L. McLean and Mrs. McLean of Sacramento are at the Grand.

R. H. Young and Mrs. Young of Brooklyn, N. Y., are at the Palace. N. J. Nissen, a dairy and produce dealer of San Diego, is at the Grand. Frank Cole, a mining man of Denver, has for some days been in the City.

F. J. Hinton, a capitalist of Salt Lake City, Utah, is at the Cosmopolitan Hotel. J. P. Squires, a fruit-raiser of South Riverdale, is at the Cosmopolitan Hotel. Ex-District Attorney Mark Walter of Fresno is among the arrivals at the Grand.

Dr. J. A. Patterson of Salem, N. J., is on a visit to this city and is at the Occidental. I. Horton, a hotel-keeper and general merchant of Sacramento, is at the Occidental.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Parker Whitney, wealthy society people of Boston, are at the Palace, accompanied by their daughter. George W. Patrick of Covelo, who has been in California for some time, is at the Occidental. D. M. Mills of Santa Rosa, secretary of the California State Grange, and Cyrus Jones of San Jose and W. Greer of Sacramento, also are among the arrivals at the Palace.

CALIFORNIANS IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, N. Y., April 6.—At the St. Cloud, G. Zindel, J. R. Hanis, New Amsterdam, H. Bloch, Stuart, Mrs. F. S. Hickman, F. J. Hinton, J. C. Gilman, J. C. Gilman, H. Hitchcock, Holland, R. Newman, L. Rose, Jr., H. H. Scott, W. P. Scott, Vendome, A. D. Stevens, Savoy, C. Ehrman, G. Ehrman. Mr. Haring and Hans Schrag, left the St. Cloud and sailed on the Lahn for Bremen.

COMPANIONS OF THE FOREST. F. O. A.

Last week Grand Chief Companion Mrs. M. A. Duke visited the Grand Circle No. 3. A pleasant and profitable evening was spent, and after the meeting refreshments were served and beautiful bouquets were presented to the grand chief companion and Mrs. A. B. Bredem grand secretary and deputy. Oakland Circle. Besides the grand chief companion and grand secretary there were present: Mrs. L. Alwood, P. G. C.; Mrs. E. H. Haring, P. G. C.; Mrs. M. C. Connelley, P. G. C.; C. C. at large; M. E. Licht, D. G. C. C.; Mrs. Flora Jacobs, D. G. C. C. Local Circle No. 225, a delegation of twelve ladies, and America Circle No. 260 paid a fraternal visit on the same evening.

Local Circle No. 262 has extended its compliments to its many friends to be present at an entertainment and party to be given on Wednesday evening, April 28, in Social Hall, Alameda building.

At the request of Excelsior Circle No. 2 the various circles in this city and Oakland have appointed committees for the purpose of taking up the united social arrangements for entertainment for the benefit of the officers and delegates of the Grand Circle and which will meet in this City in the first week in June. The first meeting of the joint committees was held on Tuesday evening, April 20, at which meeting Mrs. L. Alwood, P. G. C., of Robin Hood Circle No. 28, was elected president and Mrs. M. C. Connelley, P. G. C., of Excelsior Circle No. 2, secretary. Mrs. F. J. Hinton, P. G. C., of Excelsior Circle No. 2, secretary. Mrs. F. J. Hinton, P. G. C., of Excelsior Circle No. 2, secretary. Mrs. F. J. Hinton, P. G. C., of Excelsior Circle No. 2, secretary.

Acme Circle, Companions of the Forest. On Monday night Acme Circle, Companions of the Forest (F. O. A.), received an official card from Grand Chief Companion Mrs. M. A. Duke and Mrs. E. H. Haring, grand sub-chief companion, and after the business was over the visitors were most hospitably entertained with a program and refreshments. This circle announces a grand grab bag party for next Saturday evening.

The Rosarian Society. At a meeting of the Rosarian Society of St. Dominic's Church, held last Friday in St. Dominic's Hall, the following names were elected as officers for the ensuing year: Rev. Father Clancy, director, presiding at the meeting; President, Miss Corie (Mrs. F. F. V. V.); Secretary, Miss Sarah Gibson; Treasurer, Miss Louise Strickland; and Treasurer, Miss May Ballinger. There will be a special meeting of the society on the 23rd inst., and it is expected that there will be a full attendance.

La Estrella's Japanese Tea. The following-named ladies of La Estrella Parlor, N. D. G. W., will have charge of the Japanese tea and entertainment to be given by that parlor next Friday and Saturday in the basement of Native Sons' Hall: Mrs. Lillian Clark (chairman), Miss J. Vasselin, Miss

E. Fenstermacher, Mrs. A. Kleversand, Miss M. Santry and Miss Alice Mauder. The chairman of the committee will "back-up" and appear at 10 o'clock, and will make old-fashioned pancakes, and twenty young ladies will dress in Japanese costume and wear upon their heads the traditional Japanese headpiece. This party will give a ball on the 12th of May in celebration of its anniversary. A splendid souvenir programme is being prepared and on the evening of the ball there will be a surprise for the parlor.

Does Not Ask for Very Much. A curious letter was received yesterday at the office of the California Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. The writer is Charles Ross, now at Seattle, Wash. He states that he is going to Circle City, Alaska, for eighteen months, where he expects to make a lot of money. Ross requests the society to look out for any provide for his family, now living at 462 1/2 Greenwich street, send the children to school, see that they are properly clothed and fed and keep him informed as to their condition. He asks that his family consist of his wife, Marion Hill Ross, and children as follows: Charles, 13 years; 11, Angus, 10; Fred, 8; Alice, 7; Norman (twins), 6; Amie, 4; and Flora, 2. Total, 9 persons.

1000 cards printed, \$1.50. Hill, 23 1/2 Geary. TOWNSEND'S glass fruits are grown and prepared in California. Try them. Palace Hotel. SPECIAL Information daily to manufacturers, business houses and public men by the Free Clipping Bureau (Allen's), 510 Montgomery.

A traveler lately, describing a tropical shower, wrote to a friend in the following words: "The raindrops were extremely large, 1 1/2 inches in diameter, and fell from a height of 1500 feet." London Tit-Bits.

Santa Fe Limited From San Francisco. Three and a Half Days to Chicago Via Santa Fe Route. To accommodate our Northern California patrons, on Mondays and Thursdays the Santa Fe Limited will leave San Francisco at 5 P. M. and will connect at Berkeley with the Santa Fe vestibule train, carrying dining-car, buffet, smoking-car and Pullman palace drawing-room sleeping-car for both St. Louis and Chicago via Kansas City. This shortens the running time twelve hours, send for literature and rates from the Santa Fe Route, 1115 Montgomery street, Chicago, Ill. Telephone main 1531. Oakland, 1118 Broadway.

Railroad Tickets to the East via Rio Grande Western and Denver and Rio Grande Railways. At lowest possible rates, with through Pullman buffet and dining-car service, every day. Personally conducted excursions leaving Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. Only line permitting stopover at Salt Lake City on a through ticket. Detailed information and tickets furnished at 14 Montgomery street, or 314 California street.

Change of Time. Taking effect March 28, the Northern Pacific overland train will leave Portland at 11 A. M. instead of 1 P. M., thus making connection at Spokane with the Northern Pacific train for Seattle. Tickets at lowest rates to Rosland, Northport and Trail. T. K. Stetler, general agent, 638 Market street, San Francisco.

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" Has been used over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children who teething with pain. It is the best remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. For sale by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. 25c a bottle.

But Few Came to Work. Four hundred men answered the roll-call at the boulevard yesterday morning. They stated that the men outside of the union could not be reached for some unknown reason. He also stated that the other sub-contractors had not been reported to him as they should have been. Supervisor Britt moved that the board appoint him to the position. The motion was carried.

Architect Shea reported that up to Monday the work on the foundations had been progressing rapidly and satisfactorily, good men being employed, but on that day the men outside of the union for some unknown reason. He also stated that the other sub-contractors had not been reported to him as they should have been. Supervisor Britt moved that the board appoint him to the position. The motion was carried.

But Few Came to Work. A Falling Off of Laborers on the Boulevard Yesterday—Contributions Still Coming In. Four hundred men answered the roll-call at the boulevard yesterday morning. They stated that the men outside of the union could not be reached for some unknown reason. He also stated that the other sub-contractors had not been reported to him as they should have been. Supervisor Britt moved that the board appoint him to the position. The motion was carried.

Men in Charge of the Office at Laid-off Street. The men in charge of the office at Laid-off street complain of the unemployed from Howard street, who traverse Sacramento street in procession and act in a boisterous manner, arousing the ire of those who apply there for work. This act, the officers say, does no good and must have a purpose other than good when they come there in a body. Chief Clerk will be asked to detail a squad of officers to keep the marching band in subjection when passing the headquarters.

Those Having Charge of this City will eclipse anything heretofore attempted in this line. A roast beef lunch is promised to the men on the boulevard to-day at noon. Miller & Lux have kindly donated a 1000-lb. quantity of coal, which will be distributed by the direction of Jesse Porter and Ernest Daeter.

The subscriptions yesterday were: Excelsior Circle No. 2, \$17,900.55; Head's Business College \$20, W. K. & Co. \$10, John Taylor \$20, Robert Sudden \$20, West Coast Business College \$20, West Coast Bicycle Club \$5, cash \$50, West Coast Hospital \$6,40, City and County Hospital \$25, City and County Almshouse \$40, Twenty-third Street Hospital \$1, St. Dominic's Hospital \$50.25; total \$18,660.70.

Otis Skinner to Play for the Fruit and Flower Mission. Otis Skinner, the talented actor at present at the Baldwin Theater, has kindly consented to give a benefit for the Fruit and Flower Mission. Mrs. Skinner was interested in the mission at Denver. The matinee will consist of scene from "Hamlet," "Mercury in the Clouds" and "Home and Juliet," so that all tastes will be satisfied.

The Fruit and Flower Mission is anxious to develop its nursing work. At present it is as one nurse at work, Miss Wood, who instructs people on simple sanitary laws, the best methods of caring for the sick and the like. She is a graduate of the Chicago Hospital and is published in connection with the large field open to her class of work here.

Yosemite Tourists. The First Party Left This City for the Yosemite yesterday. Ten tourists left for the Yosemite Valley yesterday for the Southern Pacific and the Yosemite Stage and Turpin via Raymond and Wawona. This was the first party to leave since the opening of the season.

NEW TO-DAY. Do you know what an "emulsion is?" It is when each drop of the oil is broken up into minute drops, so small you can hardly see them with the microscope: so minute that they pass at once through the tissues into the circulation. Scott's Emulsion does not disturb digestion, is not unpleasant to take, and does not fail to do its work because digestion can deal with it at once. You may be able to disguise the taste of raw oil and get it past the palate. You can't cheat your stomach with it. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

NEW TO-DAY. Great American Importing Tea Co. MONEY SAVING STORES: 140 Sixth St., 325 Hayes St., 965 Market St., 218 Third St., 146 Ninth St., 2000 Fillmore St., 617 Kearny St., 3003 Sixteenth St., 1414 Polk St., 2510 Mission St., 244 Market St., 121 Montgomery Ave., 3285 Mission St.

OAKLAND. 1053 Washington St., 1510 Seventh St., 917 Broadway, 616 E. Twelfth St., 131 San Pablo Ave., 616 E. Twelfth St., ALAMEDA—1855 Park St.

Headquarters, 52 Market St., S. F. OPERATING 100 STORES—That's Why QUALITY Is Our Stronghold.

GRUBBSEN & CO. PEREMPTORY AUCTION. WITHOUT LIMIT OR RESERVE, OF BLOCKS 32 AND 46 OF THE Valley Railroad Terminal Tract. IN THE CITY OF STOCKTON. Saturday Evening, April 10, 1897, AT 7 P. M.

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